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Kent News.

SATURDAY MORNING.....April 30, 1887.

STILL POND AGRICULTURAL CLUB.

CLUB ROOM, April 23, 1887.

Our club was late meeting to-day on account of His Honor Judge Wickes requiring the assistance of some of our members to help keep the peace in our county outside of Still Pond. But, notwithstanding the lateness of the hour, we enjoyed a vigorous and animated session. Brother Hurtt was not with us.

One member asked for best plan for growing sweet potatoes as a profitable crop.

J. Frank Wilson had been away down the peninsula, where the sand drifts like snow on a windy day, and said that was the place to grow them providing pine shatters were plenty—that they were the only manure used and raised fine, profitable crops.

N. Barnard claimed that he and brother once owned a farm in Virginia, forty miles south of Norfolk, where this crop was the principal staple; used pine shatters composted with manure, ashes, lime, muck, &c., and was quite successful; was the most profitable crop raised there. In some parts of Accomac and Northampton counties farmers made this their main dependence; the lighter the sand the better; the more it drifted the better they were pleased. Some large farmers planted hundreds of acres and estimated their profits by thousands of dollars, quite eclipsing our profits in peaches.

One member had some old natural apple trees that threw up numerous sprouts, and asked if these sprouts were planted if they would partake of the nature of the parent and grow crops of suckers to the detriment of the fruit crop.

A member thought they would, had experience in this line; an orchard of this kind would require a great deal of labor as long as it was an orchard, to keep sprouts down.

The regular question now came up for discussion, viz: "In addition to fruit crop what crops can be raised to best profit?

J. S. Harris opened the discussion and gave quite an interesting history of the many crops, almost from the discovery of our country to the present time; varying circumstances had changed such crops at different periods. Tobacco was our currency and money-crop up to the time of the Revolutionary war, and during its continuance our commerce with Eastern countries was sadly crippled, making a drug of this commodity and low prices ensued. Farmers then turned their attention to growing wheat, it being the money-crop for a period, and prices ruled high; corn too being an important crop. From 1857 or '60 fruit in this section may be set down as the money-crop up to the present time, though corn and wheat were by no means lost sight of. India now looms up as a strong competitor in this important commodity. Improved farm machinery is being largely used and labor being very cheap prices for this article will likely rule low in the future. Fruit now is our hobby, but will this last? May not the yellows soon deprive us of this luxury? If so, what next? The thrifty farmer will find something. Why not potatoes and onions—these were paying crops taking a series of years together; sheep and wool should not be forgotten. A decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission increases freight on wool from the West from three to six cents per pound, and we may add this much per pound to wool grown here, thus increasing our profits that much per pound. Like decisions applying to other productions of the farmer will work in our favor here in the East.

G. W. Davis claimed there was more money to be realized from Merino sheep, costing $2 50, than from the spread-eagle, high-priced, blooded stock so highly lauded by some people; these Merinos were burthened with wool from the tip of the nose to the end of the tail; had to shear the faces of the animals several times a year to enable them to see; he got $4 for his lambs; wool of finest quality; made more money from this breed than J F Wilson or Harry Price did from their high grade, high-priced, blooded stock.

Dr. Maxwell advocated growing the silver-skin onion from seed as a profitable crop; would grow very large first year and yielded well.

W D Pennington had dug a patch of marsh land and planted onions; was quite surprised at the result, although it was covered with water a part of the time. He thought by proper drainage such lands could be utilized to advantage in growing this crop. Had heard of a large marsh in New York, containing over one hundred acres, that was drained and planted with onion seed that yielded about $1,000 per acre profit annually; so important was this crop that a railroad was run through its centre as a convenience in shipping.

E B Pennington said that while he was satisfied with present crops he thought it wisdom to look after other crops; to prepare for contingencies; some years ago he was tilling a large peach farm; this crop failed two years in succession; got very poor; secured fifteen cows; raised poultry; soon paid off his accumulated store bills and made money besides; paid his way as he went; cleared about $1200 annually and kept his family; found that the same feed that made two pounds of beef would make one pound of butter: beef worth 5c. per pound, 16c.; one pound of butter 25c.; could make poultry pay from $100 to $500 a year; should not allow more than about twenty-four hens to occupy one house; each family will raise two hundred chickens. The best plan is to put up light, cheap houses for fowls; locate one to each acre; may devote as many acres as suits the fancy to this enterprise; raise the young chicks in these houses, feed them there and they will become so familiar and so love their homes that every fowl "will come home to roost;" will be no mixing at bed time; thus securing and promoting the health of the whole city. Then again bee-raising can be made profitable; honey is a luxury; nothing equal to it in the way of sweets; more wholesome than our syrups.

W D Pennington claimed that a variety of tastes were essential to promiscuous farming; same were qualified for one thing and some for another, and upon the whole we would be a prosperous people; for instance he quoted a distinguished judge, who once occupied the bench in this county, saying that the upper section of our county was noted for fighting, the middle for lying and the lower for stealing. Of course you know, Messrs. Editors, that Still Pond was left out, as it is right on the edge next to Sassafras river, and I suppose we will put it down as kind of pure.

Messrs. Editors, we have lost part of our notes and must stop right here. EUSEBIUS.

What the Philadelphia Papers Said of Rice's Circus When it Exhibited There Two Years Ago.

Ever since the opening in Philadelphia, Mr. Rice's has been a very successful show. The circus is well patronized, and the ring performances are very good.—*Ledger, Sept. 8, 1885.*

Large crowds of people are being attracted to Rice's circus, at Broad and Dickinson streets, the combination of the "50 cents admission," with a real first-class show, being the groundwork of its popularity. Last evening the canvas was not large enough to cover the throng, but arrangements have now been made to accommodate all who are looking for a good night's entertainment in a single large ring, at a price within the reach of everybody.—*Evening Telegraph, August 25, 1885.*

Continued success is accorded Rice's circus, Broad and Dickinson streets. The show is first-class. Altogether this is the best circus on the road.—*Inquirer, Sept. 4, 1885.*

Rice's big show continues to attract large audiences, and pleases the people wonderfully. It gives a first-class ring performance, and is well worthy the liberal patronage it is daily receiving.—*Times, Sept. 2, 1885.*

Everybody who attends this splendid entertainment declares that the circus performances are as good as anything of the kind ever seen in this city, where $1.00 has been paid to so-called larger shows. Everything is first-class.—*Press, Aug. 30, 1885.*

Rice's show is certainly excellent. It has made such a good impression that it can count on good business whenever it may come back to us.—*Evening Star, September 2, 1885.*

Rice's circus has proven itself popular with the masses—it is interesting first, last and all the time. The elephant Empress blows her bazoo just as gently, the lion shakes his mane just as slowly, and the tiger emits his roar just as mildly as of yore. The gymnasts are just as agile, the equestrians as skillful, the jugglers as dextrous, the magician as puzzling, the clown as funny, and all the other performers as proficient, while the audience is admitted for 50 cents a head.—*Daily News, Sept. 2, 1885.*

Monday evening Rice's big circus and menagerie opened to immense business which has kept up from the beginning. A grained elephant heads the menagerie, which contains, besides, Bengal tigers, lions, leopards, camels, bears, hyenas, monkeys, ostriches, horned horses, zebras, sacred cattle, educated dogs and hundreds of other specimens of the animal kingdom. The personnel of the show is quite as imposing, and includes lady and gentlemen bareback riders, athletes, ærial trapesists, slack and tight rope performers, gymnasts, vaulters, contortionists, clowns and comic singers.—*Evening Bulletin, Aug. 29, 1885.* *1t.

OAT MEAL, Oat Flakes, Hominy Grits, Wheaten Grits, Coraline.
m19. E. W. F. SIMPERS.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

The grand jury visited the jail on Thursday of last week and found everything in excellent condition. It made the following report to the Court:

To the Honorable Circuit Court for Kent county, Maryland:

The grand jury for April term, 1887, beg leave to report that they have visited the jail, and after a thorough examination of the building, were invited into one of the private rooms where the comforts of the inner man were amply provided for. The prison is in a cleanly condition. We recommend a water-closet to be placed on the lower floor, and a hydrant in the stable. The needs and comforts of the prisoners appear to be attended to so far as in the power of the sheriff to grant. We found confined nine prisoners and crazy man, a wanderer from Queen Anne's. Charges against the prisoners—four for larceny, two for assault with intent to kill, one for illegal dredging and two as witnesses. We considered it unnecessary to examine the building as to its safety to prevent the escape of prisoners, as the county commissioners have employed an architect to perform that duty. We have examined 30 cases, 106 witnesses, have made 24 presentments and returned 24 true bills. We call the attention of the Court to the fact that dealers in agricultural implements do not pay license, and a number of small dealers, taking out United States license, do not pay State license. We return thanks to the Court for its courtesy and kindness to the jury, and commend the officers for their attention. Respectfully submitted,

CORNELIUS J. SCOTT, Foreman.

Saturday—Court met. President Judges Jos. A. Wickes and Frederick Stump. The Court's decision in the following cases that were tried before the Court on Friday were given as below. All the parties named were charged with violating the oyster law: W. H. Sanford, not guilty; Henry Beecher, not guilty; W. J. Thomas, guilty; Anthony Prendergast, not guilty; Augustus Shallenberger, guilty.

W. J. Thomas and Augustus Shallenberger were each sentenced to the house of correction for nine months; their schooners were forfeited but were afterward released on payment of one hundred dollars in each case and costs.

Peter Kelly, charged with illegal dredging, whose recognizance was forfeited, appeared, and the forfeiture was stricken out; he was then tried before the Court, found guilty, fined $100 and costs and sentenced to the penitentiary for one year; the schooner in this case was also declared forfeited.

Monday, April 25—Judges same as Saturday. Richd Sanders, charged with assault and battery with intent to kill Sam'l A. Merritt; was tried before the Court; was declared not guilty on the first count, but guilty on the second count and sentenced to the house of correction for one year.

John F. Clift, charged with selling goods without a licence; plead guilty and was fined $20 and costs.

Sam'l Cox, charged with illegal dredging in two cases, was tried before the Court. Case held sub curia.

Walter Brown, indicted for stealing meat from Jos. Rasin, was tried before a jury; Smith for State; J. D. Urie for defence. This case continued until Tuesday.

Tuesday, April 26—Present Judges Wickes and Stumb. Antonio Macaluso, a native of Italy, declared his intentions to become an American citizen.

The jury in the case of Walter Brown brought in a verdict of guilty; he was sentenced to the penitentiary for 4 years.

The case of Geo. B. McWhorter against the D. M. Osborne Co. was then taken up. The particulars in this case are about as follows: R. J. Foard and S. B. Foard were agents for the Osborne Co., and in the harvest of 1884 and 1885 hired teams of McWhorter to take men around used in selling and to attend the machines, the bill in all amounting to about $230. The company claim that the responsibility rests with their agents and not with them. S. T. Wickes and J. A. Pearce for McWhorter; R. Hynson for Osborne & Co.

Wednesday, April 27—Present, Judge Stump. The case of Geo. B. McWhorter against the D. M. Osborne Co., occupied the whole day.

Thursday—Present, Judge Stump. The case of McWhorter vs. Osborne was ably argued by counsel on both sides and given to the jury about 2 P. M. The jury was still out when the session closed.

State vs. Joseph Matthews—stealing tools; J. N. Huey, of Masseys. Before the Court—Smith for State; S. T. Wickes for def. Sentenced to the penitentiary for one year.

State vs. Benj. F. Freeman, col., for cutting shade trees maliciously around Galena M. E. Church. Before the Court; same counsel. Guilty; fined $25 and costs.

The case against Jos. Matthews, for same offence, was stetted.

State vs. Tom Ford, col., for receiving stolen meat. Jury trial. Smith for State; Richard D. Hynson for defence.

Evening Session—Ford case continued.

Friday—The jury in the case of McWhorter vs. Osborne brought in a sealed verdict awarding $115.25 for McWhorter, just one-half of his claim.

The case against Ford continued. After argument by counsel the jury retired and after a short absence returned with verdict, not guilty.

Reginald L. Nugent who declared his intention April 28 1885, is admitted to citizenship.

State vs. Walter Brown—indicted for larceny. Smith for State; H. H. Barroll for defence. Tried before the court. Not guilty.

State vs. Theodore alias Low Tilghman—for assault with intent to kill John Gibson. Before the court. Smith for State; R. Hynson for defence. Not guilty on first count; guilty on second. Sentence—fine of $1 and costs and three months in House of Correction.

The session has been much longer than was expected, but will probably be concluded today.

Quaker Neck Items.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Mr. Bartus Trew has the best wheat in Quaker Neck. His surroundings are very nice.

Mr. William Carter commenced to plant corn last Monday.

Mr. Neal Brown has the prettiest farm in the Neck; his pear and peach trees lay all on the rear end of the farm. He has an acre in gooseberry shrubs directly in front of his dwelling.

Mr. John A. Groves lives in the largest and prettiest house in the Neck.

We are glad to learn that Mr. J. C Davis is building up a nice trade in the store business at Pomona.

Dr. A. P. Fields has torn down one of the old buildings on the farm which he purchased from Mr. Jesse Jerome, preparatory to the erection of a new building, which will be 20x8 feet.

Captain Robert Hadaway died on Wednesday morning at 2 A. M. He was buried at Bond Chapel at 2 P. M. on Thursday last. Captain Hadaway was 71 years old. He was respected by all who knew him. He has raised a large family, who are all good, respectable citizens. The captain will be greatly missed in this vicinity. There was a large attendance at the grave.

Bond Chapel was well filled on last Sunday.

If the weather clears up, next week will find all the corn planted.

Prof. Stratton has a nice class at Walton Chapel. He says that they all take to music well and will make good singers.

Seventy dollars, and a good part of it cash, is made by a Quaker Necker every Tuesday in Chestertown. REPORTER.

Spring '87

finds us again first in the field with an immense Stock of Fashionable Clothing for Men, Boys' and Children, the result of six months hard work, extensive experience, amplest facilities and thorough research of the Markets of the World. We offer the

Very Best

obtainable in Quality, Style and Reliability, combined with proverbially lowest prices.

Our immense range begins at the very cheapest dependable Garments and includes the finest fabrics make at home or abroad. Custom Department stocked with best foreign & domestic Cloths, &c.

Samples and Instructions for measurement on application by return Mail.

Oehm & Son,

Pratt & Hanover Sts.,

Baltimore, Md.

April 9, 1887.

Quarterly Report of the Women's Christian Temperance Union of Chestertown.

At a meeting held Feb. 22 the following report was made of work done by Chestertown and Quaker Neck Unions: For Senator Blair's educational bill over one hundred names were obtained on a petition and then forwarded to Congressman Chas. H. Gibson, Washington, D. C. The following reply was received and read at the meeting on March 8:

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, Washington, D. C.

President W. C. T. U.—My Dear Madam:—I have the pleasure of yours of a day or two since. I am gratified at your commendation of my vote on the "Blair Educational Bill." The petition which you forwarded to me in connection therewith I duly referred to the proper committee of the House, who have given it their fullest consideration. If I can serve you in this or any other way please command me. Yours very truly, CHARLES H. GIBSON.

We regret to say that the bill was defeated.

The superintendent of unfermented wine reported that all M. E. ministers in this county use it at their sacramental service. April 5 superintendent of literature reported the distribution of 250 pages of temperance literature, 200 chromo cards on quarterly temperance day in the M. E. Sabbath-school; also at other times catechisms on beer, copies of constitution and by-laws of the W. C. T. U., also minutes of the State organization, &c.

April 13, by the efforts of our president, a few of the ladies of "Chestertown Union" visited the county almshouse and were courteously received by the matron, whom we thought most admirably qualified to fill that position. The embarrassment of the occasion was relieved by Dr. Perkins, physician in charge, who happened to be present, leading in devotional exercises, after which some time was spent in learning the history of the inmates. If any one is indifferent to the effects of the rum traffic let him visit the almshouse, where his heart will be stirred in sympathy for its victims—from the paralytic on his couch, the man of middle age in tears who yet had pride enough left to grieve over his position, innocent childhood still too young to blush for its parentage, to the imbecile and lunatic in their cells. All this and more can be seen by visiting this home for the poor. Oh, Heavenly Father, how long ere the Christian people of this county will awaken to the evils connected therewith.

And further allow me to say that "the ladies who were instrumental in bringing the burthen of teaching temperance physiology in the public schools" had for their motive, not the additional work it brings upon the teacher, but the far reaching influence it may have upon the boys and girls of to-day, which we trust will render such scenes impossible in the years to come if the teachers but do their duty in impressing the importance of total abstinence principles by precept and example.

RECORDING SECRETARY.

A Carroll county man has obtained a patent for a hen's nest.

BALTIMORE MARKET.—The Baltimore papers of yesterday quote as follows:

WHEAT—Longberry 94c@95c.; Fultz, 93c. @94c. for fair to good. CORN—White, prime, 47@48; yellow, 46@47. OATS—38.

Flowers and Plants.

WE have this spring a very large and fine collection of FLOWERS, well-grown and healthy, stock true to name, and as the time is nearly here for you to decorate and beautify our homes we are making all efforts to meet the demands of our customers without their having to send away for plants; provided you will make out your orders early and send to us, so that if we have not all in stock that you select we will get it for you if possible. Do not wait until time of setting them out, but make out your list and let us hear from you as soon as you can, conveniently. We want to establish a large home as well as foreign trade.

We think we can furnish you with Plants at home as cheap as you can get them away from home, taking everything in consideration. We extend a special invitation for all to call at the Greenhouses and Gardens and inspect our Stock. Our collection of Fuchsias are unexcelled this Spring as well as our other Plants. We are very thankful for past patronage and hope for a continued share. Send for descriptive list of Roses and prices.

Twelve Everblooming ROSES, $1.

WM. KIRBY & CO., FLORISTS, Chestertown, Md.

mh19-2m.

WM. T. RANDLE,

Wholesale Liquor Dealer

[SUCCESSOR TO B. STRAUSS & CO.]

124 Light Street, New Number 330.

I HAVE OPENED on Light street opposite Pier 7, where I will be pleased to meet all parties using my goods, guaranteeing to do my utmost in pleasing and giving satisfaction. I am making a specialty of FINE LIQUORS AND WINES at LOW FIGURES for CASH. All orders by mail promptly attended to.

N. B.—MR. W. H. COPPER is my agent in Chestertown and all orders given him will be promptly attended to. d18.

PEAS!

FOR EARLY SPRING PLANTING

Landreth's Extra Early—Earliest Pea grown, and very prolific; also American Wonder, Alpha, Little Gem, Sunrise, Yaksher Hero, Marrowfat, and many other Choice Varieties, all lower in price than usual.

COLIN F. STAM.

m5.

Tax Notices.

SECOND DISTRICT TAX-PAYERS.

For the convenience of the tax-payers of the SECOND DISTRICT I will be at the following places on the days named until further notice:

At Chestertown - - on Tuesdays.
" Still Pond - - on Thursdays.
" Kennedyville - - on Saturdays.

Prompt settlements are earnestly requested.

j1-tf. JOHN P. HENDRICKSON, Coll.

TAX-PAYERS TAKE NOTICE

I cannot wait any longer for taxes due. Those having levies are demanding their money and I must from necessity collect in order to meet those demands. Therefore all who fail to pay their taxes for the past year (1886) may expect shortly to see their property advertised.

For the convenience of tax-payers I will be at the Court House in Chestertown every Tuesday and at Hanesville every Saturday, until further notice. M. M. RAIN,

ja29-tf. Collector Third District.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.

The Tax-Payers of the FOURTH DISTRICT are hereby notified that all levies are due and payable on the first of January and the will see the necessity of making payment on or before that day.

For the convenience of tax-payers I will be at the Court House in Chestertown every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, from 11 o'clock A. M. until 4 o'clock P. M., until further notice.

STEPHEN LECATS, Collector 4th District.

Dec. 11-tf.

PETITIONERS'

ROAD NOTICE.

THE subscribers hereby give notice that, at the expiration of thirty days from the date hereof, they intend to petition the Hon. County Commissioner of Kent county to

OPEN A ROAD

to run from the terminus of the public road in Broad Neck through the lands of the heirs of John N. Usilton to a bridge over on Lankford's bay.

THOMAS J. VICKERS,
BRADFORD CAMP,
JOHN E. VICKERS, SR.
SAMUEL KILBURN,
ALFRED T. THOMAS,
WM. J. FLETCHER,
and 49 others.

April 16, 1887—5t.

A LARGE —AND— COMPLETE STOCK OF ALL KINDS OF

BUILDING LUMBER!

AND

Doors, Frames, Sash,

Blinds & Moulding

FOR SALE AT LOWEST PRICES!

Lumber well Manufactured and Seasoned. Take pleasure in making estimates for all bills.

T. W. ELIASON, Jr.

Jan. 15, 1887.

JAS. A. SHAW,

COURT STREET, CHESTERTOWN.

BOOTS AND SHOES

—FOR THE— FALL AND WINTER TRADE

At Bottom Prices.

I HAVE laid in a large stock of Men's and Boys' Coarse and Fine Shoes for the FALL and WINTER TRADE, which I will sell to cash buyers at a very small margin above first cost.

We have a variety of other goods, such as SUGAR, Coffee, Flour and Molasses; Segars and Tobacco, Powder and Shot, and many other articles, all of which can be bought at a low figure for the money. We intend to do just what we say.—But in order to be convinced of the truth of this statement, we invite you to call—with the money—and we feel sure that we can satisfy you both in the price and quality of goods.

Remember the place:

JAMES A. SHAW,

COURT STREET, Chestertown.

November 6, 1886.

JERMAN & COSGRIFF,

(Successors to W. M. Bell,)

MANUFACTURERS OF

Porous Drain Tile!

Egg-Shaped, 2 to 6 inches Calibre. Round, with Collar, 2, 2½ and 3 inches Calibre.

Send for price list and circular.

Address, JERMAN & COSGRIFF,
13-tf. Smyrna, Del.

MILLINERY!

MRS. KATE BRADLEY

has just opened

A New and Beautiful Stock of MILLINERY and FANCY GOODS, Newest Styles in

HATS, BONNETS, &c.

At Lowest Prices!

An early call is respectfully solicited. I will do my best to please.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS for sale.

MRS. KATE BRADLEY,

mh25. Two doors below the Post-office.

Don't trifle with any Throat or Lung Disease. If you have a Cough or Cold, or the children are threatened with Croup or Whooping Cough, use Acker's English Remedy and prevent further trouble. It is a positive cure, and we guarantee it. Price 10 and 50c.

C. F. STAM, Druggist.

WHITE OAK POSTS.

Several thousand of best quality WHITE OAK POSTS, any length or size.

For sale by WM. PERKINS,
mj9-6t. AGENT.

FINE and Cheap Cigars and Tobacco, at W. H. LAMBERT'S.

I BEG to inform the reader of the KENT NEWS that my store is fully stocked with SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING OF ALL KINDS and I here make the assertion and defy a successful contradiction that my prices are FIFTEEN OR TWENTY PER CENT LOWER THAN ANY HOUSE IN CHESTERTOWN OR THE CITY. If you want to be convinced call at my store, opposite "STAM'S HALL" and see for yourself. There is no sense or reason why you should pay such an enormous high price to others when you can be better suited at a much less cost at A. FRIEDMAN'S, who has a full and complete line to select from.

Call early and you will be convinced THAT I AM THE CHEAPEST CLOTHIER ON THE SHORE.

A. FRIEDMAN,

opposite Stam's Hall, Chestertown.

We are the authorized agents for the celebrated PEARL SHIRTS and Earl & Wilson's Collars and Cuffs, the best in the world.

April 9, 1887. A. FRIEDMAN.

JOHN W. BORDLEY'S

NEW CLOTHING STORE!

IS THE BEST AND CHEAPEST ON THIS SHORE.

Parties contemplating purchasing CLOTHING this spring cannot do better than to call on him. Every variety and quality in suits, embracing Children's, Boys', Youths' and Men's Garments, the style and price of which will compare favorably with any of the city houses. Don't miss his store-room, it immediately adjoins Toulson's Drug Store, just two doors above Bordley's Brick Corner.

Chestertown, April 9, 1887.

FOR CORN

WE OFFER THE FARMERS THIS SPRING

TRADE MARK

OUR STANDARD, IN WHICH WE GUARANTEE TO GIVE 1550 LBS. OF PURE DISSOLVED ANIMAL BONE AND BONE TANKING TO THE TON AND MURIATE AS THE SOURCE OF ACTUAL POTASH. N OUR EXTANT 1250 LBS. OF PURE DISSOLVED ANIMAL BONE AND BONE TANKINGS TO THE TON.

The Reason there is not more advocates for the use of Corn Fertilizers arises from the fact that a good many Fertilizer men put on the market a goods which they sell for $12 or $15 per ton. The Farmer buys, and applies as though they were Concentrated Goods, and the result is they are not pleased and condemn all. But they ought to think for themselves and know that there is nearly as much profit to the Manufacturer in a cheap goods as there is in a Superphosphate. Therefore buy Concentrated Bone Fertilizers and if you want to cheapen them a little you are the one to do it, without paying freights and profits on cheap and worthless materials.

READ WHAT THOSE SAY WHO HAVE USED THEM

MR. J. WARD DAVIS, near Cecilton, Md., says the Extant Bone Superphosphate bought of us last Spring and used on his Corn certainly paid him handsomely and that he only regrets he did not fertilize his entire crop.

MR. RICHARD SMYTH, near Fairlee, Md., says he could tell by the looks of the Corn just as far as the Extant went and that it paid him.

MR. WM. L. BOWERS, near Still Pond, Md., says that for eleven consecutive years he has used our Fertilizer on his Corn with marked results and that upon one occasion by an application of two tons is sure that he had seven hundred bushels more than he would otherwise have grown.

MR. C. BROWN & BROTHERS, near Pomona, Md., say they have used our Extant with satisfaction and that is why they confine their purchases to our goods this spring.

MR. JESSE H. USILTON, near Fairlee, Md., says that for four years he has used our Extant Bone Superphosphate on his Corn and that he has grown with it more Corn on the same amount of ground than was ever known to be raised on the farm, and that he is going to use the Extant on his entire crop this Spring.

MR. CHRISFIELD, near Galena, says, for eleven years in succession they have used our Fertilizers on their Corn with satisfactory results and that they are going to use it again this season.

MR. H. BOGLE, of Eastern Neck, Kent county, Md., says the Extant they bought of us last Spring certainly eclipsed anything he ever saw, as it started off nicely, held its own and that he cannot say too much in its favor and requests us to ship him Four Tons for his Orchard and Corn.

T. R. HUBBARD & SON,

MANUFACTURERS,

April 2, 1887. CHESTERTOWN, MD.

Our Peach Tree and Corn Fertilizer

IS ESPECIALLY ADAPTED TO THE PEACH TREE AND CONTAINS NO WASTE MATTER.

We have made the claim for some years that a PEACH TREE FERTILIZER should contain noacid, either in Dissolved Bone or South Carolina Rock, and we are better satisfied from last year's success that a High Grade Natural Guano supplies Available Bone Phosphate in better form, without the acid, than anything else. The base of our PEACH TREE GUANO is Highest Grade Natural Guano, and is as high as Bone Meal in Bone Phosphate of Lime, but costs less. We offer it at a LOWER PRICE than others ask you for a goods of less quality. Therefore do not pay a high price for your Peach Tree Guanos. Do not buy guanos containing acids, as many trees have been injured with it, but inquire our price for these goods; compare quality and cost with others, and we will sell you. We only offer a few testimonials, have plenty more but space is too small. Ask the gentlemen mentioned here what they think of our PEACH TREE GUANO:

BETTERTON, Md., Jan. 12, 1887.

MESSRS. C. W. KENNARD & CO.—Gentlemen:—In the Spring of 1885 and the Spring of '86 I used your "Special Tree Guano" with very satisfactory results. My crop was nice both years. The summer of 1886 my crop was large and fine and what was very peculiar my peaches did not rot on the trees, which I attribute to your fertilizer. HENRY H. MCVAY.

WORTON STATION, March 4, 1887.

MESSRS. C. W. KENNARD & CO.—Gentlemen:—I used one ton of your "Peach Tree Guano" last Spring on our peach orchard with the most surprising results. The orchard is sixteen years old and, as the trees had not borne any peaches up to last year for over seven years, I advised Mr. Porter to let me cut it down; but we did not do so I am glad to say. We had a nice crop last year; the peaches were nicely colored and of fine size. We made three pickings from the trees; we counted the peaches in one basket and it contained only fifty-two peaches. I measured one, it was 10½ inches in circumference. The KENT NEWS contained an account of the basket containing the fifty-two. For a large number of our peaches we got one dollar per basket, and the baskets returned at the station. Another strange thing was: that the orchard kept its foliage longer and greener than any orchard I saw last fall. I certainly cannot help recommending your Peach Tree Phosphate, and advise all growers to use it. P. H. GEARS.

BETTERTON, Md., Jan. 12th, 1887.

MESSRS. C. W. KENNARD & CO.—Gentlemen:—We have used your "Special Peach Tree Guano" with wonderful success on old peach trees, and in our nursery, the most remarkable result was on our June budded trees; we gave them an application when we budded in June, and where we made the heaviest application our trees were over five feet high in the following October. Where we only used a small quantity the trees were about two and a-half feet high, an increase in size of one hundred per cent. We truly believe your "Peach Tree Guano" the best article made for peach trees, and the lowest priced; shall need more next spring. We will be pleased to answer any questions regarding its worth, and advise all nurserymen and peach growers to use it.

Very respectfully,

H. H. MCVAY,
J. T. VANDEGRIFT, Nurserymen.

THE FOLLOWING ARE A FEW NAMES OF OTHER PURCHASERS:

SAMUEL VANNORT, ...Chestertown.	PORTER & GEARS, ...Worton.
THOMAS A. HULME, ... Fairlee.	JOSEPH PORTER, ... "
WM. T. BAKER, ...Edesville.	GUSTAVUS PORTER, ...Church Hill.
BENJAMIN F. BECK, ...Lankford.	and many others.
E. J. KENNARD, ...Lynch's.	

Last spring we offered BLACK RESIDUUM at the very low price of seven dollars per ton. Considering the prices asked by others, we think we desrve a share of your patronage this Spring. We ask the same price still. It will prevent corn from frenching, when applied in the hill, and will kill the worm and insect life around the peach tree.

It will pay you to use our CORN FERTILIZER which is particularly adapted to the growth of corn. Not a high-priced Wheat Phosphate, but a low-priced Corn Phosphate. We publish only one testimonial, have more, but our space is filled up; wish we had more room. Call at our office and talk with us about these goods. Our prices will suit, no doubt of it.

TESTIMONIAL OF JAMES A. TOULSON:

57¼ bu. per acre from Clover Sod and Manure; 61¼ bu. from our Corn Fertilizer on same Ground.

MESSRS. C. W. KENNARD & CO.:—It is with great pleasure that I state to you and others interested the success of your Phosphate sold to me last spring. I put a field containing eighteen acres in corn in the spring of 1885, turned under a clover sod and manured heavily. My crop of corn was 57 3-4 bushels to the acre. I put the same field in the next spring. Planted it also in peach trees, and used your Corn Phosphate; the result was 61¼ bushels to the acre. The increase of fodder more than paid for the fertilizer. I did not put any phosphate between the peach trees running one way. The corn was so much poorer that my neighbors asked me why it was. I told them it was because I had not put any of Charlie Kennard's phosphate there. I have used the highest-priced Phosphate on corn of other makes, but your lower-priced goods I consider the best. Your Special Potato Phosphate grew me fine-sized, smooth potatoes, and a large crop. I shall always recommend your goods. Very respectfully, JAMES A. TOULSON.

C. W. KENNARD & CO.,

March 12, 1887. Chestertown, Md.

A REMEDY FOUND AT LAST TO CURE

HOG CHOLERA!

LIEBERMAN'S

Hog Cholera Remedy

WILL POSITIVELY *CURE* AND *PREVENT* HOG CHOLERA!

IT is not a new remedy, but has been tried and experimented with for two years and found that if used when the hogs are first attacked that it will cure the Diseased Hogs and prevent the contagion from spreading to the others in the same pen.

SYMPTOMS OF HOG CHOLERA:

It is essentially a malarial fever. The animal however fierce and obstinate formerly is found more gentle and tractable; it shows decided signs of fever, elevated temperature alternating with cold shivers; the ears are more or less loped; hindquarters weak and the hog shows a strong tendency to lie down on the least provocation and hide in the litter, rising only when wanting to drink; no appetite but great thirst. It often stands drawn together, with arched back and tucked-up abdomen. Its gait is staggering and its grunt weak. Its cough is weak and has a peculiar hollow sound, not easy to describe. It breathes hard, with pumping flanks and soon loses flesh. The skin is harsh and scaly and soon becomes discolored with purplish patches around the snout, between the forelegs and inside the thighs.

PRICE 50 CENTS, BY MAIL 75 CENTS.

Correspondence solicited.
Telephone Call 36. N. LIEBERMAN,
Feb. 5, 1887. MILLTOWN, MD.

LOW ESTIMATES will be furnished on our Building Lime and Hair to large orders at

J. D. BACCHUS'
mh5-tf. Coal and Woodyard.

COAL! COAL!

TO ALL CONCERNED!

We would be pleased to call your attention to the fact that we are this season buying direct from first hands and at first cost which will enable us to sell at low figures. The buying community will find it to their interest to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. Will be receiving monthly until further notice.

Respectfully,

ju4. J. D. BACCHUS.

TO ALL PERSONS

Interested in Coal

WE, having made arrangement by which we have our COAL shipped direct from the mines to Chestertown, perhaps it would be to your interest to call and see us before buying elsewhere

J. T. TWILLEY & CO.,

July 4, 1885. Chestertown

RAG CARPET!

BUY FROM THE MAKER if you care to SAVE MONEY. "Here" you are not confined to one piece, you have hundreds of yards to choose from.—Prices as low as last year.

JOHN BARTLEY,
[same place on Cross st.,]
ap2-3m. CHESTERTOWN, MD.

BOOTS and SHOES.

A large stock, carefully selected bought at lowest prices, which we offer as prices as low as can be found.

tep18. J. H. SIMPERS.

New Store Up Town.

J. T. BLACKWAY,

has just opened a full line of

GROCERIES —AND— PROVISIONS,

which he offers to the public at lowest prices for Cash. We quote no prices but ask you to come and see us and we are sure you will come again.

COUNTRY PRODUCE SOLICITED.

We will thank you for a portion of your patronage. Yours, resp'y,

J. T. BLACKWAY,

N E corner High Street and College Avenue, Chestertown. d19-y.

OUR SPECIALTIES!

WE expect and have prepared for a large trade this winter, and think we will not be disappointed. People have gone without many things they needed for the last year, and goods are down so cheap now, and times are getting somewhat better, that we are satisfied we will have a lively trade.

Our Stock

was carefully selected, bought at the very lowest cash prices, and we are

SELLING at SUCH LOW FIGURES

that you will be pleasantly surprised when you find what excellent bargains we can and will sell you. Don't keep back, or stand on the order of your coming, but come and see what your money will do for you out of our stock.

OUR STOCK OF

HOLIDAY GOODS

is just FIRST-CLASS in every particular, and if you will give us a call we know we can please you.

WROTH & ALDRIDGE,

Dec. 25, 1886. Chestertown.

ANNUAL REPORT

—OF—

The Commissioners of Chestertown,

For the Period from April 27th, 1886, to April 26th, 1887.

REVENUE:

Corporation tax levied, less corrections and insolvencies.....	$2,353 56	
Bal. in hands of Jos. N. Wheatley, coll'r, 1886.....	767 92	
Levied by Kent county.....	560 00	
Fire Ins. Co. for water rent from July 1st '86 to July 1st '87	200 00	
Dog taxes, less allowances.....	122 00	
Cart license.....	10 00	
Gasoline sold.....	50	
Rent, Market Stalls.....	45 00	
Ground Rent.....	10 25	
T. W. Eliason, for stone.....	3 00	
G. W. Parks, old sash.....	3 00	
R. R. Hatcherson, repairing pavement.....	13 00	
J. K. Aldridge, do.....	20 83	
Chapman & Lambert repairing pavement and gutter.....	45 10	
M. A. Toulson, tapping sewer.	15 00	
Total Revenues.....		4,169 16
Expenditures for work and material on Streets:		
Labor.....	$257 71	
Hauling.....	174 21	
Shells.....	4 20	
J. U. Coleman, laying pavement.....	5 00	
J. W. Coleman, do.....	26 25	
R. R. Calder, do.....	85 95	
J. E. Fiddis, do.....	35 74	
Barnett & McIlvane bricks.....	237 13	
G. W. Robinson, do.....	152 33	
Capt. J. E. Nickerson, freight on do.....	22 50	
M. Gault & Son, stone...	53 76	
C. B. Rasin, do.....	6 00	
Total.....		1,060 78
For Pumps:		
Alexander Taylor, repairing pumps.....	6 75	
Chas. Johnson, do.....	16 50	
Total.....		23 25
For Lighting Streets:		
Red C Oil Co., for Gasoline and new lamps.	110 90	
Chester River Steamboat Co., frei't on do.	6 80	
People's Transportat'n Company, do.....	1 60	
J. F. Benton, lighting lamps.....	60 00	
Morgan & Hanson, do..	60 00	
M. A. Toulson, glass...	13 03	
Total.....		252 33
Sundry Purposes:		
Capt. J. H. Thompson, block and falls.....	3 48	
Chapman & Lambert hose