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The Kent News

CHESTERTOWN - APR. 7, 1888.

MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.

The Maryland Legislature adjourned *sine die* at 12 o'clock last Monday night.

The bills for a constitutional amendment giving the Governor power to veto separate items of the appropriation bills passed both houses, and the amendment will be voted upon by the people at the next election.

The Senate bill for a constitutional prohibitory liquor amendment failed in the House, it having received 48 votes, 7 less than the necessary three-fifths.

The bill to regulate the practice of medicine, which finally passed, was discussed at length in the Senate. The doctors wanted it, because it places the practice of medicine in the hands of regularly licensed physicians. A practitioner of Thompsonian or herb medicines tried hard to get the House to amend the bill so as to allow his school to continue in practice, but the effort failed.

THE LEGAL-NOTICE BILL.

The legal-notice bill died its natural death in the Senate. The debate in the Senate upon it for two hours on Saturday night demonstrated beyond question that it was objectionable to the city Senators, who demanded they should have the right to show this by giving it an unfavorable report as an exclusively local bill. The decision of the Senate, by a vote of 17 to 3, to refer the bill to the city Senators settled it. When Senators Wentz and Goodwin, at noon, made their unfavorable report to the Senate upon the bill, the unfavorable report was adopted without one negative vote—Senator Sappington, of Harford.

TO PREVENT FRAUD IN SEEDS.

Senator George Peter's bill to prevent fraudulent sales of any variety of new seeds or agricultural products occasioned a vigorous debate in the house. It is intended to prevent swindling transactions in the sale of seeds and products to farmers. Wheat, oats, rye, corn, clover seed and grass seeds are mentioned. The bill provides that the person selling such products, claimed or represented to be new, must record a written statement with the clerk of the county court where they are to be sold giving a full description of the same and the name and place of residence of the sellers. Penalties for failure to make this statement to the court and for misrepresentation are prescribed. The bill was passed—yeas 53, nays 19.

TO REGULATE LOCAL LEGISLATION.

Mr. Laird's bill to enlarge the powers of county commissioners, to give them control of roads, fences, dogs, hawks, owls, etc., was finally passed. The Senate appointed Messrs. Urner, Brattan and Sommervell a committee to draft and report a bill to the next Legislature with a view of relieving the Legislature from having to pass so many local bills. The committee, composed of holding-over Senators, serve without pay.

JUDGE YELLOTT TO RETIRE.

The joint resolution extending the term of Judge Yellott, of the third judicial circuit, comprising Harford and Baltimore counties, was not acted upon by the Senate. The resolution had been referred to the Baltimore and Harford county Senators and there it remained. The House had earlier in the session adopted the unfavorable report on similar resolutions.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

If the estimate that not more than 370 bills were passed by the Legislature at its late session is correct, that fact alone will entitle this General Assembly to rank first of all the Legislatures since 1872 for statutory moderation. The fewer the acts the better the Legislature, ought to be a political proverb, in these times when the world is so very much governed. Of the 370 bills passed at the late session, 170 yet await the action of the Governor. The number of the acts approved for seven sessions before last ranged from 406 in 1876 to 520 in 1884. The total for 1874 was 515, and three of the sessions went above 500. None of them are below 400 until we get to 1888.—*Correspondent Sun.*

"A GOOD RECORD UNDER MANY DIFFICULTIES."—Under the above caption the Baltimore *Sun* of Tuesday in noticing the adjournment of the Maryland Legislature, says editorially:

A clean-handed Legislature is at last something to be proud of, and that the one which finally adjourned last night was such is best attested by what they did and what they refused to do. In political judgment they may have erred from time to time, and yet when we remember that in this they are tested by the standard set up in a reform campaign, the wonder is they did so well. It is believed the registration and election laws, against which the fiercest assaults have been directed, will fully accomplish the results sought to be attained by all parties, to wit, honest registration and elections, and that the one feature in which the law falls short of campaign pledges is not necessary to this end. * * We can only say, in a general way, that the session has not been barren of good results, but, on the contrary, that many excellent measures have been passed; that its errors have been those of judgment and not the result of unworthy motives and corrupt influences, for it is seen that on every measure implying corruption, so far as is known, the lobby has been beaten, and that while the Legislature has manifested on repeated occasions a desire to comply with public opinion when it has been clearly indicated, it has also turned a cold shoulder to the distinctively lobby schemes, that should alone commend it to the approbation of all fair-minded men. In view of the practical results attained, therefore, and the encouragement given for progressive legislation in the future, its sins of omission may well be forgiven.

MARRIAGE IS A CIVIL CONTRACT.—The decision of Judge Arnold, of Philadelphia in a bigamy case, promises to open a new industry. John J. Cullen was on trial for bigamy, and counsel for defense attempted to secure his client's acquittal by proving that one of the marriage ceremonies had been performed by the Rev. Mr. Sleeper, of Camden, N. J., after he had been deposed from the ministry of the Episcopal Church. But Judge Arnold, interrupting council, remarked that the marriage performed by Mr. Sleeper "was a marriage in fact, a civil contract by persons having the right to so contract." Continuing, Judge Arnold said: "There is no need of a clergyman or magistrate to sanctify it. It makes no difference whether the Rev. Mr. Sleeper is commissioned by a church or not. The marriage is just as valid in a civil court as in a criminal court. Mr. Sleeper had just as much right to perform the marriage as any one else. The man who performs the marriage is merely a certifier, and not a party to the contract." So Cullen got a sentence of nine months. The Philadelphia *North American*, says there "is nothing new in the decision, which is sound law, but people generally have not been familiar with the point in question."

STATE SENATOR E. STANLEY TOADVINE, of Wicomico county, Md., was at the Capitol on Tuesday. He saw and talked with several members of the Maryland delegation on the subject of state politics generally. He was not prepared to commit himself on the congressional question on the Eastern Shore, but a member of the Maryland delegation remarked, after conversing with Mr. Toadvine, that Wicomico and Dorchester counties will endeavor to secure the congressional nomination in the first district for Daniel M. Henry, Jr., who aspires to succeed Mr. Gibson. The outlook here, however, appears to be in favor of the renomination of Mr. Gibson; at least that was the opinion expressed by Senator Gorman.—*Balto. Sun.*

MAKE A NOTE OF THIS.—An exchange gives this timely warning: "Those who use common fertilizer phosphates should handle them carefully. Nearly all of these commercial fertilizers are partly composed of blood, flesh and bones of dead animals which have come to their death by disease. If by accident the fertilizer comes in contact with a flesh wound or chapped hands it may result in absorption and severe blood poisoning. This is worth remembering, as it will not be a very long time before thousands of farmers will be handling the fertilizers more or less.

MONEY IN CABBAGE.—During the past year $93,000 has been realized from cabbage shipped from Wythe county, Va., in car-load lots alone. In addition it is estimated that the railroads realized about $24,000 from the freights on these cabbage. This is a handsome sum to go to one county for an "infant industry."

FRUIT GROWERS ORGANIZE.

A Convention Held in Baltimore and an Exchange Established.

From the Baltimore Sun, Tuesday.

A convention of fruit growers of Maryland and Delaware, in connection with the East Baltimore Business Men's Association, was held yesterday at White Hall, Bank street, near Broadway, and the Maryland Fruit and Produce Exchange was organized, with the following officers: President, Jno. W. Corey, of Kent. Vice-Presidents, Henry W. Murray, Anne Arundel; S. T. Earle, Queen Anne's; N. Barnard, Kent; P. A. Hall, Cecil; John W. Cruett, Baltimore; Col. F. Carroll Goldsborough, Talbot; James Wallace, Dorchester; J. W. Kerr, Caroline; Thomas B. Todd, Baltimore county. Secretary, John P. Nicholson, Kent.

Among those attending were Norris Barnard, president of the Still Pond Agricultural Association; James Bates, president of the East Baltimore Business Men's Association; John R. Gould, representing Brown's wharf property. Those present from Kent county were James S. Harris, Albert L. Corey, John C. Boshell, J. W. Copper, Samuel Mann, J. P. Nicholson, J. W. Corey, T. J. Vickers, I. C. Taylor, R. T. Turner, G. W. Rodenhiser, Wm. D. Pennington, Henry Krusen, W. P. Crosby, Jos. Rasin, T. J. Willis, A. J. Rees, B. F. H. Caulk; from Queen Anne's county, F. A. Emory, J. Hersey Hall, Samuel T. Earle; from Anne Arundel county, P. T. Burch, A. Rider, James R. Benson, George Merritt, R. S. Cole; from Wilmington, J. P. R. Polk; from the East Baltimore Business Men's Association and city, Capt. Jno. W. Cruett, Jno. N. Gardner, Alex. Y. Dolfield, Adolph Martini, George H. Badeke, Deitrich Struven, Louis Beck, E. J. Codd, Dr. John F. Hancock, F. M. Ellerbrock, Dr. Wm. F. Edwards, Thos. E. Maasch, Chas. A. Wolf, C. F. Wehr, A. P. Crew, M. K. Frank, Solomon Kann, John Mahr, of P. G. Leimbach, Jos. Greensfelder, Capt. W. C. Eliason, and Wm. B. Sands, of the *American Farmer*.

The Kent county delegations represented Fairlee Grange, No. 8, and the Still Pond Association. King's Creek, (Talbot county) Grange, No. 75, sent letters indorsing the Exchange.

The committee on organization reported a constitution declaring the name of the exchange to be the Fruit and Produce Exchange of Baltimore, and that it shall act as consignees and commission agents for agriculturists and others at rates not exceeding 3 per cent. The sales are to be at auction, and each owner is to have one bid for self-protection. No wharfage is to be charged, and any shipper may ship to the exchange, whether a member or not. In cases where shippers are not members the commission merchant must pay one cent for each basket or one and a-half cents for each box. The capital stock is to be $10,000, and the exchange is to be operative when $5,000 is paid in. The shares are $10 each.

The following were reported as diritors: Cecil county, John P. R. Polk; Talbot, Gen. E. L. Hardcastle; Dorchester, Jas. Wallace; Calvert, J. B. Bond; Anne Arundel, George Earle, Jr.; Queen Anne's, Samuel T. Earle; Kent, J. W. Corey, J. S. Harris, Norris Barnard; East Baltimore Business Men's Association, Alex. Y. Dolfield, John W. Cruett, John Mahr. The basis of representation above was adopted as the rule.

Mr. John P. R. Polk gave an exposition of what the exchange is to be as modeled upon an existing similar institution of Delaware peach producers called the Delaware Bureau of Information and Distribution. He said: "Your commission rates are about ten per cent. You send goods at haphazard, and cause gluts in one place and scarcity in another. The expansion of the peach industry can be comprehended when you are told that three millions of young trees have been planted on the peninsula. My grandfather once caused a glut in Philadelphia with one steamboat load of peaches. All peach growers must sell as one man. We have sent in one day 300 car loads or 20 trains or 200,000 packages of peaches to New York. We have a headquarters at Clayton, where we are about to arrange a table with telegraph operators, who will receive messages from 300 cities where we have agents. When the city's quota is full it is telegraphed down the peninsula, and every farmer sees at once by a blackboard that he must not send any more goods to that town. Baltimore would be a link to make the chain of our business complete on the peninsula, as many bay shore peaches come here for their natural market. Your local statistics showed $4,000,000 of goods sold. The saving in this if you had saved eight per cent on commissions would amount to $320,000 to spend in Baltimore. On the new trees it would amount to a half million dollars."

Mr. Barnard said his orders for young trees were trebled in the last three years, and 4000,000 four-year-old trees would bear that many baskets of fruit this year. Mr. Harris said twenty years ago the business was small, and 10,000 boxes of peaches glutted Baltimore. Baltimore can use daily 45,000 packages. More than this makes the market unsteady, and the fruit rots on the wharf or is to be jolted over the streets in wagons. This is to be avoided by having a wharf with car track contiguous. The glut caused the now immense shipments to New York. All the farmers would rather send to Baltimore if they can have proper distribution, as the rates hither are cheap, while to New York they are dear by the peninsula route. Three-fourths went to New York notwithstanding, for when peaches brought 20 cents here they brought 50 and 60 by going North.

The East Baltimore Association, through Mr. Dolfield, stated they would take $3,500 of the stock.

The convention paid a visit to Brown's wharf, which is contemplated as the site of the exchange. It is offered for $3,500 the first year, $4,000 the next, and $5,000 thereafter. Hooper's and Henderson's wharves were also seen.

Another Rural Swindle.

While the Bohemian oats swindlers have been preparing for another campaign against the grangers who do not read the newspapers, an equally vigilant class of "financiers" have been usurping their prerogatives and robbing the hayseed heroes of considerable money. The latter class are known as the hayfork swindlers, and they appear to have been operating more recently in Eastern Pennsylvania and portions of New York State. Their scheme is to store a number of forks in the barn of some thrifty farmer, to whom they confide the fact that the forks are the remainder of a large shipment which sold like "hot cakes," supplementing this charming bit of confidence with the intimation that if the farmer will dispose of them he will be allowed a commission averaging from thirty to seventy per cent. The farmer does not quite understand how the forks can be sold with profit at that price, but cupidity tempts him on and he finally agrees to be responsible for the goods.

As a "matter of form" he signs a receipt which he usually does not read, and thirty days later is called on by an accomplice of the seller, who demands quadruple payment for the forks, and shows the farmer's agreement to accept them at that price. The latter kicks, of course, but the forks are there and so is the agreement, and kicking does not help him in the least.

DEATH ENDED THEIR FIGHT.—A double drowning occurred Friday afternoon on Lake St. Clair. The victims were two boys about 12years of age, named Demarra and Gravier. Their fathers' farms adjoin each other, and trouble over the boundary line has led to numerous disputes. Friday the two boys, with several companions, were going home from school and walked on the ice, which still fringes the lake front. The boundary line question came up, the boys quarreled as they had often done before, and, after clinching, they fell together and rolled upon a place where the ice was rotten and gave way. Both lads sank and were not again seen. Their companions ran to the shore screaming for help, but nothing could be done. Their bodies have not been recovered.

PROF. ELY, of Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, estimates the losses from bad roads in the United States, in the wear and tear on horses and wagons, at one hundred million dollars per year. There are ten millions of horses, he says, in this country, and good roads would save an average of ten dollars for each horse, making the total one hundred millions. If the roads were all the time like they were here in March Prof. Ely might safely double his figures.

THE NEXT COUNTY FAIR.

Discussed Last Monday and to be Decided April 16th.

CLUB ROOM, April 2, 1888.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The society was called to order by the president. A good turnout and a pleasant meeting. After routine business was gone through, the advisability of holding a fair the coming fall was discussed. The member opening the discussion thought we ought to hold a fair. We had the grounds and buildings and all that was wanted was the co-operation of the citizens of the county; and if they would take hold of it as they ought we could have a very successful one, and it was the duty of every citizen to lend a helping hand. Another said hold a fair by all means. We were not as successful last year, financially, as we desired and not as we had been in years previous, but let us pick our flint and try again. One of the best features was the exhibits of the children of the different public schools of the county, and hoped that they would be with us again. The president was for a fair, first, last and all the time; that our fairs had been an advantage to the agricultural interests of our county was a question beyond a doubt, and they should be continued. The erroneous opinion had gone out that it was a Worton fair, which was not so; but if it was so the Wortoners had done a great thing and deserved a great deal of credit for what they had done; but he wanted it understood that it was a *county* fair, and for every one in the county to regard it as such and to do all in their power to make it a grand success. Others present took part in the discussion and the feeling was very strongly in favor of holding a fair. The question was not decided, but was postponed for two weeks, to give others who were not present an opportunity to express their views. By motion, every agricultural society or club and every grange and every citizen in the county were invited to be present and to feel at home and participate in the discussion as though they were members, and it is hoped that there will be a large attendance at that time.

At our meeting next Monday a very interesting subject will be discussed. I am unable to give the exact wording, but it is something like this: What mode of farming can we adopt to make it more remunerative? The president appointed the executive committee as follows: W. W. Stephens, Wm. P. Norris, Joseph E. Gilpin, John P. Nicholson, J. M. J. Byron, Wm. B. Stephens, Thos. J. Willis, Samuel Mann. The president is chairman by virtue of his office. X.

MATRIMONIAL.

PIPPIN—CARTER.

One of the prettiest weddings that has taken place in Wilmington for years occurred at Asbury M. E. Church in that city on Wednesday evening, March 28th, at 8 o'clock, and what makes the event of particular interest to the readers of the NEWS is that both the contracting parties were formerly of this county, where the groom's family resides and where the bride spent a number of years. The groom was Robert N. Pippin and the bride was Emma D. Carter. A large congregation had assembled to witness the ceremony, as both bride and groom have hosts of friends. Rev. J. E. Bryan, pastor of the church, performed the ceremony. Miss Lizzie Weiser, of Wilmington, presided at the organ and performed the wedding march from Lohengrin. Miss Almeda Jackson, of Philadelphia, and Miss Evelyn Gooden, of Willow Grove, were bridesmaids, and Wm. Ross and John W. Jackson, of Philadelphia, acted as the groom's best men.

Immediately after the ceremony the newly married couple and a number of invited guests repaired to the future home of the happy pair, No. 614 E. 5th street, Wilmington, where a reception was held. Among the guests were a number of friends from Philadelphia, New York, Trenton and Camden, N. J., and a large number from lower Delaware and Maryland. The high estimation in which the fair young bride is held by her numerous friends was amply evidenced by the large number of handsome and costly gifts of which she was the recipient.

Kennedyville Farmers' Club.

CLUB ROOM, March 31, 1888.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The Kennedyville farmers' club met and was called to order by Mr. Wm. Archibald. Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

Committee on cannery reported progress.

Committee on creamery reported the work progressing. The excavation now ready for the walls; also gave notice that Mr. S. W. Lester, manager of the famous Troy creamery, Bradford county, Pa., will deliver a lecture at the Kennedyville hall next Saturday, April 7th, at 2½ o'clock P. M., on the merits of the cream gathering plan of operating creameries and all other processes. Let all farmers and their families as well as all others interested in the advancement of this branch of agriculture attend. D. U. DEWEES, Sec'y.

A TOUCHING BALL-ROOM INCIDENT.—Last week one of those sudden deaths which occur sometimes in crowded and festive assemblages spread consternation in the ballroom of the Waverly House, Charlestown, Massachusetts. Miss Nellie McLeod, 20 years of age, an accomplished and engaging young lady, after waltzing, fell on the ball-room floor and expired in the presence of 400 or 500 ladies and gentlemen. She was in party dress, and is described as having been very elegantly attired. She had just finished the first waltz with a young gentleman with whom she was well acquainted and appeared to be all the while in good spirits, not complaining of any fatigue or illness after the waltz. She was escorted by her partner to her father, standing near the entrance door with some other gentlemen, when, without so much as a warning cry, she fell to the floor dead.

THE REMOVAL OF LIBBY PRISON.—The Philadelphia architect, L. M. Hallowell, who is to superintend the removal of Libby Prison from Richmond to Chicago, says it will be taken down in June, and in the meantime the preliminary work necessary to preserve both the original appearance of the exterior and interior of the structure will be done. The architect says that he will no doubt experience great difficulty in counteracting the schemes of relic-hunters. The new owner of the prison has lately been besieged with applications from persons desiring to purchas relics of the old building. An officer who was confined in the prison has offered $50 for a post upon which he carved his name during his term of confinement.

CAPT. WILLIAM F. PHILLIPS, of Dorchester county, Md., master of the schooner Annie M. Hayward, was convicted in the United States District Court at Baltimore on Monday of inflicting cruel and unusual punishment upon Edward D. Curran, aged 18 years, and John H. Screven, aged 17 years, both of Atlanta, Ga., and Joseph S. Smith, aged 23 years, of Baltimore, while employed as oyster dredgers on the Annie M. Hayward, in October last, on Honga river. The jury recommended the accused to the mercy of the court. Judge Morris sentenced Capt. Phillips to sixty days in jail and $100 fine and costs. The costs will be heavy.

SENATOR BLACKBURN, of Kentucky, in a letter in response to a copy of the resolutions recently adopted by General Robert Patterson G. A. R. Post, of Philadelphia, commending him for his defense of Gens. McClellan and Hancock, in reply to Senator Ingall's speech, he can recall few instances in his life fraught with more satisfaction than this, which "attests the approval given by brave men to his efforts to defend the memory of the brave dead."

TAX NOTICE.

EVERY TAX PAYER that has not paid his Taxes will be presented with a bill in a few days; please read carefully the notice at the bottom of bill, as I shall expect it after 30 days.

mar3-tf. JOS. N. WHEATLEY, Collector Corporation Taxes.

LIBRARY NOTICE.

Subscriptions to CIRCULATING LIBRARY expire in February. If we can get 50 subscribers for the year at $1.00 per year we will at once put in a supply of new and better books. Bring along your cash. This is cheap reading.

fe4-tf. Resp'y, H. A. SPARKS.

TELEPHONE NOTICE.—The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Kent County Telephone Company will be held at the Court House, on MONDAY, April 16th, at 3 o'clock P. M., to elect Five Directors to serve for the ensuing year.

m31-3t. M. WILBER THOMAS, Sec'y.

WE HAVE IT and can prove it—the BEST 5c. CIGAR in town. Try one. H. A. SPARKS.

Established in 1866.

CANNING HOUSE

Steam Boilers and Kettles

A SPECIALTY.

ALWAYS have in Stock New and Second-Hand Boilers and Kettles of all kinds. Upright Boilers Kept in Stock for Immediate shipment, up to 40 Horse Power.

ALL KINDS OF

UPRIGHT BOILERS

Made to Order. Write for Prices, &c.

JOHN T. COLEMAN,

Steam Boiler Works.

Holliday and Pleasant Streets, Balto., Md.

Monumental Label Co.,

JOHN T. COLEMAN,

Holliday and Pleasant Streets, Baltimore, Maryland,

Print only

Labels for Canned Goods Packers.

Write for Samples and Prices. Orders for delivery next season received now at REDUCED PRICES New Samples will be ready about March 10th.

JOHN T. COLEMAN,

mar3-3m. BALTIMORE.

THE "DELMONICO"

Boarding House and Restaurant

OF STILL POND.

PERMANENT and TRANSIENT BOARD. Meals at all hours, served in the very best and latest style. Comfortable Rooms and Good Beds.

Horses fed and well-cared for, all on very moderate terms. Give me a call and I am sure you will come again.

Jan. 7—tf. MRS. M. E. PRATT.

SENATOR VANCE is writing for the Baltimore *Sun* a series of able State papers under the title of the "Needs of the Nation." In Wednesday's article he hits square on the head a large number of readers when he says:

One of the most difficult things to do in morals and physics is to attribute effects to their proper causes. This is the chosen hiding place of politicians in all countries. A demagogue has only to mount the stump and assert vociferously that hard times and scarcity of money were all brought about because such and such things were done—generally things that he had opposed—and thousands will accept it as true. Lacking the information, or the disposition to apply it, which would enable them to investigate for themselves, they adopt the first plausible theory which is suggested. Very few of even intelligent men will take the trouble to ascertain the real cause of events and analyze the popular explanations of them. Yet there is nothing more important in politics. It is the only way we can reach a wise judgment of the present or the future. The most common instance of this darkening of council by words without wisdom is found in the wholesale assertion of the high-tariff men that the unexampled prosperity of the country is due to protection. You hear it every day: "We have flourished under protection." Statistics are read to us until our head aches to show how our territories have been enlarged, how our population has multiplied, how our wealth has increased, with railroads, young cities, quadrupling productions, arts, sciences, "*and all the time we have had a tariff for protection!*" That is plain and unmistakable cause and effect! Protection did it, because we flourished and had high tariffs at the same time! Ergo, the tariff caused us to flourish. The reasoning of the negro about his crazy old clock was equally as clear and satisfactory. Being twitted with its jerky and spasmodic behaviour, he declared that *he* could tell the time of day by it as well as by any clock in the world. "Yar see, boss," said he, "when de hour hands pints to four and de minit hand to half-past eleven, and she strikes nine, den I knows it's adzactly one o'clock." Some such combination as this may enable an expert to find that our riches are the result of shutting off foreign commerce and relying solely on high taxation. Because things happen frequently to come together, therefore the one is the cause of the other, however inadequate the one may be to produce the other. Since the earliest recollection of man, in recorded story or tradition, it is an undoubted fact that the chicken cocks have crowed every day of the world just before sunrise; therefore, that is the cause of sunrise.

A SOUTHERN PEACH ORCHARD.—Near Cowles Station, Macon county, Ala., Mr. John H. Parnell, a brother of the Irish leader, has in connection with Mr. J. W. Walker planted 200 acres of land in peach trees. This is only a beginning of the business, as they intend to convert 1,000 acres into a vast peach orchard, the fruit to be raised for shipment and for canning. Already 22,000 stocks have been set out, and when the work is completed there will be 120,000 peach trees in all. The soil is said to be of the right sort, while the climate could not be improved upon.

THE Brighton Beach Hotel, which has a superficial area of 92,000 square feet, being 460 feet long and 200 feet wide, with a calculated weight of 5,000 tons, was moved on Tuesday 150 feet inland from the sea by six locomotives. There was no vibration of the house and the cars moved as easily over the rails as though they were empty. Standing under the hotel and resting one's hands upon the joists, no jar could be felt. Everything seemed to go along together as if it were a common thing to drag hotels around the country on cars. It is the intention to move it 600 feet from the sea.

CHIEF JUSTICE WAITE'S WILL.—A Toledo (Ohio) dispatch says the will of the late Chief Justice Waite was probated in that city Monday. Mrs. M. R. Waite is made sole executrix, and to her is devised all the property, real and personal. She is to give no bond and to take no inventory. The will is signed by his brother, Richard Waite, J. M. Gloyd and Mrs. Gloyd and contains less than two hundred words. The property is valued at $75,000, including the Washington home.

THE twenty-fifth annual report of the directors of the Maryland School for the Blind has been received, and shows the institution to be in a flourishing condition, and to be doing a good work in the training and education of those wholly or partly deprived of sight. The school building is delightfully located, on Northern avenue, Baltimore. There are now sixty-two inmates, representing several States.

THREE PRISONERS escaped from Easton jail last week. They took up the flooring in the water closet, and dug out through the opening thus made, coming out on the street. It was dark when they escaped, and although the escape, was discovered almost immediately and plans set on foot by the sheriff and deputies to capture them they are still at large.

THE directors of the Talbot County Fair Association have fixed the date of the Talbot county annual fair this year for Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the 18th, 19th, 20th and 21st days of September.

HENRY D. FARNANDIS, Esq., of Bel Air, has so far recovered from his recent serious illness as to be able to occasionally visit his law office at Bel Air.

WHEN you visit Baltimore, stop at the Maltby House, where will be found first-class accommodations and exceedingly low rates.

THE tax levy in Baltimore city this year is $1.90 on the $100, an increase of 40 cents on the levy of 1887 and of 20 cents on that of 1886.

BALTIMORE MARKET. — The Baltimore papers of yesterday quote as follows:

WHEAT—Fultz 87c@93c. for fair to good; Longberry, 92c@96c. CORN—White, prime, 60c.@61c. Yellow, 58c@59c. OATS—40c.

Chester River Steamboat Company.

1888

DAILY EXCURSIONS TO BALTIMORE, commencing April 10th, the

Steamer EMMA A. FORD

Will leave Chestertown daily (except Sunday) at 7 o'clock A. M., stopping at Rolph's, Booker's, Quaker Neck and Queenstown; Will leave Queenstown at 8.45 A. M., arriving in Baltimore at 11 A. M.

RETURNING will leave Pier 7, Light Street Wharf, at 3 P. M., arriving in Chestertown at 7.15 P. M.

The Steamer B. S. FORD

Will leave Centreville daily (except Sunday) at 7 o'clock A. M., stopping at the wharves in Corsica river, at Grey's Inn and Kent Island, arriving in Baltimore at 11.15 A. M.

RETURNING, will leave Pier 7, Light Street Wharf, at 2.45 P. M., arriving in Centreville at 7 P. M.

Fare from all Points $1.00 Round Trip.

Single Ticket 75 Cents.

TICKETS GOOD UNTIL USED.

apr7. GEORGE WARFIELD, PRES'T.

TOLCHESTER LINE!

After MONDAY, April 2d, 1888, beginning SATURDAY, April 7th, the

Steamer EMMA GILES

LEAVES BALTIMORE EVERY

SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY at 7 A. M. & 2.30 P. M.

LEAVES TOLCHESTER at 9 A. M. and 4.30 P. M.

Freight received in Baltimore daily.

SPECIAL.—In order to make the change in our schedule, there will be no Boat between Monday, April 2d and Saturday, April 7th. Every Wednesday and Saturday thereafter, as per schedule.

TOLCHESTER STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

March 31, 1888. Office, Pier 16 Light Street, Balto.

Sassafras River Steamboat Co.

RESUMPTION OF TRIPS

On and after Saturday, Feb. 25th, 1888, the

Steamer TRUMPETER

will leave Georgetown on Mondays, Wednesdays and Friday at 7.30 A. M., and Buck Neck at 10.15 A. M., for Baltimore.

Returning, leave Pier 6 Light Street, Baltimore, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 10.30 A. M., stopping at all the landings on Sassafras River and Worton Creek, ice permitting.

WILLIAM CUNDIFF, CAPTAIN.

Feb. 25, 1888.

Look to Your Interest!

PROTECT YOUR SOLES and Save your Cents!

An Old Adage:—"Save the Cents and the $$$ will Save Themselves."

IF YOU BUY

Your Shoes

—OF—

GOSLEE

you will surely save a Great Deal. We will sell you a Man's Plow Shoe, Solid and better than ever, for $1.00 Farmers try our Easy Walking Shoe, if you want comfort and durability. They will not rip.

WE HAVE A

A Good, Solid Dress Shoe for a Man

At $1.50 and $1.65.

Call for our Dairy Shoe. It is a Fine B. Calf Seamless Shoe. Several sizes, 6 to 11, for $1.75. They are equal to any $2.00 you can buy.

WE ARE OFFERING

Great Bargains in LADIES' SHOES.

Mundell Solar Tip Shoes, Heel and Spring Heels for $1.10. The Finest and Largest Line of Shoes ever in the county. Before you buy be sure to call at the

SHOE STORE,

Under Sam's Hall, Chestertown, Md.

P. S.—We make a Good Shoe for a Man to Measure for $3.00; they will wear as long as long as any shoe you can buy for $5.00. Call and see us and be convinced that what we say is true. Mar. 3, 1888.

C. M. LUCAS

[at the old stand opposite the Kent News office]

DEALER IN

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry

ALSO

FINE EYE-GLASSES,

RECOMMENDED BY PHYSICIANS

and SPECTACLES, ROGERS' SILVER-PLATED WARE. He also keeps the high standard of 18-karat Wedding Rings; Solid Silver Waltham Watches only ten dollars. Jan. 28, 1888.

SOME GOOD ADVICE,

To every body here about,
And other people too,
Who like their footwear good and stout—
Go buy the Police Shoe.

If you want your feet both warm and dry,
I'll tell you what to do:
Just step around to SHAW's and buy,
That noted Police Shoe.

There're statements made—some false, some true—
About the goods we sell;
But if you get the Police Shoe
'Twill surely wear you well.

If my advice you will but take,
I'll simply say to you:
The best investment you can make,
Is in the Police Shoe.

The above, with many other kinds and styles of

Boots and Shoes!

IS NOW IN STORE AND FOR SALE.

We invite all who may need anything in our line to call and examine our stock. Remember the place.

JAMES A. SHAW,

fe18-tf. Court Street, Chestertown.

LAMPS and CLOCKS!

CLOCKS and LAMPS!

New Styles, all sorts, sizes, kinds and descriptions. Parlor, Hall, Library, Kitchen, Store or any other place, at the very lowest prices.

H. A. SPARKS,

fe25. under NEWS office.

AN ASSORTMENT of MIRRORS, new and pretty. Frames, very cheap. SPARKS.

OUR 2 for 5 CIGARS can't be beat. SPARKS.

WILLIAMS & CLARK CO.'S

ANIMAL BONE FERTILIZER

FOR PEACH TREES, CORN, POTATOES, &c.

Universal Ammoniated Dissolved Bones. ANALYSIS:		Royal Bone Phosphate ANALYSIS:	
Ammonia	2 to 3 per cent.	Ammonia	1 to 2 per cent.
Available Phosphoric Acid	9 to 12 " "	Available Phosphoric Acid	8 to 10 " "
Potash (Actual K 0-2)	2 to 3 " "	Potash (Actual K 0-2)	2 to 3 " "
Sulphate of Magnesia	3 to 4 " "	Sulphate of Magnesia	3 to 4 " "

The entire basis of these goods is Animal Bones, no Acid Phosphate in them. We have on hand a Stock of

Pure Bone Meal, Dis. Animal Bone, Acid Phosphate, Dried Blood, Muriate of Potash, Kainit, Ground Bone Tankage, &c.,

sold separately or mixed to order. These goods have been sold in Kent county for Nine Years and their success speaks for their merits. Get my prices before buying.

For Sale by WM. H. McFEELY.

March 31, 1888—6t. CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND.

FREDERICK FOUNTAIN,

CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND,

Ag't for R. J. BAKER & CO.,

BALTIMORE, MARYLAND,

MANUFACTURERS OF

HIGH GRADE FERTILIZERS

GROUND and DISSOLVED RAW BONE,

DISSOLVED S. C. PHOSPHATE, CHEMICALS,

and all goods used for Fertilizing purposes. SPECIAL FORMULAS compounded for all crops. Write for prices. All goods delivered free on board at Baltimore.

March 3, 1888.

TRIPS RESUMED.

Daily Trips Between Chestertown and Baltimore!

CENTREVILLE AND CORSICA RIVER STEAMBOAT CO.

STEAMER GRATITUDE,

M. M. LARRIMORE, Master.

--NEW SCHEDULE--

On and after February 28th, 1888, the STEAMER "GRATITUDE" will run as follows:

Leave Chestertown at 5.45 A. M., touching at Newnam's and Quaker Neck, Chester River; Centreville, 7.45; Long Cove, 8.45; Jackson's Creek, 9.30; touching at Hall's, Pusey's and Earl's Landings on Corsica River, for Baltimore.

RETURNING, leave Baltimore daily at 2.30 P. M., making all the above stops.

FARE, ROUND TRIP, - - $1.00.

TICKETS GOOD UNTIL USED.

SINGLE FARE, - - - 75 cents.

N. B.—Freight for all stops received and handled with care and promptness, and when not immediately called for will be stored under cover. Agent at Pier 13 Light Street, Baltimore, will receive and receipt for freight, and the clerk at other stops.

Office on Burchinal's Wharf. EDWARD B. JONES, AGENT.

Mar. 3—6m. CENTREVILLE AND CORSICA RIVER STEAMBOAT CO.

M. A. TOULSON,

Druggist and Apothecary.

LARGE VARIETY

PATENT MEDICINES!

ANY FURNISHED AT SHORT NOTICE.

Toilet Articles! Toilet Articles!

the VERY BEST, and EVERYTHING that is kept in a well furnished Drug Store.

PERSCRIPTION DEPARTMENT!

This is under my individual supervision.

Very respectfully,

M. A. TOULSON,

Feb. 18, 1888. CHESTERTOWN.

LUMBER!

VIRGINIA PINE,
NORTH CAROLINA PINE,
GEORGIA PINE,
BILL TIMBER, CYPRESS,
FLOORING, EILING,
VIRGINIA PINE SIDING,
WHITE PINE SIDING
YPRESS WEATHERBOARDING,
WHITE PINE WEATHERBOARDING,
SHINGLES, Sawed and Shaved,
PICKETS, LATHS
DOORS, BLINDS, SASH,
FRAMES, &c., &c.

ALL INQUIRIES ANSWERED PROMPTLY.

T. W. ELIASON, Jr.

Dec. 3, 1887.

FARMERS and HORSEMEN!

Look to Your Interest!

Prices to Suit the Times!

REMEMBER I do not sell Stoves, Medicine, Machine, Callicoes, Sugars, nor Coffees, but I do keep

A HARNESS STORE

SELL, MAKE and REPAIR

all kinds of Carriage, Wagon and Dearborn Harness, Bridles, Collars, Riding Saddles, Whips, Rope and Chain Traces, Backbands, Curry-Combs, Brushes, Robes, Blankets, Sleigh-Bells and every thing kept in season that is usually kept in a First-Class Harness Shop, from a 10-cent Hame Strap to a Set of Fine Harness.

Encourage me by buying your Harness Goods where you can have them neatly and promptly repaired. Thankful for past patronage I remain yours respectfully,

WILLIAM BARR,

fe11-1y. STILL POND, MD.

THE COMMON SENSE LIFT AND FORCE PUMP

Energetic business men who will give it proper attention, are wanted to handle this pump in every town in Pa., N. J., Md., Del., Va., and N. C., and will be accorded control of suitable territory not already occupied.

CHARLES G.