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KENT NEWS.

CHESTER TOWN, MD.

Saturday, September 14, 1850.

DEMOCRATIC WHIG NOMINATION.
FOR GOVERNOR
WILLIAM B. CLARKE,
OF WASHINGTON COUNTY.
Election, Wednesday, the 2nd of October

Mr. Lowe.

This gentleman, who is canvassing the State for votes, as the regularly nominated candidate of the Locofoco party, at whose primary meetings not a single Whig was invited, notwithstanding he may have been favorable to reform, as Mr. Lowe or any of his friends, is harping upon Reform, and claiming votes, as its friend, although he knows, Mr. Clarke, the Whig candidate, voted for the Convention, in the Senate of Maryland, and that the Governor, whoever he may be, will have about as much to do with making the new Constitution, "as the fifth wheel to a carriage!"

It is well known that the Convention is to meet on the first Wednesday in November, and it is hoped that in two months at most, the Constitution will be agreed upon. It is to be submitted to a vote of the people for ratification or rejection in June next. The new Governer will not take his seat till the first January next, before which it is believed the Convention will have adjourned. What Mr. Lowe's object can be in crying Reform unless it be to divert public opinion from the true merits of the question, we cannot imagine? He cannot succeed in deluding any one among us. We are pleased to learn that Mr Clarke's prospects are growing brighter and brighter. The Whigs have only to do their duty.

Whig Convention.

The Whigs of the several election Districts in Kent county, pursuant to notice, met at the respective places of holding the elections on Saturday, the 7th of September, at 3 o'clock, P. M. and appointed ten persons in each District to meet in general convention in Chestertown, on Tuesday the 10th of September, 1850, to nominate a candidate for Senator, to serve six years in the Senate of Maryland, and a candidate for the Levy Court.

The Convention met at the Court house in Chester Town, on Tuesday the 10th September, at 11 o'clock, A. M., when George B. Westcott, was called to the chair, and Daniel Jones, was appointed Secretary.

On motion of William Moffett, John E Cacy, of the Upper District, was put in nomination for Senator, and was unanimously nominated as a candidate for Senator from Kent county, to the Senate of Maryland, to serve six years.

On motion of Jacob G. Maslin, Thomas Lusby, of the Middle District was nominated as a candidate for the Levy Court.

William Gooding, at present a member of the Levy Court from the third District on the 7th instant, so that the candidates now are:

For Senator,
JOHN E. CACY.
For the Levy Court,
WILLIAM GOODING,
THOMAS LUSBY.

☞It will be seen by refering to an advertisement in another column, that the Steamers Hugh Jenkins and Osiris, will run to this place, the former on Monday's and the latter Wednesday's and Saturday's.

DEATH OF BISHOP BASCOMB.—We announce with deep regret, the decease of the Rev. Henry B. Bascomb, one of the Bishops of the M.E. Church, South. Bishop Bascomb was known throughout the Union as one of the most eloquent pulpit orators living.

Adjournment of Congress.

Both houses of Congress having resolved to adjourn on the 30th instant, members will no doubt devote the balance of the session to labor instead of speaking. Besides the appropriation bills, there are seval measures which should be attended to, if possible, before the adjournment.

The fugitive slave bill is the only measure embraced in the compromise reported by the committee of thirteen, which remains to be acted on, and we trust that there will be no difficulty in getting it through the House. It is due to the South that it should become a law and the Northern members ought not to hesitate to pass it as an act of justice. Let all cause for sectional strife be removed as far as practicable, that the States may move on harmoniously together.

A LARGE CUCUMBER.—Capt. John D Brower handed us the other day a Cucumber, measuring 18 inches in length, 11½ inces in circumference and weighing 5½ pounds. Beat this who can!

JENNY LIND.—Barnum has agreed with Jenny Lind, that in addition to the $1000 per concert for 150 nights, she shall receive half of the net profits, on condition that she sing for him, not only in the United States, but in any other part of the world, particularly at the London fair.—The original contract is annulled, and this agreement substituted.

Washington College.

The Winter Session of Washington Colleg will commence on Monday the 30th of September, 1850.

Kent County Court,

The September Term of this Court, will meet next Monday.

The Convention.

LIST OF MEMBERS.

The following is a correct list of the members elect to the Constitutional Convention. Those marked with a star (*) are Whigs:

St. Mary's County.

Geo C. Morgan,*	Wm. J. Blackiston*
John F. Dent,*	J. R. Hopewell.*

Kent County.

James B. Ricaud,*	E. F. Chambers,*
John Lee,*	J. T. Mitchell.*

Anne Arundle County,

Thos. Donaldson,*	Alex. Randall,*
George Wells,*	James Kent,*
T. B Dorsey,*	John S. Sellman.

Calvert County.

Geo. W. Weems,*	John Bond,*
J. J. Dalrymple,*	A. R. Sollers.*

Charles County.

George Brent,*	Wm. D. Merrick,*
J. G. Chapman,*	Daniel Jenifer.*

Baltimore County.

Benj C Howard,	Thos J Welch,
Ephraim Bell,	H J Chandler,
Jas M Buchanan,	Jas L Ridgeley*

Talbot county.

Edward Lloyd,	C Sherwood,
S P Dickinson,	M O Colston.

Somerset county.

John Dennis,*	J J Dashiell,*
James U Dennis,*	Wm Williams,*
J W Crisfield,*	

Dorchester county.

Thos H Hicks,*	J R Eccleston,*
John H Hodson,*	F P Phelps.
W T Goldsborough*	

Cecil county.

Albert Constable,	John M Miller,
B B Chambers,	Louis McLane
W McCollough,	

Prince Georges county.

T F Bowie,*	J M S McCubbin,*
Wm H Tuck,*	John D Bowling.*
Sam'l Sprigg,*	

Queen Ann's county.

Wm A Spencer,	Enoch George,
Wm. Grason,	H E Wright.

Worcester county.

L L Dirickson,*	Jas M Pooks,*
S S McMaster,*	C W Jacobs.*
Eben'r Hearn,*	

Frederick county.

F Thomas,	Wm Cost Johnson,*
E Shriver,	Robt Annan,*
D S Biser,	John D Gaither*

Harford county.

John Sappington,	S M Magraw,
W B Stephenson,	James Nelson,
R McHenry,	

Caroline county.

Richard C. Carter,	Thomas K. Stewart,
John Thawley,	Edward Hardcastle.

Baltimore city.

Charles J. M. Gwinn,	G W. Sherwood,
David Stewart,	B. C. Prestman,
Robert J. Brent,	Elias Ware, Jr.

Washington county.

George Schley,*	Thomas Harbine,
Lewis P. Fiery,	Mitchell Newcomer,
Alex Neill, Jr.*	John Newcomer.*

Montgomery county.

J. M. Kilgour,*	Washington Waters,*
John Brewer	John W. Anderson.
A. Bowie Davis,*	

Alleghany county.

William Weber,	James Fitzpatric,
Wm. M. Hollyday,	Samuel P. Smith.*
John Slicer	

Carroll county.

Andrew G. Ege,*	M. G. Cockey,*
Joseph M. Parker,	Elias Brown.
Jacob Shower,	

This gives 55 Whigs and 48 Locofocos. The whole delegation from Frederick, as well as from Carroll, together with one member from Baltimore county, were, however, elected on union tickets, and are equally divided in politics.

MR. LOWE, the Locofoco candidate for Governor, made one of his windy harrangues at the Court House in Snow Hill, on Friday last. Parts of it were quite eloquent, but Buncomism became too apparent for general appreciation, and we must candidly say we were much disappointed in the Dandy French man's "tongue talent." His argument was the same the papers state he has made elsewhere, with some material alterations to suit this latitude; and as it has been often and over successfully overthrown by his competitor and by the press, whose articles we have repeatedly copied, it makes it convenient for us, as time, space and perhaps ability are scarce, not to attempt a full notice of it at present. One amusing point in his speech, however, we must notice; and that was his high and extravagant bids for the votes of those whigs who sustained the opposition ticket in Worcester on Wednesday last. Oh! he was so affectionate to them, he implored them to "break the shackles of party" and come over to him. He would have one nice little place fixed on his Democratic platform just for them, and he would feed them from his own hand, &c., &c., but it would not go down. We saw several of the Whigs he was so artfully coaxing bite, their lips and turn away in disgust from such an artful but illy concealed bait.

If Mr. Lowe gained any advantage in his speech here, it was over himself and not over our modest but talented Clarke; for he came here with the reputation of a Demosthenes for public speaking, and went away without any at all. His personal appearances too is very unprepossessing. Self-assurance, ostentation and arrogance with a lofty, aristocratic conciet, gives a most forbidding and unpleasant expression to his otherwise handsome features.—*Snow Hill (Md.) Shield.*

From the Cecil (Md.,) Whig.

A Question of Veracity.

On the 16th day of July last Enoch Louis Lowe, Esq., the locofoco candidadate for Governor addressed a meeting in Elkton. On the Saturday following we alluded to his speech in THE WHIG, in which we stated that he asserted that Mr. Clarke was the candidate of a clique in the whig party and charged him with being insincere on the subject of Reform. Our remarks were copied into various whig papers in the state and the assertions of Mr. Lowe above given were made the matter of comment in the Baltimore Patriot on the 13th of August. Mr. Lowe published a reply to the article of the Patriot, in the Baltimore Argus on the 14th or 15th of August, and on the 16th his letter appeared in the Baltimore Sun. At that time and since, till within a few days we were confined to our bed by sickness—the papers were preserved by a friend and handed to us. We mention this, to show why we have not sooner referred to the matter.

In Mr. Lowe's letter we find the following sentences:

"I am said to have styled him, [Mr. Clarke,] the Baltimore Court-house clique candidate, (for such is the evident construction to be placed upon that portion of the article referred to,) and such is the current rumor. It is positively false." * * * "It is likewise said that I called in question Mr. Clarke's sincerity by the reckless assertion that when he voted for the bill to call a Convention to reform the Constitution, (at the last session,) he was still opposed the object of the bill! In other words that I impugned the veracity of my opponent. I made no issue."

Supposing that the Patriot might have been led to found what it said upon our statement, and there being a direct issue between us and Mr. Lowe on the subject, we again take up the matter.

First, then: Mr. Lowe *eats his words* and states what is *false*, and what he knew to be false, when he says he did not style Mr. Clarke the candidate of a clique. He asserted in his speech in this place that Mr C. was not the candidate of the mass of the whig party, but that he was the candidate of an aristocratic wing of that party which controlled the nominations, and he named as among them Messrs. Johnson, Richardson and Pratt. He pressed this matter upon his hearers to convince them that Mr. Clarke was a clique candidate, as is remembered by gentlemen of both parties.

Again: when Mr. Lowe denies that he called in question Mr. Clarke's sincerity on the subject of Reform, *he retracts what he here asserted and utters a falsehood.*—He did say that he was opposed to Reform until he was fixed upon by the "ruling junto" as the Whig candidate, and that then knowing oppsition to Reform was unpopular, he voted for the Reform Bill. Does not that question Mr. Clarke's sincerity? It will be remembered that he pressed these things also upon his audience. But in the presence of Mr. Clarke and in his letter *he swallows his words* again, and thus acknowledges that his charges were unfounded.

Here we will take the liberty to quote from the Cecil Democrat, the organ of Mr. Lowe's party in this county. In giving a statement of Mr. Lowe's speech it says:

"Mr. Lowe desired to know, at what precise period, and by what process of reasoning or argumentation by day, or of dreams by night, he became a convert to reform! There was no evidence of it, up to the very time when he was fixed upon by the ruling junto as their candidate for the Executive chair. Paul, when converted, fell to the ground, and a a light shone around him; but no such phenomena attested the genuineness of Mr. Clarke's conversion to reform.

The generally received opinion that Mr. Clarke owed his nomination to the clique which have ruled the Whig party of Maryland for the last twenty years, whose feelings and interests are opposed to the charges demanded by the people of the State, adduced as strong presumptive evidence that he is not a reformer."

Now in that quotation we have the proof that Mr. Lowe asserted that Mr. Clarke was the candidate of a "ruling junto" and that he "questioned his sincerity" on the subject of Reform.

If Mr. Lowe's letter is true, and he did not assert what we stated he did assert, why was not his letter published in the organ of his party in this place? Ah! was it not known that that letter of his if spread before such of his party as heard him basely assail Mr. Clarke, would prove him to be wholly unworthy of belief?

We challenge Mr. Lowe, or any man to put us to proof in regard to the matter in which the question of veracity is involved, and we promise to sustain our position by as responsible gentlemen as any in the state.

We stop at the above period, and stepping a few feet from our office obtained the following certificate:

"The undersigned, hereby certify that Enoch Louis Lowe, in his speech here in July, asserted that Mr. Clarke, the Whig candidate for Governor was insincere in his course on the question of Reform and that he was the candidate of the Baltimore Clique."

(Signed) EDWD. WILSON, SR.
BENJ. F. MAY.
WILLIAM E. HOWARD.

But that our paper is just going to press we would step farther and get more names. We refer to the following gentlemen whom we saw present when Mr. Lowe spoke: James Denney, W. Rutter, J. P. Bennett, Doct. J. K. B. Emory, Jos. V Wallace, Thos. Burnside, Alfred C. Cole, Wm. P. Fowler.

Mr. Lowe not only charged that Mr. Clarke was a clique candidate, but he charged that if he was elected he would be ruled by it. This, we understand he has also denied.

At the conclusion of his letter Mr Lowe says he will take "no other notice of the scurrilous attacks and misrepresentations of the party press" It has become a common practice with gentlemen of a certain class to talk of the scurrility of the Press. It is probable that with the people of this country, the words of an Editor, are held as reliable as those of office-seeking, political demagogues like Mr. Enoch Louis Lowe whose business when not defaming an opponent, is to let out for hire their oratory or their blackguardism, as the case may be.

MR. LOWE—A WHIG.

A correspondent of the Frederick Herald says:

MR. LOWE, by inivation made another speech during the same canvass, at Mr. Nemiers' tavern, as can be proved by Messrs. Christian Steiner, James Brunner, Joseph W. Ebberts, and a host of others, if it should be necessary. Moreover in this same speech, the enthusiastic young LOWE assigned his reasons for joining the Whig party—among the rest, one that he said was with him all controlling, viz: because the Whig party was the respectable party and composed of respectable men, whilst on the other hand the Democratic party was composed principally of blackguards. This, the substance of Mr. LOWE's all controlling reason, is remembered by some Whigs and at least one Democrat, that heard him and will remember him for it at the polls. Mr. LOWE was not of age in 1850, and consequently could not vote for Gen. Harrison for President. But I charge that in May in 1841, Mr. LOWE did cast his maiden vote for Edward A. Lynch, Whig, For Congress in opposition to Hon. John F. Mason, Democrat, and that in the fall of 1841, he voted for Hon. Wm. Cost Johnson, then the Whig candidate for Governor, in opposition to Francis Thomas, "War Horse No. 1." My proof of these charges is Mr. LOWE's own confession to a respectable gentleman of Frederick whose word would not, even by his political opponents, be called into question—and by the way, one word for Mr. "Mechanic" who says that Mr. LOWE never committed himself to the Whig party. Not one month before Mr. LOWE publicly proclaimed himself a Democrat, "Mechanic" told the writer of this article that he had never in his life heard from any man a more beautiful, eloquent, powerful; scathing argument showing the agrarian and leveling tendencies, the demoralizing, the degrading, debasing effects of Locofocoism, than he had just the man to do it.

Having shown that Mr. LOWE was at one time a Whig—a firm and decided Whig I will now proceed to show why he left the Whig party. Some time in the year 1842 or 1843, I don't know which Mr. LOWE was conversing with one or more of his young friends about his political position and prospects, and in the course of the conversation, said that the Whig party was filled with men of talent and ability, and that there was no prospect of promotion or a chance for a young Whig to raise in the Whig party—but that the Democratic party on the contrary, was destitute of men of talents—that in their ranks there was a deerth of ability, and a fine chance and opening for a young man of good talents, and for that reason, he intended to leave the Whigs and join the Democratic party, and he then called upon his young friends, to follow his example.

The above is I think, the substance of the observation—I cannot pretend to give the exact language. The gentlemen with whom the above conversation was held was then a resident of Frederick, but now is a coal merchant in Baltimore and a highly respectable young man, whose word, I know Mr. LOWE and his friends and will not call into question. If the above charges are denied by Mr. LOWE and he will join with the writer of this, in letters to gentlemen to be named to ascertain the truth of these charges, I think all I have stated will be proved, if not, I pledge myself to make the amende honorable by withdrawing the charges.

ONE THAT KNOWS.

Latest Foreign News.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER ASIA.

SEVEN DAYS LATER NEWS

Death of Louis Phillippe!—Louis Napoleon's Tour of France.—Queen Victoria gone to Scotland.

The Royal Mail Steamer arrived at Halifax on Tuesday Morning last at 11½ o'clock.

Yesterday and last night we had a very heavy gale of wind, accompanied with rain. The wind blew strongly from the eastward, which has undoubtedly caused great damage and loss, both of property and lives, along the coast. It is feared that shipping has suffered greatly. The telegraph wires to the westward of this city are supposed to be very badly broken.

This despatch will be forwarded by the New Brunswick Express to the nearest telegraph station working having the western circuit and forwarding theme.

I understand that the steamers of the Cunard line will hereafter run direct to New York. Those to Boston will continue to touch at Halifax. The Asia will not come to Halifax on her return trip.

The trade in manufacturing districts continue brisk.

The weather has been unfavorable to harvesting operations, and the general yield is not likely to be so large as was at first anticipated.

The steamer Asia cleared from Liverpool at 12 o'clock, noon. The steamer Canada arrived out at 5 o'clock on the morning of the 26th ult.

Depth of Louis Phillippe. Louis Phillippe, former King of France, died on tha 26th of August, at his place of residence.

France. Louis Napoleon is still on his tour through the provinces and produces much sensation wherever he goes.

England. Queen Victoria has gone to Scotland on a visit.

Austria. Austria has given her adhesion to the English partition.

Denmark. The Danish question is still open. There is nothing from the seat of war beyond an account of some slight skirmishes.

A CAPITAL RETORT.

A gentleman of this county, who was present at the discussion between Messrs. Lowe and Clarke at Leonardtown, gives the following account of a portion of that discussion, which we do not remember to have been reported in the papers:

Mr. LOWE stated in his peroration, that if elected governor, as he expected to be by the irresistable Democracy of the State he would take that intellectual, giant and eminent Statesman, FRANCIS THOMAS, for his model. Mr. CLARKE retorted, by remarking that he would not take that gentleman for his model—that if he did, he would have to endorse his Free Soil principles? (it will be remembered that he voted for Van Buren in 1848) Mr. LOWE bounced up like an India Rubber Ball and exclaimed that he too was opposed to those principles. Mr. CLARKE further remarked, That if he took Mr Thomas for his model, he might be obliged to sell Canal Bonds and sixty cents in the dollar.—This again brought Mr LOWE to his feet, who also said he couldn't go that. Mr CLARKE then said, that if the gentleman disavowed all Mr. Thomas' principles and merely laid claim to his talents, he would like to share them with him.

Md. Journal.

For the Kent News.

CHESTERTOWN, Sept. 12, 1850.

MR. EDITOR:—We find in the columns of your paper of last week, another communication, signed "A Student of the College," the meaning of which we can scarcely conceive. In it the "Student" seems to fly from the first proposition, and enter upon one which is in no way connected with our first communication.

He still calls on us to deny that we are dissatisfied; if he had perused our communication of the previous week, (as he pretends,) he would have there seen we did deny it.

He says we are dissatisfied, and fortifies his assertion, with these words, "It is a truth, which will stand the wreck of matter, and the crash of worlds." We say emphatically it is false.

The "Student" flatters himself, that we dare not deny it; we have asserted and again assert, both to the "Student" and to the world, and in concience, (if the "Student" will so have it) that we inserted the first communication, not because we were dissatisfied with the arrangement, (for the arrangement met with our approbation,) but because we deemed it, but justice, not only to ourselves but to the whole class.

We hope this will be sufficient, and the "Student" will not again call on us to deny it.

But be it as it may, be we dissatisfied or not, he has admitted the proposition for which we contended; he has said, there was nothing in the first communication to be denied; therefore we claim, that the orations of the class were not given according to their standing in the class, but by arrangement.

A PART OF THE CLASS.

FIRE.—A fire broke out in the stack yard of Mr. John Reesa, in the lower end of the town, about 9 o'clock on saturday night which consumed four or five tons of hay. The stabling, shed, &c., were saved with great difficulty. The fire was evidently the work of an incendiary, and we hope he may be caught and receive the punishment he so justly merits.—*Centreville Sentinel.*

"FROG-EYES" ABOUT.—Some rascally scamp on Sunday night, cut the harness belonging to Judge Hopper's carriage in such a manner as to render it almost useless, while the carriage was standiug in front of the Meth. Protestant Church. If the fellow had been where the Judge was, attending church, he might have learned better things.—Ib.

A BOLD TRICK.—A small sloop, supposed to be from Philadelphia, was seen to enter Chester River, on Tuesday morning and anchor off Spaniard's Point.—That night the crew went ashore, broke open the Granery of Mr. Wm. Emory, on the point, and carried off about two hundred bushels of white corn.—Ib.

STOLEN.—The stable of Capt A. M. Cabe was broken open on Sunday night, and a valuable mare stolen therefrom.—Ib.

Markets.

Baltimore September 13, 1850.

White Wheat—1 05 to 1 15.
Red do —95 to 1 04.
Yellow Corn—58 60.
White do—58a60
Oats—30a35.
Rye—60a62

NOTICE.

IN order to comply with the requisitions of the Census Law, within the limited period allowed for the completion of the labors, Thomas K. Stephens Esq., has been appointed deputy marshel for the third election district of Kent County.

GEO. J. VICKERS.

Septemper 14, 1850.

For the Eastern Shore of Maryland, West River and Annapolis.

STEAMER



HUGH JENKINS
CAPT. JAMES TILGHMAN.
AND STEAMER



OSIRIS,
Capt. JOHN H. KIRWAN

The HUGH JENKINS will leave [the] wharf, on Light street, near the [foot] Conway, every *MONDAY MORNING* at 7 o'clock, for Kent Island, Corsica [and] Chestertown, and return same day, [touch]ing at Kent Island going and returning. Passage 50 cents. Excursion passage the round trip 50 cents

The Hugh Jenkins will leave the [same] wharf every *TUESDAY and FRIDAY MORNING* at 7 o'clock, for Annapolis, West River, Cambridge, Military school Oxford, and Easton, and return on Wednesday and Saturday by the same route leaving Easton at seven o'clock. Passage to Annapolis 75 cents; West River $1; Cambridge and Easton $1 50.

The Hugh Jenkins will leave the above wharf every *THURSDAY MORNING* at 7 o'clock, for Annapolis, St. Michaels and Easton, via Miles' River Ferry, and return the same day. Passage to Annapolis 74 cts; St. Michael's and Ferry $

The OSIRIS will leave her wharf, Pratt street, between Light and Calvert streets, every *MONDAY MORNING* at 7 o'clock, for Annapolis, Cambridge, Military School at Oxford, and Easton and return on TUESDAY, leaving Easton at 7 o'clock. Passage to Annapolis 75 cents; Cambridge and Easton $1 50.

The Osiris will leave the same wharf every *WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY MORNINGS*, at 7 o'clock, for Corsica and Chestertown, and return the same day, calling at Kent Island on WEDNESDAY afternoons and SATURDAY MORNINGS. Passage 50 cents. Excursion passengers taken the round trip 50 cents.

September 14, 1850.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that on THURSDAY the 3rd day of OCTOBER next, the Trustees of Kent County ALMS-HOUSE will elect a manager to superintend the *HOUSE and FARM* from 1st day of April, 1851, to the 1st day of January 1852.

Persons desiring the appointment will file their applications with Lem'l Sigsbee the present manager.

ALEXANDER HARRIS,
GEO. S. HOLLYDAY,
JOS. RINGGOLD,
N. MEGINNIS,
JAS. GALE,

September 14, 1850.—3

LOT FOR SALE

THE undersigned offers at Public Sale on

TUESDAY

next, the 17th of September, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the tavern of John McDaniel, Chester Town, all the right, title and interest of Edward McClean, to the undivided one-fifth part of the vacant LOT of ground, situate on the corner of High and Queen Streets, and adjoining the premises of Mrs. Harriett Tilghman of Chester Town.

EDWARD A. MOORE,
Agent.

September 14, 1850

LOT OF LAND AND HOUSE FOR SALE

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale all the undivided one half part of the Lot of ground, together with the



BUILDINGS.



thereon, situate at BELLE AIR, in this county, of which the late Mathew Wood died-seized.

B. C. WICKES, Agent.

C. Town, September 14, 1850.

DEMOCRATIC

MEETING.

THE Democratic candidate for Governor, Enoch Louis Lowe, Esq., will address the citizens of Kent county, in Chester Town, on *MONDAY NEXT*, the 16th instant, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

A portion of the Democrats of Baltimore will visit Chester Town upon this occasion, having chartered the Steamer 'Juniata.' A fine Band of Music will accompany them.

☞Other speakers are expected.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

Sept. 14, 1850.

WE are authorized to announce JAMES BLACKISTON, Esq. an independent candidate for the Senate, at the ensuing Election.

September 14, 1850.