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THE KENT NEWS

CHESTER TOWN, MD.

Saturday, Oct. 9, 1847.

Baltimore City.

The unexampled majority in the city of Baltimore for the Locofoco Ticket, naturally excites the wonder of Whigs and Locofocos. One year since, and the same city elected a Whig Senator and two Whig representatives and was within 106 votes of electing a Whig Mayor, against the influence of an incumbent of the office!!—In one short year, the Locofoco majority is 1567 for Governor!! "Can such things be, and over come us like a summer's cloud, without our special wonder?" The conclusion which forces itself upon the mind is, that the late result is the work of a stupendous fraud. Three years since, about 70 Locofocos were convicted of fraudulent voting, and not a single Whig, and the vote of the city was reduced neatly 500 votes from the Governors, to the Mayor's election distant about two weeks, and the same reduction in the number of votes, was, we believe, maintained, at the Election for President, a month subsequently to the first.—That immense frauds were practised on the Whigs at the Gubernatorial election in 1844 no one who examines the facts can doubt—that the "same game has been played" in 1847, there seems to be as little room for doubt. It is impossible that the Whigs can be beaten 1567 votes in the city of Baltimore by honest and legal votes.—By illegal voting in a single city, the citizens of the State may be deprived of their choice of candidates for popular favor.—The evil is one of magnitude and calls for the especial attention of the Legislature.—Penal enactments for illegal voting seem to be anullity, because of an amnesty which, after an election, seems to follow, victory or defeat. If a party be victorious, it is too magnanimous to prosecute and if unsuccessful, afraid of its being attributed to disappointment and chagrin and hence the guilty escape. The floating character of a part of the city's population and the intrinsic difficulty of detecting the offenders are additional impediments to convictions.—A Registry law, or some other, to correct the evil is alike demanded by common honesty and by the purity of the elective franchise. The people of the counties will not submit to be thus deprived of the effect of their suffrages, and will demand the serious interposition of the Legislature.

ELECTION RETURNS.

KENT COUNTY.

From the official returns of the election held in this county on Wednesday last, the 6th inst., we make the following summary. It will be seen that Old Kent has once more, sustained her high reputation as Whig county, and redeemed, to the letter, every promise she has made. Whatever the Whigs of other sections may have to reproach themselves with, the skirts of the "men of Kent" are clear, and they have the proud satisfaction of knowing, that they discharged their duty. When so many performed their parts so well, it is difficult to discriminate, but we must claim an honor for the Middle District, which has so long been under the cloud of loco focoism, but which has emerged into the light of a Whig triumph, and asks for herself the title of the "*Banner District.*"

For Governor,

	Goldsborough, W.	Thomas, L F.
Lower,	198	152
Middle,	219	172
Upper,	318	158
Total,	635	474

For Congress,

	Evans, whig.	Carmichael, loco.
Lower,	201	150
Middle,	219	166
Upper,	218	158
Total,	639	474

For the General Assembly,

Whigs.

	B. C. Wickes,	J. E. Cacy,	J. H. Tilden
Lower,	199	178	199
Middle,	224	209	210
Upper,	212	235	212
Total,	635	622	621

For the Levy Court,

	S. W. Boyer,	Wm. Gooding
Lower,	200	200
Middle,	218	216
Upper,	213	215
Total,	631	631

For the General Assembly.

Locofocos.

	L. M. Ricaud,	S. Tomlinson,	J. T. Briscoe
Lower,	175	148	137
Middle,	172	183	157
Upper,	143	146	164
Total,	490	477	458

For the Levy Court,

	J. Spencer,	D. C. Blackiston
Lower,	149	149
Middle,	172	171
Upper	155	167
	476	487

☞The poll of Mr. Cacy one of the Whig candidates for the Legislature, is smaller than it would have been by a considerable number of votes, but for the fact, that the "cutting," as it is called, fell principally on him, because those who voted split tickets, desired to do as little injury to the party as might be, and of their own accord, generally singled out Mr. C. as the Ajax, who was able to bear it, and hence the apparently reduced poll. There is no man among the men of Kent, for whom the Whigs entertain a sincere or stronger regard, or for whom they would have made more strenuous efforts, nor one of greater popularity.

QUEEN ANN'S.

For Governor,

	Goldsborough, (w.)	Thomas, (l.f)
Dixons'	191	153
Church Hill,	139	189
Centreville,	229	191
Q. Town,	83	110
K. Island,	124	45
	766	688

For Congress.

	Evans, whig.	Carmichael, loco
Dixons'	191	154
Church Hill,	139	189
Centreville,	219	201
Q. Town,	72	121
K. Island,	124	49
	745	714

For the General Assembly,

Whigs.

	P. B. Hopper,	S. T. Harrison,	— Downs
Dixons	191	198	196
Church Hill,	139	149	139
Centreville,	242	228	219
Q. Town,	93	77	74
K. Island,	134	133	127
	799	785	755

For the General Assembly.

Locofocos.

	J. C. Bryan,	G. N. Newnam,	D. Newnam
Dixons	152	149	149
Church Hill,	185	187	182
Centreville,	183	182	191
Q. Town,	124	108	106
K. Island,	42	40	37
	686	668	661

BALTIMORE CITY.

Governor.

Whig		Locofoco	
Goldsborough,	8,735	Thomas	10,301

Congress.

Kennedy,	7,108	McLane,	7,649

Legislature.

Denmead,	8,789	Cohen	10,130
White,	8,737	Ware,	10,240
Yellott	8,684	Cox,	10,208
Hunt	8,712	Gallagher,	10,087
Brown,	8,702	Whyte,	10,232

Congress.

From the following returns it will be seen that our eloquent and talented young Whig, ALEXANDER EVANS, has been triumphantly elected to Congress. He has a majority in every county in the district and in Cecil, the bulwark of our opponents on the Eastern Shore, he has a majority of 250. In the Elkton election district where he resides which has a usual majority of 30 against the Whigs, he leads Mr. Carmichael 90 votes. Mr. Evans is an active and valiant young Whig and will do known to our Congressional District in the House of Representatives:

	Evans' maj.
Caroline,	7
Queen Ann's,	31
Kent,	165
Cecil,	260
Harford,	30
	483

JOHN E. CACY, ESQ.

This gentleman consented to be a candidate at the late election against both his private interest and wishes. He permitted his name to be used because his party desired it, and it is, therefore, but sheer justice to this whole souled and devoted Whig, that the cause of his running behind his ticket in the Lower district should be fully explained.

From the well known and deserved popularity of Mr. Cacy he was supposed to be the strongest man on the Whig ticket, and as such, was cut by those Whigs whose mistaken notions induced them to cast their votes for some one of the Loco Foco Delegates. They believed that Mr. Cacy's election was more certain than any other individual on our ticket, and in striking off his name to indulge in personal preferences, they did not endanger his election, but it was from no indisposition to support Mr. C. and under the circumstances, the poll of Mr. Cacy must be considered gratifying, as it shewed, with all the cutting and splitting that their notions of his popularity and strength were not mistaken ones

AWHIG of the Lweor District.

"Go down to the store," said a lady recently to a negro servant, "and buy me a spool of No. 100 cotton." In a short time the servant returned, and handing two spools to her, said, "they had no 100 cotton, Miss Jane, so I brought two fifties.

CASUALTY.—Mrs. Munjar, an aged lady living in Quaker Neck, fell into the fire on Monday last, and was so badly injured that she died the next day.

☞Mr. Reese J. Bell, of Millington, has sent us a potatoe weighing 2 lbs. 1 oz.—The main potatoe has four others attached, and is a curiosity.

☞We refer our readers to the advertisement of Messrs. Haas and Peale, which will be found in another column.

ARMY NEWS!

Later from Mexico.

Highly interesting Letter—Further particulars of the battle of chapultepec—Santa Anna and his army driven out, and General Scott in full possession of the City of Mexico.

The New York Sun published on Monday evening a letter from a Spanish Mexican in the city of Mexico, to a Spanish house in New York, which gives a more full account of the recent proceedings in Mexico than has reached us from any other quarter. Indeed, its narrative comes down to the 16th, three days later than was received in any of the accounts brought by the James L. Day, at New Orleans, which have been published. This letter, which moreover is Mexican authority, states that Gen. Scott *was in actual possession of the capital.* It is said to have come by way of Orizaba, under cover to Mr. Dimond, at Vera Cruz. We give the following extracts:

CITY OF MEXICO, 19th, 1847.

On the 13th instant the Americans made a demonstration on Chapultepec and the mill of El Rey, but our Generals were prepared for them. * * * Chapultepec, you know, is situated between Cacubya and the city, within cannon shot of the former and some three miles of the latter. It is a bold hill overlooking a vast range of country, which enabled our soldiers to watch every manœuvre of the enemy. It also commands the road from Tacubya to the city, which runs close to its base, and it can only be ascended by a circuitous paved way, which after turning a certain angle, is exposed to the full range of the fortress guns. As the Americans ascended the hill a perfect storm of musket balls and grape shot drove them back with heavy loss. They recovered and advanced again, but were repulsed.

Our troops fought with desperate valor, worthy the character of Mexicans. The enemy also fought bravely—his men seemed like so many devils, whom it was impossible to defeat without annihilation. He made a third and last charge with fresh force an heavy guns, and our gallaut troops having exhausted their grape shot, were forced, very unwillingly to retreat and yield up the fortress, of which the enemy took possession. Our soldiers retreated towards the city, but were unfortunately cut off by a detachment of the enemy's cavalry, and about a thousand were made prisoners, but were soon released, as the enemy had no men to guard them The enemy then opened his batteries on the Mill El Rey, (King's Mill) close upon Chapultepec, which after obstinate fighing and great loss to the Americans, we were obliged to abandon.

The two actions continued over nine hours, and were the severest, considering our small number of soldiers and the enemy's large force, that have been fought.—Our loss in killed and wounded was not more than 300, while the enemy lost over 400, or at least such was the report of deserters from the American camp who came to us in the evening. Seeing that the city would inevitably be attacked, Gen. Santa Anna, during the actions, caused a number a trenches to be cut across the road leading to the city, which were flooded with water. On the morning of the 14th, before daylight; the enemy, with a part of his force, commenced his march upon the city. Our soldiers, posted behind the arches of the aqueducts and several breastworks which had been hastily thrown up, annoyed him so severely, together with the trenches which he had to bridge over, that he did not arrive at the gates until late in the afternoon. Here he halted and attempted to bombard the city, which he did during the balance of the day and the day following, doing immense damage.

In some cases whole blocks were destroyed and a great number of men, women and children killed and wounded. The picture was awful. One deafening roar filled our ears, one cloud of smoke filled our eyes, now and then mixed with flame and amid it all we could hear the various shrieks of the wounded and dying. But the city bravely resisted the hundreds of flying shells. It hurled back defiance to the blood thisty Yankee, and convinced him that his bombs could not reduce the Mexican capital The enemy then changed his plan, and determined to enter the city, where we prepared to meet him.

Having barricaded the streets with sand bags, and provided on the housetops and at the windows all who could bear arms or missiles, stones, bricks, &c, to throw on the heads of the enemy. Before General Scott had fairly passed the gates he found the difficulty of his position. A perfect torrent of balls and stones rained upon his troops. Many were killed and more wounded. Still he kept advancing until he gained the entrance of two streets leading direct to the Plaza.

Finding that he could not oppose himself to our soldiers, and that he was losing his men rapidly Gen. Scott took possession of the convent of San Isador, which extends back to the centre of a block, and at once set his sappers and miners to cutting a way directly through the blocks of buildings. In some instances whole houses were blown up to facilitate his progress; but after several hours he again emerged into the street, and finally regained the Plaza with great loss. On entering the Plaza a heavy fire was opened on him from the Palace and Cathedral, which were filled and covered with our patriotic troops.

Finding himself thus assaulted, the enemy drew out his forces in the Plaza, and opened a cannonade on the Palace and Cathedral, firing over one hundred shots, which did immense damage to the buildings and caused a severe loss of killed and wounded. Seeing further resistance useless, our soldiers ceased firing, and on the 15th of September (sad day!) the enemy was in possession of the Mexican capital.—Though we inflicted havoc and death upon the Yankees, we suffered greatly ourselves.

Many were killed by the blowing up of the houses, many by the bombardment, but more by the confusion which prevailed in the city, and altogether we cannot count our killed, wounded and missing since the action commenced yesterday at less than 4,000, among whom are many women and children. The enemy confessed a loss of over 1,000; it is no doubt much greater.—What a calamity! But Mexico will yet have vengeance. God will avenge us for our sufferings.

Santa Anna has gone with his generals and all the troops he could draw off to Guadalupe. He is said to be wounded severely. We have lost heroic officers and brave men in these two days. I cannot foresee what is to come. Thousands are gathering upon the hills around the city determined to cut off all supplies and starve the enemy who has so audaciously entered it. Gen. Scott may yet find that Mexico is not vanquished. He may find our lakes bursting their barriers, and filling this beautiful valley, to annihitate the infamous Americans.

We scarcely hope, yet do not quite despair. Our brave generals may recover what is lost, and Mexico with her ten millions of people; arise to sweep the invader from the land he has desecrated.

A CUNNING TRICK.

Dr. Walcott, the celebrated Pindar, was an eccentric character, and had a great many queer notions of his own. A good story is told by one of his contemporaries of the manner in which he once tricked his publisher. The latter, wishing to buy the copy right of his works, offered him by letter a life annuity of £200. The doctor, learning that the publisher was very anxious to purchase, demanded £300. In reply, the latter appointed a day on which he would call on the doctor and talk the matter over. At the day assigned, the doctor received him in entire dishabille, even to the night-cap and having aggravated the sickly look of a naturally cadaverous face by purposely abstaining from the use of a razor for some days, he had all the appearance of a candidate for quick consumption. Added to this, the crafty author assumed a hollow and most sepulchral cough, such as would excite the pity of even a sheriff's officer, and make a rich man's heir crazy with joy. The publisher, however, refused giving more than £200, till suddenly the doctor broke out into a violent fit of coughing, which produced an offer of £250. This the doctor peremptorily refused, and was seized, almost instantly, with another even more frightful and longer protracted attack, that nearly suffocated him—when the publisher, thinking it impossible that such a man could live long, raised his offer, and closed with him at £300. The old rogue lived some twenty five or thirty years afterwards!

☞Ex-Counsellor Mathews, of the Yankee blade, gets off the annexed brace of good 'uns:

Isn't it a very queer thing that a man, by *penning* his ideas, *lets them out?* We have bothered our brains an hour on this, and can't unriddle it yet. The milk in the cocoanut is a fool to it.

Reader, did you ever enjoy the ecstatic bliss of courting? If not, you had better get a little *gall an'd-try.*

PILES.—This distressing complaint in all cases proceeds from a want of proper evacuation of the bowels. The foul humors, instead of being thoroughly expelled from the body, are but partially so; a portion being left as it were at the threshold, is the cause of that vexatious complaint called Piles; and is frequently neglected until it ripens into a more horrid form of disease called Fistula.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, of the "North American College of Health," are a true and natural remedy for the above complaint, and will in all cases make a perfect cure; because they effectually cleanse the body from those morbid humors which are not only the cause of Piles, but of every other malady incideut to man.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS—The public are cautioned against the many spurious medicines which in order to deceive, are called by names similar to Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

The only original and genuine Indian Vegetable Pills have the signature of William Wright written with a pen on the top label of each box. None other is genuine, and to counterfeit this is forgery.

The genuine article is for sale by John Russell, Chester Town, and by agents, published in another part of this paper.

☞Fifty years nave passed since Providential occurrences gave rise to the knowledge of one of the most intensely interesting means for the acquisition of health, and cure of Consumptive and Scrofulous Disease ever known. Brant, the magnanimous Indian Chief, at that time imparted the secret of his great remedy to the ancestor of the present proprietor. (See the advertisement for the further illustration of its merit.

Valuable Tavern Property

IN CHESTER TOWN,

FOR SALE.

THE undersigned as agent offers at private sale the Tavern property in Chester Town and the Store House adjoining which belongs to the heirs of the late Rev. Dr. William H. Wilmer.

This property is situated on High street, Chester Town, and is the best tavern stand in the town. It is now occupied by Thomas Lusby, Esq., who will show the premises to any person disposed to purchase.

If it is not sold before, *Saturday the 30th day of October*, it will on that day be offered at public sale on the premises at 11 o'clock in the morning. For terms apply to

JOS. WICKES,
Agent.

Chester Town, Oct. 9, 1847. 4s.



By Sloop Gen. Washington, Capt. Browne

The following are the returns as far as received. Although they are probably some errors, they are no doubt, in the main correct.

FOR GOVERNOR,

	Thomas' maj	Goldsboro' maj.
Harford,	20	
Anne Arundle		5
P. Georges		92
Montgomery		60
Frederick		60
Washington		30
Carroll	331	
Bal. city	1567	
Bal. county	564	
Cecil,	90	
Caroline		8
Kent		153
Q Ann's		78
Talbot	48	
Dorchester		420
Somerset		350
Worcester		56
	2620	1312
	1312	
T's maj.	1208	

Alleghany, Charles and St. Mary's and Calvert to be heard from Mr. Thomas' majority in the State will be from 700 to 800.

In the upper district, it is thought that Roman the Whig candidate for Congress is elected.

The illegal vote in the city of Baltimore has probably carried the election against Mr. Goldsborough.

The House of Delegates will be largely Whig.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.—We sum up the following to show the political complexion of those members of the House of Delegates, of whose election returns have been received:

	1847. Whig.	L. F.
Baltimore city	0	5
Baltimore county	0	5
Cecil	1	3
Anne Arundel	3	2
Carroll	0	4
Frederick	5	0
Kent	3	0
Queen Anne's	3	0
Washington	3	2
Talbot	0	3
Caroline	3	0
Prince George's	4	0
Montgomery	4	0
	29	24

In the last House of Delegates there was 52 whigs and 30 Locofocos; being a clear whig majority of 22 votes. By the above table it will be seen that the Locofocos have gained 3 members, as far as heard from.

CONGRESS.—The following are the members elect as far as heard from:

1st district,	John G. Chapman,	Whig.
2d "	J. Dixon Roman,	whig gain.
3d "	T. W. Ligon,	Loco.
4th "	R. M. McLane,	Loco.
5th "	Alex. Evans,	Whig gain.
6th "	No returns.	

Markets.

Baltimore, Oct'r 8, '47

White wheat—$1 30 to 1 35
Red " —1 20 a 1 25
Yellow corn—65 a 68
White " —63 a 65
Rye—75 a 80.
Oats—40 a 45.

☞We are happy to state that Mr. Fraser, the Daguerrian, who has been seriously indisposed for the last two weeks, will be in his room, at the Masonic Hall, on Monday next.

Oct. 9, '47.

MISS EARLE

HAVING just returned from Philadelphia, has opened a beautiful assortment of ***Dress and Fancy Goods*** of the most fashionable style.

Oct'r 2, 1847.

THE Lord willing a protracted meeting will be holden in the M. P. Church, Chester Town, to commence on Thursday the eleventh of November.

W. ROBY.

October 2, '47.

THE Lord willing a Quarterly Protracted meeting will take place in Worton, in the M. Church, the ninth of October.

W. ROBY.

DISSOLUTION.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between F. & Wm. Tomlinson was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

F. TOMLINSON,
WM. TOMLINSON.

October 1, 1847.

The undersigned respectfully requests all persons indebted to the firm, are hereby notified to close their accounts by the 15th of November, otherwise they will be collected according to law.

F. TOMLINSON.

Oct. 9, 1847.

The subscriber still continues to sail the Gov. Grason and would be thankful for all favors that he may receive.

WM. TOMLINSON.

October 9, 1847.

GLOVES, Hoes, shawls and silk Fringes for sale by

WILMER & NICOLS.

THE PHILADELPHIA

DAGUERREAN GALLERY.

MESSRS. HAAS & PEALE, (formerly D. Haas) are now in town, and respectfully inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Chestertown that they have opened rooms at Mrs. Sarah F. Francis, and their Photographic operations are now ready.—Those wishing a good picture and correct likeness are invited to give an early call, as the subscribers will remain but a short time. The fine specimens to be seen at their rooms will convince those who will honor them with their visits that they are of a more superior order to any heretofore exhibited here. Ladies and gentlemen are invited to visit the rooms, whether they wish pictures or not, their visits will always be welcome. Gentlemen's Residences, Churches, and all other buildings correctly taken. Portraits in oil or water color also copied. As many persons are in possession of pictures badly taken by other operators, the undersigned are willing (for accommodation sake) to exchange them for good ones taken by their late new process, embracing all the improvements of the art, for a moderate price. Instructions given in the new process with all the late improvements, and Chemicals furnished.

October 9th 1847.

A CARD:—The Ladies and Gentlemen of Cambridge, (who have patronised Mr. Haas;) have read his card returning his thanks to his patrons and announcing his intention of leaving Cambridge. They feel it due to Mr Haas to state, thus publicly the high gratification they feel at the great success which has attended his efforts to present the "living faces" of his patrons in this town. They are universally regarded as most perfect specimens of the art Mr. Haas so well understands, and we cordially and with confidence recommend him to the favor of all those who are desirous of dealing with him—we heartily wish him success wherever he may go.

The Ladies and Gentlemen of Cambridge.

MR. HAAS AT CAMBRIDGE—This great artist (the Lion of Daguerreotypists) is still in town, his intention of leaving for Easton three weeks ago proved a failure, as the overflowing run of his business would not allow it. The greatest sensation has been produced amongst the ladies by his pictures. We heard a remark a few days ago which struck us with a great deal of truth in regard to the great skill shown in the taking of these pictures, "that there are many here who before could not bear a daguerreotype, now perfectly admire them, since they have seen the great productions of this artist. His daguerreotypes have got so fashionable that many ladies who were so indisposed that they could not leave their homes have succeeded in obtaining them at their own residences—*Cambridge Chronicle.*

LIST OF LETTERS

In the Post Office, Chester Town, on the 1st October, 1847.

Wm Alston, George Anderson sn, Geo S Ashley.

Samuel Bindrole, Millicent Beck, C V Browne, John Bayerlam.

H S Cooper, G W Crossly, Caroline A Clayton, Capt Wm Chambers, Samuel W Chambers, John Conard, John Claypole, Garretson Clash, Martha M Cooling

Wm W Dugan, James Davis, Esq.

Miss A M Earle, G Ennes, Eliz Elbern.

B Ford, Ann Fuller, Ann Ferguson.

Wm Graves, Milcha Garrett, Godwin & Cole, R A Griffith.

Bartus P Hatcheson, Luther Handy, H W Haight, B T Hanson, J W Ireland.

G M Lavender, James Lynch, Thomas Lee, Saml Letherberry.

H S Mitchell, Miss Ann E Miller.

H A Porter, J W Palmer, D F Pendleton Rosanna Peters, Jos Potter, Primary School No 5.

Mr Roeder, Jos Ringgold, H Robinson, Margaret Roeder, Julia Rickets, Mrs Robt Rose, Wm Rogers.

John Shaffer, Simon Sheppard, Geo W Shut, Saml Smith, W H Straughn, Emily Sanders, Wm Smith, B Start, M E Start.

Louis Titter, Eliz Tilden, Ann Vanlier.

W H Wickes, Mrs Amelia Wroth, Thos Wroth.

Oct'r 9, '47.

NOTICE.

THE members of the "Kent County Medical Society" are hereby notified that the second meeting (first semiannual) of the society will take place at Georgetown Cross Roads, on Wednesday, November 3d, 1847, at 11 o'clock A. M. The members are requested to be punctual in their attendance. Resident physicians of this county desirous of joining the society, are invited to attend.

HARGROVE HINKLEY,
Secretary.

October 9, 1847. 3w

WOOLLEN FACTORY

FOR RENT.

THE subscriber offers for rent for the ensuing year or a term of years his Woollen Factory; it contains the necessary machinery and is well arranged to manufacture Kersey from the wool. A comfortable Dwelling can be had with it, the rent will be moderate and a long lease if requested. For terms apply to

JAMES URIE,
near Chester Town.

9th October, 1847.

FOR sale by Wilmer & Nicols a large lot of Caps of all kinds.

FOR sale by Wilmer & Nicols a lot of coarse lace Boots and long Boots.

FOR sale by Wilmer & Nicols, Collars, Bridles, Martingales, Girth Whips and Saddles, cheap.

BLANKETS from $1 50 to $3 50 per pair for sale cheap by

WILMER & NICOLS.