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THE KENT NEWS

CHESTER TOWN, MD.

Saturday, May 15, 1847.

Another Victory!!

It will be seen by reference to our columns that another brilliant victory has crowned the American Arms under the gallant and skillful Gen'l Scott. He beat back the Mexicans at Cerro Gordo or the Flat mountain, with heavy loss and had well nigh captured Santa Anna Our troops fought with distinguished bravery and stormed forts as if they were the play things of school-boys. Taylor and Scott now rank the highest in military fame—next comes Worth, Wool, Kearney, Twiggs, &c. Both officers and men in all the battles, have done their duty nobly, and covered themselves with immortal honor. But it is melancholy to know that many brave spirits have fled to another world—that some of the best blood of our country has flown, and that the victory thus gallantly achieved will carry sorrow and gloom to many families in the land. How appropriate was the recent celebration in New York city—one day was devoted to hilarity and joy for the victory of Buena Vista by Gen'l Taylor and his little band, and the next to mourning for the loss of so many officers and men. Who can describe the horrors of war? In this enlightened era, when the lights and advantages of Christianity and of Education shine with the effulgence of noon day, it seems passing strange that we are in the midst of a war, and hear of victories and deaths, as topics of ordinary news!! We would that the olive branch of peace, were tendered and accepted and that nations might hear no more of war.

Whig Meetings.

The Whigs of the county will bear in mind that a county meeting is called for Tuesday, the 25th May at the Court house. See notice in another column.

Later from Mexico.

The mail, of Wednesday night brought us a few items of items of interest in the New Orleans papers of the 5th inst., which we subjoin, The N. Orleans Bulletin has the following:

Santa Anna.—A report was current yesterday, said to be founded on a letter from Vera Cruz, that Santa Anna had been shot. We shall not be surprised to learn that such has been the case. Letters from Vera Cruz state that the Mexican officers who have fallen into our hands openly accuse him of being a trritor, and that he has betrayed the army at the late battle.

This rumor was not credited, as later dates from Vera Cruz make no no mention of such a rumor.

Capt. Walker.—This gallant soldier left last evening with about 180 men, belonging to his regiment, in the Mary Kingsland, for Vera Cruz. During his late visit to this city, he has made hosts of friends by his urbanity and amiable demeanor.—*Del.*

By an arrival on the 4th instant, from Vera Cruz the Picayune has received papers from the city of Mexico to the 10th of April. We find in them various matters of temporary interest, but one law, passed on the 8th ult., is of general importance. By this law all Mexicans capable of bearing arms are called into the service of the government.

Senor D. Angel Trias, late Governor of Chihuahua, was in the city of Mexico on the 9th ult., soliciting aid to drive back the "perfidious invader."

We find several things in the papers touching the preparation to receive "the invaders," but all the calculations are prior to the battle of the 18th ult., whereby Mexican speculations were very much deranged.

The Delta of the 5th inst. says:—By the schooner Gen. Patterson, we rejoiced the Vera Cruz Eagle of the 22d ult., from which we learn that the army was still in the neighborhood of the late battle field.

Gen'l Shields was still alive, but there were no hopes entertained of his recovery. Gen. Pillow's wound was not dangerous. Captain Johnson was in a very critical state.

Col. Harney charge is described in the Eagle as the most brilliant act of the battle of Cerro Gordo.

NOMINATION.—The Western Eagle, published at Cape Girardeau, (Mo.) nominates Gen. Taylor, as the next President, and Wm. S. Archer, of Va., as Vice President. The U. S. Gazette refers to the many candidates for the Vice Presidency, and says: In Ohio, we have Taylor and Corwin. We have from Kentucky, Taylor and Crittenden. We have seen in New York, Taylor and Filmore. In Maine, mention has been made of Taylor and Evans. In Massachusetts, suggested Taylor and Dallas. In Pennsylvania, a meeting in Pottsville, Taylor and Cooper. Delaware, the names of Taylor and Dallas. New Jersey, GEN. TAYLOR and Frances Taylor a beautiful article, for sale cheap by WILMER

Louisiana—Gen'l Taylor.

In the Senate of Louisiana, on the 28th ult., Colonel Nicholas, (a leading Democrat,) introduced the following resolutions:

"*Whereas*, The ever glorious victory of Buena Vista has filled the whole country with joy and exultation, and the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened, feel called on to give expression to a feeling so universally pervading this State, therefore,

"*Resolved*, That the Legislature of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened, tender this thanks to Gen'l Taylor and his gallant army for their services in the ever-memorable action of Buena Vista, in which they have shown, what probably they alone could have shown, the possibility of their former achievements being surpassed

"*Resolved*, That the Legislature cannot refrain from expressing the hope and belief, that seems so rapidly laying hold of public opinion, that the services of the distinguished chief of this gallant army may lead to to his being called by the acclamation of the *whole* people, to the highest office in their gift.

Resolved, That the Governor of the State be, and he is hereby authorized and requested to have struck by a competent artist, a gold medal, with suitable devices, to be presented in the name of the State, to General Z. Taylor.

Resolved, That the Governor be requested to forward to Gen'l Taylor a copy of these resolutions."

Destructive Fire in Balto.

About half past twelve o'clock on Sunday last, the large cabinet manufactory situate on South street, near Pratt, owned and occupied by by Messrs. J & J. Williams, was discovered to be on fire. From the combustible nature of the material in the building the flames spread with great rapidity, and it was not long until the entire establishment was a heap of smoulder ing ruins. The warehouse and workshop in the rear contained a large quantity of valuable furniture and workmen's tools, nearly all of which were destroyed. Their loss is much greater than the amount insured—probably as high as $30,000 to $40,000.

The flames next communicated to the large grocery warehouse of Mr. William Chesnut, situate on the corner of South and Pratt streets, owned by Mr. Samuel Jones, Sr.

The building adjoining on Pratt street, occupied by Mr. Peter Kernan & Co., bakers, and Messrs. Middleton & Dorsey, tobacconists, was also consumed with its contents. The adjoining property to this, occupied by Mr. John Dowell, sustained considerable injury. The next building, in the occupancy of Mr. Middleton, sustained considerable damage from water and fire.

The large warehouse of Messrs. Conway & Armstrong, on South street, adjoining Messrs. Williams' establishment, sustained seme damage, probably to the extent of $2000.

Mr. James Hammil's store was somewhat damaged.

Some other buildings contiguous were somewhat damaged.

It is difficult to ascertain the entire amount of loss sustained by this confiagration, but according to estimates generally made, it cannot fall far short of $100,000, probably more.

The firemen were very energetic, and worked with praiseworthy perseverance. One of them, whose name we could not learn, had his leg broken by falling from the roof of a house in the vicinity of the fire.—*Patriot.*

Letter from Mr. Clay.

The following letter from the Sage of Ashland to a citizen of Athens, Ga, we find in the Southern Whig:

Ashland, 13th April, 1846.

DEAR SIR: I thank you for your friendly letter of the 5th inst. It comes to me when I am suffering under one of the heaviest afflictions that has ever befallen me, deep, as I have drunk out of the cup of domestic sorrow. Could the most tender and touching expressions of sympathy and condolence, which reach me from every quarter, and in every form, assuage my grief, it would be much alleviated. But, alas! there are some wounds to deep and too painful to be healed by any other remedy, than the one which flows from Him, by whose incomprehensible dispensations they have been inflicted.

It is some consolation to me to know that my beloved son, if death were to come, preferred meeting it on the field of battle in the service of his country. With friendly recollections of our meeting at Augusta and Charleston, I am truly, your friend and obedient servant,

H. CLAY.

IT is all the rage now to Frenchify young ladies' names in this city. All the Marias are now called Maries, and it is esteemed shockingly vulgar to address a lady by the plain old fashioned name with which she was christened. As marry is a term with which all females should become familiar, we do not object to the Gallicism in the case of those named Maria; but when we shall hear nothing but Marguerite, Heloise, Jeanne, &c., who will not begin to fancy that affectation is "your only wear," and pity the want of a proud national feeling that it exhibits!—*Phil. Times.*

WHOLESALE BUSINESS.—The army under Gen Scott has taken, since it landed near Vera Cruz, besides the reduction of that important city, and the "Mexican Gibraltar, about 500 pieces of artillery, and prisoners equal to the whole numerical force."

THE Methodist Episcopal church at Plumb Point, Calvert county, Md. was destroyed by fire a few days ago.

ITEMS OF NEWS

GEN. TAYLOR'S PLANTATION.—We regret to learn from Capt. Selleck, of the steamer Rainbow, who arrived yesterday, that General Taylor's plantation, above Vicksburg, is entirely overflowen, and his crop of cotton, estimated at 1200 bales, totally destroyed—the river is higher than in 1844, and has already occasioned a vast amount of injury.

The old General is hard to beat, but the "father of waters" seem to have been a little too much for him this time, and for once he is certainly worsted.—*New Orleans Bulletin.*

Two Millions of human beings, according to the Dublin Nation, are destined to perish by this year's famine in Ireland! a population sufficient for a powerful State—and two-thirds of our own at the time of our Revolutionary struggle. The mind shudders at the bare contemplation of the fact: what then must be the feelings of the spectators of the horrible calamity?

THE Philadelphia papers announce the death of Dr. George McClellan, a distinguished surgeon and physician of that city Dr. McClellan was in good health on Saturday noon, but in the course of the afternoon, he was seized with a bilious cholic, with such violence, that no application seemed to have any favorable effect, and about midnight he died.

FOR MEXICO.—The ship Susan E. Howell, of Baltimore, 700 tons burthen, has been chartered by the U. S. Government, to carry troops from Baltimore to Mexico She sailed from Philadelphia for this port, and is daily expected. The Mechanical Volunteers, Watson Guards, and other companies, are expected to sail in her.

DEATHS IN NEW YORK.—There were 273 deaths in New York last week—a large decrease as compared with several preceding weeks. Of the deceased were 84 men, 84 women, 61 boys and 44 girls. Died of consumption 37, apoplexy 12, debility 7, typhus fever 21, feuer typhoid 20, other fevers 17, inflammations 38, old age 6.

AT New York, on Monday, a woman named Margaret Ryan paid the forfeit of her life for her devotion to whiskey.—Whilst under the influence of powerful potations she indulged in a smoke; the fire fell from her pipe and communicated to her clothes, by which she was burned to death.

A LETTER from Constantinople mentions an act of liberty on the part of the Sultan which does him great credit. Upon hearing of the sufferings of the Irish, the Sultan caused to be handed to the Hon Mr. Wellesley 1 000*l*, to be disposed of by him in the best way towards their alleviation.

☞A telegraphic despatch from Boston, published in the Philadelphia American of yesterday, says that the steamer Caledonia, at Boston from Liverpool, has brought over £401.500 Sterling in specie—upwards of two millions of dollars.

THE West Tennessee Whig publishes a letter from Milton Brown, who so long and so faithfully represented that district in Congress, in which he declines being a candidate for re-election.

MR. S. G. Goodrich, ("Peter Parley,") of Roxbury, Mass., came passenger in the Sarah Sands, from Liverpool. We understand that Mr. Goodrich has left his family in Paris, whither he will soon return.

NO MORE TO SPARE.—It is generally believed that there is not now in Cecil co., more than enough of grain to sustain it until the next crops are gathered.

PARK BENJAMIN.—This gentleman is about to commence a new paper in New York to be called the "American Maill." The plan is somewhat similar to that the famous Galignani's Messenger.

BY last advices, the election of delegates to the Illinois Constitutional convention, has resulted so far in the choice of 66 whigs and 77 democrats, and 15 counties yet to hear from.

WE are pained to learn that George Johnson, Esq., proprietor of the Democratic Herald, at Annapolis, died in that city, on Saturday morning, of consumption, after a protracted illness.

THE woods in the neighborhood of Denton, Md., have been on fire. The flames spread over a space of about 100 acres.—It was with much difficulty that the progress of the fire could be checked.

MR. Eaton, nearly eighty years of age, completed, on Saturday evening, at Vauxhall. New York, the wonderful attempt to walk one thousand quarters of a mile in one thousand quarter hours. The wager was of course won.

AID TO IRELAND.—The total money receipts of the Treasurer of the Relief Committee of New York, up to the 1st instant, amounted to $135,307 70.

☞Fifty-three sail of vessels were at anchor in Hampton Roads yesterday, twenty-three of them British, mostly bound up to Baltimore.

☞Mr. Webster is to go from Charleston to Columbia, S. C. He has also made up his mind to visit Savannah and Augusta.

☞The Protestant Episcopal Convention for the Diocess of Virginia, meets at Winchester next Wednesday.

DROWSINESS, Swimming of the Head, a roaring noise in the ears headache, palpitation of the heart, &c. Wright's Indian Vegetacle Pills are a certain cure for the above unpleasant complaints, because they purge from the body those stagnant and corrupt humors which, when floating in the general mass of circulation, are the cause of a determination or rush of blood to the head, giddiness, loss of memory, dimness of sight, drowsiness, pain of the head and many other symptoms of a loaded and corrupt state of the blood.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.—The public are cautioned against the many spurious medicines which in order to deceive, are called by names similar to Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

The only original and genuine Indian Vegetable Pills have the signature of William Wright written with a pen on the top label of each box. None other is genuine, and to counterfeit this is forgery.

The genuine article is for sale by John Russell, Chester Town, and by agents, published in another part of this paper.



AGRICULTURAL.

From the American Farmer.

Work for May.

Fall Potatoes.—About the middle of this month will be a good period to plant your fall potatoes. We always think, that as a general rule, early planting always succeeds best. The ground should be ploughed deep, and harfowed until perfectly pulverised, and then rolled.

In the selection of seed, be sure to get them sound and free from rot.

In cutting the sets for planting, leave two eyes on each sett—and as you cut them cover the cut surface with plaster.

Lay off the furrows north and south from 3 to 3½ feet wide, then strew your manure along the furrows; plant your setts thereon at a distance of 10 inches apart. This done, sow over them, so as to whiten them, a mixture of 5 parts slaked lime, and 1 part salt, and cover with the plough—then pass the roller over them, to bring the setts in contact with the earth and thus encourage early vegetation.

After Culture—If the ground be stiff, as soon as the potatoe plants begin to show themselves, run your harrow over them. This operation will not only root up grass and weeds, but greatly facilitate the plants in breaking through the indurated soil.

So soon as the plants are completely up, strew over them while the dew is on them in the morning, as much lime and plaster mixed in equal quantities, as will dust the plants over.

When the plants are 3 or 4 inches high, set your plough in, turn a furrow from them going, and towards them returning, taking care to preserve a flat surface to the hill to be given them by this operation, and not to smother the plants in throwing the furrow towards them. In two weeks from this period run your cultivator thro' the rows, as near to the hill as possible without doing it injury, and let persons follow with the hoe to destroy the weeds and grass growing on the hill and around the plants. Repeat this operation in three weeks, or sooner if the condition of the vines indicate cleaning to be necessary.—Having performed these operations, in the way we have pointed out, and you may consider your work done until the time for harvesting them shall have arrived.

Should you discover the vines becoming browued, sow over each acre a bushel of salt. We do not recommend this as a specific, but as a precautionary measure, which all who take the pains to plant should avail themselves in order that they may reap.

Other Root Crops.—As the potatoe crop, so much relied upon in former years, has proved so precarious an one, as not to be relied upon, the husbandman should, in order to assure himself of success, resort to the growth of other Root-Crops—and as time has arrived when Mangel Wurzel, Sugar Beet, Parsnips and Carrots, should be put in, we will call the attention of all to the subject; and as the two first are cultivated precisely alike—being members of the same family—we shall treat them under the same head.

Madgel Wurzel—Sugar Beet.—The soil best adapted to the growth of these roots, is a deep fertile loam, which should be assisted, by from 15 to 20 double horse cart loads of well rotted manure, or virgin mould from the woods. Spread your manure evenly over your ground as deep as your team will permit you to sink the share taking care to leave no baulks—then harrow finely, and roll. This done make your drills north and south, two feet apart. When the plants come up and have attained a few inches in height, they may show two or three distinct heads; all of these but one must be pinched off. If more than one head should be left, the roots will be scragged, and not produce so well. When this operation shall have been performed, run your plough through the rows, turning a furrow from the plants, and returning it again, so as not to cover them. When the plants are from 4 to 6 inches high, thin them out so as stand about 8 or 12 inches apart in the rows. After thinning them out, run the cultivator through the rows, near to the plants, but not touching them; let hoemen follow to remove the weeds and grass between the plants. Repeat these operations twice, at intervals of two or three weeks, as the condition of the ground may require, and all the cultivation necessary will have been performed.

When we first commenced the cultivation of these roots, we dropt the seed from the mouth of a bottle—but afterwards bought a cheap drilling machine, which greatly facilitated the operation, and lessened the cost of planting.

Both of these roots are excellent to fatten stock with or as food for milch cows—while the letter is among the best of table beets. After the leaves have attained their growth, they may be pulled every two weeks without injury to the root, care being taken not to remove the crown leaves. The leaves are excellent food for milch cows, and highly secretive of milk, and tend greatly to increase the quantity, and improve the quality of the butter. Soak the seed 6 hours in hot water, and dry in Ashes or Plaster. Quantity of seed per acre, 3 lbs.

Parsnips—This excellent and justly appreciated table root, has been to long neglected in field culture. It is easily grown, makes a highly nutritious food for milch cows and swine, and is, withal, very productive.

The Soil, its preparation, and the manure should be the same as for beets.

The ground being prepared and rolled, lay off your drills 2 feet spart, 2 inches deep, then drop your seed 3 or 4 in. apart and cover. When this is done, pass the the roller over the rows, or compress the earth with the back of your hoe. If you have the proper kind of drill, you may make the drill drop the seed and cover, by the same operation, and thus save, both in time and expense.

Preparation of the Seed.—Pour water over them, heated to nearly boiling heat—let them soak six hours, drain off the water and dry them in Plaster or Ashes, when they should be drilled in.

Culture.—When the plants have come up, and have attained 4 inches in height, plough between the rows, throwing the furrow from the plants, and back again, taking care not to cover them, let persons with hoes follow to relieve such plants as may be accidentally covered, and cut up the weeds between them.

When the plants are 6 inches high, thin them out so as to stand 8 inches apart—then give them a working with the cultivator and hoes. Repeat this thrice in the season, at intervals of two weeks apart, and your crop will have been made.

THE Cambridge (Md) Chronicle says, that a negro man named Denwood Camper committed an atrocious murder on Tuesday last, near New Market, upon the person of another negro, belonging to James Thompson, Esq The murderer despatched his victim with a grubbing hoe, and afterwards cut off his head. The quarrel originated about parched corn! He was arrested and made a full confession.

POLITICAL.

The Next Congress.

We are indebted to the Richmond Whig, for the following estimate of the state of parties in the next House of Representatives; it says:

"We proceed to sum up the results of the past, and to accompany them by our estimates of the future developments of the public judgment. The subjoined statement shows the political complexion of the members already elected to the next House of Representatives:

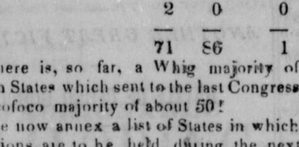
	Dem	*Whig.*	*Nai.*
Maine	2	1	0
Vermont	1	3	0
Massachusetts	0	10	0
New Hampshire	2	0	0
Connecticut	0	4	0
Rhode Island	0	1	0
New York	11	23	0
Pennsylvania	7	16	1
Delaware	0	1	0
South Carolina	7	0	0
Virginia	9	6	0
Georgia	4	4	0
Ohio	8	12	0
Illinois	6	1	0
Missouri	5	5	0
Arkansas	1	0	0
Michigan	3	0	0
Florida	0	1	0
Texas	1	0	0
Iowa	2	0	0
	71	86	1

There is, so far, a Whig majority of 16, in States which sent to the last Congress a locofoco majority of about 50!

We now annex a list of States in which elections are to be held during the next summer and autumn, and a classification of the members as returned to the last Congress, with our estimate of the state of parties at the next session:

	Last Ses. D.	W.	*Estimate next.* D.	W.
Maine (vacanc's)	4	0	3	1
N. Hampshire (vac.)	2	0	1	1
R Island (vac.)	0	1	0	1
Maryland	4	4	2	4
North Carolina	6	4	3	6
Alabama	4	1	2	3
Mississippi	4	0	4	1
Ohio (vacancy)	1	0	1	0
Louisiana	3	1	2	2
Kentucky	3	7	1	9
Tennessee	6	5	5	6
Indiana	8	2	6	4
	45	23	29	39
Adds as above	71	87	71	87
	115	110	100	126

It appears if there should be no changes in favor of the Whigs in the States to be heard from, the Locofoco majority in the next House of Representatives will be only 6; while, if our estimate, which we do not think is wanting in liberality to our opponents, should be realized, the whig majority in the next House will be 16—showing a clear whig gain of nearly ONE HUNDRED members as compared with the state of parties in the last Congress. And yet, we are told that the Administration and its measure have worked admirably and are exceedingly unpopular!!



DIED.

Near the Head of Sassafras, on the 7th inst Mr. Thomas Cosden, a merchant, aged about twenty years.

On the 9th inst., near the Head of Sassafras, Mr. Henry Vansant, aged about 23 years.

At the Head of Sassafras, on the 10th instant, Mrs. Mary Boyer consort of Stephen Boyer.

Hance's Compound Syrup of Horehound.

TO SETH S HANCE.—Dear Sir.—Having been afflicted with a severe cough and pain in the breast, I was persuaded by a friend to make trial of your Compound Syrup, and purchased two bottles of Mr Rob't Keyworth, and am happy to say they certainly relieved me Yours,

Sold by Seth S. Hance, corner of Charles and Pratt streets, and at the new stand, 108 Baltimore st. Baltimore, and by the following agents:

Simon Wickes, Jr Chester Town
Gooding & Frazier, Geo Town X Roads
B C Wells, head of Sassafras
C R Hackett, Massey's X Roads
M V Boyer, Apothecary, Millington
Wm R Forman, New Market
Samuel H Cooper, Urieville

Morris County, Mendham, N. J. October 29, 1846.

Dr. Seth W. Fowle—Dear Sir—This may certify that I am about seventy five years of age, was born and have always resided in this town. In October, 1845, I took cold, and for six months I was afflicted with the influenza, and the worst cough I have ever experienced during my whole life. Myself and friends had strong doubts of my ever recovering. I got a bottle of Schenck's Syrup; it done me no good. I then applied to a physician, who prescribed for me several times, but did not cure me. At last my physician advised me to take Dr. Wistar's Celebrated Balsam of Wild Cherry, which has performed so many remarkable cures. I did so, and I believe that saved my life, my cough left me entirely, when I had taken a single bottle. I am now enjoying good health. If I ever again have a similar attack, or any of my family, I shall immediately resort to Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. The physician who recommended this Balsam to me, was induced to do so from his own personal observation and experience in using it.

EPHRAIM SANDERS.

For sale by John Russell & Co. Chester Town.

☞Hance's Sarsaparilla, Vegetable, or Blood PILLS—(FIFTY PILLS in a box—the cheapest Medicine ever sold)—Removing bile, correcting disorders of the stomach and bowels, costiveness, dyspepsia, swimming in the head, &c. Persons of a full habit, who are subject to headache, giddiness, drowsiness, and singing in the ears, arising from too great a flow of blood to the head, should never be without them, as many dangerous symptoms will be entirely carried off by their immediate use

In purchasing these Pills, let me add one word of caution—Always ask for Hance's Pills, and purchase of none but those advertised as agents

For sale by Seth S. Hance. 108 Baltimore st. and corner of Charles and Pratt sts. Baltimore, and by the following agents:

Simon Wickes, Jr, Chester Town
Gooding & Frazier, Geo. Town X Roads
B C Wells. Head of Sassafras
C R Hackett, Massey's X Roads
M V Boyer, Apothecary, Millington
Wm R Forman, New Market
Samuel H Cooper, Urieville

GATLING'S PATENT SEED PLANTING HARROW.

THE undersigned would respectfully invite public attention to the above mentioned drill, for planting wheat, other small grain and seeds, as possessing many advantages over any similar machine now in use, amongst which is the simplicity of construction to which this machine has been reduced compared with others, or perhaps we should say, the perfection to which it has been brought, to do the same work with equal precision, and entirely clear of the usual objections attending new inventions—complicated machinery.

Gatling's invention, stripped of all useless fixtures makes it easily and speedily repaired, and the low price at which it can be furnished, puts it within the reach of every farmer. This machine performs the tripple work of harrowing, planting and covering at the same movement, thereby saving much time and labor to the agriculturists—and will, no, doubt, if we can judge from the rapid encroachments made and still making upon the old system, be the means of entirely changing the mode of planting wheat in this country, as its economy of grain, ground and time, will everywhere recommend it in the place of broadcasts. The machines have been in use two seasons, and wherever introduced reported to have given entire satisfaction.

The undersigned are the legal representatives of R. J. Gatling, patentee for and in the counties of Kent and Queen Anne's, in the State of Maryland. The price of a machine having five drills $25; more or less drills will vary the price according to cost of material. All persons intending to adopt this machine will please send in their orders, otherwise they may not get them this fall, as we shall not get more castings than will be sufficient to fill orders, excepting those intended to supply brakages should any occur.

THOS. JONES.
O. P. JONES.

Chester Town, May 15, 1847.

ICE CREAM, CONFECTIONARY, &C.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the ladies and gentlemen of Kent, that he has a room neatly fitted up and will commence (soon as the weather will permit) keeping *Ice Cream, Lemmon-ade, Cake of all kinds, &c. &c.*, all of which will be made in the best manner.

CARL L. STRANDBERG.

Chester Town, May 15, '47.

ANOTHER supply of summer goods just received by

WICKES & BRO.

Which added to their former stock makes a large and varied assortment.

Purchasers who study their own interest would do well to call before making their selections. Our goods have been purchased with great care and we can and will sell cheap.

A LARGE assortment cotton thread, silk and kid gloves, colored and black silk mitts. hemstiched handk'fs, shawls, &c. for sale by WICKES & BRO.

BLACK and white "Angola" flan for boys just opened by

WICKES & BRO.

IRISH Linens, Rio Hollands, Rio Frenth Linens for sale by

WICKES & BRO.

SUMMER and cotton cloths, tweeds cashmerettes Drap D ete (a splendid goods for sack coats) linen drillings, cassimeres, vestings, &c, for sale by

WICKES & BRO.

A LOT superior British Long cloths 12½ cts., for sale by

WICKES & BRO.

Furniture prints, figure battle of Palo Alto siege of Monterey etc. 12½

WICKES & BRO.