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THE KENT NEWS,
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
DEVOTED TO
AGRICULTURE, POLITICS AND GENERAL NEW
Is Published every Saturday.
EDWARD MANSFIELD,
PROPRIETOR.

Terms:

$2 00 payable in advance or $2 50 at the expiration of the first six months. No subscription received for a shorter period than six months, and no aper will be discontinued until all arrears are paid, Single copies 6 1-4 cents.

Advertisements, not exceeding 12 lines will be inserted three times for $1, and 25 cents for each insertion thereafter. Larger one in proportion.—A liberal deduction will be made to yearly advertisers. Advertisement must have the number o times marked, or they will published till forbid and charged accordingly.

All communications must be postpaid.

ESTATE OF MARY WEBB.

Maryland, Kent county, Orphans' Court, August 6, 1850

On the application of John W. Clothier Admr. of Mary Webb, late of Kent county deceased.

Ordered. That he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate and that the same be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in the Kent News, printed in Chestertown.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid I have hereunto set my hand and [Seal] of my office, affixed this 6th day of August, 1850.

Test, EBEN. WELCH.
Register of Wills for Kent county.

In compliance with the above Order the is to give notice that the subscriber, of Kent county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county Md.. letters of Administration on the personal estate of Mary Webb late of Kent county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the Orphans' Court, on or before the 29th of February, 1851, they may otherwise be excluded from the benefit of the said estate.

Given under our hands this 6th day of August, 1850.

JOHN W. CLOTHIER,
Admr. of Mary Webb, dec'd.
Septem. 7, 1850—3w

FALL DRY GOODS,
AT WHOLESALE.

HAMILTON EASTER & CO., No. 213 MARKET STREET, Baltimore, are now receiving by direct arrivals at Baltimore, and per packets and steamers via New York and Boston, a splendid

STOCK OF FOREIGN FALL GOODS,

OF THEIR OWN IMPORTATION, selected by one of the firm in the best European Markets during the past summer.

The assortment will be found to include RICH FANCY, and the most select styles of *STAPLE GOODS*, of every description.

We solicit an examination from WHOLESALE PURCHASERS generally, and particularly from close buyers *who pay promptly*. to such we will offer goods in quantities to suit at IMPORTER'S PRICES.

The great extent and variety of our STOCK can only be appreciated by a personal examination which we urge on all buyers visiting Baltimore.

August 24 1-5m.



ELECTION NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an election will be held in the several Election Districts, on WEDNESDAY of October next (being the 2nd day of said month) for the purpose of electing one person the Governor of the State of Maryland; one person as Senator from Kent County, to the Senate of Maryland to serve six years, and two members of the Levy Court of Kent County. The elections to be held at the following places:

For the Upper District, at the Hotel of Mr. Pennington, in George Town X Roads.
For the Middle, at the Court House, in Chestertown.
For the Lower, at Stone's Spring.

FRANCIS CANN, Shff.
Sheriff's Office, }
Sept. 14, 1850. }

TOBACCONIST.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he has opened on the corner of Queen and main streets, (just below Cabinet Maker's Shop of Charles Stanley's)

TOBACCO and Segar STORE,

where he will keep constantly on hand and for sale all kinds of Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars, which he will dispose of at wholesale and retail at *city prices*.

The public are requested to call and examine his assortment.

THOS. J. LOVEDAY.
Chester Town, }
September 7, 1850. }

OYSTERS!

THE subscriber respectfully informs the gentlemen of Chester Town and vicinity that he has the Cape May Saloon, below the residence of James E. Barr, Esq., and is prepared to serve up oysters in all the various ways, at the shortest notice. Oysters for sale by the gallon.—Scapins in season.

The publics humble serv't
LEVI RODGERS.
September 7, 1850.

WHEAT Scythes and cradles, and grass Scythes, a good article, on hand for sale low by
W N E WICKES.
June 15, 1850.

THE KENT NEWS.

Frustra laborat, quiomnibus, placere studet:—"He labors vainly, who endeavors to please every one."

VOL. 11. **CHESTER TOWN, MD., SEPTEMBER 28, 1850.** **NO. 29.**

AUCTION SALES

TRUSTEE'S Sale.

BY virtue of a Decree of the Chancery Court of Maryland, the subscriber will expose to public sale, at the tavern door of John McDaniel, in Chestertown, on

TUESDAY,

the 1st day of OCTOBER next, at 12 o'clock, M. all that

FARM
or PLANTATION,

situate on *SWAN CREEK* in Kent county, of which the late Thomas Miller died seized, together with a WOOD LOT in the swamps as appurtenant to the farm. The FARM contains about

300 Acres,

more or less, and is well located and susceptible to the highest improvement.



The BUILDINGS on the farm are in a good state of improvement and commodious and well arranged.

TERMS OF SALE,

A credit of *ONE, TWO and THREE YEARS*, to be secured by the bond of the purchaser, with approved security.

The title to this LAND is indisputable.

J. B. RICAUD.
Trustee.
September 7. 1850.

LOT OF LAND AND HOUSE FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale all the undivided one half part of the Lot of ground, together with the



BUILDINGS



thereon, situate at BELLE AIR, in Kent county, of which the late Mathew Wickes died seized.

B. C. WICKES, Agent.
C. Town, September 14, 1850.

A Teacher Wanted.

FOR Primary School, No. 7, in the 1st Election District in Kent county. The school to commence about the middle of October next.

THOMAS TILEY,
SAMUEL W. CHAMBERS,
JOHN HADAWAY,
FRANCIS BAKER,
WILLIAM WILKINS,
Trustees.
Sept. 7, 1850.

WANTED
TO LEASE OR BUY.

A Farm of about three hundred to five hundred acres: Land, Buildings and fencing good, situated near Chester Town or Rock Hall. A lease for a term of years would be taken with the privilege of buying any time during the term. Apply by letter or in person to

C. W. FORD, Baltimore, Md.
June 22, 1850—3m

NOTICE.

IN order to comply with the requisitions of the Census Law, within the limited period allowed for the completion of the labors, Thomas K. Stephens Esq., has been appointed deputy marshel for the third election district of Kent County.

GEO. J. VICKERS.
Septemper 14, 1850.

C. O. CONE, M. D.
Professor of Operative and Mechanica Denistry in the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery.



Will devote himself to the practice of Denistry and to the Medical and Surgical treatment of all diseases of the mouth. Office, No. 38, North Charles st. Baltimore, Md.
Jan. 26, 1850—1y.

BRANDY, WINES and WHISKEYS for sale by WILMER & FRANCIS.

SPADES, SHOVELS, FORKS, TUBS, BUCKETTS, BROOMS, &c. for sale cheap by
WILMER & FRANCIS.
Aug 31, 1850.

AUCTION SALES

VALUABLE LAND FOR *Sale.*

THE subscriber, as agent will offer at public sale, at the tavern door of Reese Merritt, in the Head of Sassafras, on

MONDAY,

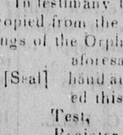
the 14th day of October next a part of that *VALUABLE FARM*, belonging to Samuel E. Briscoe, and better known as the

WILMER FARM,

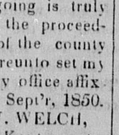
and contained within the following bounds Begidning at the line on the main road opposite the lands of Wm. Moffett, and running with main road to the gate, then down by the division between the land and E. Welch to the middle gate, then by a line south by west to the Creek, then by and with the beginning so as to contain from

180 to 200 Acres,

to which will be an abundance of



Wood



TERMS OF SALE—One third in cash, the residue in 4 and 12 months.

J. B. RICAUD, Agent.
Sep. 21, 1840—tds

ESTATE OF MILLICENT TOULSON.

Maryland, Kent county, Orphans' Court, September 3, 1850.

On the application of Edward Hartly, Executor of Millicent Toulson late of Kent county, dec'd

Ordered, that she give notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in the Kent News, printed in Chester Town.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid, I have hereunto set my (Seal) hand and the seal of my office affixed, this 3rd day of September, 1850.

Test, E. WELCH,
Register of Wills for Kent county.

In compliance with the above order this is to give notice, that the subscriber, of Kent county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, Maryland, letters Testamentary on the personal estate of Millicent Toulson, late of Kent county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 28th day of March 1851, they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand, this 3rd day of September, 1850
EDWARD HARTLY,
Ex'tx of Millicent Noulson, dec
eptember7, 1850.—3w

ESTATE OF CATHARINE KENNARD.

Maryland, Kent county, Orphans' Court, September 17, 1850.

On application of James W. Skirven, Adm'r of Catharine Kennard, late of Kent county deceased.

Ordered, That he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate and that the same be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in the Kent News, printed in Chestertown.

In testimany that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid I have hereunto set my [Seal] hand and seal of my office affixed this 17th day of Sept'r, 1850.

Test, EBEN. WELCH,
Register of Wills for Kent county.

In compliance with the above Order this is to give notice that the subscriber of Kent county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, Md., letters of Administration on the personal estate of Catharine Kennard, late of Kent county, decd. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are here by warned to exhibit their claims with the vouchers thereat to the Orphans', Court on or before the 29th of March, 1851, they may otherwise be excluded from the benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 17th day of September, 1850.

JAMES W. SKIRVEN,
Adm'r of Catharine Kennard, dec'd.
Sept. 21, 1850.—3w

Personal Discharge.

NOTICE is hereby given to the creditors of Joseph A. Wright, that a personal discharge hath been granted to said insolvent debtor, and that the 19th day of March next, being the first Wednesday of our county Court next succeeding this date, hath been set apart for the final hearing in his case where his creditors may attend and shew cause if any they have why a final discharge shall not be granted said debtor.

Test, JOS. REDUE,
Clerk of Kent co. Court, Md.
September 21, 1850—3m



POETRY.

"SPEAK GENTLY TO THE ERRING."

Speak gently to thy erring—
Ye know not all the power
With which the dark temptation came
In some unguarded hour:
Yet may not know how earnestly
They struggled, or how well,
Until the hour of weakness came,
And sadly thus they fell!

Speak gently to thy erring—
Oh! do not thou forget,
However darkly stained by sin,
He is thy brother yet.
Heir of self-same heritage,
Child of the self same God,
He hath but stumbled in the path
Thou hast in weakness trod.

Speak kindly to the erring—
For is it not enough
That innocence and peace are gone;
Without thy censure rough?
It surely is a weary lot
That sin crushed heart to hear;
And they who share a happier fate
Their chidings well may spare.

Speak kindly to the erring—
Thou yet mayst lead him back,
With holy words, and tones of love,
From mis'ry's thorny track:
Forget not thou hast often sinn'd,
And sinfull yet must be;
Deal kindly with the erring one,
As God has dealt with thee!

ANCESTORS.

BY C. D. STUART.

I Scorn the man who boasts his birth,
And counts his titles and his lands;
Who takes his name and heritage
From out a dying father's hands.

The sword his proud forefathers drew,
He cannot lift from out its sheath,
But walks a shadow on the earth,
Of mold and ashes down beneath.

I scorn him, and his countles gold—
His equipage, and lands, and slaves;
I scorn him as the robber of
The glory of ancestral graves.

Fool! with his parchment and his seals,
To think him, as he walks the sod,
A better than the poorest man
Who claims a father in his God.

"GO IT BOB-TAIL."

A specimen of the genius "Hoosier" was found by Capt. ——, of the steamer —— in the engine room of his boat while lying at Louisville, one fine morning in June.

"Hello, sir, what are you doing here?" inquired the Captain.

"Have you seen Captain Perry?" was the interrogative response.

"I don't know him, and can't tell what that has to do with your being in my engine room," replied the Captain angrily.

"Hold on, old hoss! That's just what I was getting at. You see Capt. Perry and I walked down together. He asked me to drink, and so—I did. I knew that I wanted to drink, or I wouldn't have been so cussed dry. So he and I drank two or three times. Capt. Perry and I went to a ball. Captain Perry was putting some extras on one toe. I sings out, "Go it Captain Perry, if you bust your biler!" With that a man steps up to me, and says he

"See here, stranger, you must leave."

"Says I, what must I leave fur?"

"Says he, you are making too much noise."

"Says I I've been in bigger crowds than this, and made more noise, and didn't leave nuther."

"With that he took me by the nap of the neck and the seat of the breeches, and —I left. As I was a shovin" down street, I met a lady. I knew she was a lady by the remark she made. Says she,

"Young man, I reckon you'll go home with me?"

"Sartin, says I, and I went."

"I'd been in her house but a short time, when I heard a devil of a knockin' at the door. I knew the chap wanted to get in, whoever he was, or he wouldn't have kept up such a thunderin' racket. By and by said a voice:

"If you don't open, I'll bust in the door!"

"Bust away!" says I—and so he did.

"I put on a bold face, and says I, "Stranger, does this woman belong to you?"

"Says he, she does."

"Then," says I, "she's virtuous, I think, from all that I have seen of her!"

"With that, he made for me with a pistol in one hand and a bowie-knife in the other; and bein' a little pressed for time, I jumped through the window, a leavin' the bigger portion of my coat tail. As I was streakin' it down town, with the fragments flutterin' to the breeze, I passed a friend. I knew he was a friend, by a a remark he made. Says he,

"*Go it, Bob-tail! he's a gainin' on you.*"

"And that's the way I happened in your engine room. I'm a good swimmer, Captain, but do excuse me, if you please, from takin' water."

A RICH SKETCH.

A few days since, a gentleman and lady fresh from Vermont, visited our city for the laudable purpose of getting "jined for life," i. e., married. After the ceremony was duly performed, according to law and doctrine, the newly married couple repaired to one of our first class hotels, and took lodgings for the night. Instead of shutting of the gas, he blew out the light, and went to bed. In a short time the dissagreeable smell of gas began to spread through the house, and the servants were dispatched in all directions to find out from whence it proceeded.

After some search they traced the odor to the room of the happy couple, and knocking at the door, which was locked, they asked him what was the matter.

"Matter!" nothing. What are you disturbing me for? begone!"

The smell of gas increased, and at last the domestics burst open the door, and shut off the gas, the spouse all the time scolding like a good 'un.

"Why did you not shut off your gas?" inquired one of the servants.

"Gas! gas! what gass? I haint seen no gas. I blowed out the lights that's all."

"Well, did you not smell something?"

"Why, yes," replied the new husband, "but I supposed it was a *natural consequence of getting married.—Boston Gazette.*

ORIGINAL ANECDOTE.

"Halloe, you man with a pail and frock," said a British officer, as he brought his fiery steed to a stand in front of Governor Chitenden's dwelling—"Can you inform me whether his honor, the Governor of Vermont, resides here?"

"He does," was the response of the man still wending his way to the pig-sty.

"Is his honor at home?" continued the man of the spurs.

"Most certainly," replied the man of the frock.

"Take my horse by the bit, then," said the officer; "I have business to transact with your *master*."

Without a second bidding, the man did as requested, and the officer alighted and made his way up to the door and gave the pannel several hearty taps with the but of his whip—for be it known, in those days of republican simplicity, knockers and bells, like servants, were in but little use. The good dame of the house answered the summons in person; and having seated the officer, and ascertained his desire to see the Governor, departed to inform her husband of the guest's arrival; but on ascertaining that the officer had made a *hitching post* of her husband, she immediately returned and informed him that the Governor was in the yard, and could not very well wait upon his honor and the *horse* at the same time! The predicament of the officer can better be imagined than described.

CRACKING NUTS.—A newly-arrived Irish girl was recently ordered by the family with whom she had gone to live, to crack some shellbarks, it being thought Peggy knew all about cracking nuts.

Time enough had elapsed for Peggy to have cracked them, when the lady stepped to the head of the stairs, and called—"Peggy?"

"Marm!"

"Have you those nuts cracked yet?"

"No marm!"

"Well, make haste, we are waiting for them."

Another half hour elapsed, and no nuts appeared.

"Peggy! Peggy!"

"Marm!"

"Come, come, have you those nuts cracked yet?"

"No marm—*they aint half cracked, and me tathe are almost out me head laridy!*"

☞"Dey does say, that way down in Georgia, they makes makes nigga work 25 hour ebbery day. Now look hea, I'se been told that day a hain'd got no more 24 hours, and I wants you, Mr. Jonsing, to 'splainify to dis chile, how they make em work 25 hours."

"Golly mighty, what ignorammusses nigga you is, Scipo, why way down there, they moke poor nigga get up one hour *afore* day—dosen't that make em 25?" Scipio was convinced.

GOOD.—"Ma, that nice young man, Mr. Saultung, is very fond of kissing." "Mind your seam, Julia; who told you such nonsense?" Ma, I had it from his own lips."

Good evidence.

CONUNDRUMS.—Why is a cat's tail like the world? Because it's *fur* to the end.

Why is an oration delivered from the deck of a ship like a necklace? Because its a dec-oration.

A very fat man (for the purpose of quizzing a certain Doctor) asked him to prescribe for his complaint, which he declared was sleeping with his mouth open.

"Sir," said the doctor, "your disease is incurable. Your skin is too short, for when you shut your eyes your mouth opens."

REFORM.

The Whigs at the recent election for members to the Convention to reform the Constitution of Maryland, have succeeded in the choice of a majority of delegates. Had not this result have taken place, there would have been, we honestly think, no Reform whatever effected. The desire of the Locofoco party has not hitherto been, and is not now, to effect Reform, but to keep the question alive for the purpose of agitation, by which as a means they hope occasionally to ride into power, knowing Maryland to be a Whig State.

Look at the history of the pass. Whilst the Whigs have granted all the Reforms to the Constitution, now enjoyed, by imparting the election of Governor to the people, election of State Senator to the people of the Counties, limitations to the terms of Clerks and Registers, and various other alterations and amendments to the Constitution, giving power *immediately* to the *people*, when they had the ascendency; what have the Locos done? What Reforms have they effected, under the reign of GRASON and THOMAS? None whatever. Notwithstanding they are looked upon as *champion* Reformers, they could not even perceive the slightest posibility of, or recommend a scheme of policy for the relief of the State in her indebtedness; but left us to the miserable, rascally resort of repudiation for that relief.

Judging therefore from the past, we conclude the Locofocos, had they have attained the ascendancy in the Convention, would have formed just such a constitution of extreme, as to be rejected by the people, with the hope of keeping up an agitation upon the subject of REFORM, *the hobby* they have been so fortunate in *striding*, as on several occasions to ride into power.

There being however, a majority of Whigs elected to the Convention, a party we have often had occasion to claim as the TRUE REFORMERS, we do not fear but that wholesome and salutary alterations will be made to the present Constitution, or, an entire new one adopted, that will meet with the approval of a majority of the people of the State at large, putting an end to this question of agitation for years to come, and extending to every citizen of Maryland equal rights and equal privileges.

In all the discussions upon the hustings between the Gubernatorial candidates, we are informed that Mr. Lowe plays out his part, by vamping monotonously upon one tone, that of Reform, although the question is determined upon and submitted to a convention of delegates; and when every one knows too, that the Governor has no no more to do with the question of Reform now, than any other citizen—he has nothing more to do than cast his vote for or against the Constitution such Convention may determine upon. There remains therefore no further present necessity for agitation with regard to it. Mr. Lowe disclaims having any thing to do with National policy, although a party candidate; and in reply to Mr. Clarke who addresses himself to the people upon questions of party policy, he exclaims, what have I to do with the tariff? What have I to do with the veto, with National issues, &c? What have I to do with these things?—How the debt of the State was produced—what party is answerable for it—what party provided means for its liquidation &c., Mr. Lowe has nothing to do with?—He harps upon Reform—he has concocted and studied out his lesson, or speech upon it, and it must be recited. It is with him "neck or nothing," at least so far as the argument goes on the hustings.

APPLES AS AN ARTICLE OF FOOD.

The importance of apples, as food, has not hitherto been sufficiently estimated in this country, nor understood. Besides contributing a large portion of sugar, mucilage, and other nutritive matter, in the form of food, they contain such a fine combination of vegitable acids, abstractive substances, and aromatic principles, with the nutritive matter, as to act powerfully in the capacity of refrigerants, tonics, and antispeptics; and, when freely used at the seasons of ripenness, by rural laborers and others, they prevent debility, strengthen digestion, correct the putrefactive tendencies of nitrogenious food, divert scurvy, and probabp maintain and strengthen the powers of productive labor.

The operators of Cornwall, in England, consider ripe apples nearly as nourishing as bread, and more so than potatoes. In the year 1801, a year of scarcity, apples, instead of being converted into cider, were sold to the poor, and the laborers asserted that they could stand their work on baked apples, without meet; whereas, a potato diet required either meet or fish.

The French and Germans use apples extensively, indeed, it is rare that they sit down in the rural district, without them in some shape or other, even at the best tables. The laborers and mechanics depend on them, to a very great extent, as an article of food, and frequently dine on sliced apples and bread. Stewed with rice, red cabbage, carrots, or by themselves with a little sugar and milk, they make both a pleasant and nutrious dish.—*American Agriculturalists.*

Why is type setting, beneficial to a nervous man? Because he can compose himself.

FOR SALE
OR
RENT.

THE MILL and FARM attached, known as

Perkins' Mill,

on the main road leading from *CHESTER TOWN to ROCK HALL*—apply to the HEIRS, residing in Chester Town.
September 21, 1850.