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The Kent News

CHESTERTOWN - JULY 14, 1888.

LET ALL THE PEOPLE READ.

Where the Tariff Touches the Poor Man.

Does the tariff tax take anything out of the pocket of the wage-earner? No tax-gatherer ever comes to his house with a bill for tariff taxes and demands a settlement. Nothing is heard about it the year round. There is nothing on the surface to indicate that the day laborer, the clerk, the mechanic, the car-driver, the coachman, the cook, the nurse or the newsboy ever contribute anything toward the income of the government or the extra profits of the manufacturing capitalist. But they do, nevertheless. For every $1 that goes to the government $5 goes to the manufacturer as bounty. The tax was collected when the person named bought what they have in their houses or on their backs. On one man's working suit of clothes costing $7 the bounty to the manufacturer was $2 27; one suit costing $20, bounty $6 48; overcoat costing $15, bounty $4 85; two flannel shirts, $1 50, bounty 64 cents; two flannel drawers, $1 50, bounty 64 cents; six wool socks, $2, bounty 86 cents; one wool hat, $3, bounty $1 29; one wool cap, $1, bounty 43 cents; one pair suspenders, 50 cents, bounty 24 cents; one pair shoes, $3 50, bounty 70 cents; one pair wool gloves, 50 cents, bounty 21 cents; rubber coat, $3 50, bounty 81 cents; umbrella, $1, bounty 34 cents; three linen handkerchiefs, $1, bounty 26 cents; one silk tie, 50 cents, bounty 17 cents; one pocket knife, $1 25, bounty 42 cents; razor, $1 25, bounty 42 cents; shaving brush, 35 cents, bounty 9 cents; four cotton shirts, $3, bounty 75 cents; two pair cotton drawers, $1, bounty 31 cents; one wool scarf, 50 cents, bounty 21 cents. Any laboring man or other person having a small income is able to judge whether he is in a position to make a present to anybody of the bounty he pays on each of the articles here mentioned. If he is a single man perhaps he can spare the sums named and is willing to do so. But if he has use for the money, amounting on these articles alone to $22 29 a year, he has a right to vote at the poles to keep it in his pocket. Put in life insurance, or in the savings bank, $22 29 a year may provide very nicely for a rainy day. But if he is a married man, with a family, he will find the tariff tax taking the following sums also out of his pocket to swell the surplus at Washington, or to add to the profits of the manufacturer: Three calico dresses for wife, cost $2 25, bounty 50 cents; three aprons, 50 cents, bounty 10 cents; two woolen dresses, $16, bounty, $6 60; two balmoral skirts, $3, bounty $1 10; two cotton skirts, $1 50, bounty 25 cents; two suits flannels, $3, bounty $1 29; two suits cotton underwear, $2, bounty 68 cents; three pair cotton hose, $1, bounty 29 cents; woolen cloak, $12, bounty $2 89; shawl $6, bounty $2 79; hood, $1 25, bounty 54 cents; straw bonnet, $1, bounty 23 cents; two pair shoes, $4, bounty 80 cents; rubbers, 50 cents, bounty 10 cents; parasol, $3, bounty 40 cents; veil, 70 cents, bounty 24 cents; five yards ribbons, 50 cents, bounty 17 cents; three linen collars, 50 cents, bounty 12 cents; three pairs linen cuffs, 60 cents, bounty 14 cents; three handkerchiefs, 75 cents, bounty 20 cents; tuck comb, 30 cents, bounty 7 cents; tooth-brush, 35 cents, bounty 8 cents; pair wool mits, 50 cents, bounty 21 cents; pair gloves, $1 25, bounty 47 cents. On an expenditure of $61 90 in settlement of the wife's store bill the struggling citizen has thus paid $21 76 in tariff taxes, about one-fifth of which went into the government treasury and the other four-fifths into some far-off manufacturing capitalist. Part of this tax the poor man will be relieved from—a small part, it is true—if the Mills bill becomes a law, but much the larger part he will always have to bear, as it is the settled policy of our government to obtain the most of its revenue from tariff taxes. Still he will not object if the Mills bill gets him a discount of from 7 to 10 per cent, off his wife's and his own store bill. If the wage-earner has one daughter to clothe, he will feel an additional interest in the tariff, as it will make her store bill $58 60, or $20 15 more than it would be without the existing high tariff. If there is a boy in the family to buy for, his store bill will be increased about $18 12 on a total expenditure of $58 60. With a family consisting of wife and two children it is expedient to keep house. This is the opportunity of the tariff lord. To furnish the kitchen $85 60 will have to be paid out, of which sum $29 74 is tariff tax. On the cook stove alone, costing $18 00 there is a tariff tax of $12; on iron pans, a tax of $2 48; on dishes costing $10, a tax of $3 54. Passing to household furniture, the mechanic, in furnishing his dwelling, will find that in buying one heating stove at $15 he is paying a tax of $4 65; on 50 yards of carpet costing $40, a tax of $10; on three sets of bedroom furniture costing $75, a tax of $19 45. If he spends $239 60 to furnish his his rooms, he will have to pay a tariff tax of $67 66. In the course of a year he will spend some $60 at the grocer's, $20 of which will be tariff tribute. But the housekeeper's wants are as numerous as the holes in a cornmeal sifter. He will want a hatchet, costing $1, on which he will pay a tariff tax of 37 cents; a file, costing 25 cents, on which he pays 10 cents tax; a basket, costing $1, on which the tax is 30 cents; a grindstone, costing $3, on which the tax amounts to fifty cents; a spade, costing 50 cents, on which the tax is 15 cents. If he should buy 20 pounds of nails his tax would be 25 cents. These are a few of the things the householder buys, and on all he is taxed. His rent even is higher by reason of the tariff, as the tariff has enhanced the cost of the materials of which his house was built. Anybody can see that a reduction of tariff duties is desirable. As the average rate now is 47.10 per cen. it is plain that the Mills bill is moder in proposing, as it does, a reduction of but 7 per cent. The entire duty in Washington's time was but eight per cent., and when the country was most prosperous it was but 20 per cent.

GEN. FISK ON THE CAMPAIGN.—General Clinton B. Fisk, the prohibition candidate for President, was in Detroit on Monday on business. In the course of an interview he said he should make no speeches until September.

"Where do you expect to make your largest gains?" was asked.

"We will gain largely in New York, probably increase the vote 50 per cent., drawing chiefly from the republicans. We will gain largely in New Jersey, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee and Missouri, also in the New England States. Our gains in the North will come largely from the republican party; in the South from the democratic party. Our strength in the South comes from all classes, white and black, except the uneducated negroes. The latter class seem to think that one of the boons conferred on them by Abraham Lincoln was the liberty to drink like their old masters."

ABOUT WOOL.—With an idiotic pertinacity that not seldom confounds wrong-doers in their own act, the protectionists insist upon putting wool forward as their strong point. Perhaps they are moved to this by the fact that it is the only article claimed to favor directly the agricultural interest with which they have to deal. It was used with eminent success under the Hon. Samual Randall, when he succeeded in amending the Morrison Horizontal tariff out of existence. The Ohio Democrats followed their leader, like the sheep whose wool they sought to protect. Next to the profound ignorance of a constituency, the most exasperating is the profounder ignorance of the representation. This deepens when one treats of a subject so plain, when facts are recognized, that it seems a waste of time and labor to refute naked assertions. However, the challenged party has choice of weapons, and if the the protectionists insist on wool—wool it must be.—*Belford's Magazine.*

THE KEY MONUMENT.—The unveiling of the Francis Scott Key monument in Golden Gate Park, San Francisco, California, on the 4th of July, was an interesting affair, and witnessed by thousands of people. A lengthy programme of musical and literary exercises was rendered, the proceedings being opened with a salute of 100 guns. Addresses were delivered by several prominent local speakers. Among the invited guests were many of the descendants of Key who occupied specially reserved seats. One of the principal features was a grand performance of the "Star-Spangled Banner" while the veil was being removed from the statue. A chorus of 150 voices, accompanied by the Second Regiment Band, rendered the verses, the audience joining in the refrain.

ABOUT FENCING.

A Specimen of the Dayton Company's Work.

EDITORS OF KENT NEWS:—On Thursday, July 5th, by invitation of Mr. S. J. Johnson, the pleasant and polite gentleman, who is the general agent of the Dayton Hedge Company, I visited a hedge upon the farm of Elison, near Middletown, Del., to examine the system they were using to make the hedge fence one that would be strong, durable and ornamental. This hedge had been neglected from the time of its planting until the Dayton Hedge Co. had taken it in hand; it had never been cultivated nor ever replanted, consequently there were many broken places in it and was too old to be replanted. This company took it as it was and attempted to make a substantial and pretty fence, which I think they have succeeded in doing. It is true that there are places in it that are bare of foliage, but in time by proper training and pruning all of these broken places will be filled. There are many advantages connected with this fence above any other I have ever seen, so many that it will be impossible to enumerate them all, but will give a few. It takes up but little land, no more than a post and rail fence; it is everlasting, strong, an ornament wherever planted and easy to trim and keep in shape. The company has a system of dwarfing that makes it easy to trim. I will tell you what I actually saw.

We measured off twenty-two and a-half rods of the untrimmed hedge and started Mr. James W. Collier, one of the gentlemen connected with the company, to trimming. I held the watch in my hand and it took him just 5½ minutes to trim one side of it. He then took the other side and finished it in a fraction less than 5½ minutes, taking less than eleven minutes to trim the 22½ rods even, pretty and smooth. I would recommend to all intending to make new fences, to adopt this one. Mr. Johnson is going to establish a stock company in Kent county and would be glad to meet any gentleman that wishes information upon the subject. He can be found at the Voshell House.

Mr. J. invited a number of gentlemen to visit this hedge but owing to the busy season Mr. Josias Ringgold, Groome Ringgold and myself were the only ones to respond. I am sure if all had gone they would have been pleased. We were treated nicely. We were met at the depot by carriages to convey us to the hedge, and after taking the view were driven back to Middletown to partake of a splendid dinner prepared by Mr. John Armstrong, proprietor of the hotel. It is the intention of Mr. Johnson to get up a company to visit and examine their work and he hopes that every gentleman invited will accept the invitation and go with him; he bears all the expenses.

SAM'L VANNORT.

The Colored Voter.

When Mr. Thurman was waited upon the other day by a deputation of colored men he gave them this wise advice, "Divide your vote." In that brief sentence lies the solution of what is called "the negro problem." So long as republican Senators like Ingalls and journals like the *Tribune* insist, in the face of many facts to the contrary, that all the colored voters at the South are republicans, and that their votes are suppressed—which, if true in some instances, is by no means true in general—so long will large numbers of Northern and Western republicans be deluded by assertions that at best are only occasionally true. The fact is that since the decline of the republican party at the South thousands of colored voters take no interest in politics, or at least abstain from voting at elections. Virginia being, perhaps, the one exception. Others still vote the republican ticket, while some have gone over to the democratic party. The last Louisiana State election was an evidence of it. The colored voters there were counted by both democratic factions. "Thousands upon thousands," said the *Progress*, a Louisiana paper published by colored people, "voted for the Nicholls ticket, and thus assisted in the overthrow of the McEnery faction." It was the same in Mobile, Ala., and Petersburg, Va., where quite a number of colored men not long since voted for democratic candidates. They are beginning to be recognized also, and this is bringing the colored and white democratic voters more closely together. After Gen. Beauregard, who received many colored votes at the last election in Louisiana, was chosen commissioner of public works, he announced that he would give twenty-five per cent. of his appointments to his colored supporters. It would be rash to say from these and other instances that the color line in politics is broken, but it may be truthfully said that it is weakening. It is certain that the colored people are becoming actuated by a more independent spirit. At the last Alabama republican State convention Wm. J. Stevens, a colored man, was made temporary chairman. His speech must have surprised his republican associates. "We cannot disguise the fact," he said, "that the meanest and most unmitigated rascals in the country were the federal officers appointed in Alabama under Hayes, Garfield and Arthur. * * * The election of Mr. Cleveland was a blessing in disguise to us. We are free men in this convention, and we will act as may seem best in our judgment, with none to molest or make us afraid." This, from a pronounced republican, sounds like a declaration of independence, and certainly looks as if before long the colored people will act on the advice of Mr. Thurman and "divide their vote." *Baltimore Sun.*

THE ASSOCIATION OF DEMOCRATIC CLUBS READY FOR WORK.—The constitution adopted by the Democratic National Club Association, which met in Baltimore last week, states concisely the main object of the association's existence in three sentences: "To preserve the constitution of United United States, the autonomy of the States, local self-government and freedom of elections. To resist revolutionary changes and the centralization of power. To oppose the imposition of taxes beyond the necessities of government economically administered." These are not new docrines, but will be recognized as the traditional tenets of the democratic party. They result directly from the fundamental democratic idea that the individual citizen should enjoy the largest measure of freedom as respects both personal conduct and management of his own property that is consistent with proper respect for the rights of others. He should not be unnecessarily interfered with for anybody else's pleasure or profit, but in national as well as local affairs his liberty should receive the widest possible interpretation. The constitution of the United States is the charter of the citizen's liberties.

SEVEN PRESIDENTIAL TICKETS.—There are seven tickets in the field to be voted for at the ensuing presidential election, as follows:

Democratic Party.—President, Grover Cleveland, of New York; Vice-President, Allen G. Thurman, of Ohio.

Republican Party.—President, Benjamin Harrison, of Indiana; for Vice-President, Levi P. Morton, of New York.

Prohibition Party.—President, Clinton B. Fisk, of New Jersey; Vice-President, John A. Brooks, of Missouri.

United Labor Party.—President, A. J. Streeter, of Illinois; Vice-President, Chas. E. Cunningham, of Arkansas.

United Labor Party.—President, Robert H. Cowdrey, of Illinois; Vice-President, W. H. T. Wakefield, of Kansas.

Industrial Reform Party.—President, Albert E. Redstone, of California; Vice-President, John Colvin, of Kansas.

Equal Rights Party.—President, Belva A. Lockwood, of Washington; Vice-President Alfred H. Love, of Pennsylvania.

PURCHASED DELEGATES.—The Hon. William Youngblood, member of the republican national executive committee, and residing at Birmingham, Ala., is authority for the statement that Alger and his men purchased the votes of fifty Southern delegates that went to the convention with Sherman as their fixed choice. He says the price paid was $7,500 in cash, all expenses in Chicago and their expenses both ways. Alger's boodle was ample and flowed very freely. The result was all the Southern delegates, or, at last, fifty of them, have come home flush with greenbacks.

WHEN you visit Baltimore stop at the Maltby House, where will be found first-class accommodations and exceedingly low rates.

BALTIMORE MARKET. — The Baltimore papers to yesterday quote as follows:

WHEAT—Pultz, 86c @88c, for fair to good; Longberry, 90c.@90. CORN — White, prime, 65c.@67c. Yellow, 60c. OATS—40c.

WIRE SCREENS for Windows and Doors, Window Screen Frames and Door Frames for Wire Screens for sale by W. A. WHEATLEY.

Items from Betterton.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Our perch fishing season has commenced. Perch are plentiful, and are of fine size. A party of four went out last Monday and caught about 25 dozen. We have had some visitors, or sports, this summer from the cities. Parties from the country who are fond of sport, such as perch fishing, ought to come to Betterton. Robt. C. Young will cheerfully give any information desired.

W. Reese Young, of St. Michaels, visited his father, Mr. John Young, a short time ago.

WM. A. Crew has built himself a very neat and comfortable house here and is now occupying the same.

Mrs. Ella Foreman, formerly of Baltimore, has moved in the Cosden house.

Miss Annie Belle Trott, of Baltimore, spent the fourth of July with her cousin, Mrs. Bessie Brice. Mrs. Matilda Campher and Miss Pearl Hedges are also visiting Mrs. Brice this week. TREBOR.

MR. GEORGE W. CHILD'S Philadelphia *Ledger* is a Republican paper, but honest and candid withal. It is no organ; and favors a high protective tariff. It cannot but say of Mr. Cleveland's administration that it "has been free from official or personal scandal; no navy jobberies; no profligate waste by United States Marshals; no treasury combinations or speculations, no corrupt operations in or through the land office. No American at home or abroad has had occasion to droop his eyes in shame because of any such things under Mr. Cleveland's administration. On the contrary, there has been a resolute effort to promote honest government, to increase efficiency, and to lessen expenses."

GOVERNOR JACKSON, through Adjutant-General Howard, has written to Lieut-Col. H. A. Barry, commanding the Baltimore Light Infantry, complimenting the command on their excellent deportment during the encampment at Cape May. The letters says: "The marked improvement in the soldierly bearing of the men and in their attention to duty bear witness to the zeal of the officers, and justifies the confident expectation that the Baltimore Light Infantry will maintain a reputation as one most efficient organizations of the Maryland National Guard."

HON. JOSHUA BIGGS, one of the most prominent and esteemed citizens of Frederick county, died suddenly at his residence, at Rocky Ridge, Creagerstown district, Monday afternoon, of heart trouble. He was about seventy years of age. He represented Frederick county in the Maryland Senate in 1867, being the first State Senator elected under the present constitution. He was a staunch democrat and for many years prominent in the councils of the party.

GENERAL ROSECRANS is authority for the statement that Harrison's record on the Chinese question will swing California into the Cleveland column. "People outside the State," he says, "can form no idea of the feeling within the State on the Chinese question, for no other State has suffered so much from the Celestials. If Harrison has any hopes of carrying the State he may as well abandon them now."

ANARCHISTIC and Socialistic "Sunday schools" which have been recently organized in Chicago are reported to be making great progress in that city. It is estimated by those interested that 25,000 people will soon be enrolled in these schools, including children, where disobedience to the laws of the country and the State is taught. They should be immediately suppressed by the strong arm of the law.

THE Swatara, with General Sheridan on board, reached New Bedford, Mass., Sunday afternoon. The patient was carried to his cottage and is doing well.

THE Middletown *Transcript*, Middletown, Del., has been sold by its owners and publishers, Moreau Brothers, to Wm. P. Mifflin, of Middletown.

MARRIED.

On Wednesday morning, June 27th, 1888, by Rev. Frederick D. Power, WILLIAM P. ARMSTRONG, formerly of Chestertown, now of Washington, D. C., to Miss LILLIAN V. ROACH, of Washington, D. C.

On the 9th instant, by Rev. D. W. Bates, ARTHUR URIE and Miss MARTHA E. DOWNEY, both of this county.

DIED.

Near Worton Station, July 9th, at the residence of his father, John C. Lecompt, of epilepsy of the heart, JOSEPH G. LECOMPT, aged 15 years, 9 months and 7 days.

Suddenly, in Chestertown, Friday, July 6, 1888 CATHARINE V., wife of W. Frank Blyman, aged 34 years.

In Rich Neck, Q. A. county, on Sunday afternoon, July 8, 1888, Mrs. ELLA HOFFECKER, beloved wife of David Hoffecker, in the 31st year of her age.

LINES ON THE DEATH OF JOHNNIE E. LOUD.

Dearest brother thou hast left us,
We thy loss most deeply feel,
But 'tis God that hath bereft us,
He can all our sorrows heal.
Peaceful be thy silent slumber,
Peaceful in the grave so low;
Thou no more will join our number,
Thou no more our sorrows know.
Yet again we hope to meet thee,
When the day of life is fled;
Then in heaven with joy to greet thee,
Where no farewell tear is shed.

HIS FRIEND.

ICE-CREAM for FAMILIES, &c.

We are prepared to furnish Families, Hotels, Picnics and Excursions with Ice-Cream as low as the same quality can be furnished by any one. Give us a day or two's notice. H. A. SPARKS.
jy7. Under NEWS Office.

PLANTS.

75,000 LATE CABBAGE PLANTS
For sale at SENART GARDEN,
near Railroad Depot, corner Main street, Chestertown, Maryland. je16-6t.

WANTED:—An energetic MAN with a good character, who can furnish security, to canvass for the celebrated Singer Sewing Machines in Kent County. For terms and particulars address THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.
jy7-3t. 11 N. Charles St., Balto., Md.

Final Tax Notice.

PERSONS still indebted to me for Taxes for 1886 or 1887 are hereby notified that unless the same are paid on or before THE FIRST DAY OF AUGUST 1888, I shall AT ONCE proceed to collect according to law. I cannot possibly wait any longer and this notice may be regarded by all as final.

STEPHEN LECATES,
je9-8t.* Collector 4th District.

FOR SALE.

A PRETTY LITTLE PLACE
containing Seven Acres, Nice Cottage Dwelling, 350 Fruit Trees, situated in a pleasant village in this county. Low price; easy terms. Also, $25,000 to LOAN on Mortgages in sums to suit.
JUDEFIND BROS.,
apr14-tf. Edesville, Md

PUMP-WORK.—Having recovered from my spell of sickness I am now prepared to attend to all pump-work. Making New Pumps and Repairing a specialty. All work done at lowest prices. Orders left at Chas. S. Smith's Cigar and Tobacco Store next door to postoffice, or with Alex. Taylor, College ave., will receive prompt attention. Thanking the public for past favors, I am, respectfully,
jy7-3t. JOHN LYNCH, Prop'r.

Snow Hill Nurseries.

PEACH and APPLES

STOCKED WITH BEST VARIETIES—WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

FOR the coming fall will have 800,000 One-Year-Old Peach Trees, and about 600,000 June Budded Peach Trees, comprising all the leading orchard lists. Special prices per car load for Peach Trees. 150,000 Apple Trees of leading varieties; also a select list of popular Southern keeping Apples.

PEARS—all the standard varieties.
CHERRY and PLUM trees of the leading kinds.
SHADE TREES—Best Stock.
Excellent Stock of Hardy Native GRAPES.
ASPARAGUS—Conover's Colossal, from one to two years old.
3,000,000 STRAWBERRY PLANTS, from new beds—planted last spring—never fruited—strictly pure, special prices on large lots.

Small fruits and every kind of plant in endless variety. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

Descriptive catalogue free, on application. Our trees are all grown from Natural Virginia Pits. The public is requested to come and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. Reference by permission to John A. Groves, Pomona, Kent county, Md.

Address WM. M. PETERS & SONS,
s17-y. Wesley Station Worcester, county, Md

SARATOGA HOUSE-STILL POND.

Permanent and Transient Board.

I TAKE pleasure in informing the public that I have leased the house of Mr. L. S. Hepbron, situated in the center of the village and recently fitted up for the public use, containing Ten Bedrooms, well-lighted and ventilated and has all other conveniences of a public house. Terms moderate and the comfort and pleasure of my guests carefully attended to. Meals and private rooms to be had when applied for. Horses fed and attended to. Also, conveyance furnished to any part of the peninsula. Thankful for past patronage I ask a continuation of the same.

MRS. MARTHA A. CROSSLEY.
j7-4t.

WOMEN IN ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES.—Gov. Oglesby, of Illinois, has just appointed two accomplished and intelligent women as members of the State board of education. The Chicago *News*, in commending the Governor's action, says; "It is to be noted that the service of women in administrative positions on school boards and as county superintendents of schools is a demonstrated success in Illinois. Some of the best-conducted counties in the State as to school matters have long been in the hands of women, repeatedly elected to the office of county superintendent of schools."

Trustee's Sale of

HOUSE and LOT

On Queen Street, in Chestertown, Md.

THE undersigned, by virtue of authority contained in a power Deed of Trust from Charles H. Moore and wife, will offer at Public Sale at the Court House door in Chestertown, on

SATURDAY, the 28th of July, 1888,

AT ONE O'CLOCK P. M.,

THAT HOUSE and LOT

ON QUEEN STREET, IN CHESTERTOWN,

adjoining the property of Rev. Dr. J. H. Eccleston and now occupied by Emory Trusty. This lot fronts on Queen street 22 feet and 11 inches, with a depth of 185 feet.

THE DWELLING IS A

SMALL FRAME HOUSE.

TERMS:—$50 cash on the day of sale and the remainder in 30 days thereafter.

JAMES H. BAKER, TRUSTEE.
J. H. GREENWOOD, AUC'R. jy7-4s.

THOS. S. BORDLEY'S

GREAT

BARGAIN

ADVERTISEMENT!

FIRST—

I have reduced all my $12, $13, $14 and $15 Suits to only

$10.00.

Just pause and think for a moment! You can take your pick of the Finest and Best Fitting Stock of Suit Goods on the Eastern Shore of Maryland for only $10. This includes some of the Finest Dress Suits, in Black, Blue and Brown Corkscrews, in the House, many of which sold for $16, $17 and as high as $18 per suit. They must move, and this price will move them.

THOMAS. S. BORDLEY.

SECOND—

Have reduced all the $8, $9 and $10 Suits to only $7. These Suits are All-Wool, Perfect Fitting and Made in the Best Manner, and your choice will be sold for the small sum of $7.

THOMAS S. BORDLEY.

THIRD—

Can sell you an Indigo Blue Flannel Suit, warranted not to fade, for only $5; a Splendid Suit, which sold only a few days ago for $8. You can have it now for only $5, and a dozen other varieties for the same low price.

THOMAS S. BORDLEY.

FOURTH—

Can sell you a very pretty Boy's Suit, from 4 to 14 years old, for only $1.25. Remember, this is not a thin Calico or Sceersuker, but a well-made, serviceable Wool and Cotton Mixed Suit, which sold only a few days ago for $2.50. You can have them now for $1.25; and for $2 I will guarantee to give you the Finest Boy's Suit you ever bought in your life for any such sum. For only 25 Cents I will give you a good-wearing, cotton and wool mixed pair of Boy's Pants that I guarantee you would be charged 50 cents for at any other house in Chestertown. I have also a very fine line of All-Wool Cassimere Suits for Boys and Children that I have reduced to correspondingly low prices.

THOMAS S. BORDLEY.

FIFTH—

I have 500 Pair of Men's Pants which I have just bought at a sacrifice, worth $2, $2.50 and $3 per pair. You can have your choice and pick of the entire lot for only $1.50.

THOMAS S. BORDLEY.

I AM DETERMINED to sell Clothing for Less Money than any other Clothier in Chestertown, if I have to sell them Below Cost.

THOMAS S. BORDLEY,
CASH CORNER CLOTHING HOUSE.
June 9, 1888.

Insurance!

FIRE, LIGHTNING AND LIFE!!

WM. H. McFEELY'S

AGENCY.

INSURE YOUR BUILDINGS

Against Fire and Lightning. Fires occur at unexpected moments, and a few dollars expended in Insurance furnishes very substantial assistance in event of loss.

INSURE YOUR LIVESTOCK

Against Lightning and Fire. Payment for same is promptly made, if killed on premises or anywhere else.

INSURE YOUR GRAIN

In the barn. The value of two bushels of wheat will protect $1,000 worth of grain for a month. Policies issued for from Two Weeks to Three Years at low rates.

INSURE YOUR LIFE

In the "New York Life," where you have the privilege of settling up your policy at the end of every five years, just as one's circumstances may demand.

WM. H. McFEELY,
Gen'l Ins. Agent, Chestertown, Md
Office on Court street. jy9-tf.

Hudgins' Bakery

WE ARE BAKING DAILY
FRESH BREAD,
BUNS, ROLLS,
BISCUITS, PIES, &c.

Full assortment FINE CAKE always on hand.

We are Headquarters for Toys, Baby Carriages, Shoo Flys and Wagons.

Camp-Meetings, Picnics, &c., supplied at lowest prices.

HUDGINS, Baker,
je16. CROSS ST., Chestertown.

WM. T. HICKS,

Undertaker and Funeral Director,

GALENA, MARYLAND.

I BEG leave to inform the public that I am now prepared for the UNDERTAKING BUSINESS. Caskets, Coffins, Shrouds, Burial Robes &c., kept constantly on hand and furnished upon short notice at prices to suit the times.

With three years' experience I can guarantee to execute all orders in a satisfactory manner.

Bodies kept without ice.

apr7-4f. Respectfully, WM. T. HICKS.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF

—TWO—

Valuable Farms!

In Kent County, Maryland.

BY VIRTUE of a Decree of the Circuit Court for Kent county, as a Court of Equity, passed in a cause in said Court wherein A. E. Leaverton and others are plaintiffs and Marietta M. Loud is defendant, the undersigned as Trustee will offer at Public Sale to the highest bidder

AT THE VOSHELL HOUSE, IN CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND,

On TUESDAY, the 31st day of July, 1888,

COMMENCING AT 11 O'CLOCK A. M.,

The following REAL ESTATE of which the late ISAAC CORDRAY died seized:

No. 1—Is the FARM known as

MOUNT PLEASANT,

situated in the Fifth Election District of Kent county, on both sides of the public road leading from Lankford to the Fairlee road, adjoining the lands of George Bell and others, now occupied by I. R. Leaverton, and containing

282 Acres,

MORE OR LESS.

The soil is a productive red clay, in high state of cultivation. There are six fields besides a Peach Orchard, all under good fences and hedges. There are

3,000 PEACH TREES, 4 years old,

as fine as any in the county; and

Also, 1500 TREES two years old,

In Excellent Condition.

The Farm is well watered, lying on a mill pond, and is a fine Stock farm.

The Dwelling

is a Two-and-a-half Story Frame, built in 1881, and in thorough order, containing ten rooms beside Kitchen. Good Barn, Stable and all other necessary OUTBUILDINGS.

No. 2—Is the FARM

situated in the Fourth Election District of Kent county, in Quaker Neck, adjoining the lands of Mrs. George Vickers and others, known as

"New York"

now occupied by J. Cordray Loud, and CONTAINING

244 ACRES,

more or less. The soil is of fair quality and in good condition. There are five fields besides a Peach Orchard; all under good fencing. There are

1500 Peach Trees about 12 years old,

and 1800 three years old, all in good condition.

THE DWELLING

is a substantial two-and-a-half story Brick Building in good condition, containing six rooms besides the kitchen. Good Barn and Stable with usual other Outbuildings.

All crops of current year reserved from the sale. The taxes for the year to be paid by the present owners. Possession given January 1st, 1889, with the usual privilege of wheat seeding.

TERMS OF SALE:

The terms of sale are as follows: one third cash on the day of sale or in 60 days thereafter, at the option of the Trustee. The residue in two equal instalments in one and two years from the day of sale with interest, to be secured by bond with approved Security. Deed at the purchaser's cost. Plots to be shown at the sale.

JAMES A. PEARCE.
TRUSTEE.

JOHN H. GREENWOOD, AUCT'R.
July 7, 1888—4s.

M. A. TOULSON,

Druggist and Apothecary.

LARGE VARIETY

PATENT MEDICINES!

ANY FURNISHED AT SHORT NOTICE.

Toilet Articles! Toilet Articles!

The VERY BEST, and EVERYTHING that is kept in a well furnished Drug Store.

PRESCRIPTION DEPARTMENT!

This is under my individual supervision.

Very respectfully,
M. A. TOULSON,
Feb. 18, 1888. CHESTERTOWN.

F. J. CARTER

The Painter and Paper Hanger,

—HAS—

GILT PAPER

from 15 cents up.

The BEST KALSOMINE

35 cents a package.

Also, dealer in ALL KINDS OF

Paints, Varnishes, Oils,

—GLASS, &c.—

Customers can have their Paper trimmed while they wait. No extra charge for trimming.

A call will be appreciated.

Under the "Voshell House."
m10-tf.

OUR CHAMPAGNE CIDER equals Champagne itself. H. A. SPARKS.

BRIAR and GRASS SCYTHES, Bush Hooks and Grub Hoes for sale by W. A. WHEATLEY.

LEMONADE, Ironade, Phosphate and Apollenaris Water. SPARKS.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF

Valuable Lots

—AND—

Blacksmith and Wheelwright Shops

NEAR CHESTERTOWN, MD.

BY VIRTUE of a decree of the Circuit Court for Kent county, as a Court of Equity, passed in a cause in said Court wherein William S. Elburn and others are plaintiffs and James W. DeFord and others are defendants, the undersigned as trustee, will offer at Public Sale to the highest bidder at the Voshell House in Chestertown, Md., on

Tuesday, July 31, 1888,

At half-past Twelve o'clock P. M.,

All the REAL ESTATE

of the late James DeFord and Elizabeth DeFord, at the Corner called "Harrisburg," on the road from Chestertown to Fairlee, and about 1½ miles from Chestertown.

This property contains in all about

26 Acres, more or less,

and lies on both sides of the public road—TEN ACRES being on the north east side of the road, adjoining the lands of H. W. Vickers, Esq., and SIXTEEN ACRES being on the south west side of the said road adjoining the lands of Hon. Jos. A. Wickes.

The first named parcel contains no buildings. The last named is improved by a

GOOD TWO-STORY

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

with good garden and pump of water, and

Good Blacksmith and Wheelwright

SHOPS,

The stand is an old established one and the trade of each is excellent.

There is also a good APPLE ORCHARD on this lot.

This property will be offered as a whole and in parcels, and plots will be exhibited at the sale.

Possession of the lot on the north east side of the road will be given at once. Possession of the residue of the property given January 1st, 1889.

TERMS OF SALE:

One-third cash on day of sale or in 30 days thereafter, at the option of the trustee—the residue in two equal instalments, in one and two years from day of sale, with interest, to be secured by the bond of the purchaser with approved security.

The rents from July 1, '88, to go to purchaser. Deed at the cost of the purchaser.

JAMES A. PEARCE,
TRUSTEE.

JOHN H. GREENWOOD, Auctioneer.
July 7, 1888—4s.

To Farmers and Dealers in Kent and Adjoining Counties.

W. A. HYLAND,

GALENA, MD.,

offers farmers a superior assortment of

Economist Chilled Plows!

the best ever offered in the counties. Also the OHIO and IMPERIAL CHILLED, the "PONEY" and ECONOMIST CHILLED, one-horse, suitable to the trucker, nurseryman and fruit raiser, just what they need. He keeps constantly on hand Mouldboards, Land-sides, Shares and Points for all kinds of Plows, made of best material CHILLED in their manufacture, and which he will sell for cash at from 15 to 20 per cent. less than ever offered.

—A GOOD—

Farm Bell, Farm Wagon, Dearborn!

Three, Two and One-horse Trees, and Hames, all made of best material. He has the BEST HORSE-SHOER between the two bays. Special attention to the shoeing of TRACK HORSES.

He intends making his shop head-quarters for Farmers Mechanical Supplies, and announces to his many friends that he is thankful for past patronage and is determined to do his best to induce a continuance and increase of custom. His prices will be as low or lower than the lowest. Come and be convinced. IRON taken in exchange.

WM. A. HYLAND.
March 10, 1888.

J. B. McINTIRE

Is Still on the Corner

OF HIGH AND MILL STS.,

WITH A FULL LINE OF

Groceries and Provisions

Coffee, Sugar, Tea,

SPICES, FLOUR, MEAL,
MEAT, LARD, TOCACCO,
CIGARS, SNUFF,

Canned Goods, Canned Goods,

ORANGES, LEMONS, FIGS,
DATES, PRUNES, RAISINS,
CITRON, CURRANTS,
CRANBERRIES, COCOANUTS,
APPLE BUTTER,
CONFECTIONERY, &c.,

all of which will be sold cheap for the cash. You will do well to give me a call before purchasing. Thankful for past favors I hope to merit a continuance of the same.

Resp'y, J. B. McINTIRE.

Country Produce taken in exchange for goods. WANTED to buy, 400 pounds good Country Lard. J. B. M.
January 7, 1888—1y.

Summer Goods!

J. T. BLACKWAY, UP TOWN

Has just opened a full line of

Groceries and Provisions,

which he offers to the Public at lowest prices for CASH. We quote no prices but ask you to come and see us and we are sure you will come again.

Country Produce Solicited.

We will thank you for a portion of your patronage. Yours resp'y,

J. T. BLACKWAY,
Northeast corner High Street and College Avenue, Chestertown. Sept. 24, 1887.

IF you want a PIPE, for the best selection go to J. L. McFEELY'S.

Look to Your Interest!

PROTECT YOUR SOLES

and Save your Cents!

An Old Adage:—"Save the Cents and the $$$ will Save Themselves."

IF YOU BUY

Your Shoes

—OF—

GOSLEE

you will surely save a Great Deal. We will sell you a Man's Plow Shoe, Solid and better than ever, for $1.00 Farmers try our Easy Walking Shoe, if you want comfort and durability. They will not rip.

WE HAVE A

A Good, Solid Dress Shoe for a Man

At $1.50 and $1.65.

Call for our Dairy Shoe. It is a Fine B. Calf Seamless Shoe. Several sizes, 6 to 11, for $1.75. They are equal to any $2.00 you can buy.

WE ARE OFFERING

Great Bargains in LADIES' SHOES.

Mundell Solar Tip Shoes, Heel and Spring Heels for $1.10. The Finest and Largest Line of Shoes ever in the county. Before you buy be sure to call at the

SHOE STORE,

Under Stam's Hall, Chestertown, Md.

P. S.—We make a Good Shoe for a Man to Measure for $3.00; they will wear as long as long as any shoe you can buy for $5.00. Call and see us and be convinced that what we say is true. Mar. 3, 1888.

---OUR 25th YEAR---

—IN THE—

Carriage, Wheelwrighting

—AND—

Blacksmith Business!

CHAPMAN & LAMBERT

HAVE for a quarter of a century been engaged in business on Cross street in Chestertown, and are still YOUNG MEN, in the very prime of business capacity, and better fitted up than ever before to prosecute their business. As most readers know our principal line of work is the MANUFACTURE of

Carriages, Carriages.

We make in this line principally light work consisting of SIDE-BAR BUGGIES, PILETONS, DAYTONS and FAMILY CARRIAGES of all styles. Our work is all finished first-class. We do no cheap shoddy work. Now is the time to have your carriages painted and repaired as we are specially well fixed in that line.

—IN OUR—

WAGON DEPARTMENT

we are prepared to build the VERY BEST FARM WAGONS, EXPRESS WAGONS and PEACH DEAR-BORNS that can be produ