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KENT NEWS.

THE KENT NEWS

CHESTER TOWN, MD.

Saturday, May 8, 1847.

RETURNED HOME.—Wm Hemphil Jones who recently received a note presique from the Governor of Delaware, returned to Wilmington on Monday evening, after an absence of some four or five years. He was quite enthusiastically received by his friends. On Tuesday there was quite a rush to see and shake hands with him, and on the succeeding night he was serenaded by the band.—*Balt. Clipper*

The individual named in the above paragraph, having committed several forgeries, and being indicted, left the State before he could be arrested. The present Governor Harp has enabled him to return. But what is the world coming to, when distinction between virtue and vice are confounded, and bands of musicians found serenading the return of the violator of the law, while they pass in silence the humble homes of the virtuous and honest?

Whig Meetings.

The Whigs of Kent county will bear in mind that on TUESDAY, the 25th of May, 1847, at 11 o'clock, A. M. they are called to attend a county meeting to appoint a committee to the Gubernatorial convention to be held on Cambridge on Wednesday the 16th June next.

☞The lower Troop, Capt. H. Beck, and the middle Troop, Capt. F. L. Wallis, we understand, will parade in Chester Town, on Saturday next, the 15th inst.

THE ARMY.—Since our last publication there has been no news, of importance, from the army.

☞The following despatch from Lord Palmerston was communicated to Mr. Buchanan, Secretary of State, through the Hon. Mr. Packenham, and conveys the thanks of the British government, and the British nation, to the citizens of the United States, for their liberations to relieve the sufferings of the Irish people:

Foreign Office, March 31, 1847.

SIR: I have received your despatch, No. 8, of the 12th ult., stating that measures have been taken for the purpose of raising a subscription in the United States for the relief of the destitute Irish poor.

And I have to instruct you to take every opportunity of saying how grateful her Majesty's government, and the British nation at large, feel for this kind and honorable manifestation of sympathy by the citizens of the United States for the sufferings of the Irish people. It might, indeed, have been expected, that a generous and high-minded nation would deeply commiserate the sufferings which an awful visitation of Providence has inflicted upon so large a population, descended from the same ancestors as themselves.

But the active and energetic assistance which the people of the United States are thus affording to the poor Irish, while it reflects the highest honor upon our transatlantic brethren, must tend to draw closer, and to render stronger and more lasting, those ties of friendship and mutual esteem, which her Majesty's government trust will long continue to exist between the two great branches of the Anglo-Saxon family—separated, indeed from each other by geographical position, but united together by common interests, to which every succeeding year must add increasing extension and force.

I am, &c.

PALMERSTON.

To the Right Hon. RICHARD PAKENHAM &c., &c.

Smithsonian Institution.

The laying of the corner stone of the Smithsonian Institution took place in Washington, on Saturday, with appropriate and interesting ceremonies, as prescribed by the Marshall appointed for the occasion. In the National Intelligencer is published a long report of the interesting proceedings, from which we make up the following account:

Early in the morning the banners in front of the City Hall and at other public places gave indication of a holyday and a day of public rejoicing. At nine o'clock the volunteer companies under the command of Capt. Tucker and Lieut. Tate, were formed at their respective parade grounds, near the City Hall. At about the same hour the cars arrived from Baltimore, bringing a large delegation of the Free Masons of Baltimore and Philadelphia.

At ten o'clock the members of the various Lodges of Free and Accepted Masons of the District united with the delegations from Maryland and Pennsylvania, and took the station assigned them in the order of the procession by the Marshal in-Chief, Beverley Randolph, Esq., who appeared, as most of the assistant marshals, in appropriate badges. The masonic part of the procession was unusually grand. The Philadelphia delegation, headed by Col. [illegible] nia, the Baltimore delegation, headed by Charles Gilman, Esq., Grand Master of Maryland, and the Washington, Georgetown and Alexandria delegations, headed by B. B. French, Esq., the popular Grand Master of the District of Columbia—all these functionaries and several other officials, with a long line of members in full regalia, with their splendid banners and emblems, presented a very interesting and imposing spectacle.

Not less so the very numerous and respectable body of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, comprehending many of the Lodges of this District. The Odd Fellows, by their number, splendid regalia, banners, emblems, splendid music and rich costume, added greatly to the imposing appearance of the interesting pageant. Dr. W. B Magruder, splendidly decorated, acted as the Grand Marshal of the Odd Fellow, whose chief officers are Dr. Joseph Borrows, Grand Master, and Dr. Flodoardo Howard, Deputy Grand Master, who appeared in their proper places, supported by other prominent officers and members of the Order.

The procession (formed agreeable to the programme of the day) moved from the City Hall to the President's House, where the President, Heads of Departments, Diplomatic Corps, &c. were received into the line. The entire column then moved, by Pennsylvania avenue and 12th street, to the site of the Smithsonian Institution.

The military was then formed in line on the south side of the site, and the President, Heads of Departments, Diplomatic Corps, Regents, Mayor and Corporation of Washington, &c., passed in front, receiving their salute, and repaired to an elevated platform, erected for the occasion, near the corner stone and beautifully arched and decorated with festoons and wreaths of flowers and evergreens.

The column then opened to the right and left, and the Masonic bodies, preceded by the Grand Master of the District of Columbia, passed up the line to the corner stone.

The masonic ceremonies were then performed. A prayer was made by the Rev Mr. McJilton, of Baltimore, G. and Chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Maryland. The articles prepared for the occasion were then deposited in the corner stone, and Vice President Dallas, as the Chancellor of the Board of Regents, made an appropriate address.

A benediction was then pronounced by the Rev. F. S. Evans.

After the ceremonies of the day were over the members of the masonic order in attendance partook of an elegant collation which the Grand Lodge of the District had provided at Coleman's, Mr. Seaton, the Mayor, and Grand Master, presiding.

POLITICAL.

Whigs of Maryland.

In our last, we published the able and eloquent Card of the "*State Central Committee*," of our party, recommending that the Whigs of the State assembled on the 15th day of this month, in *each election district of each county* of the State, and appoint delegates their respective *County Conventions*, with a view to nominate delegates to the State Convention, to be held at Cambridge on the 16th day of June next. The recommendation is in response to the Resolution adopted by the Whig members of the legislature at its recent session, and the object is, to *nominate a suitable candidate for GOVERNOR*. Each County Convention will sppoint as many delegates as its respective county, may have members in the two branches of the legislature. The *County Conventions* will assemble on the 29th of this month, and we shall be pleased to have the names of the *Delegates* who may be selected by them, at as early a period as may suit the convenience of their several secretaries.

As much is at stake—as the honor of Maryland is deeply interested in the selection of the *Whig* Gubernatorial candidate—as his success will be intimately connected with the *credit* of our good old Commonwealth, and as nothing but *harmony, concert*, and *action*, are necessary to ensure us a triumphant issue to the contest, *we trust that our friends will come up to their work like men*, and manifest by their energy, that the same spirits which animated them in 1844, still abounds throughout our limits, and prove, by the result, that whenever the Whigs pull together success may perch upon their banner.

The present *Executive* has not only *killed Repudiation, but laid the ground work* of an equitable system, by which our State debt may be paid, and it is therefore the duty of every Whig, who cherishes integrity and State honor as virtues, to come forth in all his strength and power, to preserve and carry out that system. To recede now, when redemption is within our grasp—to faulter in our onward course, when the goal is so completely within our reach—would be a burning shame.—*Onward then, we say to the Whigs of Maryland*—our cause is just—our cause is the cause of the people—the majority is with us, and the fault will be our own, if our triumph is not complete.—*Rough and Ready.*

EVERYBODY anticipates that some of the passes in Mexico will be very fatal to the U. S. Troops. There is no doubt, however, that, of all the passes, the one most fatal to our army was Mr. Polk's pass to [illegible]

GIVE THE DEVIL HIS DUE.—The Washington Union claims for the President all the credit of the Battle of Buena Vista. The Louisville Journal says it is unquestionably a fact, that, if Polk had not sent Santa Anna into Mexico, *the battle of Buena Vista would never had occurred.*

ITEMS OF NEWS

☞Brigadier Gen. John Matthews, of Charles county, has been appointed by the Executive of Maryland, Major General of the first division of Maryland Militia, vice Charles Sterrett Ridgely, deceased.

John Sherlock, a merchant of Havana, aged fifty years, was accidentally drowned in the Ohio river, on the 28th ultimo.

ON Tuesday last, the distillery of the Messrs. Reeder, near Aberdeen, Ohio, was consumed by fire A day or two before, the owners insured in the Lexington Ins. Agency, Maysville, for $3,000

THE telegraph in Georgetown is now in full operation (says the Advocate) at the foot of High and Water streets; and the communications going on, since it has been opened, have been quite considerable.

THE stables of Col. Charles Carroll, on Doughoregan Manor, in Howard District, were burned on the 26th ult., six horses were destroyed and four others very much injured.

FIRES.—Within the last four months, 129 factories, and mills of various kinds have been destroyed by fire in the United States. This is more than one a day.

☞Powers is engaged on a statue of Mr. Calhoun, of the size of life. The model is now nearly completed, and the artist hopes that in the course of a year the statue will be ready.

ALL FOR SHOW.—The cost to the English government of putting the silver edging to pieces of muslin, which is always torn off; and thrown away before the fabric can be converted to use, is $20,000 a year!

ILLUMINATION IN DETROIT.—There was a very spirited jubilee in Detroit on the 24th, in honor of the recent brilliant victories in Mexico.

STRAWBERRIES.—There was to be an ice cream and strawberry party at Mobile, on the evening of the 20th, to aid the Baptist Church in completing their house of worship.

A STEAM cotton factory is about to be built in Warren, (R. I.) It is to contain 10,000 spindles. Another company is talked of in the same town.

PEACH Trees are not yet in blossom in the neighborhood of New York. According to the Newark Advertiser, in the spring of 1845 they flowered on the 10th of April.

LARGE EXPORTATION.—The ship Thomas W. Sears, which sailed from Boston on Monday for Canton, carried out 3881 bales of domestic goods, valued at $173,000.

FIRE IN THE WOODS.—We learn that the woods of Henry Bennett, Esq., about four miles from Elkton, Maryland, took fire on last Thursday, and about two hundred acres of it were severely burnt.

THREE hundred soldiers belonging to the tenth regiment U. S. Volunteers, Col Temple, sailed from Governor's Island on Friday for the seat of war, under the command of Major McCarty. The tenth has filled up its ranks with unexampled rapidity.

THE SEASON AT ST LOUIS.—Ice of the thickness of a dollar was formed at St Louis on Saturday night, April 17. The weather for several days had been unpleasantly cold, and it is feared that much of the fruit has been killed.

PARLIAMENT allows the Queen of England for her support, $1,750,000; for Prince Albert, her husband, $133,000, and for her horses and hounds, $310,000—making in all $2,193,000

THE Governor of Indiana has issued a proclamation calling into service another volunteer regiment, to serve during the war.

THE remains of Lieut Archibald B. Botts who died at Camargo, in Mexico, of the disease of the climate, on his way to join his regiment, having been received at Richmond (Va.) were interred in that city with proper funeral honors on Thursday last.

THE Washington (O.) Banner states that a man named Alexander Stewart, living in Clinton county, near Salem, murdered his wife on the 16th inst., in a most brutal manner. He has been arrested.

AMONG the killed, at the battle of Buena Vista was Lieut. William Price of Illinois, in the seventy second year of his age. He had left his home with affluence and ease, with the expressed wish to die in the service of his country.

THE Albany Argus says, three or four strawberry leaves eaten green, are an immediate remedy for dysentery, summer complaint, &c. "Papers by publishing the above will confer a favor on the community and save an immense amount of suffering and many valuable lives"

THE Wheeling Times says that stock sufficient has been secured to authorise the organization of the company, to erect a wire suspension bridge across the Ohio river at Wheeling, and that the election of managers will take place on the 13th inst.

THE Albany correspondent of the New York Tribune states that Mr. Strong, Assistant Sergeant at Arms of the Assembly, has been dismissed by the Speaker for having sent a challenge to fight a duel to Mr Lawrence Smith.

MORE TROOPS FROM GEORGIA.—To supply a requisition from the War Department, Governor Crawford has issued an order for a Battalion of Infantry, and one company of mounted volunteers to serve during the war, unless sooner discharged. Columbus is designated as the place of rendezvous.

AGRICULTURAL.

From the American Farmer.

Work for May.

Millet.—As we have heard from the most reliable source, that the provender in some of the lower counties of the Western Shore, of this State, has to a very great extent; given out, and that great suffering has consequently resulted to the stock of many planters and farmers—and as there may be a very large number of agriculturists who do not pay sufficient attention to the setting of meadows and the growing of hay—but who rely nearly altogether upon *blades, tops, shucks*, and straw, to carry their horses and other stock through the fall, winter and spring—we seize this occasion to recommend all, who may be thus situated, to sow as many acres in Millet as will yield a sufficient quantity of hay, which, when added to the kinds of provender we have named, will protect them against occurrences, in future, such as beset them now.

While we thus recommend *Millet*, as a *make weight*, we would also impress upon every one who is not already provided with clover fields, and timothy meadows to lay themselves out to supply these deficiences the present season, as no farmer or planter should consider that he has fulfilled the obligations of duty which he owes to his country, until he has both on his farm or plantation.

I recommending the sowing of Millet, we feel it due to candor to say, that he who expects to reap a profitable crop of hay from it, unless it be grown on a fertile soil, or one made so by manure, will be disappointed. Like all crops which require but a short time to arrive at maturity, so does it require *plenty to eat*.

In a *deep rich loam*, whether a clayey loam or sandy loam, the soil refreshed by manure, from three to four tons of good hay may be calculated upon per acre.—We have grown the last named quantity.

The ground shouuld be ploughed deep, and pulverized into fine tilth—the seed then to be sown at the rate of 3 pecks per acre, harrowed in, and rolled. Its growth, when planted in a congenial soil, thoroughly prepared, is rapid, and it is a most excellent smoother of weeds, and hence a good cleaning crop

Time of sowing.—It may be sown any time from the 10th of May to the beginning of June.

Time of Cutting for Hay.—When Millet is wanted for hay alone, it should be cut as soon as ever the grain on the top of the head begins to turn yellow. If cut then the grain will not shatter out much in curing, but remain to nurture the stock and add to its value as provender.

Mode of Curing.—Soon after cutting, say in from four to six hours, put it into small cocks to sweat and cure—these cocks may be increased the second morning after having been cut, so soon as the dew is off In this condition, the cocks being cocks being cone shaped, so as to turn rain, we recollect upon one occasion, to have had a crop of Millet hay of seven acres, remain out during a rain of a week's continuance, without much injury. In packing our's away in the barn, we sprinkled a peck of salt over each ton of hay, and we have never fed before nor since, hay more relished by stock, or on which they thrived better. Our properly it answers the purpose of both hay and grain.

Time of Cutting for Grain and Hay.—When wanted for this double purpose, the cutting should be delayed until half the head turns yellow.

Yield of Grain.—An acre of Millet, grown under favorable circumstances, will yild from 15 to 20 bushels of grain. This grain, if ground into flour, will make cakes nearly equal to those made from Buckwheat. The grain is good for chickens, especially to young ones. If *chopt* and made into slop, it is excellent for hogs—and when mixed with cut straw or hay, it makes an excellent for horses, work cattle of all kinds, as well as for milch cows.

Buckwheat.—From the last of this month to the middle of the next, is a good time to sow buckwheat—a grain of which every farmer and planter should have a patch, to afford to his family those delicious cakes which, swimming in butter, adds so much to the luxury of the winter breakfast table.

(Concluded next week.)

DIED, on Thursday, the 15th instant, at his residence in Jefferson County, Florida, Prince Charles Louis Napoleon Achille Murat, son of Jochim and Caroline Bonaparte, King and Queen of Naples, aged forty six years, two months and twenty-five days.

"He was the son of Napoleon's celebrated Marshal, of the same name, whose brilliant career has excited so much admiration throughout the world. After the expulsion of his family from Italy, they resided in Austria, where Prince Murat lived until the year 1821, when he came to the United States. He has ever since, with the exception of an occasional visit to Europe, resided in this country. His life here has been quiet and unostentatious.

VERA CRUZ.—A Mexican paper contains a letter from Vera Cruz, written near the close of the seige, which describes the sufferings of the inhabitants, under the fire of our artillery, as awful in the extreme Says the writer:

"We are yet ignorant of the exact number of our killed and wounded, but by the best data we have obtained estimate both at not less than one thousand persons. The damage done to dwellings and edifices is five or six millions of dollars, which cannot be repaired for many years."

GOING THROUGH A CARRIAGE.—Hon. Dixon H. Lewis, the Senator from Ala., was, on Saturday last, in the act of getting into a carriage on Penn. avenue, when he broke out the bottom of the carriage with his great weight—his legs crossing over the coupling pole, and nearly touching the ground between the wheels, the residue of his person being invisible inside the hack. We can readily believe that it was a curious spectacle to the "outside barbarians," to see a hack standing by the sidewalk, with two such substantial legs sticking through the bottom, as those of the Honorable chairman on Finance.

THE New Orleans Delta says, the following are the Regiments of Volunteers who were enlisted for twelve months, and who will be discharged in the course of the Summer:—Kentucky Lemon, Kentucky 2d Infantry, Kentucky Cavalry, three Indiana Regiments, three Illinois, two Tennessee, 3 Ohio, 1 Arkansas, 1 Mississippi, 1 Georgia, 1 Alabama—in all eighteen regiments. This will be a force of at least 7500 men, to be abstracted from armies already too small to effect the purposes of the Government.

☞The dwelling house occupied by Col. John Tilghman, was miraculously preserved from destruction by fire on Friday last, by the timely exertions of some of our citizens. The roof took fire from a spark from the chimney, and had it been discovered five minutes later the dwelling must have been destroyed, as the wind was pretty high at the time.—*Cen. Sen.*

Dreadful Affair.

We learn from the Philadelphia Inquirer, that a most dreadful affair occurred in George town, Mercer county, Pa., on the 21st ult.—A man named Burr had beaten his wife, and his neighbors took her part, and determined to tar and feather him. They accordingly went to the house where he was, and attacked him.

The friends of the woman who was living with him as a paramour, resisted the attack, and a desperate fight ensued. The assailants were fifteen in number, and the number on the other side rather fewer.

Six persons were wounded in the affray, four of whom, James Craig, George Palm, O Wick and Geo. Wick, it is supposed will die. Burr himself was wounded, but it is supposed will recover.

Burr's paramour, whose name was Stately, fought in his defence with an axe, and wounded several. Her father was among the wounded, supposed mortally. No arrests were made.

A CURIOUS CALCULATION.—What is a billion? The reply is very simple—a million times a million. This is quickly written, and quicker still pronounced; but no man is able to count it. You may count 160 or 170 in a minute; but let us even suppose that you may go as far as 200; then an hour will produce 12000; a day 280,000; and a year of 365 days 105,120,000. Let us suppose now that Adam, at the first beginning of his existence, had begun to count, had continued to do so and was counting still; he would not even now, according to the usually supposed age of our globe, have counted near enough. For to count a million times a million, he would require 9512 years, 34 days, 5 hours, and thirty minutes.

MASSACHUSETTS has 646 miles of railway, New York upwards 300, Pennsylvania 745, Maryland 332, Virginia 353, South Carolina 202, North Carolina 247, Georgia 552, Alabama 296, Ohio 199, Michigan 325, Florida 104.

FOREIGN CONVICTS.—We understand that eight pardoned convicts from Bermuda arrived here in a British vessel a day or two since. Two or three of them have been arrested, and the whole matter will be fully invested.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

WEST JERSEY PEACH CROP.—The Woodbury Constitution says that from the cold weather the peach and early apples have suffered very much In some of the peach orchards the crop is said to have been all destroyed by the cold on Friday and Saturday nights.

Markets.

From the Baltimore Patriot.

Baltimore, May 4, 1847.

Flour, Howard st.—$6 75 to $7 00.
Wheat, Pa—$1 57 to 1 60.
Yellow corn—93
White " 82 a 83.
Rye—85.
Oats—50.
Bacon.—Shoulders—7½ a 7¾.
Sides—8¾ a 9.
Hams—9 a 10½.
Lard—10
Hogs—Live Hogs $7 a 7 25 but dull.
Whiskey—28 a 29.

Philadelphia, May 4.

Flour—$7.
Corn Meal—4 50
Wheat—1 56 to 1 57.
Yellow Corn—95 a 96.

☞The sloop Gen. Washington had not arrived when our paper went to press.

DIED.

In Baltimore on the 25th ult., Mr. Samuel Coleman, late of this county.

In Kent county, on Saturday last, Miss Araminta Frazier.

In Queen Ann'a county, on Saturday last, Mr. James Staut.

☞Hallo stranger! where in the tarnation did you get that fine scented cigar?—O don't bother me, it came from Sam's, go and try 'em!

BRANDIES—Henesse and A'Senette brands, only $3.

W'S & BRO.

☞Hance's Sarsaparilla, Vegetable, or Blood PILLS—(FIFTY PILLS in a box—the cheapest Medicine ever sold)—Removing bile, correcting disorders of the stomach and bowels, costiveness, dyspepsia, swimming in the head, &c. Persons of a full habit, who are subject to headache, giddiness, drowsiness, and singing in the ears, arising from too great a flow of blood to the head, should never be without them, as many dangerous symptoms will be entirely carried off by their immediate use

In purchasing these Pills, let me add one word of caution—Always ask for Hance's Pills, and purchase of none but those advertised as agents

For sale by Seth S. Hance, 108 Baltimore st. and corner of Charles and Pratt sts. Baltimore, and by the following agents:

Simon Wickes, Jr, Chester Town
Gooding & Frazier, Geo. Town X Roads
B C Wells. Head of Sassafras
C R Hackett, Massey's X Roads
M V Boyer, Apothecary, Millington
Wm R Forman, New Market
Samuel H Cooper, Urieville.

DYSPEPSIA.—This distressing complaint is a weakness of the digestive organs, and like every other disease, is caused by impurity of the blood. The gastric juice, a fluid peculiar to the stomach, when secreted from bad blood, is deficient in those wonderful solvent properties which are of such vital importance to digestion. Consequently, the food, instead of being speedily dissolved, often becomes absolutely spoiled or putrified in the stomach; hence bad breath, sour belching, costiveness, pains in the stomach, colic, dysentery, cholera morbus, and other dreadful complaints.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are a certain cure for Dyspepsia, because they cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious humors, and purify the blood. Four or five of said Pills, taken at night on going to bed, will in all cases give some relief, and if continued for a short time, will not only make a perfect cure of Dyspepsia, but will assuredly drive pain or distress of every description from the body.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS—The public are cautioned against the many spurious medicines which in order to deceive, are called by names similar to Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

The only original and genuine Indian Vegetable Pills have the signature of William Wright written with a pen on the top label of each box. None other is genuine, and to counterfeit this is forgery.

The genuine article is for sale by John Russell, Chester Town, and by agents, published in another part of this paper.

I, George W. Ingerson of Lancaster, hereby certify, that I have been troubled with the Astema, for about twelve years; Last November, when I began taking Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, I had been unable to do anything for several months, and had not, except a few nights, been able to rest in my bed. Almost as soon as I began to take it, I felt relieved I have taken about two bottles. My health is altogether improved. A few returns of the asthma, which I have had in that time, were almost immediately removed by taking the Balsam. I rest well, and my health is, and has been for months better than at any time previous for many years. I cheerfully recommend this medicine to all who are similarly afflicted.

GEO. W. INGERSON.

Lancaster, N. H. 1846.

For sale by John Russell & Co. Chester Town.

Let all the world know that Sellers Vermifuge is the best in use! Here is the proof.

LICKING STATION, Ky. Dec 17th, 1846.

Mr. R. E Sellers:—I have the pleasure to inform you that I have used in my practice your celebrated Vermifuge with the most happy results I have formerly used Fahnestock's but being persuaded to try yours, I have found it far superior in every respect, and can say without the fear of contradiction, that your Vermifuge possesses more virtue than any I ever used, and most cordially recommend it to the attention of the public. I will state a case where I gave one vial of your Vermifuge: My brother's child was *pining and wasting to a mere skeleton;* in 30 hours after I gave the Vermifuge, the enormous quantity of *upwards of six hundred worms* were passed. The child that was given up as lost, is now well and as hearty as any in the neighborhood

AMPOSE ARNETT, M D

Those who wish, can see Dr. Arnett's letter

Prepared and sold by R E SELLERS, No 57 Wood st Pittsburg.

E M DAWSON & BROTHER, Druggists Easton, Md. General agents, for E Shore.

☞For sale in Chester Town by Simon Wickes, Jr. Druggist.

Hance's Compound Syrup of Horehound.

TO SETH S HANCE.—Dear Sir.—Having been afflicted with a severe cough and pain in the breast, I was persuaded by a friend to make trial of your Compound Syrup, and purchased two bottles of Mr Rob't Keyworth, and am happy to say they certainly relieved me Yours,

Sold by Seth S Hance, corner of Charles and Pratt streets, and at the new stand, 108 Baltimore st. Baltimore, and by the following agents:

Simon Wickes, Jr Chester Town
Gooding & Frazier, Geo Town X Roads
B C Wells, head of Sassafras
C R Hackett, Massey's X Roads
M V Boyer, Apothecary, Millington
Wm R Forman, New Market
Samuel H Cooper, Urieville

A LOT Barages, Ginghams, etc. just received by

WICKES & BRO.

OIL cloth table, side board and bureau covers, oil cloth window blinds, painted paper etc. for sale by

WICKES & BRO.

Spades, shovels, &c. for sale cheap by

WILEY & PERKINS

Lumber.

RECEIVED and for sale 40,000 seasoned Boards.

A. W. SPARKS

Chester Town, March 27, 1847.

SATINETTS—just received a fine assortment of satinetts 31, 37½, 50, 62½ and 1 00; all good and cheap by

WILMER & NICOLS

Hollow ware, stone ware and tin for cheap by

WILMER & NICOLS