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THE KENT NEWS

CHESTER TOWN, MD.

Saturday, July 24, 1847.

DEMOCRATIC WHIG NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

Wm. T. Goldsborough,

OF DORCHESTER COUNTY.

Prices of Grain.

The late arrivals from Europe bring advices of a further and material decline in breadstuffs. The absence of any positive information as to the *Potato* disease, the favorable weather and promising appearance of the grain crops, seem to be the basis of the depression in prices. While we wish prosperity to all countries, it may not be amiss to examine the ground upon which the English calculations are predicated.

In the first place, the old crop in Great Britain has long since been exhausted—there is no surplus produce in the country and they have been obliged to draw heavily upon foreign resources. An average European crop will not we think supply the demand.

Secondly, the dangerous season in England to the crops is from a succession of rains, a short time preceding and during the continuance of Harvest. Harvest will not commence there for a month to come. That climate is a wet and dripping one, and it would seem to us that no safe calculation can yet be made in reference to the small crop.

Thirdly, we believe that the alarm of the Potato disease the last year was considerably later than the present time.

A Family Poisoned—*Dreadful Revenge.*—The family of Mr. Charles F. Mansfield, of Philadelphia, were poisoned last week, by arsenic being put into and boiled with their tea, by their adopted daughter, aged 15 years, who they took when she was but ten years old. It appears that Mr. M. refused to permit her to appear in company, alleging that she was too young, for which, to avenge herself, she procured the arsenic, and came near being the cause of the death of her benefactor and his whole family. She has made a full confession, stating that her object was to kill them all, and get possession of their house and store, so that she might receive what company she thought proper.

Gen. Taylor is reported to have said that he never wanted to run for President, because his opponents would presently say of him, as they did of Gen. Harrison, that he was never within ten miles of a battle-field. The old hero was a prophet. The Locofocos have begun the game of falsehood, and a correspondent of the State Sentinel has the honor of opening the ball.—He writes:

"Gen. Taylor is a very ordinary looking man. He appears to have two prominent traits, courage and firmness; but if he possesses any other qualifications I know not what they are. *No great Generalship was displayed on the day of the battle.* Gen Taylor and Gen. Wool planned and issued orders, while Gen. Lane was the *active General* that carried the plan into execution, and the battle was won by bravery, and not by generalship."

That will do for a beginning.

War Steamers.—We have already stated that the Government was about to build four war stermers, agreeably to the Act passed by the last congress. Two of them we learn from the Union, are to be of the first class, 2,414 tons burthen each; 250 feet between perpendiculars; 45 feet beam, extreme; and 26½ feet depth to gun deck in hold. One of these is to be built at Gosport; the other at Philadelphia. Both will be propelled by side wheels. The other two are to be second class vessels; each of 1,379 tons burthen; 210 feet between perpendiculars; 27 feet beam, extreme; and 23 feet depth to gun deck in hold. One is to be built at New York; the other at Kitteay, Maine. One is to be propelled by side wheels; the other by a screw propeller.

Ripe Peaches, &c.—We were this morning presented with a specimen of rich ripe fruit, consisting of variety of delicious pears, apples and peaches, raised at the country seat of Richard Edwards, Jr., about a mile out the York Road, one of the most beautiful spots in the vicinity of Baltimore, which, as this fruit shows, must be under a very high state of cultivation. It must furnish to gentlemen doing business in the city, who reside a short distance in the country, especially during the hot weather, a luxury none can fail to appreciate.—*Patriot.*

The Shelby (Ky.) News says that the celebrated race horse, Eclipse, died at the stables of Mr. Jilson Yates, in that county, on the 10th inst.

ARMY NEWS!

Later from Mexico.

A Skirmish at Tabasco—12 Marines and Sailors Killed—Narrow Escape of the steamer Mississippi.

The U. S. Steamship Washington arrived at Mobile on the 12th, with a bearer of Despatches to Government. She reports that information had been received at Vera Cruz from Tabasco, stating that after Com. Perry had left Commander Bigelow, he marched at the head of 300 Marines and Sailors, and attacked about 600 Mexicans, whom they found encamped a few miles from the city. The Marines and Sailors fought bravely, and routed double their number, with a loss of twelve men killed and wounded.

Commodore Perry on receiving this information was preparing to return to Tabasco.

No later intelligence had been received from Gen. Scott.

The Steamship Mississippi, lying off Anton Lizardo, was discovered to be on fire on the 3d of July, and the fire was not extinguished for several hours. The fire was at last discovered to be in the coal bunks—the coal having been ignited from spontaneous combustion.

Lieutenants Twiggs and Jones, the two American officers arrested at Havana, arrived at New Orleans, having paid the fine under protest.

Lieut. Rogers arrived here this evening, as a bearer of despatches from the squadron at Vera Cruv, the contents of which are unknown. He left Anton Lizardo on the night of the 4th inst.

The United States steamship Mississippi had narrowly escaped a fate similar to that of the Missouri, a fire having originated among her coal by spontaneous combustion. The crew by great exertions were enabled to extinguish the flames before any material injury had been caused.

Com. Perry was still at Tabasco. He had marched into the interior and routed a superior force of the enemy.

The New Md. Battalion.

The Washington Union has the following official notice:

We learn that the battalion of volunteers, under the command of Lieutenant Colonel Hughes, raised mainly from the District of Columbia and State of Maryland, are under orders for immediate transportation to the active seat of war. It is intended that Col. H. shall open the road from Vera Cruz to Jalapa, and to occupy that important town for the purpose of securing Gen. Scott's line of operation. With this view, the battalion will be greatly increased. At least one company will be taken from Carlisle, Pennsylvania; and another (if its organization should be speedily completed) from Wilmington, Delaware; besides a battery of field artillery from Baltimore. Other independent companies may, perhaps, be added to it as fast as they are ready.—The addition of a squadron of mounted men would be very desirable—thus forming, in fact, a corps of what is called in European armies, "eclaireurs," admirably adapted to a guerilla warfare; but we understand that there is some practical difficulty apprehended in the transportation of horses at this season of the year, for so long a voyage, which may prevent such an organization. As it is, it will form a beautiful and, we doubt not, a most efficient command, well calculated to do good service. In the organization of this force, the President has, from the beginning, taken a deep and almost paternal interest and confidence in the battalion, by assigning to it a most distinguished and honored duty.

We understand that, of the six companies now at Fort McHenry, four will be shipped for Vera Cruz on the 22d instant, and the others as soon thereafter as possible.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Arrival of the Britannia.

The Britannia brought away 14 passengers for Halifax—84 for Boston—and at Halifax took on board 15 for Boston.

There appears to be some appearance of the potato disease, but to what extent this cause will affect the prices of breadstuffs cannot be now ascertained. The European Times, in concluding an article on the subject of breadstuffs, says:

"There can be no doubt, however, that the stock in all the available markets of Europe will be quite exhausted before the harvest; indeed, the food riots in corn production spots, in consequence of the high prices, prove that the dealers have over sold themselves, and exported the produce which was required for their own wants In England we are satisfied that very little stock remains in the farmer's hands.—Some rare instances of obstinate holders standing out for impossible prices prove nothing. In a month hence there will be little or none remaining, but new corn will probably be in the market. Now, if the present fine weather continues, of which there is every appearance, it may be confidently stated that a most abundant harvest will be gathered throughout all Europe. It will follow, therefore, that although the requirements of Europe will be immense, the supplies, taking into consideration the abridged means of the people to purchase, will be corresponding, and any excess over the wants of consumption will tend to reduce prices in a far greater proportional degree than in a mere arithmetical ratio."

The money market has improved gradually. Discounts are now freely obtained even out of the bank at five per cent.

There has been an important failure at Preston, of the Banking House of Messrs. Clayton & Co. Several other houses failed also, in consequence.

The British steam packet Britannia, Captain Ryrie, after one of the most splendid passages which have been made across the Atlantic, arrived in the Mersey on Monday morning, June 28th, being little more than eleven days from Boston, including her call and detention at Halifax.

ITEMS OF NEWS

Lieut. Rogers, who was taken prisoner by the Mexicans whilst making a reconnoissance of the defences of Vera Cruz, has written a letter to his father, who resides near New Castle, Delaware. It is dated City of Mexico, May 28, and states that the writer was allowed the liberty of the city. It further states, however, that he had not received any support from the Mexican Government, and that he was twice robbed on his way from the sea coast to the city of Mexico.

We also learn that the Mexican agent of a gentleman in this city, has advanced money on the draft of Lieut Rogers, and that at last dates he was well and was allowed the liberty of the city of Mexico.—*North American.*

Whipping.—Three regular and one volunteer soldier were whipped, had their heads shaved, and were drummed out of the service, recently at Jalapa. Charles H. Watson, in the first Artillery, was recently called on to ply the lash, which he most positively refused to do, giving as his reason that the deed was abhorrent to his feelings. Watson was court martialed, and fined two months' pay, and 48 hours solitary imprisonment for his disobedience.

Mysterious Announcement.—A rumor very currently prevails in fashionable circles, to the effect that ere long something will probably be heard of a matrimonial alliance between a venerable and distinguished military commander, high in the favor of his sovereign (Duke of Wellington) and a rich heiress, (Miss Coutts,) whose munificence is only equalled by the extent of her worldly possessions.—*London Post.*

There were 432 deaths in New York during the past week: men 117, women 86, boys 125, girls 104. Of apoplexy, 12; cholera infantum, 45; consumption, 39; convulsions, 41, debility, 24; delirium tremens, 6; diarrhœa, 19; dysentery, 16; fever 12, typhoid do., 16; typhus do., 30; inflammation of the brain, 13; do. of the bowels, 24; marasmus, 15; suicide, 3.

Congressional Elections are to be held in the following States, viz: Kentucky, Indiana, Alabama and Iowa, on the first Monday in August; in North Carolina and Tennessee on the Thursday following; in Maryland, October 6th; and in Mississippi and Louisiana, Monday, November 1st.—The elections in these States will complete the members to the next Congress.

Anne Arundel County—*Whig Nomination.*—The whig convention of Anne Arundel county, Md., which met at the Junction, on Saturday, nominated the following ticket for the House of Delegates: Thomas Donaldson, Wm. Tell Claude, Nicholas Worthington, John Dorsey, and Samuel Thomas, Esqs

Prentice thinks, very properly, that as Mr. Polk in his late message charged with treason all the Whigs of the country who condemned the mode by which the Mexican war was brought about, the Whigs of the north ought to have required an apology from him, before they turned out to honor the office held by him.

Terrible Effects of the Heat at Boston.—Col. Green, of the Post, says that "a shirt and pair of trowsers, stiff starched, were found standing on the side walk yesterday, supposed to belong to an estimable citizen, who had *run off.* Thermometer at 98°."

Death of Joseph C. Neal.—Mr. Neal the editor of the Philadelphia Saturday Gazette, and author of the "Charcoal Sketches," died in Philadelphia on Sunday, of brain fever, after a few hours illness.

Murders.—Mr. Huckleby, a revolutionary soldier, was brutally murdered in Laudeidale county, Tennessee, on the night of the 3d inst., by a negro. He was arrested and confessed his guilt.

The St. Louis Republican mentions a rumor, current at St. Louis, that Kit Carson, now on his way to California, is the bearer of a commission as Governor of the territory to Col. Fremont.

☞A respectably dressed young female has been levying contributions in London, by sinking down exhausted at the doors of humane people. She induced pallidness and faintings by the use of ether.

Georgia.—The Chronicle publishes a correspondence between the Committee of the late Whig Convention and Gen. Clinch, by which it appears that the General consents to be the Whig candidate for Governor of Georgia.

Too Bad.—The tariff of 1846 is becoming as leaky as a seive. Flour, and all kinds of produce, are still slipping *down* through it. What's the matter?—*Richmond Rep.*

The water, as usual at this season of the year, has been let off from the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, for temporary repairs, &c.

Carter M. Braxton, Esq., Virginia State Senator from the King and Queen District, died at Warrenton Springs, last week, of dropsy.

Anthony L. Underhill, Esq., one of the oldest and most respectable merchants of New York, died at Saratoga Springs on the 18th inst.

Five cases of yellow fever were announced in the Charity Hospital, New Orleans.

There were 232 deaths in Philadelphia last week—68 adults and 164 children; died of cholera infantum 49; consumption 11; diarrhœa 9, dysentery 13; fevers 17; inflammations 26.

The Remains of the lamented Captain Lincoln, who fell at Buena Vista, have reached Boston.

Com. Piercy, U. S. Navy, died at his residence in Portsmouth, Va., on Wednesday last.

Startling Intelligence from the Plains.

The St. Louis New Era of the 10th inst., has news from the Plains brought to Fort Leavenworth, on the 5th inst., by an express sent in by Lieut. Love, with the urgent request that a reinforcement should be sent to his aid. Lieut. Love was in command of an escort, which took out some $300,000 in specie for the troops at Santa Fe. The express left him on the Arkansas, at which time he was beset by the Camanche Indians, with whom he had several encounters for three or four days in succession. He had already lost *five* men killed, and *four* wounded—among the latter, Sergeant Bishop, second in command. The Indians lost 12 or 13 killed. The Indians were in large numbers, and were pressing Lieut. Love very resolutely, being aware, perhaps, of the value of the prize they were after. Lieut. Love's express brings information that other government trains had been attacked by the Camanches. Mr. Smith, who had established a fort on the Arkansas, was driven therefrom with his men, and compelled to fly, taking the route to Santa Fe. Four companies of the Missouri Volunteers were last at Council Grove. Capt. Sheppard's company was in advance of that point. There can be no doubt that no company, unless very numerous and well armed, can now cross the Plains safe from attack—in short none, perhaps, except a strong military force.

A Washington letter to the New York Herald says that Judge McLean and Judge Burnet are both in favor of Gen Taylor for the next Presidency.

☞Santa Anna's letter withdrawing his resignation is a curiosity in itself. It seems to have been written after the style of the Kane letter, and Mr. Polk's Inaugural.

Prosperity of St. Louis.—There were erected in the city of St. Louis, during the year ending on the 1st ult., nine hundred and thirty two houses.

On the 14th instant, the Rev. Dr. Durbin was unanimously elected President of the Philadelphia College of Medicine.

☞There were 115 deaths in Baltimore last week.

DIED.

On Monday last, near Belle Air, after a short illness, Mr. Edward Crouch, leaving a widow and six children. He was an unoffending and honest man.

In Easton, on the 12th instant, Mr. Robert H Edgar.

In Berlin, Md, on the 15th instant, the Rev'd. Francis Rutter, of the Philadelphia Conference, he was a native of this county, about 30 years of age and the 4th or 5th of his Ilenerating Ministry. His disease was Bilious Fever producing an affection of the brain which terminated in his death.

Summer Heat.—It should be remembered that during the intense heat of summer, the process of digestion is performed with such extreme languor that our food, instead of being speedily dissolved and converted into nutriment for the body, often becomes actually spoiled, or putrified in the stomach. Hence bad breath disagreeable taste in the mouth, colic pains, dysentery, cholera morbus and other disorders of the intestines.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are a certain cure for all the above dangerous complaints; because they cleanse the alimentary canal of all those bilious and putrid humors, which are cause, not only of all disorders of the bowels, but of every malady incident to man. They also aid and improve digestion, and purify the blood, and therefore give health and vigor to the whole frame, as well as drive every description of pain from the body.

Beware of Counterfeits.—The public are cautioned against the many spurious medicines which in order to deceive, are called by names similar to Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

The only original and genuine Indian Vegetable Pills have the signature of William Wright written with a pen on the top label of each box. None other is genuine, and to counterfeit this is forgery.

The genuine article is for sale by John Russell, Chester Town, and by agents, published in another part of this paper.

☞Doubtless there is no greater actual pleasure capable of producing more heart felt gratification, than that of ministering to the sufferings of others. Whether guided by Christian precept, or merely by the impulse of the heart, we feel in its force, when disease assails another, the maxim, 'Let us do good unto all men." Let every reader of this paper look with care over the advertisement of Brant's Remedies, and see if it would not furnish a balm for himself or a friend.

AUCTION SALES

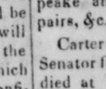
Valuable House & Lot

FOR SALE.

By virtue of a Decree of the high Court of Chancery the undessigned Trustee will offer at public sale on

Wednesday the 18th day of August next,

at 11 o'clock A. M., at the tavern of Mr. Charles B. Tilden in Chestertown, the valuable



House and Lot of Land,

at Still Pond ✕ Roads, Kent co., now occupied by Mr. William Hayne.

The Lot contains about 7½ acres in a high state of improvement, and the buildings are in good condition, consisting of a Dwelling House of convenient dimensions, with the usual out buildings and a Cart Wright Shop.

This property is situate in one of the best neighborhoods in the county, and is well suited for the business of a cart-wright and Blacksmith.

The terms of sale prescribed by the Decree are that the purchaser or purchasers shall give Bond to the Trustee with approved security for the payment of the purchase money in three equal Instalments of six, twelve and eighteen months. The Bond to bear interest from the day of sale.

JOS. WICKES, Trustee.

Chester Town, July 22, '47. } tds

POSTSCRIPT

By Sloop Gen. Washington, Capt. Browne

LATER FROM MEXICO.

By the Galveston, the Picayune hae received a copy of the El Republicano, from the city of Mexico, of the 30th June; also the number of the 28th, which was missing from our previous file. Both papers contain matter of great interest:

A postcript in the paper of the 28th contains a report of the proceedings of a council of war said to have been held in Gen. Scott's camp on Thursday, the 24th, the business of which was to determine whether or not to advance upon the capital.

One general, whose name is not given, is said to have argued that it would be imprudent, nay, an act of madness, to advance upon the city with less than twenty thousand men; that upon the supposition that everything should work favorably for them, it was evident that they could not enter the capital without resistance; and that supposing in their different engagements they should lose half of their force or more, they would be left with some four thousand men, with which number it was extremely hazardous to attempt to hold so populous a city.

Gen. Worth was of a different opinion.—He maintained that every invader who hesitated was lost; that in their situation a single retrogade movement invaded the most disastrous consequences, and that this had already been proved. He added proudly that six or eight thousand Americans were sufficient to conquer wenty thousand Mexicans; that their triumph was dertain and there was no reason for not pressing on.

Gen. Scott and others are said to have approved these sentiments, so that it was at last determined that they sdould commence the forward movement on the 28th, but upon the suggestion of some one that it might not be proper to act so promptly after having just despatched the communication from the Government of United States with renewed offers of peace, General Scott replied that he would wait some days at Rio Frio to receive the answer of the Mexican government.

The American force at the time of this council was set down by the Mexicans at eight thousand five hundred men, thirty pieces of artillery and one mortar.

☞Hon. Ambrose Spencer, we see it stated, has had a relapse, and now lies in a very critical state. He is in the 83rd year of his age.

Markets.

Baltimore, July 23, 1847.

Wheat—$1 10.
Corn—64 to 65.
Oats—25 to 40
Rye—65

WHIG MEETING.

The Whigs of Kent County are requested to meet at the Court House in Chester Town on Tuesday the 27th of July, at eleven o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating four persons to serve in the Congressional Convention, which is to assemble in Chester Town on Thursday the 29th inst:, at the Court House to nominate a candidate for Congress in the Congressional District composed of the counties of Harford, Cecil, Kent, Queen Anne's and Caroline counties.

A full and punctual attendance is required.

MANY WHIGS.

July 15, 1847.

In Kent county Court as a Court of Equity.

July 23d, 1857.

ORDERED that the report of Ann Cruickshank Trustee for the sale of the real estate of Thomas Cruickshank, be ratified and confirmed unless cause to the contrary be shewn on or before the twenty second day of September next, provided a copy of this order be published once a week for three successive weeks in some newspaper printed and published in Kent county before the twenty second day of August next.

The report states the amount of sales to be $860 14.

True copy, Test,

J. N. GORDON, cl'k
Kent county Court, Md.

July 24, 1847. 3w

For Sale.

A negro boy a slave for life, aged about twenty years. He is healthy and of good size and is not sold for any fault.—For terms, &c apply at the Printing office.

July 24, 1847.

WOOL.

WICKES & BRO. Agents for May & Savin will exchange Kersey for Wool, and will give the highest market rates for wool in trade.

FARMERS.

Spades, Shovels, Forks, Collars, Bridles Rope and Traces for sale cheap by

WILMER & NICOLS.

January 14, 1847.

HATS, CAPS, LADIES' MUFFS, BOAS, &c.

To Merchants, Hatters and Others.

GARDEN & BROWN,

Hat and Cap Warehouse and Manufactory,

No. 196 MARKET STREET,

Second door below Sixth, Philadelphia.

RESPECTFULLY solicit attention to their large and complete stock of Hats and Caps, manufactured under their own immediate direction and superintendence, with all the advantages of modern improvements to enable them to combine the important qualities of durability, taste and beauty of finish with extreme cheapness of price.

An immense and beautiful assortment, all varieties and prices of Beaver, Brush, Silk, Moleskin, Russia, Cassimere, Wool, Sporting and Ashland Hats. Also, a general assortment of every variety of Caps, Otter, Fur Seal, Hair Seal, Muskrat, Plain and Fancy Cloth every style, Red, Blue and Brown Mohair, Sealette, Glazed, Oil Silk and Fur Caps.

Ladies' Muffs, Boas, &c., at the very lowest prices.

Buyers by the dozen or less, are invited to call and see if it is not to their interest to deal with us.

Particular attention paid to the packing of Hats, &c.

Cash paid for Muskrat and Shipping Furs.

GARDEN & BROWN,

No. 196 Market Street, below Sixth st.

Philadelphia, July 24, 1847. 3m

DR. C. W. APPLETON'S

CELEBRATED REMEDY

FOR DEAFNESS.

PAINS in and discharge of matter from the ear, together with all other unpleasant symptoms, which either announce approaching deafness, or announce approaching death.

This invaluable medicine is the result of a long and faithfully pursued course of experiments instituted with the sole object to discover (if possible) a certain, and at the same time a safe remedy for the dreadfully afflicting disorder, and has been extensively used in the private practice of the subscriber during the last eight years in very numerous cases with the most remarkable success, is now offered to the public, for the benefit of those, who from distance, or other circumstances—cannot have the personal attention of the proprietor in the fullest confidence of its efficacy and in the firm belief that it will not disappoint the expectations of those who may have occasion for its use; in short, it is the most valuable article ever offered to the public for this disease.

For sale by John L. Stam, Chester Town.

July 24, '47.

SALEM WITCHCRAFT OUTDONE.

Mr. J. T. Rowand—Dear Sir—For four or five years I have suffered greatly from Rheumatism in my head, which during the last year became worse and worse. For four or five weeks previous to the 1st instant, I had suffered without intermission, my general health was much impaired, my sight injured, and my head so severe that I could scarcely rest it upon the pillow. Two days since, a *single application* of your "Magic Lotion" *relieved me entirely in two or three minutes!* I have applied it occasionally since, and the soreness is nearly gone. So great and so sudden was the change that I can scarcely realize that I am the *same man?*

I have also cured one of my children and a female friend of headache in two or three minutes.

So great is my confidence in the "Magic Lotion" that I would not be without a bottle for "*fifty times its cost.*"

Yours respectfully,

JACOB W. SOUDER,
No. 350 Market st.

Phila., January 17th, 1846.

For sale by John L. Stam, Chestertown.

July 24, 1847.

DR. CULLEN'S VEGETABLE *INDIAN SPECIFIC FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS.*—This medicine is fast taking the place of every preparation heretofore used for diseases *arising from weakness* or other causes, and that is necessary to secure this useful medicine a place in the Domestic Practice of every family where such a medicine is once tried, a trial.

It speaks for itself—is innocent in operation, and no injury can arise from its use at any time.

For sale, in Chester Town, by John L. Stam.

July 24, '47.

A CERTAIN CURE FOR PILES.—Dr. Cullen's Indian Vegetable Piles Remedy is a domestic preparation, which has been used with success for many years. Being an external medicine, it has a decided preference to inward application, which are but palliatives and not curatives. This medicine acts on the diseased parts, producing immediate relief, and a permanent cure—we warrant or refund the money.

For sale, in Chester Town, by John L. Stam.

July 24, '47.

NO CURE NO PAY.

DR. CULLEN'S *Indian Vegetable Remedy*—Warranted to cure, or money returned. This Medicine is made from an Indian receipt, obtained by one of them in the Far West, at great expense. Those who have been familiar with the Indians, know that they can cure Venerial without the knowledge of Mercury, Balsam, or any thing of the kind. The afflicted have now an opportunity of being cured without the danger of exposure, the unpleasant use of Balsam. This medicine is pleasant to the taste, and no smell on the breath.

For sale by John L. Stam, Chestertown.

July 24, 1847.

LIME for whitewashing and for sale by N.