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THE KENT NEWS

CHESTER TOWN, MD.

Saturday, Dec. 25, 1847.

Christmas.

To-day is a return of an anniversary of a more imposing and important character than any which the annals of a universe can boast. To the Christian it is allied with associations of a most pleasing and interesting kind, linking them to an event, which determined the destiny of a world, and upon which they predicate their hopes of future joys. To the young and gay, the return is looked for with anxiety, because it brings festivity, amusement and pleasure. The school-boy hails it as the guarrantee of a holiyday, and the enjoyment of ease, plenty and of gifts. The smaller children talk, for months of its approach, and seem to count as weeks the tardy days that drag themselves along.—Sweet-meats, and gifts, and toys and innocent amusements are inseparably associated with in imagination.

To all, Christmas is a welcome period, although it comes in an inclement season—all endeavor to think themselves happy and cheerful, and we wish to all a pleasant and happy christmas. But, in the hilarity of the occasion, let all remember the uncertainty of human life—the moral responsibilities of intelligent creatures—the duties and obligations of social life, and of the community. Charity is an attribute of the Deity—let it be exercised by mortals—in relieving the wants of the poor—in alleviating the sgfferings of the afflicted and distressed, and in doing good to others. A christmas gift to the poor, would be a fit offering to a benign and merciful Providence.

May all our friends and patrons live to witness many peaceful returns of a christmas day. May each return find them in enjoyment of health, plenty and happiness. May our country be at peace with the world, and be crowned with the choicest blessings of liberty union and prosperity.

Congress and Mexico.

We give but a limited account of the proceedings of congress. Business seems to be only preparing for action after the holydays. Various resolutions upon the subject of the Mexican War have been introduced, and Mr. Calhoun's are to be taken up on the fourth of January. We learn that the American officers, who have returned from Mexico, venture the opinion that the war seems to be interminable.—We regret to learn that Gen'l Scott has caused Gen'l Worth and Pillow to be arrested for disrespect or contempt. We hope the news is untrue, as unfavorable results may grow out of a snarl among the officers. The rumour is, that since General Taylor's return, the Mexicans are mustering a large Army to attack Gen'l. Wool at Saltillo, and that looking upon victory as impossible while 'Old Rough and Ready,' was in their country they consider his departure as the breaking of the sharm, and a presage of victory to their arms. But if they beat Gen'l. Wool they will have their 'hands full,' although Gen. Taylor's name and presence, are equal to an Army of five thousand men. It is said the Old Hero will make hasty steps back, if he learns from an authentic source that an attack is meditated.

☞A public meeting was held in New York on Monday, to respond to the Resolutions and sentiments of Mr. Clay's recent resolutions and sentiments of Mr. Clay's recent Lexington speech. The Tabernacle, where the meeting was held, was crowded to excess. The chair was occupied by Dudley Selden, Esq., and thirty-six Vice Presidents and eighteen Secretaries were appointed.

On taking the chair Mr. S. addressed the meeting at length, after which a series of resolutions was submitted and adopted heartily approving of the resolutions and Address of Mr. Clay.

☞We learn from the Marlboro' Gazette that Mr. Hendrick Mitchell of Prince George's county was stopped on Saturday night week, on the road leading from Washington to the Long Old Fields and robbed of the sum of $22. The robbers waylaid Mr. M. previous to taking of his money. It was dark and they came upon him so suddenly that he was unable to recognize either of the two persons who attacked him.

CHANCELLOR KENT.—The Members of the Bar in Washington city held a meeting on Friday evening in honor of the memory of the illustrious Chancellor Kent, deceased, and passed the usual resolutions.

☞We would call the attention of the public to the advertisement of MRS. SARAH FRANCIS, in another column.

☞The Riflemen of the Mounted Regiment, now in Washington, gave a superb dinner on Wedeesday evening last to Lt Col. Fremont.

ARMY NEWS!

Important from Mexico.

Proceedings of the Mexican Congress—Gen. Anaya elected President—Appointment of Peace Commissioners—Arrest of Generals Worth and Pillow by Gen Scott, &c.

The schooner Portia, Capt. Wakeham, arrived at New Orleans on Sunday afternoon, 12th instant, having sailed from Vera Cruz, on the 1st inst. We are indebted to the courtesy of a gentleman who came passenger on her for a papers.

The news by this arrival is very important, and first of all, the story about Santa Anna's being at the head of 18,000 men, and threatening and overawing Congress, and the dispatch of Gen. Worth to Queretaro to protect Congress, all turns out to be mere moonshine—no more authentic than General Scott's famous entry into Mexico in the middle of July last. A gentleman thoroughly conversant with Mexican affairs, who came passenger on the Poatia, assures us that from the best information he could obtain he is satisfied, that in place of being in command of eighteen thousand men, Santa Anna has not eighteen hundred, nor even a hundred and eighty followers. With this rumor falls a good deal of very judicious composition upon the renewal of the glories of Napoon, the return from Elba, &c.

The above paragraph from the Picayune alludes to the following statement from the Delta, received by the arrival of the schooner Whig, on the previous day:—

"Dates from the capital to the 24th Nov. had been received at Vera Cruz. Santa Anna, it was said, had issued another *pronunciamento* against the provisional government, and called on the country to organize a force of 50,000 men to renew the war. He was at the head of a stroug force—by some reports 16.000 men, of all arms—and was threatening the Congress, in session at Queretaro, the majority of which was, it was said, strongly inclined to peace. So great were the fears entertained at the capital, of Santa Anna's breaking up the Congress *a la* Cromwell, that Gen. Scott had ordered Gen. Worth, with a strong division to Queretaro to protect its deliberations."

Gen. Anaya was elected President of Mexico on the 11th inst. He has once before been Provisional President. His present term of office extends only to the 8th of January next. He is known to be in favor of peace. In forming his cabinet he continued Mora y Villamil in the war department and made Pena y Penal, late the President, his Secretary of State. The whole administration is in favor of an honorable peace, and one of its first acts was to dispatch a commission to the city of Mexico to reopen negotiations with Mr. Trist. The commissioners were Senors Couto, Artistain and Cuevas, and Gen'l Rincon, the first two having been on the former commission. Mr. Trist's powers had been revoked prior to the arrival of the commission, and as Gen. Scott possessed no powers to treat with them, it is presumed they were referred to our government at Washington.

The next most important intelligence by this arrival is the reported arrest of Gen. Worth, Gen. Pillow and Lieut. Col. Duncan, by Gen. Scott. The verbal report is that letters written by these gentlemen reflecting upon the commander-in-chief have fallen into his possession, upon which he at once arrested them.

LATER.

The Steamship Virginia, Capt. Tucker, arrived at New Orleans on the 13th inst., from Vera Cruz, having left the 7th inst. She brings over eighty discharged and sick soldiers.

Letters received yesterday from Jalapa, say that two teamsters were executed on the 23d for the murder of a young Mexican.

The large train, under the command of Gen. Butler, has nearly all left. The number of men accompanying it is estimated at 8,000. General Scott will soon have from 25,000 to 30,000 men.

We regret to have to announce the death of Lieut. Malahouski, late of the New York Volunteers. He died of the *xomito*.

By the last accounts, Gen. Filzclas was at Queretaro, with a force of 2000 men—The general-in-chief, Bustamente, had yet his headquarters at Guanajuato with an army of 9000.

We find the following particulars relative to the affair with the guerillas in the N. O. Delta of the 12th inst.

On the night of the 24th, Capt. Kerr reached the rancho of Col. Zenobio, where a strong guerilla force was posted, and after a short but decisive conflict, succeeded in killing five of the enemy, and taking five prisoners.

As it was evident that the four men who left camp on the 23d were murdered by a portion of Zenobia's men, (one of the prisoners taken at the rancho on the clothing of one of the missing men,) Captain Kerr proceeded to take ample vengeance on the enemy. The rancho was burned to the ground, and the five guerillas shot!

There were various rumors afloat at Vera Cruz when the Whig left, in relation to a contemplated attack by the Mexicans on some of the posts on the line of the Rio Grade, the most tangible of which was secretly organizing a force to attack the post at Saltillo, now that Gen. Taylor has left.

☞The town of Newbern, in Greene county, North Carolina, was entirely destroyed by a tornado, on Friday week. It passed over Perry and Tuscaloosa sweeping away houses, trees, and killed a Mr. Stokes, and it is presumed others.

CONGRESSIONAL

The most important Resolutions were those introduced by Mr. Botts. They are in substance thet it is the duty of congress:—

1st, To adhere to the national integrity, obey the Constitution, and resist Executive encroachments.

2. That territory acquired by congress is in violation of the Constitution, and in conflict with the genius and spirit of our institutions.

3. That the war with Mexico was not brought on by Mexico.

4. But was brought on by the unauthorized act of the Executive in ordering our Army to Mexican territory.

5. That we have no right to claim indemnity for the expenses of a war brought on by the ill-advised and unprovoked acts of our public functionaries.

6. That the honor of the nation does not require the exaction of territory from Mexico, to which we have no claim, and yielding to Great Britain territory the title to which we declared to be clear and unquestionable.

7. That to exact territory from Mexico would devolve upon us the necessity of making a similar demand in all future wars which would involve us in interminable difficulties.

8. That no more territory can be annexed to the United States by virtue of the war without involving the agitation of domestic difficulties, begetting sectional animosities and weakening the ties that connect us together.

9. That if conquered territory be not the object of the war, we can perceive no good reason for continuing our troops in the heart of the enemy's country, by which their lives are exposed and our resources uselessly expended.

10. That a conquering nation has nothing to apprehend from an exhibition of magnanimity to a defeated foe.

11. That the withdrawal of our troops under preliminary arrangements. offers the only hope of speedy and lasting peace.

12. That our institutions, founded upon the rights of man, repudiate that "might makes right."

13. That if upon the restoration of Peace, it shall be found that we need a harbor on the Pacific, we are able and ought to be willing to purchase it.

14. That it shall be determined by the Representatives of the People that this war shall be further prosecuted, it will then become the duty of men of all parties to furnish all needful supplies to carry on the war with vigor and effect.

When the time came for a vote upon Mr. Richardson's Resolutions (yesterday submitted) all those read for information were shut out. The House, however, by tellers, refused to second the motion for the Previous Quhstion, 102 to 90—and they were thus thrown over to a future day.

Next came perhaps the important vote of the day on the following Resolution introduced by Mr Wentworth, of Illinois, and on which the Previous Question was moved and seconded by a very decisive vote.

Resolved, That the General Government has the power to construct such Harbors and improve such Rivers as are necessary and proper for the protection of our Navy and of our Commerce, and also for the defences of our country.

This Resolution spoke for itself, and in most powerful tones of rebuke to the Executive.

All attempts to get rid of it on the Administration side of the Chamber failed, and it was at last brought to a vote upon the yeas and nays, and the Resolution was adopted by a vote of 138 to 54—one of the most marked and important votes of the Congress, and a direct rebuke to the Executive for his recent Veto.

From the Correspondent of the Balt. Patriot.

Washington, Dec. 20, 1847.

After all, it may be that Mr. Calhoun is more than half right in giving a broad margin to his resolutions against making a conquest of annexing Mexico to the United States. In a brief, but interesting debate, to-day, on the question of fixing a day for the considerction of said resolutions, Mr. Allen asked Mr. Calhoun, in substance, if he was not opposed to the conquest and annexation of any portion of Mexico?—The South Carolinian promptly replied that that was not the question. The true question, whether we should absord that Republic and blot it out of exietence? Gov. Cass attempted to make light of such an idea, and said nobody thought of it! But the Governor, and every body else, well knows that every thing is tending rapidly on to the entire absorption of the Mexican Republic—the whole of it—by the United States. It will not be long before the electioneering battle-cry of Lewis Cass himself will be, "*The whole of Mexico*," as it once was "*The whole of Oregon*." But, if, after that, the Governor finds that political capital can be made, by changing his motto, so as to take less than the whole of Mexico, why, he will roar you as gently for a part as he did, on the Oregon question, for the line of 49, after he had made the hills and forests ring with the roar for 54 30. A man of wonderful accommodating political principles is Lewis Cass!

In the House, to-day resolutions were offered as thick as black-berries, going to show how some of the work which is to be cut out for Congress.

The resolutions which created the greatest interest were those offered by Mr. Richardson, of Illinois, justifying the origin of the war on our part and declared that it ought to be carried on with vigor. The previous question was moved on them, but Mr. Schenck said the subject in one which he desired to debate, and he, therefore, first moved to adjourn, and called for the yeas and nays on the motion, and they were taken and they call was taken. But the House refusing to adjourn by a close vote, he moved a call of the House. On this motion, the yeas and nays were again taken and the call was sustained, before proceeding further in the business, some one moved to adjourn, and the motion was carried. So decided the Spaaker, and the adjournment took place accordingly.

Mr. Pettit's resolutions, in favor of internal improvements, created some stir among the strict constructionists. The resolutions of Mr. Isaac E. Holmes, in favor of requiring the States to return to the National Treasury the surplus of 30,000,000 loaned to them some years ago, and which has been by all of them squandered or paid away, I believe, except by New Hampshire and South Carolina, perhaps, before Congress shall authorise any more loans,—also produced considerable sensation.

The news from Alabama is, that Dixon H. Lewis has been re-elected to the United States Senate. So he will be with Mr. Calhoun on the war question!

POTOMAC.

COMMUNICATIONS.

FOR THE "NEWS."

The Poor.

MR. EDITOR—Winter has at length set in, in good earnest. Within the last week, it has been snowing and hailing! To those who have comfortable houses, and every thing else about them, to protect them from the inclemency of the season, the snow and hail bring no terrors; but how many are there amongst us, who are entirely destitute of even keeping themseves and children from actual suffering? Let the condition of such be looked into by those who have all the comforts of life in abundance and some to spare! Let us not, who are safe and secure from the howling blasts of COLD WINTER, disregard the pitiable and suffering condition of the POOR around us.—Remember "*he that giveth to the poor, lendeth to the Lord.*"

Chestertown, HUMANITY.

FOR THE "NEWS."

Mr. Editor:—The Legislature of Maryland will convene, at Annopolis, on Monday next. *It will be an important session!* The subject of the Registry Law and many other wholesome laws will be passed, to guard and protect the rights of Old Maryland. The Legislature cannot be blind to the *corruption of the ballot-box*, as evinced at the late election in the State. The people expect a remedy for the future, at the hands of their representatives. We have every confidence in our Delegates, and fear not upon this, and every other subject which may claim their attention, they will do their duty. A VOTER.

For the News.

MR. EDITOR—Christmas will soon be here with all its attendant enjoyments.—Enjoyments! did I say? Ah yes, to the young & buoyant hearted, thou art a joyous season! Well, be it so. But child of sorrow, come hither. Let us mark well the lines which Times' strange finger has furrowed on thy once youthful brow, and list to the deep sad throbbings of a heart that years long since filled with joy and delight! The sports of Christmas then were thine!—where are they now?—faded and gone!

But away with melancholy! Christmas will come, and may young and old spend it pleasantly and profitably:

Begone dull CARE, I prithee begone,
Or put a few smiles, just for novelty on,
You can't stay here with your visage so long,
For you know very well the merry old song,
That "Christmas comes but once a year,
And when it comes it brings GOOD CHEER."

Drive away every care at so sacred a season,
Let it pass in festivity—always in reason,
Drink a glass of ——, and think it no wrong—
And tell an old story, and sing an old song,
But forget not your homage, with rapture to pay,
To HIM who was born on a CHRISTMAS DAY!

GOOSE SHAVER.

ITEMS OF NEWS.

On Wednesday night, while the workmen on the Portland and Montreal Railroad were engaged on the masonry of the bridge at Presumscot river, in raising a heavy stone, the derrick fell and struck one of the laborers, named Barret, on the head, killing him almst instantly.

Maior John P. Gaines, member of Congress elect from the 10th congressional district, has arrived at his residence in Boone county. After remaining a few days will leave for Washington to take his seat in Congress.

A TIGRES.—We notice in an English paper that a jealous wife recently tied her husband in bed while he slept, and then poured boiling water over him. When arraigned for trial, which resulted in transportation for life, she boldly confessed the crime.

The Halifax Courier, says, that Abraham Tagg, the unhappy young soldier who was tried last week for a violent assault upon the woman he loved, has breathed his last. After being conveyed to the hospital, he tore open the yet unhealed wound in his neck.

The question was recently started in one of our Courts, whether marriage contracts entered into on Sunday were valid.—The Judge and counsel all agreed, however, that they would be valid, as coming under the head of "works of necessity or charity."

Mr. Parsons, the proprietor of the Carleton House at Albany, on opening his bar-room early ons last week, was knocked down by a man who had applied for admission, and robbed of $118 in bank notes. Mr. P. was injured severdly but not serlously.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—Seventy thousand dollars have been subscribed to the stock of this road company, at Hollidaysburg.

Mr. Wideman, of Abbeville District, S. Carolina, was recently murdered by his own negroes.

DURING the year ending the 1st Nov. last, fifty-six Steamboats were built in Pittsburg, their aggregate tonnage being 9,564. This shows an increase over the tonnage of the previous year of 1.003 tons.

RAIN.—During the past week, we have had rain, in copious, but far from refreshing, streams. Our streets are consequently in a most delectable condition. The Potomac was for a short time very much damage, as the late freshets had left very little to do. On Wednesday there was a threat of snow. On Thursday it succeeded. The winter, thus far, has been very open.—*Cumb. Civ.*

A DISTRESSING accident occurred in the vicinity of Newark (N. J.) on Saturday last. A man and his wife, named Hamburg, of Bloomfield, were proceeding in a wagon—he drove up a steep bank at the height of about ten feet, when the vehicle overturned; a barrel of flour in the wagon is supposed to have fallen on the woman, fracturing her skull, and killing her almost instantly. She had at the time a child in her arms, which was miraculously saved from injury. The husband was drunk.

An intemperate man returned to his house in Philadelphia a few days since, and commenced demolishing every thing that came in his way. In his fury he hurled a chair against the wall, a fragment from which struck one of his children, inflicting an injury that proved fatal. The criminal father made an attempt to bury the child without a coroner's inquest, but the neighbors interfered, and there is to be a full investigation of the case.

A cotton factory, with 1,000 spindles, has just commenced operations in Fredericksburg, Va.

AN AFFRAY occurred at St. Louis on the 15th instant, in which Mr. Harrington, the celebrated circus rider, attached to Rockwell's Circus, shot Hiram Franklin, a member of the same equestrian troupe. Franklin's wound was slight. Harrington afterwards committed suicide by shooting himself twice through the side.

GEN. TAYLOR, AT HOME.

We learn from the Baton Rouge Advocate, of the 8th inst., that Gen. Taylor arrived there on Sunday night week, at 11 o'clock.

At noon, on the day following, says the advocate, hundreds of our fellow citizens, both from the town and country—many of them old friends and acquaintances of the General—formed in procession, headed by the soul stirring fife and drum, and marched to the residence of the General, who made his appearance, and received any amount of cheering from the enthusiastic crowd. D. D. Avery, Esq., in behalf of the citizens, addressed the General in a neat, pertinent and impressive speech, extending to him the hospitalities and cordial welcome of the town and parish, and conveying in fit terms the high appreciation and admiration enterained by the inhabitants for his distinguished services in the battles of his country.

The General responded with a warmth of feeling and expression, which showed a deep acknowledgement for the attention and honors tendered him.

We learn that the General will depart in a few days for his farm, up the river, but will shortly return, and spend the most of his spare time with his family.

By Sloop Gen. Washington, Capt. Browne.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

Baltimore, Dec. 22, '47

White wheat—$1 40 to 1 45
Red " 1 30 a 1 35
Yellow corn—62 to 64
White do. 60 a 63.
Rye—85 to 90.
Oats—40 a 44.
Fam. flour—$8 00
Extra " —$7 50.
Sup. " —$6 75.

The violence of our changes in climate produces an aggravation of many diseases, but more particularly of that class usually denominated Pulmonary or Consumptive, and Scrofulous. The patient inquiry and profound observation of the Indians is exemplified in the wondrous effects of Brant's Remedies, which eradicate wholly the symptoms and effects of those scourges of our race. Reference is particularly made to the advertisement in another part of the paper.

THE Lord willing the Rev. W. Roby, will preach in the M. P. Church, to-day, (Saturday), at 10½ o'clock, A. M.
dec. 25, '45.

In Chancery,
18 December, 1847.

ORDERED, that the sale of the real estate of Wm. Stevens, made and reported by the Trustee George Vickers, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shewn to the contrery, on or before the 18th day of February next. Provided, a copy of this order be published in some newspaper in Kent county, once in each of three successive weeks, before the 31st day of January next.

The report states the amount of sales to be $1801 00.

True copy. Test,
LOUIS GASSAWAY,
Reg. Cur. Can.
dec. 25, '47—3w.

In Chancery,
18th December, 1847.

ORDERED, that the sale of the real estate of Pere Rhodes, deceased, made and reported by the Trustee George Vickers, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shewn to the contrary, on or before the 18th day of February next. Provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper in Kent county, once in each of three successive weeks before the 31st day of January next.

The report states the amount of sales to be $200 00.

True copy, Test;
LOUIS GASSAWAY,
Reg. Cur. Can.
dec. 25, '47—3w.

A Supply of GREEN GINGER, for *preserving*, just received and for sale by
sep 28 J. L. STAM.

REMOVAL!

MRS. S. FRANCIS,

WOULD embrace this opportunity of informing her friends and the public generally, that she has REMOVED to the commodious and convenient house, situated on High Street, recently occupied by Dr. Cruikshank, where she would be pleased to acsommodate a few Ladies and Gentlemen with **BOARD**, by the week, month, or year. She will endeavor to please and render satisfaction to those who may favour her with their patronage. She returns her sincere thanks for past favors and would most respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

☞N. B.—*Her terms are moderate.*
December 25—3w.

WHEREAAS, William A. Gibson, of Kent county, hath this 21st day of December, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, given notice to me, one of the Justices of the peace of the State of Maryland, in and for said county that on the 17th day of the present month; he took up and secured a four oared boat, built yawl fashion; painted white, with blue stripe around the waist.

Witness my hand and seal this day and year aforesaid.

WM. S. LASSELL, [Seal]

Notice.

The owner of said boat is hereby requested to prove his property, pay costs and charges, and take her away.

WM. A. GIBSON.
dec. 25, '47.—3w 1 50

CHRISTMAS.

JOHN L. STAM, respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has just returned from the city, with a variety of

Confectionary &c.,

which he will sell at reduced prices for cash.

Also, Groceries, Medicines, China & Crockery Ware, Hardware, Oils, Powder and Shot, &c. &c.
dec. 18, '47.

TO RENT.

A Stable, Carriage House, &c. in Church Alley, will be rented very low. Apply to MRS. S. FRANCIS.
dec. 4. '47.

PERSONAL DISCHARGE.

Kent County, Set.

On the application of John L. Clothier, of Kent county, by petition in writing to Edward Wilkins, one of the Justices of the Orphans' Court of Kent county, stating that he was in confinement for debts which he was unable to pay, and praying me to grant to him the benefit of the insolvent laws of this State, a schedule of his property, estate and effects, and a list of his creditors and debtors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his petition, and the said John L. Clothier having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years next preceding the time of his application within the State of Maryland, and I having appointed Elijah Dailey, a Trustee for the benefit of the creditors of the said John L. Clothier, and the said Trustee having given bond with security approved by me for the faithful performance of his said trust, and the said Trustee being in possession of all the property, estate and effects of the said insolvent debtor, (the necessary wearing apparel and bedding of himself and family excepted) for the benefit of his creditors, I Edward Wilkins, Justice of the Orphans' Court of Kent county, do hereby grant a personal discharge to the said Isaac Sinn, and I do hereby appoint and fix the first Wednesday in the next March term of Kent county Court for the appearance of the said John L. Clothier, to answer such interrogatories as may be propounded by any of his creditors, and do also appoint and fix the first Wednesday in the next March term of the said Court, for the final hearing of the said application, and do also order that the said John L. Clothier, by causing a copy of this notice and order to be inserted in one of the newspapers printed on the Eastern Shore of the State of Maryland, once a week for three successive months, before the first Wednesday in the next March term of Kent county Court, give notice to his creditors to appear before the said Keat county Court on the first Wednesday in the next March term of the said Court to shew cause if any they have why the said Isaac Sinn should not have the benefit of this insolvent Laws as prayed.

EDW'D WILKINS.
dec. 18, 1847. 3m

In Chancery,

9th *December*, 1847.

Ordered that the sale of the real Estate of Thomas B. Keatting made and reported by the Trustee, George Vickers, be ratified and confirmed unless cause be shewn to the contrary, on or before the 9th day of February next, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper in Kent county, once in, each of three successive weeks before the 20th day of January next.

The Report states the amount of sales to be $315,00.

True Copy—Test,
LOUIS GASSAWAY,
Dec 18—3w. Reg. Cur. Can.

Fire Notice.

THE members of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company, of Kent county are requested to meet at the Court House in Chester Town, on Monday, January 3d, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors. The present Board of Directors are requested to meet at 10 on the same day. It is hoped there will be a full attendance.

By order of the President,
GEO. B. WESTCOTT,
Secretary.
Dec. 18