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THE NEWS.

CHESTER TOWN, MD.

Saturday, April 8, 1848.

AGENTS:

V. B. Palmer, N. W. corner of Third and Chesnut st; E. W. Carr, No 440 N. Fourth sts. Philadelphia, and Wm. Thompson, S. E. corner of Baltimore and South streets, Baltimore, are our authorised agents, to receive Advertisements and Subscriptions for the Kent News, and collect and receipt for the same.

☞The unusual number of advertisements, has crowded out a great many articles we had prepared for our paper this week.

☞It will be seen by reference to the advertisement, that the Rough and Ready Meeting, which was to take place this afternoon at 3 o'clock, is postponed to Saturday next, 15th inst.

Death of Hon. J. A. Black.

It is our melancholy duty to record the death of another member of the 30th Congress. The Hon. James A. Black, of South Carolina, is no more! He died in Washington on Monday night, surrounded by his wife, son, and brother, and the South Carolina delegation. He remained sensible until within an hour or two of his death, although not able to speak since early in the evening. This distressing event, though looked for almost momentarily for several days past, will not fail to penetrate the hearts of his numerous friends and acquaintances with the profoundest grief.

Connecticut Election.

SUCCESS OF THE WHIGS.

The annual election which took place on Monday in Connecticut, was for the choice of a Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and, other State officers, and members of both branches of the Legislature, on which body, at its next session, will devolve the election of two United States Senators—one in the place of the Hon. J. M. Niles, (loco.) whose term expires, and the other for the seat now held by a Whig under an appointment from the Governor.

The returns received show that the whigs have carried the State, electing Clark Bissell, governor, all the State officers, and majorities in both branches of the legislature. The Senators elected stand 17 whigs to 4 locos, and the House 80 whigs to 54 locos, leaving 15 towns without choice. Whig majority on joint ballot 39.

DISTRESSING AFFAIR—Mr. Joseph L. Ritchie, proprietor of an extensive vinegar establishment, in Philadelphia, was awakened Monday morning by the sound of groans and cries on the premises. He instantly arose, and on searching his vats, found a colored man in one of them. In endeavoring to assist the unfortunate man out, being stifled with the noxious effluvia or gas rising from the fluid, he also fell in himself, and in that situation both perished.

☞The Marine Bank, of Baltimore, has declared a half yearly dividend of three and a half per cent. payable on the 11th inst.

Of 106,000 emigrants, says the Liverpool Mercury, who lately crossed the Atlantic for America, 6000 perished during their voyage, 4100 on their arrival, 5200 were sent to the hospital, and of those who settled in the towns 1900 died.

THE LATE MR. ASTOR.—The estimates of the value of his property are various.—Those knowing his affairs best, placing it at $30,000 000, and some as high as even 60,000,000. His income on a moderate estimate must have been of late, $2,000,000 a year, or $166,000 a month, which is about 41,506 a week, $5,760, $240 an hour and $4 a minute.

☞HUNG.—James P. Langford, who was tried for the murder of his wife in Bradford county, Pa., last year, was hung at Towanda on Friday, the 7th of April inst, his death warrant having at length been signed by the Governor.

☞The Locofocos of Florida have nominated Gen. Wm. Baily for Governor; they have also appointed delegates to Baltimore, who are understood to be in favor of Judge Woodbury.

MURDER OF A WIFE—The Wheeling Argus reports the horrible murder by M. W. Whalen, aged about 40, of his wife, on ... last. He stabbed her in the back just ... the right arm, with a clasp knife, which caused ... death in a few minutes. Jealousy is said ... have been the moving cause.

TAXABLE PROPERTY IN MA.RYLAND.—We learn that the amount of property in this State, upon which a direct tax is levied, is estimated at 190,723,768.

Scott and his Enemies.

Among the many rash and pitiful acts, unworthy the justice and manliness of the American character, which must hereafter rise up in judgment against the present Administration,—and which assuredly *will* rise up, when the indignation of the country at last awakens a conscience which can only be reached by punishment—we cannot but consider its treatment of General Scott as the meanest and most inexpiable. If we should concede that the public interest cannot be injured by the sudden degradation of the general-in-chief in the presence of the Mexicans whom he has overthrown—and we are not sure that it may not be yet injured in consequence—we should still be compelled to view the act as one of incomparable malevolence, if we regarded only the persons who committed it, and of unparalleled ingratitude, could we suppose the country in any way involved in its prepetration. It is, however, a wrong of persons: the country has had nothing to do with—it will have something to do in bringing to a reckoning of shame the officials who have wielded the power of the republic only to injure one who has deserved its highest honors.

We have expressed our sentiments on this transaction before, and should have little inclination to reiterate them, but for the renewal of our indignation, raised by the perusal of the correspondence between Mr. Marcy and General Scott, which we find in the New York Courier and Enquirer of yesterday,—a correspondence which we do not think any American, with his heart in the right place, can read without some kindling emotions of a very contradictory character. There are but three letters, two from the Secretary of War, both dated on the 13th of January, the third from Scott himself, dated on the 9th of February, but written before the Secretary's favors had reached him. Mr. Marcy's first letter is a long one, informing Scott of the dismission of his charges against General Worth, of the resolution to substitute a mere court martial which Scott had demanded for the trial of General Pillow and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Duncan, and of the President's determination to relieve those officers, as well as General Worth, from the arrest under which Scott had placed them. The second letter, of the same date, conveyed the orders to Scott to surrender the command of the army to Major General Butler, and to "attend" the court of inquiry which was to examine into the charges against Pillow, Duncan and himself; and then, after his presence before, or his attendance upon, the court should be no longer required, to report in person at the department for further orders.

The third letter is Scott's, written, as we said, before Marcy's had arrived, but not before Scott was informed, through slips from newspapers and President had determined to place him before a court "for daring to enforce military discipline" against high officers.

If any body but a very slave of party can read Mr. Marcy's first mentioned letter to Scott without the conviction that it furnishes in itself the best evidence of a wilful and deliberate intent to injure Scott—to deny him every right, and to do him every right and to do him every wrong,—we shall think the worse, not of human nature, but of the influence of party bondage in hardening the sympathies of humanity to iron and brass. The letter is too long and too worthless for our columns. It is the special plea of a vindictive attorney, engaged in the noble effort to make the worse appear the better reason. It is an argument to prove—and excellently does it prove, to the entire satisfaction, doubtless, of Secretary Marcy—that, as two officers had 'preferred charges against each other, the one a commanding, the other a subordinant general, it must be better for the public interest and more seemly,—instead of trying or dismissing both sets or charges,—to dismiss those against the subordinate, and try those against the commander.

We only note, that Mr. Marcy substitutes a court of inquiry for the examination of the charges against Pillow and Duncan, from a lively apprehension of "the serious detriment which the public interest must unavoidably suffer by withdrawing, *at the present crisis*, for so long a time as the trial will be likely to last, from their important commands and staff duties, so many general officers to constitute the court," but he has no fear of the serious detriment that may arise, at such a crisis, from degrading the Commander-in-Chief. There was no fear except of losing what seemed an excellent opportunity to clip the wings of an old eagle of victory, whose flight was too high for political envy to endure, to smite away from the crest of a hero some of those too glorious laurels, which

—— "made him fear'd,
So hated, and so banish'd."

Did the world of the Eastern Empire huzzah at the heels of Belisarius marching in triumph, or Belisarious in chains and disgrace? The only mistake that Secretary Marcy made, was in confounding the free American people with the same subjects of the imperial Justinian. Belisarius, smiled on by the court, never received a triumph half so glorious as that the American people will accord to the disgraceful conqueror of Mexico. Wait but a moment, until his foot strikes once more upon the soil of his country!

We copy General Scott's letter, because it is brief, because it is dignified, because it goes right to the heart of every reader who loves his country and those who have served her as Scott has served her.

HEAD-QUARTERS OF THE ARMY
MEXICO, February 9, 1848.

Sir—I have received no communication from the War Department of the Adjutant General's office, since my last report, (N. 44,) dated the 2d instant; but slips from newspapers and letters from Washington have come to interested parties here, representing, I learn, that the President has determined to place me before a court, for "enforce necessary discipline in this army against certain of its high officers I make only a passing comment upon these unofficial announcements; learning, with pleasure, through the same sources, that I am to be superseded by Major General Butler. Perhaps, after trial, I may be permitted to return to the United States. My poor services with this most gallant army are at lenghth to be requited as I have long been led to expect they would be.

WINFIELD SCOTT.

To the Hon. Secretary of War.

We had almost exclaimed, read *that*, Mr. Marcy! But Mr. Marcy has read it. He has also read his own letter, and, we suppose, with much greater pleasure and admiration. We can imagin, that when those two letters were written, the authors paused a moment, each to muse over the coming times when the freshly written sheets should have grown the records of history. Did Secretary Marcy look a hundred years ahead, asking what posterity might think of *him*, who, by a few lines of his pen, had suddenly arrested the proud career of a great general at the head of his army?—We can see, as in a dream, posterity looking surprised; the name of Marcy puzzles it; but some book-worm relieves the difficulty, and there is a general murmer,—"oh, ay, Marcy! there *was* a Marcy he was a Secretary at War; it was he who had the honor of insulting and ill-treating the famous general, Winfield Scott!"—North Amer. & U. S. Gaz.

The Militia Law.

The following resolutions were passed by the last Legislature of Maryland, reviewing the existing militia laws, by which regular parades, are to be observed:

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the commanding officers of the several military divisions, brigades, regiments and companies in the State of Maryland, be and they are hereby ordered and required to enroll or caused to be enrolled, their several and respective commands, on or before the fourth day of July next, and report return of the same to the Adjutant General of Maryland, on or before the first day of September next

Resolved, That the name of any militia officer of this State failing to comply with the above requisitions, shall be stricken from the roll of militia appointments in this State.

Resolved, That the commission of any militia officer in this State who does not provide himself with the necessary and proper uniform for his rank and command on or before the 1st day of October next, and so report to the Adjutant General of this State, is hereby declared to be vacated and his name stricken from the roll.

ARMY NEWS!

Arrival of General Twiggs—The Court Martial—The charges against General Scott and Col. Duncan withdrawn—&c., &c.

By an extra of the New Orleans Picayune of the 29th ult., the Washington Union learns that the steamship New Orleans had arrived there with dates from Vera Cruz to the 15th, and from the city of Mexico to the 21st ult.

The difficulties between Gens. Worth and Scott had been removed. Mr. Trist was detained at the city of Mexico as a witness in the court of inquiry. Gen. Scott leaves for the United States as soon as the court shall have adjourned.

Gen. Twiggs and a number of other officers are passengers in the New Orleans.—Col. H. Wilson succeeds Gen. Twiggs as governor of Vera Cruz.

No more supplies than are actually necessary are now being sent up into the interior, in view of the immediate withdrawal of their troops.

A court martial sat in session at the Palace on the 16th ult.; on the next day, after a short private session, the court announced its readiness to proceed to its deliberations. Gen. Scott asked what persons were the accused parties, and what subjects were to be investigated. The order for the assembling of the court was then read, and the court examined the charges of General Scott against Pillow and Duncan also the complaints of Worth against Scott, and designated the time and place of meeting, and other preliminaries. Gen. Scott expressed his desire that all interested parties should be present particularly Col. Duncan, as some remarks would be made which would concern him. Gen. S also inquired whether any other persons were embraced in the order as accused parties. The court deliberated privately half an hour, and then replied that no other parties were accused. Gen. S. then made a short speech, speaking feelingly of being struck down, at a distance from home, from a high and elevated command, and of finding himself suddenly placed as the chief criminal—the accused had become his accusers. The president of the court admonished General Scott that such remarks infringed on the rules, and he took his seat.—The court then adjourned till the next day. The court expresed its readiness to investigate the charges of Worth against Scott, when a letter was read from Gen. W., stating that for the welfare of the service, he wished to withdraw his accusation, in his appeal against Scott; after reading the paper, the doors were closed, and when re-opened, the court announced its determination to suspend proceedings in that matter.

The court then proceeded to the case of Col. Duncan, with a view to save time, and Scott insisted on reading documents relating to the charge against Duncan, which the court refused.

The accusations against Duncan were subsequently withdrawn by Gen. Scott.

☞The question of the legality of the arrest, by the Sergeant-at arms of the United States Senate, of the correspondent of the New York Herald, Mr. Nugent who furnished the Mexican treaty for publication has been brought before Chief Judge Cranch, at Washington, on a writ of *habeas corpus*.

☞The Washington Union States that General Shields has left that city for the West, on his way to Tampico, of which he has been appointed governor and commander.

The same paper says that Col. John Garland has just left Missouri, to take command of the third military department, where the movements of the Indians will require his energies to repress them.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CONFERENCE.

☞The following appointments for the Easton District were made on Thursday last:—

EASTON DISTRICT.
J. T. Hazzard, P.E.

Middletown & Cant'l's Bridge, J. Henry.
Smyrna, James Mc Carter,
Smyrna Ct., T. Sumption. D. Price,
Dover, James Allen, Edward, G Asay,
Frederica, L. M. Prettyman, S. Grace,
Milford, J. Flannery. One to be sup.
Denton, John Bell, J. Hough. E. J. Way
Caroline, Joseph Aspril, J. Nicols, sup.
Talbot, D. Lamdin, J. Dickerson,
Easton, T. J. Quigley, C. J. Thompson.
Centreville, B. F. Price, S. G. Hare.
Churchhill, H. Sutton, J. Pasterfield,
George Barton, sup.
Kent, E. R. Williams, Thos. J. Burrows.
Millington, Wm. L. Grey, Wm. Mager.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

BY SLOOP GEN. WASHINGTON.

Baltimore, April 7, '48.

Wheat white—$1 40 to 1 45.
" red—1 30 to 1 35.
Yellow corn—44 a 45.
White do. 43.
Rye—73.
Oats—32 to 35.

DIED.

In this place, on the 6th inst., Miss Sarah Skirven, age about 85 years.

Near this place, on the 1st inst. Mr. Dan'l Sparklin.

POSTPONED

ROUGH & READY MEETING!

ALL persons favorable to the elevation of Gen. ZACHARY TAYLOR, to the Presidency, WITHOUT PARTY DISTINCTION, are respectfully requested to meet at the Court House, in Chester Town, on **SATURDAY** next, the 15th inst., at 3 o'clock, P. M., to appoint delegates to attend the Taylor Convention, to be held in Baltimore on the 26th April, inst., and for other purposes.

April 8, '48.

WASHINGTON COLLEGE.

AN examination of the STUDENTS in Washington College, will be held on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 17th, 18th and 19th of April, commencing at 9 A. M., and continuing till 5 P. M. each day, with an intermission from 12 till 2 P. M. Parents and Guardians of the students, and all persons, interested in the cause of Education, are respectfully invited to attend.

April 8, 1848.

LEVY COURT NOTICE.

The Levy Court of Kent county will meet at the Court House, in Chester Town, on Tuesday the 11th and Wednesday the 12th inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M., and will continue to meet at the same time and place and hour every Tuesday and Wednesday, until the 26th of June next for the purpose of altering and correcting the accounts of such persons as have sold, alienated, or transferred, any assessable property, since the first day of June last, and also for the purpose of attending to any other business that may come before them. After the 21st day of June next no alteration whatever will be made in the assessment.

The Levy Court particularly requests all Supervisors and Constables, to bring in their accounts and renew their books on or before the 1st Tuesday in May next, and that all supervisors report the number of gates on their respective roads. All supervisors and constables neglecting this notice will be considered as resigned or refused to serve in the office to which they have been appointed and the Court will proceed to fill the vacancy.

The Levy Court will require all accounts presented to said Court, to be under oath (which oath can now be administered by the Court,) and the several items chargeable in the same to be made out at length; and all new applications for pensions to be made by petition in writing, stating the residence, condition, circumstances of the applicant, and signed by one or more persons having a knowledge of the facts therein set forth.

The Court will require all new applicants for the office of Constable, to file their application in writing, with the clerk to the Levy Court, and also a recommendation from the citizens of their immediate neighborhood, stating that the applicant is a suitable person to fill said office, and that public convenience requires said appointment.

Agreeable to an act of the General Assembly, entitled "An act for the revaluation of the real and personal property in Kent county," passed at December session 1834, is enacted, viz:—"That if any Executor, Guardian or Trustee, shall hereinafter fail to inform the Commissioners of Tax—or Levy Court—of the transfer of any property belonging to any deceased person, ward, or estate in trust, of which he or she may be Executor, Administrator, or Guardian or Trustee, shall be liable for the tax on the same; until the Commissioners of Tax—or Levy Court—shall be properly notified of such transfer.

J. F. GORDON,
Cl'k Levy Court of Kent county.
April 3, '48.

NEW GOODS.

Cheaper than they have ever been sold in Kent county.

Calicoes at 6¼ worth 10 cts.—muslin only 3 cts. good y'd wide b'n and bl'd muslins 6¼

T. W. ELIASON

HAS just returned from Baltimore and Philadelphia with a large stock of SPRING & SUMMER GOODS which he is confident he can sell (for cash or produce) much lower than they have ever been sold in the county.

His stock is much larger than usual embracing a good assortment of broad cloths, casemeres; fine satin, silk and marseilles vestings, gambroons, and a great variety of cotton and linen summer stuffs for men's and boys wear, at 10 to 50 per cent below previous rates—*Come and see.* Also a handsome assortment of *Dress Goods for the Ladies*; fine p'd and p'n lustres; lama plaids; delanes; ginghams, 16 to 37½, painted and gingham lawns, with the largest assortment of the prettiest and cheapest calicoes he ever offered the public—☞*Come and see.* Very fine long cloth shirting 10 to 12½; irish linens; linen and cotton towel and table diapers; cambric, swiss, book and plaid muslins; laces, edgings, etc.; heavy lowell drilling 12½; osnaburgs; checks; tickings; very heavy pl'd domestics and a large stock of other foreign and domestic goods.

Fur, silk, leghorn and manilla hats; caps, shoes; queensware, tinware; hardware; saddles; bridles; collars; ropes, etc. all at prices that will give satisfaction. He has laid in a very large stock of GROCERIES, and is determined to offer the community inducements to buy their supplies at home, instead of sending to Baltimore. He has fine N. O., P. R., white refined and loaf sugars; Rio, Laguayra and Java coffee; molasses; sup. O. H., Imp., G. P., Y. H. and black Teas; soap, candles, bacon, flour and a general assortment of other Groceries.

As it is impossible to designate the quality of articles in an advertisement, he thinks it best at present not to publish a general list of prices, that he may have the pleasure of disappointing his customers when they see his goods at prices, so much below the usual rates. ☞*COME & SEE.*

Chester Town, April 8, 1848.

ESTATE OF MORDECAI DILLEHUNT.

Maryland, Kent co., Orphan's Court, April 4th, 1848.

ON the application of John McDaniel, Administrator of Mordecai Dillehunt, late of Kent co., deceased.

Ordered, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in the Kent News, printed in Chester Town.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid, I have hereunto set my hand and SEAL said, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of my office affixed, this 4th day April, 1848.

Test,
EBEN'R WELCH,
Register of Wills for Kent county.

In compliance with the above Order this is to give notice, that the subscriber, of Kent county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, Maryland, letters Administration on the personal estate of Mordecai Dillehunt, late of Kent county dec'd. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the 28th of October, 1848, they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand, this 4th day of April, 1848.

JOHN McDANIEL,
Adm'r of Mordecai Dillehunt, dec'd.
April 8—3w.

ESTATE OF RICHARD REED.

Md. Kent county, Orphans' Court, April 4, 1848.

On application of Thomas Stephens, Adm'r. of Richard Reed, late of Kent co. dec'd,

Ordered, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in the Kent News, printed in Chester Town.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid, I have hereunto set my hand (Seal,) and the seal of my office affixed, this 4th day of April, 1848.

Test, EBEN. WELCH,
Register of Wills for Kent county.

In compliance with the above Order this is to give notice, that the subscriber, of Kent county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of Richard Reed, late of Kent co. dec'd. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the 28th of October, 1848, they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 4th day of April, 1848.

THOMAS STEPHENS,
Admr. Richard Reed, dec'd.
April 8, '48 — 3w

ESTATE OF JAS. L. RUTH.

Maryland, Kent co. Orphan's Court, April 4, 1848.

On the application of Mary Ruth, Ex'x of James L. Ruth, late of Kent co. dec'd.

Ordered, that she give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate and that the same be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in the Kent News printed in Chester Town.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid, I have hereunto set my hand [Seal.] and the seal of my office, affixed this 4th day of April, 1848.

Test, EBEN. WELCH,
Register of Wills for Kent county.

In compliance with the above Order this is to give notice, that the subscriber of Kent county hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, Maryland, letters Testamentary, on the personal estate of James L. Ruth, late of Kent county, dec'd. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the 28th of October, 1848 they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand, this 4th day of April, 1848.

MARY RUTH,
Adm'r of James L. Ruth, dec'd
April 1, 1848.

JOHN MOODY'S ESTATE.

Dividend Notice.

BY Order of the Orphans' Court of Kent county, the creditors of

JOHN MOODY,

late of said county, deceased, are hereby notified to file their claims against the said John Moody, dec'd, with the Register of Wills of Kent county on or before TUESDAY, *25th day of April next*, and to attend before the Orphan's Court of said county, on TUESDAY, 2nd MAY, 1848, when a dividend on the personal estate of said deceased will be made and paid according to law.

HUGH WALLIS, Adm'r,
of John Moody, dec'd.
April 8, 1848.

JOHN DULING'S ESTATE.

Dividend Notice.

BY Order of the Orphan's Court of Kent county, the creditors of

JOHN DULING,

late of said count, deceased, are hereby notified to file their claims against the said John Duling, deceased, with the Register of Wills of Kent county, on or before the TUESDAY, the 25th of April next, and to attend before the Orphan's Court of said county, on TUESDAY, 2nd of MAY, 1848, when a dividend on the personal estate of said deceased will be made and paid according to law.

JOHN LEE, Adm'r.
of John Duling, dec'd
April 8, '48.

Brick-Laying, Plastering,

STONE MASONRY, &C.

THE subscriber returns his thanks to a generous public for the encouragement he has received and elicits a continuance of the same. He is now prepared to do work at the shortest notice, in a manner which cannot fail to give satisfaction.

In addition to the above business he is prepared to build

Lime Kilns,

in the best manner, and at prices, which cannot fail to please.

He would most earnestly invite all who may wish work done, in Kent or the adjacent counties, to give him a call. All orders directed to him Chestertown, or left at the Printing Office, will meet with prompt attention.

MICHAEL MILLER.
April 8, '48. tf

List of Letters,

Remaining in the Post Office Chestertown April 1, 1848.

Apsley, Wm.	Hodges, Mrs. E.
Anderson, Wm.	Howard, Mrs. M. H.
Austin, Michael	Knotts, Jas
Anderson, J. W.	Kendall, Thos. B.
Baker, Francis	Kennard, John A.
Browne, Morgan	Lewis, John G.
Bucharach, E.	Lucas, E. L.
Busick, L. A.	Lega. Mary Ann
Boyer, Maria	Maxwell, Dr. Wm.
Burguess, V.	McClean, Jas. A.
Bently, John	McKenny, Jno,
Beck, (of Jno) Jas.	Neal, Sarah R.
Beswicks, R. I.	Oppenheimer, Marian
Bennett, Geo. H.	Ogden, Daniel
Burguess, jr. Thos.	Parks, Wm. W.
Benney, Jonathan	Parks, Geo. W.
Brewer, H. T.	Perry, Mrs. H. A.
Browne, Edward	Parker, Louis
Clayton, Sarah A.	Richardson, Oliver
Carrow, Jos. M.	Robertson, Mrs. E. A.
Coklin, Geo. W.	Roberts, J. E.
Carville, E. R.	Roberts, H. T.
Caleb, S. W.	Rodenhiser, Geo.
Crossley, Geo. W.	Smith R. W.
Cornway, P.	Sheppard, David
Chambers Jno.	Stakle, Daniel
Cook, Joel	Sweet, Benj. B.
Cain, Peter	Stewart, Margaret
Crisp, Nath'l	Smith, Harriet M
Chapman, Wm.	Stradley, Elijah
Edwards, Wm.	Start, M. E.
Emory, Jno. K. B.	Sudler, Mrs. Sally R.
Forman, Mrs. H. M.	Spencer, Jervis
Frankinfield, Isaac	Sullivan, Ann E.
Frisby, Wm.	Talbot, John
Forman, Wm. R.	Thomas, Mrs. Ann
Gleaves, Mrs. Hariet	Trew, Elizabeth
Graves, Capt. Jno.	Turner, Jos.
Godwin, Wm. L.	Usilton, Jos.
Granger, Anna M.	Usilton, Miss Emily
Hepbron, Col. T.	Usilton, Geo. B.
Harris, Richard	Usilton, Temperance
Heron, Mrs. D. S.	Usilton, Mrs.
Harris, John B.	Wilson, John
Horsey, Mrs. E.	Wilson, Eliza
Henkins, Jos.	Wilson, Amanda
Hart, G. M.	Wilson, Mrs. Bennett
	E DAILEY, P. M.

April 8, 1848. 3w

ATTENTION!!

ALL persons favorable to the formation of a Military Company, in Chestertown, are requested to meet at the Odd Fellows Hall, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock. ☞A full attendance is desired.

April 8, '48.