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KENT NEWS.

THE KENT NEWS

CHESTER TOWN, MD.

Saturday, Sept. 25, 1847.

DEMOCRATIC WHIG NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

Wm. T. Goldsborough,

OF DORCHESTER COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS,

Alexander Evans,

OF CECIL.

For the Legislature.

JOHN H. TILDEN,
B. CHAMBERS WICKES,
JOHN E. CACY.

For the Levy Court.

SIMON W. BOYER,
WM. GOODING.

TO THE POLLS.

TO THE POLLS.

On Wednesday next the Whigs of Maryland have a great constitutional duty to perform, as well as the exercise of a high and invaluable privilege. The eyes of the Union are upon descendants of the "old Maryland line." The majority in the next House of Representatives may depend upon the manner in which Maryland whigs perform their duty. Let them remember the calumny of President Polk in denouncing as traitors, American Whigs, descendents of old revolutionary soldiers and patriots, for the expression of their opinions upon the origin of the Mexican War. Of the sacrifice of human life—of the flowing of the best blood, that ever coursed in soldiers or patriot's veins—to gratify the thirst for dominion of a President, who unnecessarily plunged the country into war, which he was incompetent to conduct—of the hundred million of dollars which have been expended in its prosecution—of the refusal of President Polk to *name* Gen. Taylor in his message to Congress—of the vote of censure, which a Locofoco House passed upon the exploits of the old hero at Monterey. Let them look at the great and important duty of casting their ballots, and let one and all go to the polls on Wednesday to discharge their duty to the country.

Remember Whigs of Kent, that to you will belong the honor of aiding to achieve a glorious victory. The eyes of the State are upon you—high expectations are formed and ardent hopes based, upon the conduct of Kent Whigs in the coming contest. Let every man be at his post, doing his own duty. Let neither rain nor storm, nor business, nor worldly gain, nor partial sickness, keep a single Whig from the Polls. No man can perform his political duty by proxy—but each must participate in the glory of the victory, or the shame of defeat. To the polls then, Whigs of good old Kent—friends of state faith—of the Constitution and the Laws—of protection to American industry—of Maryland's right to the public lands—of the policy of the Whig Governor and Legislature in providing revenues from commissions, stamps, and lotteries, that the Farmer, the Agriculturist, might not be borne down by the ponderous weight of taxation!

Upon the whig Governor must devolve the duty of continuing the safe and salutary policy which has placed Maryland on such enviable ground—upon the whigs of the Legislature to sustain and strengthen the hands of the Executive, and upon the whig Congress to sift and examine into the management of the Mexican war; the expenditure of millions of treasure—to call the President to an account, for the extraordinary powers he has exercised in Mexico—to see that the constitution has received no injury and the country no detriment, from the mal-administration of a war-loving and dominion hunting President and Cabinet.

Once more, we say to the noble, generous, patriotic whigs of old and faithful Kent, with whom we have stood shoulder to shoulder in the gloomiest periods of our political contests, when every man was a sentinel and fond of duty—to the young whigs who have the energy and spirit which belong to the cause—who have inherited the patriotism of their Fathers, and who feel determined to prove worthy of the cause and worthy of their sires—to all the whigs in good old Kent—old and young—we once more call and invoke you to the polls. Upon a single vote may depend the destiny of our State—of the nation.—Remember this, and whether in sunshine or clouds—through "wind and weather," RESOLVE TO VOTE. "Fortune smiles upon the brave"—so will she in a good cause like ours, upon those who cheerfully and faithfully discharge their duty.

POLITICAL.

PEOPLE OF MARYLAND!

A more important election has never occurred in our State, than that which takes place on Wednesday next. There is no interest that will not be seriously affected by the result. Such being our view of the subject, we ask your attention while we reason together upon the approaching *Governor's* election. The WHIGS have presented as their candidate,

WM. T. GOLDSBOROUGH

The Farmer of Dorchester county.

A gentleman of an unimpeachable moral character, of finished education, and great experience in affairs of State, having served several years in the Legislature, where he gained for himself distinction as a sound enlighted statesman, and conferred upon our good old Commonwealth that honor which is reflected by a straight forward course of legislation, looking to the true interests of the community and the conversation of the rights of the people. In the walks of private life he is proverbial for the urbanity of his manners, and the noble, generous impulses of his heart. The needy poor never approached him but they found relief—that relief which springs from a heart which feels for others as for self.

Mr. GOLDSBOROUGH has ever been, as now, a *strenuous advocate for sustaining the faith of the State*, and is, of course, an *uncompromising enemy to the scheme of Repudiation*. As an honest man, and an honorable one, he believes that debts once contracted can only be dissolved by their payment—that States, like individuals, who borrow the money of others, are bound by every consideration cherished by sound morals to pay what they owe, and that nothing but pecuniary inability can excuse either for not fulfilling the obligations of any contract into which they may enter—*and that that State or individual who may be able, and refuses to pay, commits a fraud which is alike repulsive to honor, to morals, and to religion.*

The locofoco party have presented as their candidate,

P. FRANCJS THOMAS,

A Lawyer, of Talbot county,

He, like Mr. Goldsborough, has had experience in the Legislature, *but* UNLIKE *him, stands tainted with the blighting sin of Repudiation.* In 1843, Mr. Thomas introduced into the House of Delegates, of which body he was a member, a bill, which, if it had passed into a law, would have put the State of Maryland into the condition of an *insolvent debtor state*, and repudiated the debts due by her to her confiding creditors. That bill proposed to pass the State's stocks to the bond holders, and repeal all the laws then in existence, which had been enacted to pay the interest due on the money which the State had borrowed of those who reposed confidence in the integrity of her people. Had Mr. *Thomas'* bill become a law, the creditors of the State would have been *cheated* out of their money, and the stain would forever have rested upon the good name of our brave old commonwealth, of having defrauded those who had generously loaned her money to carry on improvements essential alike to her present and future prosperity.

The bill which Mr. Thomas introduced, is nothing more nor less than an act of *Repudiation*—a device to cheat and defraud. It carries this construction and nothing less upon its face. But that its meaning should not be misunderstood, Mr. *Thomas* admitted to Mr. *Holliday*, of Kent, who was then a member of the House of Delegates, that such was his intention, and justified his monstrous proposition by declaring that MARYLAND WOULD HAVE TO COME TO REPUDIATION, AND SHE MIGHT AS WELL DO IT AT FIRST AS LAST. This confession of purpose, leaves no room to doubt, that Maryland does not hold within her borders a more *determined Repudiator than P. Francis Thomas*, the Locofoco candidate for Governor, not even excepting his some-times travelling companion, Mr. Powder, the repudiator of Carroll.

The heresy of Repudiation being fixed upon Mr. Thomas, we would ask the sober minded and honest citizens of Maryland, to pause before they vote for such a man as Governor. If they should elect him, they may rest assured that the State will be set down as among the repudiating States of our Union,—the reputation of our people for integrity and honor will be irretrievably ruined, both at home and abroad; for the character of our community will be judged by that of the man we may, in that event, have elected as our chief magistrate.

The question involved in the election of Mr. Goldsborough or Mr. Thomas, goes far deeper than the mere party politics of the sects to which they respectively belong. If you elect WM. T. GOLDSBOROUGH, *the honest name of Maryland will remain untarnished*—the credit of the State will be maintained in its integrity, and confidence will abound in our ability and disposition to deal justly with our public creditors.—Whereas, on the other hand, if you elect P. FRANCIS THOMAS, his triumph will be the triumph of *Repudiation*, for the people will have elected him with the full knowledge that he is a *Repudiator*—that in 1843, he attempted to repudiate the State debt. These facts will alarm every one with whom our people may have monied transactions, and when it will be too late to remedy the evil—confidence in our honesty—confidence in our good faith—and confidence in our trustworthiness, will have been destroyed—and forever—for who would trust a people that had elected as their chief magistrate, a man who had proved himself lost to the obligations of duty?

Men of Maryland, it is for you to chose, and that you may choose wisely, and preserve the fame of Maryland unsoiled by repudiation, is our fond hope—our most earnest wish.

People of Maryland.

If you wish to see the character of your State sullied by the dark and damning stain of Repudiation and Bankruptcy, vote for Mr. P. Francis Thomas.

If you wish to see the name of your beloved State become a bye-word and reproach among her honest neighbors, and the scorn of honorable minds, and her example pointed to as a warning against the fruits of dishonesty, vote for Mr. P. Francis Thomas!

If you wish to see a "property qualification" annexed to the right of suffrage, vote for Mr. P. Francis Thomas.

If you wish to see poor men deprived of the dear and "inalienable rights" for which our Revolutionary sires contended, and men of wealth elevated to the rank of nobility, vote for Mr. P. Francis Thomas!

If you wish to see poor men made serfs and slaves and deprived of all voice or agency in the government under which they live vote for Mr. P. Francis Thomas!

If you wish to see all the power concentrated in the hands of the wealthy few, and a badge of degradation affixed to every man who is poor vote for Mr. P. Francis Thomas.

If you wish to see the whole Eastern Shore and the smaller counties of the Western Shore reduced to a mere cypher in the Legislature of your State, and all the power and influence placed in the hands of Baltimore city and the few large counties vote for Mr. P. Francis Thomas!

In fine if you wish to see the worst features of European despotism introduced into the Constitution of your State, by which every man's rights and respectability and influence are to be regulated by the amount of his property, and all standing or respectability denied to those who are poor, then vote for Mr. P. Francis Thomas for Governor and you will have your wishes realized, if he can carry out his doctrines.

Next House of Representatives.

The next House of Representatives will contain 228 members, and 115 will constitute a majority. Of the States 26 have already held their Congressional elections, and three more have yet to hold them, namely: Maryland 6, Mississippi 4, Louisiana 4. There are also vacancies to be filled: 4 in Maine, 1 in Rhode Island, 1 in Ohio, and one in Michigan. Of the entire House 207 members have been already chosen, and 21 are yet to be chosen. The elections already held have resulted as follows:

	Whig.	L. F.	Ind.	Vac.
Maine	1	2	0	4
N. Hampshire	2	2	0	0
Vermont	3	1	0	0
Massachusetts	10	0	0	0
Connecticut	4	0	0	0
Rhode Island	1	0	0	1
New York	23	8	3	0
New Jersey	4	1	0	0
Delaware	1	0	0	0
Pennsylvania	16	7	1	0
Virginia	6	9	0	0
North Carolina	6	3	0	0
South Carolina	0	7	0	0
Georgia	4	4	0	0
Alabama	2	5	0	0
Florida	1	0	0	0
Missouri	0	5	0	0
Arkansas	0	1	0	0
Illinois	1	6	0	0
Ohio	11	8	1	1
Michigan	1	2	0	1
Texas	0	2	0	0
Iowa	0	2	0	0
Indiana	4	6	0	0
Kentucky	6	4	0	0
Tennessee	5	6	0	0
	112	91	5	7

Of the delegation and vacancies yet to be filled, their political complexion in the last Congress stood Locofocos 17, Whigs 4. If therefore, the whigs only hold their own, they will have 115 members, which will be a majority of 2 in the house. Their chances appear good, however, for having 118 or 119 by further gains.

MEXICAN AFFAIRS—*Paredes and Santa Anna.*—We learn, says the New Orleans Delta, that one of the Mexican prisoners now in our city received, via Tampico, by the last arrival, a letter from a friend in the city of Mexico, dated on the afternoon of the 28th, in which it is stated that Gen. Peredes had entered the city of Mexico with a large force, and arrested Santa Anna and imprisoned him in the carcel San Jago. We give the report for what it is worth, neither denying nor endorsing its truth. It is by no means improbable, as Paredes at the last accounts was at the town of Toluca, near the capital, ready to take advantage of any mis-step of his old enemy, or any confusion in the capital, to regain his former position and influence in Mexico. The temper of the mob is admirably suited to such a movement. At our last accounts they were much incensed against the Americans and Santa Anna, and were ripe for a revolutionary demonstration.

PRIZE CONUNDRUM.—The following took the silver cup offered by the Hatmonists at Louisville, on last Jaturday night, for the best conundrum:

Why are the late battles fought by Gen. Scott, in Mexico, like a suit of clothes made by a neat seamstress?

Because the work was done as well as it could be done without having a *tailor* (Taylor) to do it.

THE STATE FAIR.—The receipts of the State Fair at Saratoga, for entrance fees, &c., were $3,700, last year $4,400.

EXCITING INCIDENT.

According to a translation in the New Orleans Delta, the following is that portion of the La Patria letter from Mexico, omitted yesterday, as indicated by stars:

I must relate an interesting and exciting incident that occurred during the rage of the battle. A Mexican officer being seen by one of Gen. Pillow's aids to leave the enemy's lines and to advance several yards nearer our position, the general, as soon as he heard of the impudent rashness of the Mexican, put spurs to his charger and galloped at full speed towards him. As soon as he got near to the Mexican, the general called out in Spanish—Saque su sabel para defenderse—let the honor and prowess of our respective countries be determined by the issue of this combat.

Straightway the Mexican drew his sword with one hand, and balance his lance in the other, rushed towards our general, who, with a revolver in one hand, and his sabre in the other, waited the onset of the Mexican. The combat was a long and severe one. The Mexican was a large, muscular man, and handled his arms with great vigor and skill, but our general was his superior in dexterity and coolness. At last the Mexican made the terrible charge at our general with his lance, which the latter evaded with great promptitude and avidity, using his sword, tossed the weapon of the Mexican high into the air, and then quietly blew his brains out with a revolver.—Both the American and the Mexican armies witnessed this splendid effort.

HYDROPHOBIA.—A painful case of this disease occurred in our neighborhood last week. On Wednesday, August 4th, a fine young man, named Henry Runyon, residing over the Raritan in Hillsboro, was severely bitten by a dog belonging to his father, Richard Runyon. The dog becoming very violent and unmanageable was shot soon afterward, not however having shown unequivocal symptoms of madness. Mr. Runyon's wound healed rapidly and he began to hope that all trouble from the dog was ended.

On Sunday week he experienced a peculiar numbness in his limbs, with some other indications of indisposition, which however did not awaken much attention until the following Wednesday night, when he found himself unable to sleep. On Thursday morning he was attacked with spasms, which gradually became more severe until 2 o'clock on Friday A. M., when he ceased to breathe. He was not aware of the nature of his disease until Thursday afternoon, and as soon as he made the discovery, became rapidly worse. He retained the full possession of his reason until a very short time before his death.—*Summerville (N. J.) Journal.*

A BALTIMORE FEMALE SAILOR BOY.—The following is an extract of a letter from Pensacola, Florida:

"The schooner, St. Mary's, Capt. Black, of Baltimore, with coal, which went ashore on the Tortugas Reef, a short time ago, had a cabin boy of remarkable good looks and smartness, but, as the vessel appeared to be in danger, fear overpowered every other consideration, and he blushingly confessed herself no boy, but a veritable woman in breeches. The captain was more than ever alarmed at this novel peril, and it is said has exhibited great remorse ever since, for sundry thumps and growls bestowed upon her, the common heritage of cabin boys. At present she is with a family in this place, and Joanna is a very modest, and really a clever girl. This whim of donning attire, not belonging to her, is deemed a high offence by some of the ladies of the Key, whilst others equally commend it as a gallant feat, betokening quite an early disposition to wear the breeches. The affair has assumed a serious aspect, and it is believed that the breeches have the majority."

A LEOPARD.—Some years ago, a leopard escaped from a menagerie, in the neighborhood of Penn's Valley, Centre county, Pa., and, after going about from one spot to another, has recently turned up in the vicinity of Adamsburgh; where he has been committing sad havoc among the sheep.—One day last week, he suddenly sprang upon two young men, named Isaac Snook and Mr. Knep, who succeeded in avoiding him, and with the help of the neighbors and their dogs, pursued him for some time, until he turned upon them, and seized the foremost dog, tearing him in pieces. The rest of the party executed an immediate scatteration, and the leopard went on his way.

THE number of deaths in New Orleans by yellow fever, during the twenty four hours ending on the 20th instant, at 9, A. M., was *twenty five.*

The Bulletin remarks—

We are pleased to say, that the epidemic continues to abate in the extent of its ravages, but without rendering it any more safe for absentees to return, as the *cause* of the disease still exists—only the material is wanting. A sufficient supply of new comers would, doubtless, renew the mortality to the previous extent.

THE Steamer Brittannia has been docked at New York. The Herald says there is more work upon her than was at first expected, but the utmost despatch is being used to have her ready to leave for Boston on Wednesday. The repairs will certainly not be completed before that day, although a large number of men are employed day and night. Notwithstanding their great efforts, the prospect of her sailing from Boston on Friday, the 1st prox., under the circumstances, are rather poor.

U. S FRIGATE *RARITAN.*—Professor Robert Grant, who has been for some days past experimenting on board this infected ship, has, we are glad to say, succeeded in purifying her. She is now in a condition so healthy that any one may visit her with safety. A committee of medical gentlemen, appointed by government, have inspected every part of her, and will report forthwith. Mr. Grant deserves much credit for his fearlessness and ingenuity.—*Norfolk Beacon.*

Lieutenant Col. Fremont.

In compliance with the request of Lieutenant Colonel Fremont, we lay the following letter before the public. We understand that he has addressed a copy of it to the Adjutant General. He denies that "the public mind may have something to rest upon, in answer to the accusations made against him, until the trial shall enable them to make their own decision."

He arrived in Washington on Thursday evening, with his family, but is hurried off to Charleston, in consequence of information he has received of the illness of his mother. We are further informed that the Government will, at as early a day as possible, after his return, proceed to the investigation of the case.

C. STREET, WASHINGTON,
September 17, 1847.

To the Adjutant General:

SIR: According to the orders of Brigadier General Kearney, I have the honor to report myself to you in person, in a state of arrest, and to make the following requests:

1. A copy of the charges filed against me by the said general.

2. A copy of the orders under which the said general brought back from California to the United States myself and the topographical party of which I formerly had the command.

3. A copy of the communication from Senator Benton, asking for my arrest and trial on the charges made in the newspapers against me, and which applicetion from him I adopt and make my own.

4. That charges and specifications, in addition to those filed by General Kearney, be made out in form against me, on all the newspaper publications which have come to the nnowledge of the office, and on all other information, oral or written.

5. That I may have a trial as soon as the witnesses now in the United States can be got to Washington; for, although the testimony of the voice of California, thro' some of its most respectable inhabitants, is essential to me, and also that of Commodore Stockton, who has not yet arrived from that province, yet I will not wish the delay of waiting for these far-distant witnesses, and will go into trial on the testimony now in the United States, part of which is in the State of Missouri, and may require thirty days to get it to Washington. I therefore ask for a trial at the end of that time.

SWEET REVENGE TO TEXAS.—The correspondent of the New Orleans Delta narrates an interesting incident, which occurred after the late battles had been fought and won. It must have been 'sweet revenge.' When the troops had arrived at Taycubaya, all the former Texan prisoners who were present assembled just below the National Palace, on a fine paved road made by the labor of their hands, while they remained in that country. On the side of the road stood a beautiful monument, with the following inscription:—"Erected to the memory of Gen. Santa Anna, in consideration of his having constructed this road by the labor of the prisoners of Texas." It was not long after the assemblage of the crowd, until down came the monument, and not satisfied with tearing it down, they broke the stone into small pieces, and scattered them to the four winds.

COMMUNICATIONS.

To the Editor of the Kent News:

DULL TIMES.

From the unexampled short term of our late Court, it is manifest, that Lawyers briefs' were remarkably "brief," and suits, like "Angels visits." The Knights of the green bag, assert that short courts and small dockets, are true indexes of "hard times,", and that when county Courts flourish, the people are prosperous! Our Town, for some weeks past, has been remarkably dull. The *Merchants* have "whittled" up their *yard sticks*, and commenced on their *lead weights*; occasionally they sell a pound of *nails*, or a piece of *tape*, and if they keep a *Cash Store*, are sure to *book* them. The *Cordwainers* have rest for their *soals*, and having run out of *thread* begin to *end* the matter by hunting old scores, and *strapping* some of their customers who need *waxing*.—*Carpenters*, do little else than pile up lumber, rather too near the toes of passengers. *Tailors* are quite peaceable, have no *basteing* to do, and not much use to roast their *goose*. *Druggists* are obliged to take their own medicines, because no one else will, and the *Doctors*, with long faces, take an *airing* twice a day "to keep up appearances." *Tavern-keepers*, keep their *spirits up*, because the Sons of Temperance will not suffer them to *go down*. The *Printer* says he collects about six pence a week. *Cabinet Makers*, have no stock, nor crickets, nor cradles to make. *Captains* look as *brown* as a *baker's* loaf because they are *light*. Retailers of meal have not heard of the *fall* in the prices of *corn*,—The *Bailiffs*, (ah! fine fellows!) they sleep as sound as a roach, and in broad day, keep *a sharp look out*." The *Smiths'* have no horses to *shoe*—the horses no carriages to break—and the people no carriages to buy. *Butchers* are not *savage*, though they occasionally *kill*. *Squires* have to go fishing for sport. The *Bricklayers* have nothing to *lay* but to *lay* themselves down. *Nobody* calls to pay "*Taxes and Fees*,"—the *Jail* is as empty as a *Constable's pockets*, and all hands seems to be humming: "*There's nothing to do*;" while the jolly Band discourses most excellent music, and by serenades of "The Campbell's are coming," and "Old Dan Tucker," "drive dull care away," and are the only fellows, that "enjoy life."

Well—here's a health, in a glass of cold water, to all—a wish that *times* may grow *better and better*—that all may have *peace, plenty*, and prospects more *bright*, than the ways of a *sun* unclouded at noon!

A FRIEND TO MERIT.

ITEMS OF NEWS

ANOTHER MOSES.—A few days ago a man of Bethel, Upper Canada, picked up a box floating on the St. Lawrence, nearly opposite that place, which he brought ashore, and having broken it open, found a child three years old in it, wrapped in a blanket, and alive.

THE venerable John Quincy Adams will take his seat in Congress during the ensuing session. He thinks he can winter in Washington more comfortably than in the severe climate of Massachusetts.

HENRY CLAY.—This eminent statesman has arrived at Ashland, in good health and fine spirits.

MARY RUNKLE, has been sentenced at Utica to be hung on the 9th October, for the murder of her husband.

DURING the week ending the 18th ult. there were 23 deaths at Mobile, 10 of which were from yellow fever.

SENATOR ATCHISON.—It is said, on what the St. Louis Republican considers good authority, that Judge Atchison will not be a candidate for re-election to the Senate of the United States from Missouri.

OCEAN STEAMERS.—The French steamer Philadelphia, was to leave Cherobourg on 15th, and the Hibernia to leave Liverpool on the 19th inst. The Union leaves New York for Cherbourg on Thursday next.

THE amount of the recent forgery on New York is fixed at $53,000.

SMALL POX.—This disease is prevailing to an alarming extent in several of the mountain counties of Kentucky.

ANOTHER American newspaper is talked of at Vera Cruz, and the *typos* in Gen'l Scott's army were to commence issuing a daily paper from the capital early this month.

MRS. NEAL, the widow of the late witty writer of the "Charcoal Sketches," has assumed the editorship of Neal's Saturday Gazette, Philadelphia. She is known to the magazines as Alice G. Lee.

SAD AFFAIR.—A short time since, at Sandlake, N. Y., a woman cut off the tongue of a boy, to whom she was step mother—The reason she assigns for so doing, is to stop his telling lies.

HON. Moses. H. Grinnell has been elected President of the New York Chamber of Commerce, in place of James G. King, Esq, resigned.

TO BE HUNG.—Two men have been sentenced in Schuylkill county, Pa., to be hung. They are John Shaw, who murdered John Reese, the welchman; and a person named Borau, who recently murdered a driver.

THE Grand Jury of New York have found a bill of indictment against Hare for his alleged marriage with Miss Fox.

MASSACHUSETTS.—The Democratic Convention met at Worcester on Wednesday, and nominated Gen. Caleb Cushing for Governor, and Henry W. Cushman for Lieut. Governor.

THE yellow fever has made its appearance in Vicksburg, Miss. and in Memphis, Tennessee.

JUDGMENT AND SENTENCE REVERSED.—The Supreme Court, sitting at Pittsburg, have reversed the judgment of sentence of death against George Dunn, convicted of murder, because the prisoners was not present at the trial and the rendition of the verdict.

SOME days since, a man named Mavin Whatley was killed, in Russell county, Alabama, by one Hugh McLeon, when in a quarrel about the division of some old clothes given them.

IN A FIX.—All the papers of the court at Keene, N. H., have been stolen so that the court cannot proceed with its business. $500 rewards is offered for their return.

Two counterfeiters were arrested at Lancaster last week, having $3,700 of counterfeit notes in their possession, on Eastern Banks.

THE State of Arkansas invites emigrants to come and take lands which has been forfeited for taxes, and no payment will be required for them.

THE reported death of Col. Burnett of the New York volunteers, is not relied upon. His friends have satisfactory evidence to the contrary.

A FARMER'S wife in New Connecticut, Ohio, is preparing an immense cheese for a present to Queen Victoria. With some few of her neighbors, she has procured the milk of 500 cows for one day. The production is, a cheese weighing 600 pounds.

MR. John Cox, of Meade county, Ky., was immediately killed, with a colored girl belonging to him, in a barn which was struck by lightning on the 17th inst.

WM. C. MULLINER, a graduate of Yale College and lately from Orange County, New York, died at the Hospital in Detroit a few days since. The Advertiser says he was a man of fine talents and fell a victim to intemperance.

COUNTY COURT.—In the case of Dr. Robert K. Smith vs. George W. Oldham, an action to recover damages for slander, the jury, yesterday morning, rendered a sealed verdict, which, on being opened, proved to be for the plaintiff, with $500 damages. Richardson and Stump for plaintiff; Johnson and Wallis for defendant. The costs in the above case are nearly $1,200.—*Balt. Clip.*

THE two new Kentucky regiments, recently called out by the War Department, have been fully organized, and are to rendezvous at Louisville by the 4th of October next. The field officers of one of these Regiments, the Third, were appointed some weeks since. The officers of the Fourth are:—John S. Williams, Colonel; Wm. C. Preston, of Louisville, Lieut. Col., and Wm. T. Ward, Major.