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Kent News.

SATURDAY MORNING.....APRIL 23, 1887.

STILL POND AGRICULTURAL CLUB.

Manures Discussed — Also, the Influence of Frosts on Rainfall — A Speechmaker who Don't Like Correspondents — "Eusebius" Has Something to Say about Peaches and Peach Baskets.

CLUB ROOMS, April 16, 1887.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The club met to-day and after organizing at once proceeded to business in the usual form. Minutes of last meeting were read and approved. The question was asked: "Is it advisable to mix hen-house manure with wood-ashes?"

E. B. Pennington stated that he had always had better results when so mixed. He was aware there was much opposition to this plan, but in practice it brought the answer; true the ashes has a tendency to drive off the ammonia, but it leaves the superphosphate which is more valuable. Mr. P. then asked for the opinion of members as to the prospect for a peach crop?

J. S. Harris claimed that the prospect for a large yield was not as good as last year, but the quality would likely be better; buds on old trees were scarce, consequently the fruit would be larger; the young trees have abundance of buds and the chances for a good yield were flattering.

E. B. Pennington thought that trees having borne a large crop last year could not be depended on for a large yield the present year, the buds not being strong and vigorous were more likely to be killed by frost.

The regular question for discussion came next in order, viz: "The influence of forests on rainfall?"

J. S. Harris opened the discussion and claimed that forests had a limited influence on rainfall by protecting the earth from the heat of the sun, producing a cooler atmosphere; that when the air ladened with moisture blowing from our rivers, bays and oceans came in contact with the cooler air of the forests condensation takes place and rain is the result; but forests had not as great an influence in this way as snow-capped mountains; winds coming from the ocean and especially from the gulf stream were rich in moisture of a high temperature and when coming in contact with such mountains rapid condensation takes place and heavy rainfalls follow; sections far remote from forests suffer more from drouth than sections contiguous to forests; snow laying longer in forests and lowering the temperature drouths are less likely to occur; but by far the greater influence in this direction is the effect produced by mountains. Our government has in sections far remote from large bodies of water and forests made appropriations encouraging the planting of large tracts of timber to engender rainfall.

E. B. Pennington quoted a Jerseyman as saying that the cutting of forests in that State injured the fruit yield; Mr. P. claimed that cutting forests does not reduce rainfall but that lack of forests was owing to lack of rainfall; the prevailing winds of the ocean coming in contact with the cooler winds of the land produced rain; the once prevailing opinion that forests influenced rainfall is now almost obsolete; the thorough cultivation of the soil had an influence in favor of rain by admitting a free circulation of heated air through the cooler atmosphere of the ground, which served as a condenser of the moisture and produced rain.

J. W. Hurtt came to listen, not expecting to say a word, because he did not wish his speech to get into the paper; he always felt cross when a correspondent was about, but, as he was sure there was no such being present, he would venture a few words and started off in such a rapid, logical, cogent, oratorical style that your correspondent feeling a little nervous and quite overcome by his philosophical outburst lost the greater part of his speech, not being a ready penman; but he feared the Jerseyman would now plant pine forests and fill the State with peach trees; he claimed that the world was ruled by heat and cold and that those two factors were the principal agents in producing rain; the heated air from South America flows north and westward impeded by no snow-capped mountains, strikes California trade winds, gulf stream and flowing northward strikes the cold atmosphere of the mountains, condenses and rain follows; no use to trouble ourselves about rain, we always have had it and always will; do our part, do our duty and we would prosper; we were near the seacoast and between two bays; cultivate our land thoroughly (that would help the rainfall) and make it better; the great Ruler had provided well for us, we did not know how well we were off, we should be a happy people; train up our children in the way we should go; teach them economy; guard against useless display; inculcate pride of character, but no foolish pride; encourage industry; keep the mind occupied in study of ennobling pursuits and the hands employed in a laudable way; a neat, neat-fitting calico dress is an ornament to the wearer and an evidence of sound moral sense. Your correspondent is sorry he cannot report his speech verbatim, for it was good and listened to with profound attention. We hope to have Brother Hurtt with us often and we will watch that reporter next time.

By unanimous consent the millet question was discussed. The German was recommended by H. Kruzen for hay and American for pasture; good soil will produce two tons per acre; sow twenty-two quarts per acre; sow 1st of May and cut in sixty days; horses very fond of it; the seed in the hay is an excellent grain feed for horses, feed intelligently or it will colic the animal.

The question for discussion at our next meeting is, "In addition to fruit crops what crops can be raised for best profits?"

Messrs. Editors, I am not satisfied to close this letter without calling the attention of farmers or fruit growers to the importance of thorough organization. The commission merchants of New York and Boston are organized and presume, without consulting the farmer, to dictate terms for the sale of our fruit. This conspiracy should be a warning to farmers, who should call a halt at once and consider our helpless condition. Acting singly we are mere tools in their hands and must meekly submit to their dictatorial arrogance; what next will be demanded we cannot conjecture, nothing would surprise us. With thorough organization we could fight this monopoly, but single-handed we can do nothing. Heretofore they have either paid for or returned the baskets. What stronger proof of its practicability? Why the change? We don't like to be compelled to give our property away. Our consent was not even asked, but organization conquers us and we are victims of our own stupidity. A few more lessons will arouse our sleeping energies and will yet awake to our interests, but it seems that nothing less than an earthquake or an avalanche will call us to action, but we believe the opportunity will come; exactions still greater will be thrust upon us and then the awakening.

"Particeps" claims that trying to have the baskets returned from Philadelphia and other places has proven a delusion and a snare. Let me answer: The writer has shipped to Philadelphia for the last four years and has been paid five cents for every basket not returned. He further claims "that the present system tends to carelessness in handling and fraud in disposing of the empties." Let me answer that if there are rogues in the business no system will make them honest.

I quote again, "Uniformity is desirable; this can only be had by selling the basket with the fruit." In this he is mistaken Uniformity can be had by demanding payment for or return of empties. But the most wondrous conclusion of all is his statement that "selling packages and fruit together will keep down the price of baskets." Boxes and baskets are burned now by Baltimore packers because the commission merchants there do not require their return or payment for the same.

This dealer from Albany, operating at Lynch's last year, "Particeps" claims, had thousands of baskets returned. He also claims that the idea of growers establishing commission houses of their own is visionary. The writer knows of two extensive growers who have been doing this thing for years with success and they are not visionary men. Both had mortgages on their farms when they commenced and both mortgages have been cancelled.

The writer has not given up the idea that peaches in Kent county can be sold in car-load lots at Wyoming by telegraph. Five of the buyers operating at Barnard's last year stated that there were six marks or brands hauled there that they would buy sight unseen any time because they were uniformly and honestly assorted. Of course in such cases an inspector would pass upon them. This plan is not "impracticable or visionary," in fact the writer is not quite sure but that Brother "Particeps" is slightly visionary himself or he would not be so ready to hurl this epithet at his brother fruit growers who hold a different opinion from his. EUSEBIUS.

QUAKER NECK.

The family of William Carter found a disagreeable smell in the cellar which diffused itself all through the dwelling. An investigation was made and resulted in the finding of a barrel of meet in the cellar covered over with wood and other rubbish. It was full of salted meat and in the bottom of the barrel was a cat. The meat looked as if it had been there for years.

Mr. Thomas Cannon has moved from Queen Anne's to the house of his son, Wesley Cannon.

The official board of Bond Chapel will meet on the 30th of April, at 2 P. M., to prepare for the quarterly meeting.

Mr. William Carter has 95 acres of corn-ground ready prepared for planting.

Mr. William Carter, Sr., drove into the creek for the purpose of washing his carriage and the horse got mired. He intended to get out and cut the harness off the horse, but he had no knife with him, so had to jump into the creek and assist the horse out. REPORTER.

KENT COUNTY COURT PROCEEDINGS.

The April term of the circuit court for Kent county was commenced last Monday; His Honor Judge Wickes on the bench; Dr. S. Beck, clerk; J. P. Hatcherson, sheriff; B. B. Wroth, crier; Geo. C. Adkinson, bailiff to grand jury; John W. Carroll and John H. Greenwood, bailiffs. Cornelius J. Scott, Esq., of Galena, was selected as foreman to the grand jury, and the following drawn as members of the panel:

Clarence S. Hurlock,	Thomas Rasin Jr.,
Henry M. Thomas,	Stephen Boyer,
John W. Skirven,	Thos. Galey, Jr. John,
Henry C. Lusby,	Benj. P. Morgan,
John M. Armstrong,	Jas. W. Cannon,
Geo. M. Beaston,	Edward J. Watson,
John Brice,	John W. Lemon,
Earle R. Strong,	Wm. D. Pennington,
Benj. M. Hazell,	C. Wright Spry,
Joseph Dulaney,	G. W. Hatcherson,
Sam'l J. Roseberry,	Joseph E. Gilpin.

PETIT JURY.

John A. Groves,	Jas. E. Jewell,
T. W. Russell,	Jas. L. Beck,
Jas. R. Stavely,	Jas. A. Shaw,
Richard S. Diehl,	Robt. Nicholson,
Garrett Foxwell,	John W. Loud,
Jas. E. Hurlock,	Jas. S. Harris,
Norris Barnard,	Edwin S. Morris,
Jas. M. J. Byron,	John W. Hines,
Thos. S. Bordley,	J. F. N. Woodall,
Azariah M. Kendall,	Daniel E. Jewell,
Eugene Gooding,	Purnel Jefferson,
Wm. Morris,	E. W. F. Simpers,
Edw. T. Comegys,	Henry A. Kraft.

Judge Wickes charged the grand jury and said: There are parties in jail who are charged with various misdemeanors. A prompt investigation of these cases will materially expedite the work of the court—a negligence of the grand jury in this particular has oftentimes resulted in loss of valuable time. He furthermore said that it is the duty of the Court to call the attention of the grand jury to the crime of abortion, and the law in regard to defaulters or those who collect the revenues of the State and fraudulently divert the proceeds of the said collection. The county, he said, was to be congratulated on its freedom from the various crimes that disturb the peace and quietness of its less fortunate neighbors. The jury were also admonished to keep their deliberations secret.

TUESDAY—Judge Wickes on the bench. The following cases were tried:

Wm. A. Cahoon vs. Noble E. Pennington and Florence Pennington, appeal from Justice A. B. Wheatley, was tried before the court. The justice gave judgment below against Cahoon by confession for costs. The court reversed the decision of the justice and entered judgment against Pennington and wife for $99.35. Barroll for Cahoon.

The appeal of John C. Davis against G. E. Noland use Geo. E. Beck, from A. B. Wheatley, Esq., J. P., was tried before Judge Wickes, Harrison W. Vickers appearing for Davis and Hope H. Barroll for Noland and Beck. The evidence tended to show that Noland sold his stock of goods for $498 to Davis, and rented his storeroom at Lankford to him for the balance of the year for $30. This suit was for the rent. Davis entered and took possession of the store-room and goods, and sold and disposed of a portion of the latter. He then learned of various executions against Noland's stock and gave up his bargain, claiming that he should pay for neither the goods nor the rent. The court held that as Noland had arranged with the attorneys of parties who held executions to give a good title to the stock, and that Davis had actually entered and taken possession of the house, he should pay the rent, approving the judgment of Justice Wheatley for $30.

The trial docket was called over and the case of Hosford & Son vs. Balto. & Del. Bay R. R. was settled by the railroad confessing judgment in favor of plaintiffs who were represented by J. A. Pearce. The other cases were called, and none being ready for trial the court notified attorneys that all cases not ready in the morning would be continued to October term.

The grand jury found true bills against Walter Brown, one of the Sandy Bottom negroes, for larceny and burglary; against Thomas Ford, one of the same gang, for receiving stolen goods; Theodore Tilghman, alias Coe Tilghman, for assault with intent to kill.

Presentments were made against the following parties, viz: John H. Reading for stealing a goose from Robert Carter.

Lethia Ann Woodline, for theft of chicken from Louis K. Stam.

Jas. Matthews, for stealing a lot of tools, the property of I. N. Huey.

Rich'd Sanders for assault and battery with intent to kill Samuel A. Merritt.

Thos. Ford for receiving stolen bacon knowing it to be stolen, said bacon being the property of R. H. Smith.

Writs were issued for the following named captains of oyster schooners, who are charged with illegal dredging on Wickes' Beach: W. H. Sanford, Henry Beecher, Thomas Vickers, William Thomas, Anthony Prenkergast and Capt. Shallenbeyer.

WEDNESDAY—Judge Wickes on the bench. Case of the State against Merritt N. Redding. Indictment with assault and battery with intent to kill George Davis, May 6th, 1886, was taken up.

Grand jury presented Jno. Robinson and Walter Brown for the larceny of two hogs, the property of Walter Hadaway; also Augustus Shallenberger and Wm. J. Thomas for violation of the oyster law and Asbury Cole for having in his possession a stolen coat. Peter Keely, not appearing, his recognizance was forfeited.

THURSDAY—Redding case on trial. John W. Loud, one of the jurors absent on account of sickness, counsel agreed to go on with eleven jurors, R. Hynson for defence; M. deK. Smith, for State. The case was given to the jury at 3 o'clock.

State vs. W. Redding, (father of Merritt N. Redding), indicted for same offence and tried by same jury—not guilty. Hynson for defence; Smith for State.

The grand jury presented A. P. Farmer for selling liquor; Benj. F. Freeman and Jas. Matthews for defacing property.

FRIDAY—Judge Wickes on the bench. The jury in the case of Merritt N. Redding agreed upon a verdict yesterday afternoon at six o'clock and announced the same this morning. Verdict—not guilty of assault with intent to kill, but guilty of assault. The court sentenced the prisoner to the county jail for four months and to pay a fine of $1.

The grand jury visited the jail on Thursday and found everything in excellent condition. Their labors were closed yesterday afternoon.

Novel Case in the Maine Courts—A Federal Official Sent to Jail.

The prohibitionists are enthusiastical at Augusta, Maine, over the vindication of their ironclad law by an United States court, and have locked up Thomas F. Murphy, deputy collector of internal revenue for that district, in the county jail. The last legislature made the possession of United States license to sell liquor evidence against the holder in the State courts, the penalty being a House of Correction offense. Upon this law, lately, a number of suspected parties were arrested, the courts depending on the United States records for evidence. Acting under instructions from Collector Redmond, Murphy flatly refused to give the desired information, and told Judge Whitehouse that if Maine wanted to carry out her laws she would have to depend on her own resources. He was, in turn, promptly committed for contempt. He appealed to the United States courts, and his case came up in Portland before Judge Webb, of the United States Circuit Court. Murphy was defended by United States District Attorney Bird. The latter argued that the United States officers were beyond the jurisdiction of the State courts to influence their officials acts; and that, by the decision in the case of Thompson vs. Gilman, Valley railroad, 22 New Jersey Equity reports, an official had the right to hold back any information he thought best. He also said Murphy was acting under orders of the federal government. Judge Webb refused to interfere, and Murphy has his thirty days to serve. He has appealed to the United States Supreme Court. He takes his books for safekeeping to jail with him.

BALTIMORE MARKET.—The Baltimore papers of yesterday quote as follows:

WHEAT—Longberry 94c.@95c.; Fultz, 93c.@94c. for fair to good. CORN—White, prime, 47@48; yellow, 46@47. OATS—38.

WHITE OAK POSTS.

Several thousand of best quality WHITE OAK POSTS, any length or size.
For sale by WM. PERKINS,
m19-6t. AGENT.

RUPTURE

Cure guaranteed by DR. J. B. MAYER. Ease at once; no operation or delay from business; tested by hundreds of cures. Main Office, 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia. Send for Circulars and Branch Offices. 1t.

Election of Town Commissioners.

NOTICE is hereby given that an Election will be held at the Court House in Chestertown on MONDAY, April 25th, 1887, for the purpose of electing one person to serve for three years in the place of CHAS. T. WESTCOTT, Esq., one of the present commissioners, whose term expires on that date. Polls open from 9 o'clock A. M. to 6 o'clock, P. M.

By order of the Board,
JOS. N. WHEATLEY,
April 9, 1887. CLERK.

Spring '87

finds us again first in the field with an immense Stock of Fashionable Clothing for Men, Boys' and Children, the result of six months hard work, extensive experience, amplest facilities and thorough research of the Markets of the World. We offer the

Very Best

obtainable in Quality, Style and Reliability, combined with proverbially lowest prices.

Our immense range begins at the very cheapest dependable Garments and includes the finest fabrics make at home or abroad. Custom Department stocked with best foreign & domestic Cloths, &c.

Samples and Instructions for measurement on application by return Mail.

Oehm & Son,

Pratt & Hanover Sts.,

Baltimore, Md.

April 9, 1887.

Flowers and Plants.

WE have this spring a very large and fine collection of FLOWERS, well-grown and healthy, stock true to name, and as the time is nearly here for us to decorate and beautify our homes we are making all efforts to meet the demands of our customers without their having to send away for plants; provided you will make out your orders early and send to us, so that if we have not all in stock that you select we will get it for you if possible. Do not wait until time of setting them out, but make out your list and let us hear from you as soon as you can, conveniently. We want to establish a large home as well as foreign trade.

We think we can furnish you with Plants at home as cheap as you can get them away from home, taking everything in consideration. We extend a special invitation for all to call at the Greenhouses and Gardens and inspect our Stock. Our collection of Fuchsias are unexcelled this Spring as well as our other Plants. We are very thankful for past patronage and hope for a continued share. Send for descriptive list of Roses and prices.

☞ Twelve Everblooming ROSES, $1.

WM. KIRBY & CO.,
FLORISTS,
mh19-2m. Chestertown, Md.

FOR CHICKEN CHOLERA

—USE—

POULTRIBINA!

It prevents Cholera, increases the production of Eggs and gives to the fowl a fine appearance.

We can produce hundreds of testimonials in regard to its good qualities.

☞ Price 25 cents per package.

COLIN F. STAM,
ap2. DRUGGIST.

WM. T. RANDLE,

Wholesale Liquor Dealer

[SUCCESSOR TO B. STRAUSS & CO.]

124 Light Street, New Number 330.

I HAVE OPENED on Light street opposite Pier 7, where I will be pleased to meet all parties using my goods, guaranteeing to do my utmost in pleasing and giving satisfaction. I am making a specialty of FINE LIQUORS AND WINES at LOW FIGURES FOR CASH. All orders by mail promptly attended to.

N. B.—MR. W. H. COPPER is my agent in Chestertown and all orders given him will be promptly attended to. d18.

PEAS!

FOR EARLY SPRING PLANTING

Landreth's Extra Early—Earliest Pea grown, and very prolific; also American Wonder, Alpha, Little Gem, Sunrise, Yaksher Hero, Marrowfat, and many other Choice Varieties, all lower in price than usual.

m5. COLIN F. STAM.

Tax Notices.

SECOND DISTRICT TAX-PAYERS.

For the convenience of the tax-payers of the SECOND DISTRICT I will be at the following places on the days named until further notice:

At Chestertown - - on Tuesdays.
" Still Pond - - on Thursdays.
" Kennedyville - - on Saturdays.

Prompt settlements are earnestly requested.

j1-tf. JOHN P. HENDRICKSON, Coll.

TAX-PAYERS TAKE NOTICE.

☞ I cannot wait any longer for taxes due. Those having levies are demanding their money and I must from necessity collect in order to meet those demands. Therefore all who fail to pay their taxes for the past year (1886) may expect shortly to see their property advertised.

For the convenience of tax-payers I will be at the Court House in Chestertown every Tuesday and at Hanesville every Saturday, until further notice.

M. M. RASIN,
ja29-tf. Collector Third District.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.

The Tax-Payers of the FOURTH DISTRICT are hereby notified that all levies are due and payable on the first of January and they will see the necessity of making payment on or before that day.

For the convenience of tax-payers I will be at the Court House in Chestertown every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, from 11 o'clock A. M. until 4 o'clock P. M., until further notice.

STEPHEN LECATES,
Dec. 11-tf. Collector 4th District.

Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Kent County, Maryland.

IN compliance with the request of the requisite number of the members of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Kent County, Maryland, a MEETING of the members of the company will be held at the COURT HOUSE, in Chestertown, at 11 o'clock A. M., MONDAY, the 2d of May, 1887, to consider the necessity of applying to the General Assembly of Maryland at its next session for an extension of the charter and such amendments thereto as may be expedient, and to make such changes in the constitution and by-laws as may be deemed necessary.

a16-3t. (T) W. N. E. WICKES, Pres't.

HAMBURG EDGINGS.
A Large Stock for sale by T. W. ELIASON, JR.
j15.

OAT MEAL, Oat Flakes, Hominy Grits, Wheaten Grits, Coralline.
m19. E. W. F. SIMPERS.

TAFFIES of all flavors, our own make, at HUDGINS' BAKERY.

A LARGE

—AND—

COMPLETE STOCK

OF ALL KINDS OF

BUILDING LUMBER!

AND

Doors, Frames, Sash,

Blinds & Moulding

FOR SALE AT LOWEST PRICES!

Lumber well Manufactured and Seasoned. Take pleasure in making estimates for all bills.

T. W. ELIASON, Jr.
Jan. 15, 1887.

OUR SPECIALTIES!

WE expect and have prepared for a large trade this winter, and think we will not be disappointed. People have gone without many things they needed for the last year, and goods are down so cheap now, and times are getting somewhat better, that we are satisfied we will have a lively trade.

Our Stock

was carefully selected, bought at the very lowest cash prices, and we are

SELLING at SUCH LOW FIGURES

that you will be pleasantly surprised when you find what excellent bargains we can and will sell you. Don't keep back, or stand on the order of your coming, but come and see what your money will do for you out of our stock.

OUR STOCK OF

HOLIDAY GOODS

is just FIRST-CLASS in every particular, and if you will give us a call we know we can please you.

WROTH & ALDRIDGE,
Dec. 25, 1886. Chestertown.

N. C. CROW,

Corner Store, Up Town,

(Adjoining Bakery,)

Has moved into the New Store-room where he has better facilities for the accommodation of his customers. Constantly on hand

Dry Goods and Notions,

BOOTS, SHOES AND GROCERIES,

Glassware, China and Tinware, Bacon and Lard, Flour by barrel, sack or pound I am selling the celebrated Lea & Sons Flour of Wilmington, Del.

I am selling three kinds of Glass Jar.—Gem, Mason's and Porcelain-lined and tin-top. Also, Tin Cans, warranted not to leak. Patent wax strings for sealing cans; also Cement. A large lot of Stone Jars, from ½ gal. to 2 gallons; also, Milk Crocks, all of which are cheap.

If you want good Chewing Tobacco go to CROW'S. If you want a good Smoke try my CIGARS.

Come and see me and bring your produce and be convinced that you will get as much for your money as at any store in the county.

N. C. CROW,
July 17-y. Up Town, adj. Bakery.

PETITIONERS' ROAD NOTICE.

NOTICE, as required by law, is hereby given that the subscribers intend to petition the County Commissioners of Kent County, on

TUESDAY, May 10th, proximo,

being 30 days from the date hereof, to appoint examiners to enter upon, view and determine whether the public convenience requires that the

PUBLIC ROAD

leading from the village of Still Pond to Redding's Corner, in the Second Election District, should be widened.

JOHN Z. CLARK,
J. FRANK WILSON,
JOHN F. BEEKS,
FRANK H. HARPER,
W. D. PENNINGTON,
E. M. BONWILL,
ap9-4m. and 63 others.

JAS. A. SHAW,

COURT STREET, CHESTERTOWN.

BOOTS AND SHOES

—FOR THE—

FALL AND WINTER TRADE

At Bottom Prices.

I HAVE laid in a large stock of Men's and Boys' Coarse and Fine Shoes for the FALL and WINTER TRADE, which I will sell to cash buyers at a very small margin above first cost.

We have a variety of other goods, such as SUGAR, Coffee, Flour and Molasses; Segars and Tobacco, Powder and Shot, and many other articles, all of which can be bought at a low figure for the money. We intend to do just what we say.—But in order to be convinced of the truth of this statement, we invite you to call—with the money—and we feel sure that we can satisfy you both in the price and quality of goods.

Remember the place:

JAMES A. SHAW,
COURT STREET, Chestertown.
November 6, 1886.

JERMAN & COSGRIFF,

(Successors to W. M. Bell,)

MANUFACTURERS OF

Porous Drain Tile!

Egg-Shaped, 2 to 6 inches Calibre. Round, with Collar, 2, 2½ and 3 inches Calibre.

Send for price list and circular.
Address, JERMAN & COSGRIFF,
13-tf. Smyrna, Del.

FOR the Best Quality BUILDING LIME call at
J. D. BACCHUS'
mh5-tf. Coal and Woodyard.

JOHN W. BORDLEY'S

NEW CLOTHING STORE!

IS THE BEST AND CHEAPEST ON THIS SHORE.

Parties contemplating purchasing CLOTHING this spring cannot do better than to call on him. Every variety and quality in suits, embracing Children's, Boys', Youths' and Men's Garments, the style and price of which will compare favorably with any of the city houses. Don't miss his store-room, it immediately adjoins Toulson's Drug Store, just two doors above Bordley's Brick Corner.

Chestertown, April 9, 1887.

FOR CORN

WE OFFER THE FARMERS THIS SPRING

OUR STANDARD, IN WHICH WE GUARANTEE TO GIVE 1550 LBS. OF PURE DISSOLVED ANIMAL BONE AND BONE TANKING TO THE TON AND MURIATE AS THE SOURCE OF ACTUAL POTASH. IN OUR EXTANT 1250 LBS. OF PURE DISSOLVED ANIMAL BONE AND BONE TANKINGS TO THE TON.

☞ The Reason there is not more advocates for the use of Corn Fertilizers arises from the fact that a good many Fertilizer men put on the market a goods which they sell for $12 or $15 per ton. The Farmer buys, and applies as though they were Concentrated Goods, and the result is they are not pleased and condemn all. But they ought to think for themselves and know that there is nearly as much profit to the Manufacturer in a cheap goods as there is in a Superphosphate. Therefore buy Concentrated Bone Fertilizers and if you want to cheapen them a little you are the one to do it, without paying freights and profits on cheap and worthless materials.

READ WHAT THOSE SAY WHO HAVE USED THEM

MR. J. WARD DAVIS, near Cecilton, Md., says the Extant Bone Superphosphate bought of us last Spring and used on his Corn certainly paid him handsomely and that he only regrets he did not fertilize his entire crop.

MR. RICHARD SMYTH, near Fairlee, Md., says he could tell by the looks of the Corn just as far as the Extant went and that it paid him.

MR. WM. L. BOWERS, near Still Pond, Md., says that for eleven consecutive years he has used our Fertilizer on his Corn with marked results and that upon one occasion by an application of two tons is sure that he had seven hundred bushels more than he would otherwise have grown.

MR. C. BROWN & BROTHERS, near Pomona, Md., say they have used our Extant with satisfaction and that is why they confine their purchases to our goods this spring.

MR. JESSE H. USILTON, near Fairlee, Md., says that for four years he has used our Extant Bone Superphosphate on his Corn and that he has grown with it more Corn on the same amount of ground than was ever known to be raised on the farm, and that he is going to use the Extant on his entire crop this Spring.

MR. CHRISPIELD, near Galena, says, for eleven years in succession they have used our Fertilizers on their Corn with satisfactory results and that they are going to use it again this season.

MR. H. BOGLE, of Eastern Neck, Kent county, Md., says the Extant they bought of us last Spring certainly eclipsed anything he ever saw, as it started off nicely, held its own and that he cannot say too much in its favor and requests us to ship him Four Tons for his Orchard and Corn.

T. R. HUBBARD & SON,

MANUFACTURERS,

April 2, 1887. CHESTERTOWN, MD.

Our Peach Tree and Corn Fertilizer

IS ESPECIALLY ADAPTED TO THE PEACH TREE AND CONTAINS NO WASTE MATTER.

We have made the claim for some years that a PEACH TREE FERTILIZER should contain no acid, either in Dissolved Bone or South Carolina Rock, and we are better satisfied from last year's success that a High Grade Natural Guano supplies Available Bone Phosphate in better form, without the acid, than anything else. The base of our PEACH TREE GUANO is Highest Grade Natural Guano, and is as high as Bone Meal in Bone Phosphate of Lime, but costs less. We offer it at a LOWER PRICE than others ask you for a goods of less quality. Therefore do not pay a high price for your Peach Tree Guanos. Do not buy guanos containing acids, as many trees have been injured with it, but inquire our price for these goods; compare quality and cost with others, and we will sell you. We only offer a few testimonials, have plenty more but space is too small. Ask the gentlemen mentioned here what they think of our PEACH TREE GUANO:

BETTERTON, Md., Jan. 12, 1887.

MESSRS. C. W. KENNARD & CO.—Gentlemen:—In the Spring of 1885 and the Spring of '86 I used your "Special Tree Guano" with very satisfactory results. My crop was nice both years. The summer of 1886 my crop was large and fine and what was very peculiar my peaches did not rot on the trees, which I attribute to your fertilizer. HENRY H. MCVAY.

WORTON STATION, March 4, 1887.

MESSRS. C. W. KENNARD & CO.—Gentlemen:—I used one ton of your "Peach Tree Guano" last Spring on our peach orchard with the most surprising results. The orchard is sixteen years old and, as the trees had not borne any peaches up to last year for over seven years, I advised Mr. Porter to let me cut it down, but we did not do so, I am glad to say. We had a nice crop last year; the peaches were nicely colored and of fine size. We made three picklings from the trees; we counted the peaches in one basket and it contained only fifty-two peaches. I measured one. It was 10½ inches in circumference. The KENT NEWS contained an account of the basket containing the fifty-two. For a large number of our peaches we got one dollar per basket, and the baskets returned at the station. Another strange thing was: that the orchard kept its foliage longer and greener than any orchard I saw last fall. I certainly cannot help recommending your Peach Tree Phosphate, and advise all growers to use it. P. H. GEARS.

BETTERTON, Md., Jan. 12th, 1887.

MESSRS. C. W. KENNARD & CO.—Gentlemen:—We have used your "Special Peach Tree Guano" with wonderful success on old peach trees, and in our nursery, the most remarkable result was on our June budded trees; we gave them an application when we budded in June, and where we made the heaviest application our trees were over five feet high in the following October. Where we only used a small quantity the trees were about two and a-half feet high, an increase in size of one hundred per cent. We truly believe your "Peach Tree Guano" the best article made for peach trees, and the lowest priced; shall need more next spring. We will be pleased to answer any questions regarding its worth, and advise all nurserymen and peach growers to use it.

Very respectfully,
H. H. MCVAY,
J. T. VANDEGRIFT,
Nurserymen.

THE FOLLOWING ARE A FEW NAMES OF OTHER PURCHASERS:

SAMUEL VANNORT, ...Chestertown.	PORTER & GEARS, ...Worton.
THOMAS A. HULME, ... Fairlee.	JOSEPH PORTER, ... "
WM. T. BAKER, ...Edesville.	GUSTAVUS PORTER, ...Church Hill,
BENJAMIN F. BECK, ...Lankford.	and many others.
E. J. KENNARD, ...Lynch's,	

☞ Last spring we offered BLACK RESIDUUM at the very low price of seven dollars per ton. Considering the prices asked by others, we think we deserve a share of your patronage this Spring. We ask the same price still. It will prevent corn from frenching, when applied in the hill, and will kill the worm and insect life around the peach trees.

It will pay you to use our CORN FERTILIZER which is particularly adapted to the growth of corn. Not a high-priced Wheat Phosphate, but a low-priced Corn Phosphate. We publish only one testimonial, have more, but our space is filled up; wish we had more room. Call at our office and talk with us about these goods. Our prices will suit, no doubt of it.

TESTIMONIAL OF JAMES A. TOULSON:

57¼ bu. *per acre from Clover Sod and Manure; 67¼ bu. from our Corn Fertilizer on same Ground.*

MESSRS. C. W. KENNARD & CO.:—It is with great pleasure that I state to you and others interested the success of your Phosphate sold to me last spring. I put a field containing eighteen acres in corn in the spring of 1885, turned under a clover sod and manured heavily. My crop of corn was 57 3-4 bushels to the acre. I put the same field in the next spring. Planted it also in peach trees, and used your Corn Phosphate. The result was 67¼ bushels to the acre. The increase of fodder more than paid for the fertilizer. I did not put any phosphate between the peach trees running one way. The corn was so much poorer that my neighbors asked me why it was. I told them it was because I had not put any of Charlie Kennard's phosphate there. I have used the highest-priced Phosphate on corn of other makes, but your lower-priced goods I consider the best. Your Special Potato Phosphate grew me fine-sized, smooth potatoes, and a large crop. I shall always recommend your goods. Very respectfully, JAMES A. TOULSON.

C. W. KENNARD & CO.,

March 12, 1887. Chestertown, Md.

A REMEDY FOUND AT LAST TO CURE

HOG CHOLERA!

LIEBERMAN'S

Hog Cholera Remedy

WILL POSITIVELY *CURE* AND *PREVENT* HOG CHOLERA!

IT is not a new remedy, but has been tried and experimented with for two years and found that if used when the hogs are first attacked that it will cure the Diseased Hogs and prevent the contagion from spreading to the others in the same pen.

SYMPTOMS OF HOG CHOLERA:

It is essentially a malarial fever. The animal however fierce and obstinate formerly is found more gentle and tractable; it shows decided signs of fever, elevated temperature alternating with cold shivers; the ears are more or less loped; hindquarters weak and the hog shows a strong tendency to lie down on the least provocation and hide in the litter, rising only when wanting to drink; no appetite but great thirst. It often stands drawn together, with arched back and tucked-up abdomen. Its gait is staggering and its grunt weak. Its cough is weak and has a peculiar hollow sound, not easy to describe. It breathes hard, with pumping flanks and soon loses flesh. The skin is harsh and scaly and soon becomes discolored with purplish patches around the snout, between the forelegs and inside the thighs.

PRICE 50 CENTS, BY MAIL 75 CENTS.

☞ Correspondence solicited.
Telephone Call 36. N. LIEBERMAN,
Feb. 5, 1887. MELITOTA, MD.

LOW ESTIMATES will be furnished on our Building Lime and Hair to large orders at
J. D. BACCHUS'
mh5-tf. Coal and Woodyard.

'Money Saved is Money Made." This You can Do by Buying Goods of

THOMPSON---Up Town.

WE will sell you a barrel of Gambrill's, or Wm. Lea & Son, Co.'s Flour, a sack of Salt, a barrel of Lime, &c., for less for the cash than you can buy it in the city.

WE will sell you a good, solid Plow Shoe at $1, $1 25 and the Best Plow Shoe at $1 40 a pair, also a pair of Gent's Sewed Bals., (a good dress shoe,) for $1 35 such as is sold at $1 50. A Gent's Calf, Buttoned or Lace Shoe at $2 50, such as is sold for $3 00 and a pair of Ladies' Kid Front, Glove Kid Tip, Worked Buttonhole, a splendid article and warranted sound for $1 75.

LIME, LIME, LIME.—Hair and W. W. Brushes, a large stock and for sale in quantities. We aim to keep a little of everything and by buying our goods close for the cash, and discounting all our bills we are enabled to sell very cheap.

☞ Give us a call and we will prove to you that we mean business. Thankful for past favors we are

Yours obediently, &c.,
WM. C. A. THOMPSON,
Sept. 19, 1885. UP TOWN.

RAG CARPET!

BUY FROM THE MAKER if you care to SAVE MONEY. "Here" you are not confined to one piece, you have hundreds of yards to choose from.—☞ Prices as low as last year.

JOHN BARTLEY,
[same place on Cross st.,]
a9-3m. CHESTERTOWN, MD.

JOHN F. HOWARD'S

NEW HARNESS STORE

YOU will always find on hand a full line of Fine Hand-Made Double and Single Harness. All Kinds of Farm Harness made to order. We keep all kinds of

HORSE COLLARS, BRIDLES, WHIPS, HORSE BOOTS, FLY NETS AND BRUSHES.

Also, all kinds of Strap work on hand, and every thing kept in season that is usually kept in a first-class harness shop. Repairing neatly and promptly done.

Thankful for past patronage we remain yours respectfully,
JOHN F. HOWARD,
fe19, Court St., Chestertown.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county letters of administration on the personal estate in Kent county, Maryland, of

WILLIAM J. PORTER,

late of Kent county, Maryland, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with proper vouchers, to the undersigned, on or before the 18th day of October, 1887, or they may be excluded by law from all benefit in said estate.

Given under our hands this 12th day of April, 1887.

RACHEL PORTER,
RICHARD D. HYNSON,
April 16, 1887—4t. Administrators.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county letters of administration on the personal estate in Kent county, Maryland, of

PERRY CHAMBERS,

late of Kent county, Maryland, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the undersigned on or before the 18th day of Oct., 1887, otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefit of said estate. Given under our hands this 16th day of April, 1887.

JULIA CHAMBERS,
JAMES A. CHAMBERS,
Apr. 16, 1887—4t. Administrators.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county letters testamentary on the personal estate in Kent county, Maryland, of

CAPT. GEORGE H. BACON,

late of Kent county, Maryland, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to ex