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The Kent News

CHESTERTOWN - OCT. 6, 1888.

Hon. J. B. Brown's Opinion.

The following opinion of John B. Brown, Esq., touching certain provisions of the registration law, is in response to a request from Marion deK. Smith, Esq., State's Attorney for this county. It was Mr. Smith's duty to advise the registers and he directed an advertisement for the October sitting in accordance with his construction of the law. In the meantime Attorney-General Whyte was applied to by the State's Attorney for Harford county, and he gave an opinion differing from Mr. Smith's The attorney-general being the highest legal authority in the State, the registers were directed to observe it accordingly. Mr. Brown was chairman of the committee on elections in the Senate during the last session and had this bill in charge, he was conversant with every feature of the law in question, and this opinion, therefore, is the more valuable. It will be seen that he agrees fully with Mr. Smith. The opinion of Senator Brown was withheld last week lest it might cause confusion and prevent the uniform action of the registers throughout the State.

CENTREVILLE, MD., Sept. 27, 1888.

MARION DEK. SMITH, Esq., State's Attorney:

My Dear Sir:—I have read the opinion of Attorney-General Whyte as to the proper interpretation to be given to the 7th Section of the Registration Act of 1888, chapter 155 in his letter addressed to the State's attorney of Harford county, so far as relates to the work of registration to be done in October, in the counties, which letter has been recently published.

My attention has been more particularly called to it by your letter of yesterday inquiring as to whether, as a member of the legislative session of last winter and more especially as a member of the committee having in charge and having reported the Act in question to the Senate, I can agree with him as to his interpretation or construction thereof?

My reply given with great diffidence, in view of the deservedly high reputation of the attorney-general as a lawyer, is that I cannot agree with him.

A careful study of that section will show, I think, that two sittings were contemplated or intended for October, a first sitting to continue for five days and to be devoted to the general work of registration, revision and correction as provided by sec. 10, chap. 22 of Acts of 1882 and sec. 3, chap. 155 of Acts of 1888, and section 7 of the Act of 1888, under consideration, and a final sitting of one day as provided in said 7th section to be devoted to hearing applications for reinstatement of those whose names have been stricken from the registries at the first October sitting, and to reinstatement exclusively, which final or supplemental sitting is to be the third day after the date of the notices sent out, at the close or end of the first October sitting, to persons whose names have been stricken off, notifying them to appear and show cause etc., at said "final sitting."

These notices are not to be sent out until "at the end of the first October sitting;" they are then to be sent out, and should be dated and sent out the next day after the end or close of the first October sitting.

Sec. 10 chap. 22 of the Acts of 1882 sets forth the duties of the registers to be performed during the days and at the sittings therein provided in these terms: "And shall sit for the purpose of ascertaining and registering in the proper registry of voters and poll books, the persons qualified to vote in the election district or in each of the election precincts of such election district, etc." Sec. 3 of chap. 155 of the Acts of 1888 in amending the foregoing section of the Act of '82 uses this language: "shall sit for the purpose of performing the duties imposed upon them by said Act (chap. 22 of '82) and this Act (chap. 155 of '88) daily" etc

Section 7 at the beginning thereof, uses this language: "That said officers of registration when sitting at their respective May, June, July and September sitting and their first sitting in October," not one word about the first day of the October sitting, but "the first sitting in October," shall do what? "*Shall register as provided*" etc., "*all qualified voters who shall present themselves for registration*" and "in addition to said work of registration," do what? "Carefully revise and scrutinize the said registries of voters so received by them" etc., "to the end that all errors therein shall be corrected and the names of all voters thereon who shall have died or become for any reason disqualified, or who for any reason shall have ceased to be entitled to remain on said books, shall be stricken off." There is not, it will be observed, in all this one word limiting the work of registering generally to four or a less number of days than is provided by section 10 aforesaid or limiting or confining the work of striking off to the first day of the October sittings.

The first sitting in October and the first October sitting are correlative and equivalent terms.

Further on, a special work is assigned for the May sitting in both city and counties. That of scrutinizing and revising the whole lists and noting names *for striking off*. It is also provided that all persons whose names shall have been noted for striking off for any cause shall be notified and the manner thereof prescribed. Further than this a time is fixed, not limited to show cause against "striking off" on or before the first day of the July sittings in Baltimore and the first day of the September sittings in the counties. Cause against "striking off" may be shown by persons whose names have been noted as aforesaid and who have been notified on the first day of the July and the first day of the September sittings, in city or country as the case may be. This right is limited to the expiration of that first day, but the registers are not required on that day to render judgment or to strike off or retain the name or names. They can do this at any time during the sitting. The law further provides that all persons whose names are stricken off during the May, June, July and September sittings shall be notified of the fact within three days after the close of said sittings respectively and that they shall have opportunity to appear at any future sittings," not later than the first of the October sittings and establish their right to be reinstated. There is nothing here to limit this right to the first day of the October sittings. This applies to persons whose names have actually been stricken off at any former sitting.

The first of October sitting occupies or embraces five days in the counties, the party whose name has been stricken off has the right to appear and establish his right to be reinstated on any one of these days until his case is finally disposed of. There is nothing in the Act that I can see to limit the right to strike off, to the first day of first October sitting. It can be done at any time during said sitting, on any one of the five days thereof.

At the end of *or close*—not of the first day of the October sitting, but "at the end of the first October sitting" notices are to be sent out notifying persons whose names have been stricken off of the fact, and also notifying them that the officers of registration will sit on the third day after the date of said notices, "for the hearing and determining of all applications for reinstatement, *at which final sitting said officers shall sit for said purpose only.*" This explains what is meant by the first October sitting. There is to be a first October sitting and a final October sitting. The first to be devoted to the general work required by the law, the last exclusively to hearing applications for reinstatement by those whose names have been stricken off at the first October sitting, and to reinstating them if they establish their right. No other work is to be done on that day as it is the final day of the "final sitting" contemplated and provided by the Act, and no new voter can be registered on that day. See the language of the section; At which "final sitting," not final day of the first sitting, but "final sitting.

There is but one expression in the 7th section that would seem to militate against this construction of the law, and that is in the latter part, "And should any of said officers of registration of the several counties of this state be unable to sit and register etc., on the next to the final day of the October sitting, by reason of sickness etc.," the right of appeal is given as if they had been denied registration on application. An argument might be drawn from this that the final day is the last day of the first October sitting and not the third day after the end or close of the first October sitting, as the words "October sitting" are used and not "first October sitting." Evidently the next day to the final day is the last day for general registration purposes.

This clause was inserted in the section as an amendment after the bill had been reported and was before the Senate and being actually considered and should not be used for the above purpose, since to give it such force and effect would be to do violence to the other terms and provisions of the law referred to.

The next to the final day of the October sitting can as well mean the last day of the first October sitting as the next to the last day thereof, and if the third day after the end or close of the five days of the sittings be reckoned as the final day referred to or meant, or the *final sitting* as it is elsewhere termed, then the general purposes of the Act are gratified by giving full five days in October for the general work of registration, revision and correction.

Yours respectfully,

JOHN B. BROWN.

A MANUFACTURER'S LOGICAL CONCLUSION.—The statement made by the senior member of the firm of Hamilton & Co., (iron,) of Pittsburg, touching the real effect of the Mills bill is undoubtedly true. "I do not see," he says, "that the Mills bill is having any bad effect upon our manufacturing centres, and this view is based upon a journey of observation through this State, (Pennsylvania,) New Jersey, Ohio, Missouri and Kansas. He found no establishment that has been injured in the remotest degree by any honest anticipation of the effect of tariff reform or that would be injuried it the reform were carried out. Mr. Hamilton's conclusion is logical: "I believe that the business interests of the country have been benefited by the election of Cleveland, and I shall therefore vote for his re-election."

THE Jamestown (N. Y.) *Morning News*, republican, gives up Indiana. It says: "We are satisfied that Indiana cannot be carried by the republicans, and without it New Jersey and Connecticut are powerless to save the republican party without New York." This concession has all the greater weight because it is common report that the *News* has its telegraphic service furnished by the republican national committee until after the election on account of Chairman Quay's friendliness for one of the publishers of the paper.

THE following is a complete answer to all vituperation of Mr. Cleveland's administration:

"Cleveland's administration has been free from official or personal scandal: has been honest and clear. There have been no star route robberies; no navy jobberies; no War Department corruptions; no Treasury combinations in or through the Land Office. No American at home or abroad has had occasion to droop his eyes in shame because of any such things under Mr. Cleveland's administration. On the contrary, there has been a resolute effort to promote honest government, to increase efficiency and to lessen expenditures."—*George W. Childs in the Philadelphia Ledger, 1888.*

Letter From Rock Hall.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The peach season is now over and is a verification of the adage, that prosperity in business means large sales with small profits. We have little cause for complaint; prices on the whole have been paying, and the large quantity has made it good for box and basket factories and transportation companies. Our little Gratitude has done a fine business; several mornings taking over 1,000 packages, once to our certain knowledge, taking 1,301. She is also doing a handsome passenger business, having an average of about twenty per day, though it is rather a drawback on our storekeepers as the people are daily getting more into the habit of going to Baltimore for their marketing. They say with $5 they can more than save their fare, have a pleasant jaunt with an absence of only seven hours from home. We are inclined to think it would be policy for them to lower their fare for this short trip, which we feel confident would be made up to them in a short time.

Our Chesapeake House thus far has been a paying concern to the proprietor as well as a fruitful source of amusement to the neighbors. We have had the regulation English girl, rather a pretty one, and enamored Josiah Allen, dancing attendant, only needing Samantha to make a miniature Saratoga. We are making arrangement to have her here next season, when Rock Hall will obtain a national reputation.

An attempt was made to hold a tent temperance meeting here not long since, but heavy and continuous rains caused it to fizzle. Funny for a temperance meeting to be broken up by cold water. The only way we could account for it, is by being too *Foxy* to enjoy water to any great extent.

Mr. Dawson, our shipyard proprietor, seems much encouraged in his business, having done over two thousand dollars worth since he commenced in July. He is to begin his house in a few days and will have his railway in operation before the spring. Our neighbor Sharp has just finished a very unique carriage house, conspicuously located at his front entrance. It seems to be endowed with some kind of life, or may be a demonstration of the long sought perpetual motion. We noticed more than half the siding has already crawled up on the roof and the wagons are tied in with ropes to prevent them from starting off on independent excursions, whatever the cause, it seems an inexhaustible source of pleasantry for the crowds of oystermen who daily pass.

There can be no better demonstration of the growing scarcity of oysters, than the prices our men are getting for trash that five years ago would hardly be considered fit for plants, 20 and 30 cents per bushel for them, and 40 to 50 cents for what then would have been fair market oysters. We understand there is a fine crop of small oysters on Swan Point bar, which if not destroyed by dredgers will yield an abundant harvest in '89, but judging the future by the past, of that there is little hope.

SCRUTATOR.

Frank A Robbins' Wild West.

The New York Star, Dec. 26, 1887.

It Scores a Pronounced Success on the opening night. The Winter Circus, Mr. Frank A. Robbins, proprietor, opened yesterday at the American Institute building. Mr. Robbins has endeavored to give to the residents of New York, what he believes has always been needed, a permanent circus where a good, clean performance could be seen. His efforts in that line have certainly succeeded, as all those present at his opening last night will testify. The programme was long and varied, and the feats by performers on the trapeze, although they made the spectators' hair stand on end, were received with tremendous applause.

One of the wonders and triumphs of patience combined with training ability, was illustrated by the performance of eight mammoth elephants who obeyed every word of command from the trainer.

It is the intention of Mr. F. A. Robbins to keep his show open through the winter There will be a change of programme as fast as new features can be secured. To-morrow being Christmas, Santa Claus will pay a visit to each child in the audience and give them an appropriate souvenir. This show will exhibit at Chestertown Oct. 10.

What We Buy and Sell.

From the Augusta, Maine, News.

The farmer produces hay, corn, wheat, potatoes, barley, buckwheat, etc?

Yes.

He produces it first for his own uses?

Yes.

The balance, in case of a good crop, he sells at the market price?

Yes.

Who makes the market price?

Well, Liverpool and London market prices are the same as Chicago and New York.

Then the surplus production of the farmer is shipped to England and sold at their prices?

Yes.

Then the farmers of this country sell in competition with the cheapest market in the world?

Yes.

Suppose he sells $100 worth of wheat in the cheapest market in the world and goes to a clothier to buy $100 worth of clothing for himself and boys (guaranteed imported and all wool) does he buy at the market prices of London and Liverpool?

No.

He pays a tax, or royalty, of $68 to the government on every $100 worth of such goods purchased?

Yes.

Then he sells in competition with the cheapest labor and in the cheapest market in the world, and buys his plows, tinware, sugar, rice lumber, nails, harness, coffin and tombstone, in the most expensive market in the world?

Yes.

Is it any wonder that one-half of the farms in the United States are owned by the money lenders and nearly all the other half-mortgaged beyond redemption?

No.

CRANE BROS., Baltimore, say they are going to almost give away carpets this fall, and will pay freight to your homes. Look for their advertisement. *

WHEN you visit Baltimore stop at the Malthy House, where will be found first-class accommodations and exceedingly low rates. *

BALTIMORE MARKET.—The Baltimore papers for yesterday quote as follows:

WHEAT—Fultz $1.05@$1.16 for fair to good; Longberry, $1.05@$1.16. CORN—White, prime, 58c.@59c. Yellow, 56c.@57c. OATS—32c.

Special Notice to the Public!

I hereby inform the public that I have taken the sole agency of

PROF. STRAUSS' ERADICATOR

for removing Grease and Oil Spots from Silks, Satins, Woollen Goods and Carpets, without injury. You cannot be convinced of the quality of this compound until you come to my establishment and convince yourself free of charge. Price, **25 cents** per box. It will be sent by mail to any one desiring it. Orders will be promptly filled.

I am still supplying the well known "VANDEGRIFT HAIR INVIGORATOR." Ask your druggist; if he can't supply you address the proprietor,

JOHN S. VANDEGRIFT,
a15-tf. CHESTERTOWN, MD.

COAL and WOOD!

WE WILL call the attention of the community to our stock of COAL and WOOD. And we will just say—probably it will be to your advantage to call and examine our stock, and get our prices before buying elsewhere. We are glad to say that we are still handling the

LEA WHITE ASH COAL,

WHICH IS THE BEST COAL

for general use that we can buy, and will sell at a small margin for the cash, but all bills which are not settled within 30 days interest will be charged from the day of sale. We also give

2240 Pounds for One Ton.

Office on Cannon St., near Princess.

J. T. TWILLEY & CO.
May 26, 1888—tf.

MACHINE OILS,

LARGE STOCK!

PRICES VERY LOW!

je16. **LOUIS K. STAM.**

Price of Wheat Under a Low Tariff.

The farmers are assured by the monopolists that the price of their wheat depends on the home market, which is sustained by the tariff. Under the Democratic revenue tariff from 1850 to 1860 inclusive, the average price of wheat in New York was $1.55 per bushel. Under the Republican high protection tariff from 1875 to 1886 inclusive, the average price of wheat in New York was $1.12½ per bushel. What becomes of the protected Home Market?

DASHED TO DEATH.—At the exhibition grounds at Ottawa Ont., last week a young butcher, named Tom Winsley, was dashed to pieces by falling from a balloon at the height of over 1,000 feet. A balloon ascension and parachute drop were to take place. Among the volunteers to hold down the balloon was Winsley, who, with others, grasped a stout rope running round the base of the balloon.

When the order to let go was given all released their hold but Winley, who, retaining his grip, was swiftly borne upwards. The aeronaut was unable to help him. When the balloon had gone 1,000 feet Winsley let go one hand, but clung to the rope with the other. Then that was released and down he came like a rocket, executing a series of somersaults in the air as he fell. He struck in a field 100 feet from the grounds, and, with the exception of his face, was terribly smashed. The balloon, a few minutes later, collapsed, and the aeronaut descended in safety with his parachute.

A MAN out in Nebraska has wagered his wife against a cow that Harrison will be elected. While one does not wish to criticise the present campaign, it must be admitted that this is carrying politics just a bit too far. Probably he wants to get rid of her.

T. W. ELIASON, JR.,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.

CHESTER COMPOUND,

"No. 1 Ammo. Super Phosphate,"

"M. P." Dis. S. C. & Muriate of Potash

I INVITE the attention of those who have never used either "No. 1" or "Chester Compound" to a few testimonials from gentlemen who have applied them on wheat from year to year for a number of years, and would call special attention to the fact that the judgment of these gentlemen respecting the value of these fertilizers *has not been formed from a year or two's use of them, but from the continued application of them for a series of years,* (running from five to ten), *by the side of other standard fertilizers.*

August 4, 1888.

MR. T. W. ELIASON, JR.—Dear Sir: I have been using your "Chester Compound" *nine years*, and have been testing it by the side of a number of the best goods on the market. *It has without fail, during the entire time, done better for me than any other goods used, both on wheat and clover*, giving me a return of times over 30 bushels of wheat to the acre. Yours truly, EDWARD LUSBY.

July 31, 1888.

MR. T. W. ELIASON, JR.—Dear Sir: After *five years* continued use of your Chester Compound, and after a number of experiments with it and other high grade fertilizers, it gives me pleasure to say that *I have not found any other fertilizer to give me as satisfactory results.*

Yours truly, HARRY NICHOLS.

August 8, 1888.

MR. T. W. ELIASON, JR.—Dear Sir: I have been using "Chester Compound" *for eight years*; have tested it a number of times by the side of other popular phosphates and *I have invariably found that it gave me the best results.* I regard it as the best fertilizer on the market.

Yours truly, STEPHEN LECATES.

July 31, 1888.

MR. T. W. ELIASON, JR.—Dear Sir: I have been using your No. 1. Ammo. Super Phosphate of Lime for *about eight years*; have made a number of tests with other standard makes and *in every case your No. 1 gave me the most satisfactory results.* It gives me pleasure to thus speak of a fertilizer that has always given me complete satisfaction.

Your truly, J. S. TREW.

August 2, 1888.

MR. T. W. ELIASON, JR.—Dear Sir: After experimenting for several years with fertilizers, yours among the number, I would say that your No. 1 Ammo. Super Phosphate *always gave me the best results on wheat and clover.* Yours truly, PHILIP G. WILMER.

July 31, 1888.

MR. T. W. ELIASON, JR.—Dear Sir: After *ten years'* use of your No. 1 Ammo. Super-Phosphate, frequently by the side of other fertilizers of standard makes, I wish to say that I give yours the preference over any I have used *and regard it as the best.*

PHILIP E. TREW.

August 2, 1888.

MR. T. W. ELIASON, JR.—Dear Sir: I have been using your No. 1 Ammo. Super-Phosphate of Lime for *five years and in connection with other standard fertilizers. It has always given me the best results.* I know of no fertilizer superior to it.

Yours truly, WM. BRYAN.

August 3, 1888.

MR. T. W. ELIASON JR.—Dear Sir: I have been using your No. 1 Ammo. Super Phosphate for *eight years* and have tried it a number of times by the side of some of the best standard fertilizers on the market. *The "No. 1" has never failed to give me the best results*—in several instances giving me as high as 30 bushels of wheat to the acre.

Yours truly, T. B. TREW.

August 18, 1883—2m.

F. J. CARTER

The Painter and Paper Hanger,

—HAS—

GILT PAPER

from 15 cents up.

The BEST KALSOMINE

25 cents a package.

☞ Also, dealer in ALL KINDS OF

Paints, Varnishes, Oils,

WINDOW BLINDS, &c.

☞ Customers can have their Paper trimmed while they wait. No extra charge for trimming.

A call will be appreciated.

Under the "Voshell House."
m16-tf.

Dr. Phelps' Card of Thanks.

I TAKE this method of publicly returning thanks to a Merciful God who has so blessed the remedies used by my skillful physician as to assure me of returning health from a dangerous malady.

To the hundreds who have shown me kind attentions during my sickness, I also return hearty thanks, and to the many who have thoughtfully postponed their Dental operations for me, I would now say come, as with the aid of an assistant, I shall be able to serve you satisfactorily.

WM. G. PHELPS, D. D. S.,
Sept. 1, 1888. Galena, Md.

STRAW WANTED!

HAVING Leased the Chestertown STRAWBOARD MILL, I am ready to BUY ALL THE STRAW that Farmers may wish to dispose of. Will clean up ALL THE STRAW from the stackyards sold me, rejecting only rotten straw, on the basis of 2000 pounds per ton for dry straw; only asking those wishing to sell to take a little extra pains in stacking and not put the chaff with their straw.

☞ MR. JAMES BRICE is my authorized agent to buy.

WILBUR ELIASON.

25c. Will buy a Pound of Geo! Natural Tobacco at J. L. McFEELY'S.

☞ Our Fashion Review MAILED FREE to Any Address. ☜

MABLEY & CAREW'S LEGAL GUARANTEE

READ

BETWEEN THE LINES.

WE GUARANTEE THAT THE GOODS BOUGHT OF US ARE AS REPRESENTED AND LOWER IN PRICE THAN THE SAME QUALITY CAN BE BOUGHT ELSEWHERE. SHOULD YOU BECOME DISSATISFIED AT ANY TIME WE SHALL EXCHANGE THE GOODS, REFUND YOUR MONEY OR GIVE YOU A REBATE IN HARD CASH. MABLEY & CAREW

THE MOST PROFITABLE AND INTERESTING REVIEW

For those who would wear fine, fashionable, serviceable clothes

EVER PUT BEFORE YOU AS TO FINE TAILOR-MADE

at very moderate prices, even very low prices, we earnestly

CLOTHING FOR MEN, FOR BOYS AND FOR CHILDREN:

recommend an inspection of our Fall and Winter Stock—

THE NEWEST, THE LARGEST, BEST-MADE AND BEST-

by far the largest, best and most correct we've ever handled.

FITTING, MOST STYLISH AND MOST NOVEL STOCK OF

MABLEY & CAREW.

Full dress suits, Clerical suits, Coachmen's suits, Prince Alberts

FOR PARTICULARS SEND FOR OUR FASHION REVIEW

Three and Four-Buttoned Cut-a-ways, Single and Double

CONTAINING ALL THE STYLES IN MEN'S SUITS AND

Breasted Sack Suits, Stout suits, Lean suits, Top Coats, Dress

OVERCOATS AND ALSO IN JUVENILE APPAREL WITH

Overcoats, English Cape Coats, Surtouts, Storm Coats, etc., etc.

FINE ILLUSTRATIONS AND SAMPLE PRICES. WE'LL

in the finest fabrics woven in this country and Europe, made

MAIL YOU OUR FASHION REVIEW TO ANY ADDRESS

in the fashion by our own tailors under our own supervision.

MABLEY & CAREW'S LEGAL GUARANTEE

FREE!

Address—MABLEY & CAREW, Baltimore, Md.

WE GUARANTEE THAT THE GOODS BOUGHT OF US ARE AS REPRESENTED AND LOWER IN PRICE THAN THE SAME QUALITY CAN BE BOUGHT ELSEWHERE. SHOULD YOU BECOME DISSATISFIED AT ANY TIME WE SHALL EXCHANGE THE GOODS, REFUND YOUR MONEY OR GIVE YOU A REBATE IN HARD CASH. MABLEY & CAREW

Insurance!

FIRE, LIGHTNING AND LIFE!!

WM. H. McFEELY'S AGENCY.

INSURE YOUR BUILDINGS

Against Fire and Lightning. Fires occur at unexpected moments and a few dollars expended in insurance furnishes very substantial assistance in event of loss.

INSURE YOUR LIVESTOCK

Against Lightning and Fire. Payment for same is promptly made, if killed on premises or anywhere else.

INSURE YOUR GRAIN

In the barn. The value of two bushels of wheat will protect $1,000 worth of barn for a month. Policies issued for from Two Weeks to Three Years at low rates.

INSURE YOUR LIFE

In the "New York Life," where you have the privilege of settling your policy at the end of every five years, just as one's circumstances may demand

WM. H. McFEELY,
Gen'l Ins. Agent, Chestertown, Md.
☞ Office on Court street. jy9-tf.

THOS. S. BORDLEY'S GREAT BARGAIN ADVERTISEMENT!

FIRST—

I have **reduced** all my $12, $13, $14 and $15 Suits to only

$10.00.

Just pause and think for a moment! You can take your pick of the Finest and Best Fitting Stock of Suit Goods on the Eastern Shore of Maryland for only $10. This includes some of the Finest Dress Suits, in Black, Blue and Brown Corkscrews, in the House, many of which sold for $16, $17 and as high as $18 per suit. They must move, and this price will move them.

THOMAS. S. BORDLEY.

SECOND—

Have reduced all the $8, $9 and $10 Suits to only $7. These Suits are All-Wool, Perfect Fitting and Made in the Best Manner, and your choice will be sold for the small sum of $7.

THOMAS S. BORDLEY.

THIRD—

Can sell you an Indigo Blue Flannel Suit, warranted not to fade, for only $5; a Splendid Suit, which sold only a few days ago for $8. You can have it now for only $5, and a dozen other varieties for the same low price.

THOMAS S. BORDLEY.

FOURTH

Can sell you a very pretty Boy's Suit, from 4 to 14 years old, for only $1.25. Remember, this is not a thin Calico or Sceersuker, but a well-made, serviceable Wool and Cotton Mixed Suit, which sold only a few days ago for $2.50. You can have them now for $1.25; and for $2 I will guarantee to give you the Finest Boy's Suit you ever bought in your life for any such sum. For only 25 Cents I will give you a good-wearing, cotton and wool mixed pair of Boy's Pants that I guarantee you would be charged 50 cents for at any other house in Chestertown. I have also a very fine line of All-Wool Cassimere Suits for Boys and Children that I have reduced to correspondingly low prices.

THOMAS S. BORDLEY.

I AM DETERMINED to sell Clothing for Less Money than any other Clothier in Chestertown, if I have to sell them Below Cost.

THOMAS S. BORDLEY,
CASH CORNER CLOTHING HOUSE.
June 9, 1888.

SARATOGA HOUSE—STILL POND.

Permanent and Transient Board.

I TAKE pleasure in informing the public that I have leased the house of Mr. L. S. Hepbron, situated in the center of the village and recently fitted up for the public use, containing Ten Bedrooms, well-lighted and ventilated and has all other conveniences of a public house. Terms moderate and the comfort and pleasure of my guests carefully attended to. Meals and private rooms to be had when applied for. Horses fed and attended to. Also, conveyance furnished to any part of the peninsula. Thankful for past patronage I ask a continuation of the same.

jy4-tf. MRS. MARTHA A. CROSSLEY.

JOS. L. DOWNES. W. R. JENNINGS.

DOWNES & JENNINGS,

Merchant Tailors

Grain Wanted

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR WHEAT ALONG WATER COURSES FOR BALTIMORE MARKET.

100,000

Paper Peach Baskets!

CHEAP, DURABLE, and WATER PROOF.

HIRAM M. BROWN,
CHESTERTOWN,
Agent for Kent and Queen Anne's Co's.
July 7, 1888—tf.

Wanted!

ON LINE OF BALTO. & DEL. BAY RAILROAD,

100,000 Bushels Wheat

AT HIGHEST MARKET PRICE

July and August Delivery.

Having made arrangements with Messrs. E. L. ROGERS & CO., 130 Walnut street, Philadelphia, Pa., to handle my grain, I will settle with the farmers with order on the above firm or with check sent direct, as may be preferred.

Consignments solicited for the above firm. Prompt returns.

A. T. BRADLEY,
Grain and Fruit Dealer, Chestertown, Md.
June 23, 1888—6m.

Established 1876.

E. T. COMEGYS,

DEALER IN GRAIN,

LOCUST GROVE, MARYLAND.

New Wheat Wanted

IN ANY QUANTITY!

DELIVERED AT ANY POINT

Convenient to farmers. As I am buying direct for the manufacturer, I can PAY MORE FOR GRAIN than those who buy on the market. jy7-tf.

JERMAN & COSGRIFF,

(Successors to W. M. Bell)

MANUFACTURERS OF

Porous Drain Tile!

Egg-Shaped, 2 to 8 inches Caliber. Round, with Collar, 2, 2½ and 3 inches Caliber.

☞ Send for price list and circular.

Address, JERMAN & COSGRIFF, SMYRNA, Del., or T. R. HUBBARD & SON, Agents at Chestertown, Md.

jy9.

1870 1888

THOMPSON---Up Town.

"Hello, Where's Bill Thompson?"

WHY, I'VE MOVED

INTO my NEW STORE, directly opposite to where I have been for the last eleven years, and would be pleased to have you all come and see me. I shall try to keep as usual a full stock of

Groceries, Provisions, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Domestic Dry Goods, Tinware, Queensware, Hardware, &c.,

all of which will be sold at close bargains. We make a specialty of

BOOTS and SHOES

and would mention a few of our leaders: 1st, That Lady's Kid Front, Glove Kid Top, Worked Buttonhole Shoe, at $1.75, have sold 1,400 pair of them in a little over three months, and every lady that buys one pair of them wants them again. 2d, A Man's Solid (guaranteed) Plow Shoe at $1.00, same as is sold elsewhere for $1.25. 3d, A Lady's Good Lace or Buttoned Shoe for $1.00. 4th, Our Double Upper, 22-Inch Leg Oyster Boot at $2.75 a pair.

Lime, Hair and Whitewash Brushes.

We are selling the W. J. Lime, which is said by both masons and carpenters to slake at least one-fourth more than other limes.

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!

We have also Ira's and Gambrill's brands of Flour by the pound, bag and barrel, but please bear in mind that we sell Flour by the Barrel for cash only.

Our aim is to keep a little of everything and while we do not expect or wish to sell all the goods that is sold in Chestertown we would like to sell a small share of them. Thanking you all for past favors and patronage we only ask a continuance of the same.

s8. Resp'y, &c., WM. C. A. THOMPSON.

Read This!

PLAIN AND FIGURED SATEENS, DRESS GINGHAMS, INDIA LINEN, VICTORIA LAWN, PLAID CAMBRICS,

Lawns, Cheese-Cloth and Crinkles,

AT LOWEST PRICES.

FANCY MATTINGS at 12½ cents per yard, that has been selling at 16 cents. Matting at 20 cents per yard, that has been selling at 25 cents.

PRICES REDUCED ON ALL STRAW HATS. We have the Newest Styles. Those in want of a Straw Hat will do well to examine our line.

A WORD ABOUT SHOES!

We have in stock a LARGE LINE OF SHOES for Gents, Ladies, Misses and Children, and guarantee prices as LOW for same goods as can be found anywhere. Men's stock Lace Balmorals as low as $1.00. Women's Grain Buttoned Shoes from $1.00 up.

GLASS JARS—The reliable "Mason Porcelain-lined." Also, the "Mason Disk Protector" Jelly Glasses, with tin or glass tops. Jar Rubbers. All at the lowest prices.

DRY GOODS, Notions, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Groceries, &c. Lowest Cash Prices.

J. H. SIMPERS,
July 21, 1888. Chestertown, Md.

Having Filled All My Early Orders

My Books are Again Open for

PEACH BOXES

—AND—

Box Material.

My Slats are now Perfectly Made and Bright and Dry, and I think I will be able to fill all orders between now and the 10th of Sept. that may be given me.

JOSEPH TURNER,
Aug. 25, 1888. SCOTT'S POINT, CHESTERTOWN

SOME GOOD ADVICE.

To every body here about,
And other people too,
Who like their footwear good and stout—
Go buy the Police Shoe.

If you want your feet both warm and dry,
I'll tell you what to do;
Just step around to SHAW's and buy,
That noted Police Shoe.

There're statements made—some false, some true—
About the goods we sell;
But if you get the Police Shoe
'Twill surely wear you well.

If my advice you will but take,
I'll simply say to you:
The best investment you can make,
Is in the Police Shoe.

The above, with many other kinds and styles of

Boots and Shoes!

IS NOW IN STORE AND FOR SALE.

☞ We invite all who may need anything in our line to call and examine our stock. Remember the place.

JAMES A. SHAW,
te18-tf. Court Street, Chestertown.

W. N. E. WICKES

HAS CONTROL OF

LISTERS'

—AND ALSO OF—

H. S. MILLER & CO'S Phosphates.

These goods are prepared from **Bone** *and it would be insulting to the intelligence of this community to enlarge upon the efficiency of* **Bone** *as a crop producer and improver of land.*

The products of these works are offered at prices greatly reduced from those of former years, while the standard is the same that has been maintained for thirty years.

BOWEN & CO'S S. C. ROCK.

ALKALINE AND AMMONIATED BONE GOODS, which were used by many last year, with such results that the parties intend to apply them again, will be sold at prices that it would be well for purchasers to inform themselves of before giving their orders.

Samples of all these goods at the store of WICKES & BRO.

Inspection is solicited and orders left there will be promptly attended to. Goods delivered at any of the wharves or landings on the river or bay.

August 18, 1888—8t.

Are you Tired of Paying High Prices

—FOR—

Your Fertilizers

Are you tired of growing small crops? Do you want a good, honest, well-made Fertilizer, at a much lower price than others ask for an article no better, or even as good? Try our Fertilizer this Fall, save money, grow a good crop of wheat and you will be happy.

Reports of crops from farmers who have used

C. W. KENNARD & CO.'S FERTILIZER

GEORGE W. BOLTON reports a very large crop on the Big Meadow farm and is much pleased with results. We have his full order for fall fertilizer.

JAMES FRENCH reports 22 1-2 bushels average from C. W. Kennard & Co.'s Phosphate, a great improvement on previous crops; buys the same fertilizer again this fall.

THOS. BLACKISTON, on the Pippin farm, reports 30 bushels to the acre; says he can buy his goods cheaper from C. W. Kennard & Co. than anyone else, and has always grown big crops from the use of their goods. Wants no other and takes pleasure in recommending it.

JOSIAS RINGGOLD, Esq., says his crop this year was 25 and 28 bushels to the acre, the fly--resulting from seeding too early, about Sept. 20th--cut his wheat fully 400 bushels, and he would, doubtless, have received if seeded later forty bushels to the acre. Has used C. W. Kennard & Co.'s Fertilizers five years, and has always grown large crops; knows he has saved money by buying them; takes great pleasure in recommending them to any inquirers.

JNO. N. DODD and JNO. LOLLAR, Esqs., report a remarkable result on corn ground, seeded late, and consequently winter killed; the wheat branched greatly, and the head was from 1 to 1 1-2 inches longer than other wheat sown in his fallow, where high-priced brands of fertilizers, made by other parties, were used. Mr. Lollar says that no other fertilizer but Kennard's could give such a wonderful result. He knows their worth, having always grown a crop from their use.

The above reports are only a few among our many pleased customers and we have more to come. Remember we do not publish and republish old testimonials; everything new and true. Call on us early. We bought early, filled our house early, saved in buying early, and from the way orders are coming in expect to do a large, early and fine business, and save our customers money.

C. W. KENNARD & CO.,
Office under Voshell House,
Chestertown, Maryland.
Represented in Cecil County by Mr. W. C. Crow. August 11, 1888—s.

C. M. LUCAS,

[at the old stand opposite the Kent News office]

—DEALER IN—

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry

—ALSO—

FINE EYE-GLASSES,

RECOMMENDED BY PHYSICIANS

and SPECTACLES, ROGERS' SILVER-PLATED WARE. He also keeps the high standard of 18-karat Wedding Rings; Solid Silver Waltham Watches only ten dollars. Jan. 28, 1888.

—WHY—

You Should Buy Your

CLOTHES

—AT—

MABLEY & CAREW'S

BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

THAT you may readily perceive the justice of our claim to superiority and excellence in the manufacture of FINE CLOTHING, as well as to our undisputed claim to being the

Lowest-Priced Clothiers

on this continent, permit us to summarize our facilities:

First and foremost, we have unlimited capital. You know what a potent factor money is! We are not at the mercy of credit—that thief that tempts a man to buy what he doesn't want. We can buy anywhere and everywhere, at any time, and very often upon our own terms; for buying for cash we're enabled to take advantage of the "slips" in the market.

We Buy the Best Goods!

made in this country. We buy the best goods manufactured in England, Scotland, Ireland and France. We buy enough cloth at one time to stock all our stores for a whole season. We select the styles that suit the different stores. Long experience has taught us what suits different sections. In our city dark mixtures and smooth-finished goods sell best. In another, light colors and rough-faced or cheviot goods are most in demand.

AND SO IT GOES

We select what suits each store. We ship them. Our experts receive them. They examine every piece. They shrink them and turn them over to our cutters. They have all the latest patterns. The goods are laid out in layers on long tables and cut into suits of every style and every shape. Our tailors then handle them, and under our own personal supervision they are made up to perfection. The medium and popular grades receive just as much care, so far as the cutting and stitching and finishing go, as the higher grades, the only difference being the cost of the cloth and trimmings used. This is why our cheapest suits fit so well and look like custom work.

Manufacturing So Largely and With all the Best Appliances Known to the Art!

we are able to sell cheaper than smaller establishments that havn't got such facilities; and as we've already remarked, buying in such enormous quantities, and discounting all bills by prompt payment of cash, we are enabled to save that discount to our patrons. You can readily understand this. Besides, not being bound to any one mill or market we're free to buy where we get what best suits us. This accounts for the endless and exhaustless variety of our stock. We have in this Fall and Winter's stock twenty styles to any other concern's one. Our Clothing is infinitely

Superior in Quality and Better Made Everyway.

and our prices are from 15 to 20 per cent. below those of any other house in the South. And yet people will look up and say, "It's luck that's doing it." It isn't luck. We don't believe in it.

QUALITY, LOW PRICE,

AND SQUARE DEALING

have made our house the success that it is—the biggest success, all things considered, of any clothing house in the country