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Wonderful Cures Reported in Germany.

The use of simple herbs as remedies instead of the more concentrated and usually more dangerous inorganic substances, has been revived very widely of late. In Germany a new school of physicians has arisen which throws out almost a whole of the pharmacopeia and relies on an adaptation of the method of wild animals curing themselves. . . . . *N. Y. World.*

Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute of Buffalo, N. Y., who first advocated the extended use of some of native roots, such as: Golden seal and Oregon grape root, mandrake root, black cherrybark. These are the chief ingredients in Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which has been so well and favorably known for nearly half a century. A harmless cleanser and stomach tonic that *nature* has provided.

J. DONALD MATHESON of Ossining, N. Y. says: "I suffered for over five years with what the doctors told me was *dilated condition of the stomach, associated with a catarrhal condition of same, and nervous heart.* I had tried enough nux, bismuth, gentian, rhubarb, etc., to float a ship and naturally thought there was no cure for me, but after reading what eminent doctors said of the curative qualities of the ingredients of 'Golden Medical Discovery' I gave it a fair trial. Took the 'Discovery' and also the 'Pleasant Pellets,' and can truthfully say I am feeling better now than I have in years. I cheerfully give permission to print this testimonial, and if any 'doubting Thomas' writes me I will 'put him wise' to the best all-around medicine in the country to-day."

The Leader
CAHN, COBLENTZ & CO.

SEND US YOUR MAIL ORDERS. GOOD SERVICE ASSURED.

Howard and Lexington Sts., Baltimore, Md.

MEN and MOTHERS of BOYS

Make Up Your Mind To Come to Baltimore to Attend This Sale—It Will Yay YOU Handsomely. We bought the Entire Stock of Stylish and Dependable

CLOTHING Involved In The RECENT FIRE of J. Harzberg & Co., Manuf'rs,

35 & 37 SOUTH LIBERTY STREET

Baltimore, Maryland.

The insurance companies have adjusted the losses sustained and careful examination shows that With Few Exceptions The Clothes Are Practically PERFECT.

Beginning Friday, Nov. 1st

We Will Sell These HIGH GRADE

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHES

At Surprisingly and Sensationally

LITTLE PRICES

Many Things at Almost Unbelievably Low Cost.

SEE BALTIMORE PAPERS

WANTED.

A WHITE GIRL for general house work and cook, no washing and ironing. To go to Baltimore city at $18 per month.

Apply to
A. L. SPARKS,
Chestertown.

s28-tf

J. G. Criswell, a painter living at 540 North Mulberry St., Hagerstown, Md., states: "I had kidney trouble with a severe pain across my back, and could hardly get up after sitting down. I took Foley Kidney Pills and soon found the pain had left my back, I could get up and down with ease and the bladder action was more regular and normal." Try them. Sold by M. A. Toulson.

Woodrow Wilson's Message to the American People

Sea Girt, N. J., Oct. 19, 1912.

To the Voters of America:

I am glad to have an opportunity to state very simply and directly why I am seeking to be elected President of the United States. I feel very deeply that this is not an ambition a man should entertain for his own sake. He must seek to serve a cause, and must know very clearly what cause it is he is seeking to serve.

The cause I am enlisted in lies very plain to my own view: The Government of the United States, as now bound by the policies which have become characteristic of Republican administration in recent years, is not free to serve the whole people impartially, and it ought to be set free. It has been tied up, whether deliberately or merely by unintentional development, with particular interests, which have used their power, both to control the government and to control the industrial development of the country. It must be freed from such entanglements and alliances. Until it is freed, it cannot serve the people as a whole. Until it is freed, it cannot undertake any programme of social and economic betterment, but must be checked and thwarted at every turn by its patrons and masters.

In practically every speech that I make, I put at the front of what I have to say the question of the tariff and the question of the trusts, but not because of any thought of party strategy, because I believe the solution of these questions to lie at the very heart of the bigger question, whether the government shall be free or not. The government is not free because it has granted special favors to particular classes by means of the tariff. The men to whom these special favors have been granted have formed great combinations by which to control enterprise and determine the prices of commodities. They could not have done this had it not been for the tariff. No party, therefore, which does not propose to take away these special favors and prevent monopoly absolutely in the markets of the country sees even so much as the most elementary part of the method by which the government is to be set free.

The control to which tariff legislation has led, both in the field of politics and in the field of business, is what has produced the most odious feature of our present political situation, namely, the absolute domination of powerful bosses. Bosses cannot exist without business alliances. With them politics is hardly distinguishable from business. Bosses maintain their control because they are allied with men who wish their assistance in order to get contracts, in order to obtain special legislative advantages, in order to prevent reforms which will interfere with monopoly or with their enjoyment of special exemptions. Merely as political leaders, not backed by money, not supported by securely intrenched special interests, bosses would be entirely manageable and comparatively powerless. By freeing the government, therefore, we at the same time break the power of the boss. He trades, he does not govern. He arranges, he does not lead. He sets the stage for what the people are to do; he does not act as their agent or servant, but as their director. For him the real business of politics is done under cover.

The same means that will set the government free from the influences which now constantly control it would set industry free. The enterprise and initiative of all Americans would be substituted for the enterprise and initiative of a small group of them. Economic democracy would take the place of monopoly and selfish management. American industry would have a new buoyancy of hope, a new energy, a new variety. With the restoration of freedom would come the restoration of opportunity.

Moreover, an administration would at last be set up in Washington, and a legislative regime, under which real programmes of social betterment could be undertaken as they cannot now. The government might be serviceable for many things. It might assist in a hundred ways to safeguard the lives and the health and promote the comfort and the happiness of the people; but it can do these things only if its actions be disinterested, only if they respond to public opinion, only if those who lead government see the country as a whole, feel a deep thrill of intimate sympathy with every class and every interest in it, know how to hold an even hand and listen to men of every sort and quality and origin, in taking counsel what is to be done. Interest must not fight against interest. There must be a common understanding and a free action all together.

The reason that I feel justified in appealing to the voters of this country to support the Democratic party at this critical juncture in its affairs is that the leaders of neither of the other parties propose to attack the problem of a free government at its heart. Neither proposes to make a fundamental change in the policy of the government with regard to tariff duties. It is with both of them in respect of the tariff merely a question of more or less, merely a question of lopping off a little here and amending a little there; while with the Democrats it is a question of principle. Their object is to cut every special favor out, and cut it out just as fast as it can be cut out without upsetting the business processes of the country. Neither does either of the other parties propose seriously to disturb the supremacy of the trusts. Their only remedy is to accept the trusts and regulate them, notwithstanding the fact that most of the trusts are so constructed as to insure high prices, because they are not based upon efficiency but upon monopoly. Their success lies in control. The competition of more efficient competitors, not loaded down by the debts created when the combinations were made, would embarrass and conquer them. The Trusts want the protection of the government, and are likely to get it if either the Republican or the so-called "Progressive" party prevails.

Surely this is a cause. Surely the questions of the pending election, looked at from this point of view, rise into a cause. They are not merely the debates of a casual party contest. They are the issues of life and death to a nation which must be free in order to be strong. What will patriotic men do?

Woodrow Wilson

YOUR GROCER BILL AND YOUR BALLOT.

It Costs $5.50 For Week's Necessaries; $4 In 1904.

The housekeeper and the wage earner can see at a glance from these figures what the "high cost of living" means under a monopoly tariff:

ACTUAL RETAIL GROCERY PRICES, BEING THE AVERAGE PAID IN NEW YORK, JERSEY CITY AND NEARBY CITIES IN 1904 AND NOW:

	1904.	1912	Quantity required per week in average family of five persons		Cost per family per week. 1904.	1912.
Butter	27c.	37c.	2	lbs.	$0.54	$0.74
Lard	12c.	15c.	½	lb.	.06	.08
Coffee	17c.	30c.	1½	lbs.	.25	.45
Tea	50c.	50c.	1	lb.	.50	.50
Eggs	29c	50c.	3	doz.	.87	1.50
Sugar	05½c.	05½c.	5	lbs.	.28	.28
Cheese	14c.	20c.	1	lb.	.14	.20
Prunes	08c	12c.	1	lb.	.08	.12
Flour	03½c.	03¾c.	7	lbs.	.24	.26
Potatoes ..	30c.	35c.	1	pk.	.30	.35
Codfish ...	10c.	14c.	1	lb.	.10	.14
Milk	08c.	11c.	8	qts.	.64	.88
					$4.00	$5.50

[1904 figures from United States bureau of labor; 1912 quotations from averaging current prices of a score of retail stores.]

Can strict economy reduce the quantity of these staple articles required for a family of five who wish to maintain the boasted "American standard of living?" Let the high protectionists try to do with less if they will.

But let them reflect that it is costing them $1.50 a week more than it did eight years ago for $4 worth of necessaries for the table—37½ per cent increase in the span of two presidential terms of Republican "prosperity."

Have YOUR wages, Mr. Voter, kept pace with this advance?

Do YOU see any reason for paying a tariff tax of 35 per cent on eggs or 23 per cent on beef or 63 per cent on sugar?

Food—food alone—costs the average family now 42½ per cent of the total family expense.

The average cost of food per family in the United States has risen as follows:

1900	$314
1904	347
1912	485

President Taft vetoed bills reducing the tariff on all such necessaries of life.

A vote for Woodrow Wilson is a vote to insure an honest revision of the tariff and a reduction of your grocer bills.

The whole business of politics is to bring classes together upon a common platform of accommodation and common interest.—Woodrow Wilson.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Breakfast In a Good, Warm Room

PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER

A "warm" breakfast—the kind that sends you out ready braced for a good day's work—should be eaten in a warm room.

You lose half the good of the meal if you are shivering in discomfort while you eat it.

A Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater makes breakfast a cosy meal for the whole family.

No smoke or smell with a Perfection. Easily cleaned. Easily moved from room to room. An ornament anywhere; a luxury in the bedroom; a necessity in the sewing-room or the bathroom.

Dealers everywhere; or write for descriptive circular.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(Incorporated in New Jersey)
Newark, N. J. Baltimore, Md.

JUST RECEIVED!

A New, Complete and Up-to Date FALL AND WINTER LINE OF CLOTHING at right prices, for the whole family and for all occasions.

Dress Goods
Ladies' Tailor-Made Suits
Ladies' Top Skirts
Underskirts
Shirt Waists
Ladies', Misses and Children's
Coats and Dresses
Sweaters for All
Underwear
Hosiery and Neckwear
Top Shirts and Gloves

OUR BOOT AND SHOE LINE is bigger than ever and the best brands for the whole family and for all occasions.

Hats, Caps, Blankets, Comforts, Furniture, Carpets, Oil Cloth and Mattings.

We cordially invite your inspection. Yours for fair dealing and right prices

H H. BENEMAN

MILLINGTON, - - MARYLAND

Buy Stockings By Mail From Baltimore's Best Store

With the assurance that whatever price you pay you are getting the best value obtainable. If for any reason whatever, they are not satisfactory, you may return them for exchange or refund of money.

We have complete stocks of every kind of stockings for men, women and children. The few items below will give you an idea of what you can get at these prices.

Women's "Duro" Stockings; of light weight silk lisle; full regular made, fine gauge, with extra splicing of long staple 6-ply yarn at toe, heel and top. 35 cts. a pair; three pairs for $1.00.

Extra-size "Duro" Stockings for stout women, 39 cts. a pair; three pairs for $1.10.

Women's Cotton and Lisle Stockings, in light, medium and heavy weight; full regular made. 25 cts. a pair; six pairs for $1.38.

Women's Medium weight Cotton Stockings, in black, tan and balbriggan. 12½ cts. a pair.

Women's Silk Stockings—plain embroidered, lace and fancy weaves. 50 cts. to $6.00 a pair. In black, white, tan and colors.

Men's Seamless Cotton Socks, in medium and heavy weights; black, tan and balbriggan; also in black with balbriggan foot. 12½ cts. a pair.

Men's Lisle, Cotton and Silk Lisle Socks, in various weights; black, tan and colors. 25 cts. a pair; six pairs for $1.38.

Men's Silk Socks—a particularly good value at 50 cts. Other Silk Socks at $1.00 to $3.50.

Children's Ribbed Stockings, in medium and heavy weights; black only. Sizes 6 to 8½, 12½ cts. a pair; sizes 9 and 9½ 15 cts. a pair.

Children's Fine Ribbed Stockings—fast black, tan, white and colors; full regular made. 25 cts. a pair; six pairs for $1.38.

Hochschild, Kohn & Co.

Baltimore's Best Store

Kilbourn & Bramble

FAIRLEE, MARYLAND.

STOVES

$15.00 Cook Stove for $12.50

$6.00 Egg Stove, for Coal, $4.75

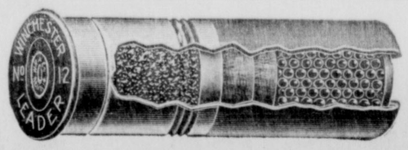
$12 Coal Stove, Slit. Iron, No 14 $9.00

Airtight Stoves from $1.25 to $9.00

$4.00 Oil Heater, Perfection $2.75

SPECIAL PRICE ON FURNITURE

$6 Oak Dining Chair, cane seat, special ⅓ doz ... $4.50
$12 Box Seat Oak Dining Chairs, ⅓ doz ... 9.00
$1.50 Oak Rocker, cane seat ... 98c
$7.50 Oak Extension Table ... 5.75
Mattresses, from $2.00 to ... 8.00
Buffets, Bureaus and Bedroom Suits.
Mattings and Carpets. All on Second Floor.



GUNS SHELLS COATS and LEGGINGS

45c Box No. 12 Shells, 3—1, for ... 35c Box
50c Box No. 10 Shells, 3¼—1¼, for ... 42c Box
No 12 Smokeless ... 48c Box
No. 10 Smokeless ... 58c Box
$2.00 Leather Leggings for ... $1.50 Pr

$15.00 Men's Clothes for ... $12.00
$12 60 Men's Clothes for ... 10.00
$10.00 Men's Clothes for ... 8.00
$10.00 Corduroy Suit for ... 7.00
Heavy, good Suit for ... 5.00
Boys' Suits ... $1.25 to $4.00
$2.50 and $2.00 Men's Pants bargain table ... $1.50 Pr

$6 Hip Boot, snag proof ... $5.00
$4 Short Boot, snag proof ... 3.00
$3.75 Riding Saddle for ... 1.98
$5.00 Horse Blanket for ... 3.50
50c Men's Underwear, each ... 37½c
$5.00 Rain Coats, will close this lot at each ... 3.50

Groceries—Special on Wednesday

18c Bx Coleman Mustard, ½lb ... 12½c
10 Can Chipped Beef ... 6½c
5c Bx Sea Gull Yeast Powder ... 3½c
5c Magic Yeast Cake ... 3½c
15c Can Salmon ... 9c
5c Box Corn Starch ... 3½c
10c pkge Mother's Oats ... 8c

Bring us your Eggs and Butter. Will pay 3c above the Baltimore quotations on Eggs on Wednesday.

Fresh Beef Friday and Saturday. Will sell the best cuts for 16c pound.

Give us your order, we will please you.

Kilbourn & Bramble, : : Fairlee, Md