msa_sc2901_scm2351-0066 ©Maryland State Archives

THE KENT NEWS

CHESTER TOWN, MD.

Saturday, April 21, 1849.

BODY FOUND.—On Tuesday morning last a negro boy, supposed to be about 20 years of age, a bright yellow, was found on the extreme end of Worton Point. He belonged to a Scow Schooner, which sails to Havre de Grace. It appears that the Vessel was caught out in the storm, on Friday night, and the Capt. was compelled to cast anchor,—on Monday he went on shore with one of the hands and left their boy asleep—while they were gone, it is supposed, this boy awoke and seeing nothing of the Capt or the hand on board, and not knowing what had become of them, he attempted to go ashore upon a plank, and was drowned.

An inquest was held over the body, by Coroner Carroll, and the verdict was that he came to his death by some cause, unknown to the jury, as they had no evidence before them.

COLD WEATHER.—The weather, for a week past has been remarkably cold for the season. Sunday night water froze in our office a quarter of an inch; we had a snow squall on Wednesday, which lasted about two hours with short intermissions. This weather has proved destructive to fruit, especially peaches, which, no doubt, are all destroyed.

KIDNAPPING.—Two free colored boys and a girl, named Jas. Clarkson, Harrison Hubbard, and Margaret Davis were kidnapped near Denton, Md., on the night of the 5th inst., and taken to Norfolk. Mr. James T. Wooters, (to whom they were hired) S. W. Corkran, and a Mr. Parker, the latter a negro dealer rom Kent county, are implicated in the outrage. Corkran has been arrested, and is in jail.—*Denton Journal*.

The editor of the Journal must certainly be mistaken in supposing "that Mr. Parker a negro dealer from Kent county, is implicated in this outrage." Mr. P. assures us he had no knowledge of the affair whatever, and has not been absent from the county for some time, before last week, when he was in Baltimore a few days. We cannot believe that Mr. Parker participated in this affair; he stands fair in our community and is looked upon as an upright honest man!

Dedication of the Temple.

The splendid building which has recently been erected on Gay street, Baltimore, for the accommodation of the order of the SONS OF TEMPERANCE, was dedicated on Wednesday last. The display on the occasion, is said to have been one of the most beautiful ever witnessed in that City. The Clipper says:

"Notwithstanding the lowering aspect of the weather, rain having commenced falling at an early hour, the streets were alive with members hurrying to the point of meeting, tricked off with badges and gay sashes, and rich and beautiful regalia, which plainly betoken a grand gala day to be on foot, and very soon the spirit-stirring notes of music told that the ranks of the cold water army were in motion. The Grand and Subordinate Divisions of the Order, together with the Cadets of Temberance, assembled, at their respective places of meeting, and forming into line, under their marshals, marched with music to Gay street. Here they fell into line, the right of which rested on North Gay and Fayette sts. The Chief Marshal, Wm. G. Gorsuch, Esq., rode a fine charger, and was designated by a scarlet collar and sash; and his Aids, Messrs. H. C. Smith and D. J. Ross, wore a scarlet collar and yellow sash. The Assistant Marshals Messrs. J. N Wilson, W. J. Stewart and Noah Gill were designated by scarlet collars and blue sashes. About 10 1-4 o'clock the procession moved off, with innumerable banners flying, and several excellent bands discoursing animating strains of music, while the clouds which had borne a threatening aspect all the morning, began to distil in gentle streams, rather a copious supply of "cold water." This, however, did not in the least appear to dampen the ardor of those who composed the procession, although it detracted in a measure, from what would otherwise have been a more magnificent display."

A BRUTAL RAPE CASE.—On Wednesday morning a young woman named Mary Ann Jackson, about eighteen or twenty years of age, who lives at service in the family of Mr. Jacob W. Penn on Eutaw street between Fayette and Lexington streets, appeared before Justice Root and made oath that on Tuesday night a most revolting and brutal outrage had been committed upon her person by ten or twelve young men whose names were unknown to her. It appears that about eight o'clock on Tuesday evening she had been sent on an errant to Franklin street, and that upon her return and while passing Eutaw Methodist church she was accosted by one of the gang, who took her by the arm, and drawing a dirk, openly avowed his design, and threatened in case she made the least noise or resistance to kill her. He then forced her up the alley adjointng the church where he and his companions gagged her and violated her person, under circumstances too disgusting for repetition. Warrants have issued for the arrest of the parties, but yet the police have not been successful.—Clipper.

☞The Sloop Gen. Washington had not arrived when we went to press.

Another letter from Col Fremont.

A SAD PICTURE OF DISTRESS:

The National Intelligencer has the following additional and concludins letter—or rather extracts from letter—from Col Fremont to his wife. They will be read with painful interest, as they describe, in a graphic manner, an amount of endurance and suffering, at the very contemplation of which the stoutest hearts would recoil:

"TAOS, NEW MEXICO, Feb. 6, '49.

"After a long delay, which had wearied me to the point of resolving to set out again myself, tidings have at last reached me from my ill-fated party.

"Mr. Vincent Haler came in last night, having the night before reached the Little Colorado settlement, with three or four others. Including Mr. King and Mr Preulx, we have lost eleven of our party.

"Occurrences, since I left them, are briefly these, so far as they came within the knowledge of Mr. Haler. I say briefly, because I am now unwilling to force my mind to dwell upon the details of what has been suffered. I need reprieve from terrible contemplations. I am absolutely astonished at this persistance of misfortune—this succession of calamities which no care or vigilance of mine could foresee or prevent.

"You will remember that I had left the camp (twenty-three men) when I set off with Godey, Preuss, and my servant in search of King and Succor, with the directions about the baggage, and with occupation sufficient about it to employ them for three or four days; after which they were to follow me down the river. Within that time I expected relief from King's party, if it came at all. They remained seven days, and then started, their scant provisions about exhausted, and the dead mules on the western side of the great Sierra buried under snow.

"Manuel—(you will remember Manuel—a Christian Indian of the Cosumne tribe, in the valley of the San Joaquin)—gave way to a feeling of despair after they had moved about two miles, and begged Vincent Haler, whom I had left in command, to shoot him. Failing to find death in that form, he turned and made his way back to the camp, intending to die there; which he doubtless soon did.

"The party moved on, and at ten miles Wise gave out—threw away his gun and blanket—and, a few hundred yards further, fell over into the snow, and died. Two indian boys—countrymen of Manuel—were behind. They came upon him—rolled him up in his blanket, and buried him in the snow, on the bank of the river.

"No other died that day. None the next.

"Carver raved during the night—his imagination wholly occupied with images of many things which he fancied himself to be eating. In the morning he wandered off, and probably soon died. He was not seen again.

Sorel on this day (the fourth from the camp) laid down to die. They built him a fire and Morin, who was in a dying condition, and snow-blind, remained with him.

These two did not probably last till the next morning. That evening (I think it was, Hubbard killed a deer.

"They travelled on, getting here and there a grouse, but nothing else, the deep snow in the valley having driven off the game.

"The state of the party become desperate, and brought Haler to the determination of breaking it up, in order to prevent them from living upon each other. He told them that he had done all he could for them—that they had no other hope remaining than the expected relief—and that the best plan was to scatter, and make the best of their way, each as he could, down the river; that, for himself, if he was to be eaten, he would, at all events, be found travelling when he did die—This address had its effect. They accordingly seperated.

"With Haler continued five others—Scott, Hubbard, Martin, Bacon, one other, and the two Cosumne Indian boys.

"Rohrer now became despondent, and stopped. Haler reminded him of his family, and urged him to try and hold out for their sake. Roused by this appeal to his tenderest affections, the unfortunate man moved forward, but feebly, and soon began to fall behind. On a further appeal he promised to follow, and to overtake them at evening.

"Haler, Scott, Hubbard, and Martin now agreed that if any one of them should give out the others were not to wait for him to die, but to push on, and try and save themselves. soon this mournful covenant had to be kept. But let me not anticipate events. Sufficient for each day is the sorrow thereof.

"At night Kerne's party encamped a few hundred yards from Haler's, with the intention, according to Taplin, to remain where they were until the relief should come, and in the mean time to live upon those who had died, and upon the weaker ones as they should die. With this party were the three brothers Kerne, Captain Cathcart, McKie, Andrews, Stepperfeldt, and Taplin. I do not know that I have got all the names of this party.

"Furguson and Beadle had remained together behind. In the evening Rohrer came up and remained in Kerne's party. Haler learnt afterwards from some of the party that Rohrer and andrews wandered off the next morning and died. They say they saw their bodies.

"Haler's party continued on. After a few hours Hubbard gave out. According to the agreement he was left to die, but with such comfort as could be given him. They built him a fire and gathered him some wood, and then left him—without turning their heads, as Haler says, to look at him as they went off.

"About two miles further Scott—you remember him; he used to shoot birds for you on the frontier—he gave out. He was another of the four who had covenanted against waiting for each other. The survivors did for him as they had done for Hubbard, and passed on.

"In the afternoon the two Indian boys went ahead—blessed be these boys!—and before nightfall met Godey with the relief. He had gone on with all speed. The boys gave him the news. He fired signal guns to notify his approach. Haler heard the guns, and knew the crack of our rifles, and felt that relief had come. This night was the first of hope and joy. Early in the morning, with the first gray light Godey was in the trail, and soon met Haler and the wreck of his party slowly advancing. I hear that they all cried together like children—these men of iron nerves and lion hearts, when dangers were to be faced or hardships to be conquered. They were all children in this moment of melted hearts. Succor was soon dealt out to these few first met; and Godey with his relief, and accompanied by Haler, who turned back, hurriedly followed the back trail in search of the living and the dead, scattered in the rear. They came to Scott first. He was yet alive, and is saved!—They came to Hubbard next: He was dead, but still warm. These were the only ones of Haler's party that had been left.

"From Kerne's party, next met, they learnt the deaths of Andrews and Rohrer; and a little further on, met Ferguson, who told them that Beadle had died the night before. All the living were found—and saved—Manuel among them—which looked like a resurrection—and reduces the number of the dead to *ten*—one-third of the whole party which a few days before were scaling the mountain with the element twelve thousand feet in the air.

"Godey had accomplished his mission for the people: a further service had been prescribed by him, that of going to the camp on the river, at the base of the great mountain, to recover the most valuable of the baggage, secreted there. With some Mexicans and pack mules he went on; and this is the last yet heard of him.

"Vincent Haler with Martin and Bacon, all on foot, and bringing Scott on horseback, have just arrived at the outride *Pueblo* on the Little Colorado. Provisions for their support, and horses for their transport, were left for the others, who preferred to remain where they were, regaining some strength, till Godey should get back. At the latest, they would have reached the little *Pueblo* last night. Haler came on to relieve my anxieties, and did well in so doing; for I was wound up to the point of setting out again. When Godey returns I shall know from him all the circumstances sufficiently in detail to understand clearly every thing. But it will not be necessary to tell you anything further. You have the results, and sorrow enough in reading them.

"*Evening*—How rapid are the changes of life! A few days ago, and I was struggling through snow in the savage wilds of the upper Del Norte—following the course of the frozen river in more than Russian cold—no food—no blanket to cover me in the long freezing nights—(I had sold my two to the *Utah* for help to my men)—uncertain at what moment of the night we might be roused by the Indian rifle—doubtful, very doubtful, whether I should ever see you or friends again.—Now I am seated by a comfortable fire, alone—pursuing my own thoughts—writing to you in the certainty of reaching you—a French volume of Balzac on the table—a cored print of the landing of Columbus before me—listening in safety to the raging storm without.

* * * * * * *

February 11.—Godey has got back. He did not succeed in recovering any of the baggage or camp furniture. Everything was lost except some few things which I had brought down the river.

"SANTA FE, *February* 17, 1848.—In the midst of hurried movements, and in the difficult endeavor to get a *party* all started together, I can only write a line to say that I am well and moving on to California.—I will leave Santa Fe this evening.

SLAUGHTER OF SHEEP.—A pack of dogs broke in upon J. B. Spencer's flock of sheep near Centreville, Md., a few nights since, and killed and crippled forty head, mostly lambs. Three of the dogs were killed and another wounded. A breach was also made upon Mr. James S. Baxter's sheep, in Spaniards' Neck, and some six or eight killed and wounded.

HEAVY ROBBERY.—Mr. Philip Dougherty, of Harrisburg, Pa., was robbed a few days ago, of $30.000 in scrip and cash. A colored man and his wife were subsequently arrested and the whole of it found in their possession.

FIRES.—The dwelling of John H. Stewart, near New Market, Dorchester county, Md, was recently destroyed by fire. Loss $1,500. The stables, granary, carriage house and other out-houses of S. D. Crane, in Caroline county, were consumed on the 8th inst., together with his last year's crop of corn, wheat, &c. The fodder house of Samuel Tucker in the same county, was burnt on the 7th.

SUICIDE OF A FEMALE.—Miss Harriet A. Nightengale, aged 21 years, and highly respectable, committed suicide last week at Quincy, Mass., by drowning herself in the canal near the residence of the late John Quincy Adams.

HORRIBLE MURDER.—A young man by the name of Warner Miller was most brutally murdered at Oak Shade, Culpepper County, Va., on last Wednesday night:

SPECIE LOST.—Capt. Martin, of the schr. Abby Hammond, lost at sea on the passage from Aux Cayes for Boston, reports that the schooner sunk so rapidly that $15,000 in specie which was on board went down with her.

Later from Europe.

The Steamship Hermann, arrived at N. York, on Friday evening, after a passage of 16 days, having left Southampton on the evening of the 26th ult.

At the time of her sailing the European markets were very little changed. Funds had slightly risen on the 24th ult.

Business in the French manufacturing towns was improving, and an active Spring trade was confidently anticipated.

The political affairs of the nation were assuming a more exciting aspect. A change was expected in the French Ministry.

All efforts used by the government of France and Great Britain to renew the armistice between Sardinia and Austria had failed. Hostilities were therefore to recommence and be carried on with vigor on both sides.

Although European sympathies were so strongly enlisted with the Italian cause yet it was generally feared that King Chas Albert would be defeated by his enemy, who numbered ten thousand strong.—Radetzky meditated a direct march upon Turin the Capital of Sardinia.

Telegraphic despatches have already announced the passing of the Tucino on the 26th ult, they were received by the French Government. On the 21st. three divisions had arrived, and meeting the Austrian army experienced some resistance. It was feared that King Charles would be forced to re-cross, and if so a great battle was expected on the plains of Vercelli.

A french expedition of 12.000 men was prepared to set sail from Toulon, immediately on intelligence that the Austrians had advanced into the Pontifical States.

Affairs in Naples were in a distracted state. The King had great difficulty to keep his throne. A formidable insurrection was on the eve of bursting out in Calabria.

Accounts from Hungary state that the Imperialists were making little headway against the Magyars, as success had latterly crowned Kossuth and his followers.—The Austrians had been again beaten in several battles.

The proposal to appoint the King of Prussia Emperor of Germany has been rejected in the German Parliament.

The returns of the Bank of France were not so favorable to trade, as fears were still entertained of outbreaks from the Socialists and Communists. Great military preparations have been made in anticipation.

In Paris a good effect had followed the speech of Lord Aberdeen, in the English House of Lords, relative European affairs. The last quotation on the Bourse were, for three per cents, 52f. 70 centimes, five per cents, 82f. 95 centimes.

California gold had been received by various mercantile houses in London, amounting to over 40.000 pounds sterling.

The Cholera was progressing rapidly in Ireland. It was also gaining ground in Paris, and among its victims were two officers of the French Government.

In the manufacturing districts in England a decline in the price of the raw material had caused a corresponding reduction in prices. Since the opening of the present month the workmen have become more satisfied than heretofore, having been fully occupied. The Wooden Districts were doing well.

Money continues abundant, an the market is easy. In the discount market the rates are moderate.

The Emperor of Germany was rejected by the Frankfort Parliament on the 21st March. This unexpected decision has caused great excitement.

It was feared that difficulties would occur between Russia and Austria, in consequence of a mistake in allowing the Emperor of Russia to nominate the Emperor of Germany.

The Produce market remains unchanged, and may be considered dull.

The advices from the United states by the Sarah Sands, on reaching Havre, produced a slight reaction in Cotton. Business generally in France was improving. An active Spring Business was anticipated if the approaching election for members of the National Assembly passed off favorably to the existing government.

[Telegraphed for the Baltimore Sun.]

NEW ORLEANS, April 15.

Arrival of the Steamer Isthmus.— Col. Webb's Expedition.— The Mississippi River.— The Cholera.

The steamer Isthmus has arrived here with later dates from Havana. She brings intelligence that Col. Webb and the remaining portion of his expedition, at last accounts were doing well and had proceeded on their journey to California.

The Mississippi river is still pretty full, but the waters have now receded several inches from the highest point and were still falling.

The cholera has almost entirely disappeared from our city. The cases now are of a mild form, and confined to those of dissolute habits.

TRIAL OF SHUSTER.—The jury in the case of Shuster, charged with stealing the government jewels, have been discharged after forty-eight hours confinement, having been unable to agree.

FOR CALIFORNIA.—The Ship Andalusia, Capt, Wilson, left Baltimore, on Wednesday last with one hundred passengers, bound for San Francisco.

SINGULAR SUICIDE.—Michael Storin drowned himself at Concord, N. H. in presence of his wife, who went to see if he had courage to do it.

TRIAL FOR MURDER.—The trial of Conrad Vintner, indicted for the murder of Mrs. Cooper, in May last, is now going on in Baltimore City Court.

A SENATOR IN CONGRESS INSTRUCTED OUT OF HIS SEAT.—Both Houses of the Legislature of Wisconsin, the Senate by a vote of ten to six, and the House by a vote of forty-two to nine, have passed the following resolutions. Mr. Walker has just been re-elected to the Senate for six years, but gave the vote complained after his re-elected was secured. Mr. Walker is also Southern born:

RESOLVED, By the Senate and Assembly of the State of Wisconsin, That the course of Hon I. P. Walker, one of the Senators of this State in the Congress of the United States in presenting and voting for an amendment to the General Appropriation bill providing for a Government in California and New Mexico west of Rio Grande, which did not contain a provision forever prohibiting the introduction of slavery or involuntary servitude in said Territories, has violated his often repeated as well as his solemn written pledges given before his election, on that subject, and outraged the feelings, and misrepresented those who elected him to that station and has openly violated the instructions contained in the resolutions passed by this body on the subject of slavery, at its present session: Therefore

RESOLVED, That Mr. Walker is hereby instructed immediately to resign his seat in the U. S. Senate.

RESOLVED That Hon. Henry Dodge, our other Senator, in voting against the proposition of Mr. Walker, as he did on the 20th of February last, has represented the views and wishes of his constituents on that subject, for which we express to him our most cordial approval of his course.

ANNEXATION IN CANADA.—A Montreal correspondent of the N. Y. Express, says:

"I have spent considerable time as a spectator in hearing the debates in Parliament. I have mingled freely with the members. I am surprised to find the prevailing sentiment, not only among the leading members of the House but also among the influential inhabitants, is decidedly in favor of annexation to the United States. Nor is it made a party question of both sides, but particularly the Conservatives are most clamorous for it. The general impression is, that if they should be annexed they would come into the Union as three States, viz: Upper, Middle and Lower Canada."

From the Sun of Thursday.

MARKETS.

Baltimore, April 18, '49.

Best White Wheat—$1 12.
Best red do —93 to 98
Yellow corn—49 a 50
White do. 43 a 44.
Oats—20 a 25.
Rye—57.
Cloverseed—3 25 a 3 50.

MARRIED.

In Baltimore on the 12th inst., by the Rev. Stephen P. Hill, Mr. Samuel G. Copper of Kent county to Miss Susannah T. Lenox of that city.

DIED.

On Wednesday morning last at the residence of her father, in Queen Ann's county, after a painful illness, Miss Sarah Rebecca, eldest daughter of Mr, Jno. Hendrix, aged 15 years 11 months, and 11 days.

Philadelphia papers please copy.

In this county, on the 12th inst at the residence of her father, Mary Josephine, youngest daughter of Mr. Joseph Money, aged two years and six months.

The death of this interesting child adds another to the multitude of proofs with which the world is filled that those most gifted by nature of the spirit Land. Seldom has the same vigor of intellect and sweetness of disposition been manifested (by one who tarried so briefly in the earthly tabernacle) as was possessed by the lovely child whose early death is here recorded. But the casket was too frail to long enshrine the bright jewel it enclosed and her spirit (having for a few days taught us the eloquent lesson of trust and confidence in a Parents Love that early childhood only can teach) has left us for a more congenial sphere. That even in infancy sang so sweetly here; now warbles the beautiful songs of the upper Sanctuary. Fain would parental and fraternal affection have held her here—but a WISER parent's loved has called her hence—and she is gone:

Gone! o'er the clouds of earthly care,
Had o'er life's sky been driven
Gone! from earth's joys and love to share
The better bliss of Heaven.

CURE YOUR COUGHS.—Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, has cured an obstinate and distressing cough attended with pain in the side and breast, which I had contracted while running a boat on the James River and Kanawha Canal, which business I had to quit on account of my becoming too weak and unfit to discharge my duty as a Captain, and during the winter it grew worse. I procured two bottles of Wistar's Balsam, and I believe it has relieved me. I can therefore recommend it to all those afflicted in a similar manner.

JOS R. BEAL.

Scottsville, Virginia, June 15, 1847.

None genuine, unless signed I. BUTTS on the wrapper.

For sale by Jno. Russell, and Simon Wickes, Jr., Chestertown (Md.)

LATE SHERIFF'S SALE

BY virtue of a writ of the State of Maryland, of Venditioni Exponas issued out of Kent county Court, to me directed at the suit of Robert Usilton, Exr's of Rebecca Barger against James L. Bowers, will be sold at public sale, on

SATURDAY,

12th of May at 11 o'clock, A. M. at the tavern door of Thomas Lusby, Esq. in Chestertown, all the right, title and interest of the said James L. Bowers, of in, and to all that.

FARM

called Double Purchase; *Rich* Meadows, Everetts Addition and Everetts Discovery, commonly called, the Walker Farm, containing

271 3-4 ACRES,

more or less, lying in Worton, Kent county, and adjoining the lands of Jos. Porter and others, with the buildings and improvements thereon. Seized and taken as the property of the Said James L. Bowers, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the before mentioned writ of Venditioni Exponas, and the interest and costs due and to become due thereon.

GEO. W. SPENCER,
Late Sheriff.

Late Sheriff's Office, April 21, 1849. } 4 25



RAYMOND & CO'S MENAGERIE

Containing the rarest collection of

Wild Beasts, Birds & Reptiles

Ever before exhibited in the U. S.

Will exhibit at Chester Town, on SATURDAY NEXT, the 28th April—open from 11 to 4 o'clock—Admission 25 cts children under 10 years, 12½ cts.

Among the most conspicuous features of this interesting exhibition is the Monster Elephant

COLUMBUS!

weighing 10750 pounds; the largest one in America.

Formost in interest, novelty and attraction, and original performances of

MR. PIERCE,

the Emperor of all the Lions, in the dens of Wild Beasts. His performances differ from all others, in only in the skill and grace which he displays in his exercises with the terrific groupe of Lions, Tigers, Leopards, Cougars, Panthers, &c. But in the matchless and most superhuman command with which he exacts obedience of these fiercest and most remorseless beasts of the desert, the forest and the jungle. Mr. Pierce may have many imitators, but he has no equals.

The List embraces all the finest Living Specimens of Wild Animals! That the great expenses, enterprise, and resources of the proprietors have enabled them to bring together in one large and splendid collection, a full description of the Animals contained in the Exhibition, will be found in the Bills at the principal Hotels, previous to the arrival of the Company.

April 21, 1849.

ESTATE OF MARY C. GALE.

Maryland, Kent county, Orphans' Court, April 17, 1849.

On the application of Daniel Jones, Administrator of Mary C. Gale, late of Kent co. deceased.

Ordered, that he give notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in the Kent News, printed in Chester Town.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid, I have hereunto set my hand and [Seal] and the seal of my office affixed this 17th day of April, 1849.

Test. E. WELCH
Register of Wills for Kent county.

In compliance with the above order this is to give notice, that the subscriber, of Kent county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of Mary C. Gale, late of Kent county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 30th of Oct'r 1849, they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under our hands, this 17th day of April, 1849.

DANIEL JONES, Admr.
Mary C. Gale, dec'd.

april 21, 1849.

NOTICE.

ALL persons and bodies corporate of politic, in Kent county who are or shall be exercising or pursuing any business, or be doing any act or thing, or shall be in the use or occupation of any house or place for any purpose, for which a license is made necessary, by an Act of the General Assembly Maryland, passed at

December Session 1827

Chapter 117 and the several supplements thereto are hereby warned to obtain a license, or to renew the same; before the 10th day of May next ensuing under the penalties prescribed in said Act of Assembly and the several supplements thereto, for every infraction of said laws.

FRANCIS CANN,
Sheriff.

Sheriffs office, April 6, 1849.

Final Dividend.

BY order of the Orphans' Court of Kent county, the creditors of

WILLIAM JOHNSON.

late of Kent county, deceased, are hereby notified to file their claims against the said William Johnson, deceased, with the Register of Wills for Kent county, on or before TUESDAY, the 1st of May next, and to attend before the Orphans' Court of said county, on TUESDAY the 8th of May 1849, when a dividend on the personal estate of said deceased will be made and paid according to law.

EDWARD BOYER,
Admr' of William Johnson.
April 7, 1849.

NEW STORE.

WM. S GREENWOOD, No. 40 Baltimore street, Baltimore, respectfully begs leave to say to his old friends, on the Eastern Shore, that he will constantly keep an assortment of

Hats and Caps,

Not to be surpassed in any establishment for cheapness and durability; any order by mail, or either of the Boats will be thankfully received and attended, to with all possible despatch.