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KENT NEWS.

CHESTER TOWN, MD.

Saturday, September 28, 1850.

DEMOCRATIC WHIG NOMINATION.

FOR GOVERNOR

WILLIAM B. CLARKE,

OF WASHINGTON COUNTY.

For Senator,
JOHN E. CACY.

For the Levy Court,
WILLIAM GOODING,
THOMAS LUSBY.

Election, Wednesday, the 2nd of October

TO THE POLLS!

TO THE POLLS!!

Gallant Whigs of Kent, you are called once more to the polls—on Wednesday next, your country calls you to the rescue, and the eyes of the nation are upon you. You have a high Executive officer to choose—the Whigs of the State, in general convention assembled, have presented you WILLIAM B. CLARKE of Washington county, as their candidate for the gubernatorial office. He is eminently qualified for the station—is a man of talents, of ability, of experience in State a fairs—he is now the Senator from Washington County, of enlarged and liberal views—of unspotted character, private and political—a generous, chivalrous noble patriot, who would do honor to Maryland, and would conduct her affairs to a happy issue, and do all in his power to relieve her of debt, and her people from taxation. Let every Whig do his duty on Wednesday next, and Maryland, that good, order loving, patriotic State, will be rid of the so called Democratic dominion, and Whig principles Whig policy, and Whig men, will prevail within her borders.—You have a Senator to elect for he term of 6 years, and 2 members of the Levy Court for two years—you have a good, sound safe ticket presented to you—men identified with your interests—who have feelings and sympathies in common with you, competent for the places, of good character and standing, and every way deserving your confidence. Let every Whig turn out and vote—let no man remain at home, supposing that there will be enough without him.—But the country expeots every man to do his duty. A full vote is equivalent to a Whig victory.

Col. Clarke.

Our accounts from the city of Baltimore and other parts of the State, induce us to believe, that if the Whigs of the Eastern Shore are true to themselves and do their duty on Wednesday next, Col. Wm. B. Clarke, the Whig candidate will be elected Governor of Maryland. We hope that every Whig in Kent county, will go the polls on Wednesday next. One vote may decide the contest—let every Whig do his own duty, and the whig party have nothing to fear. The Whigs have given large majorities for every Whig candidate for the Presidency; thousands for Whig Presidents and yet when Covernor's are to be elected, they suffer their opponents to succeed! We have had three Locofoco Covernors and only one Whig Governor elected by the people, and attempt is now made to elect the fourth Locofoco Governor by cajoling the Whigs and crying Reform—Reform, when it is known that Col. Clarke is a consistent reformer, that he voted for the Convention Bill, and that to a Convention the whole subject has been referred!

Let the Whigs do their duty as men and all will be well!

Whigs.

Remember the meeting at the Devil's Wood Yard, near Battershell Hill, on Monday evening, at 3 o'clock—speeches will be delivered, and a plenty of oysters will be provided.—Let all who can attend!

Mr. Lowe.

This gentleman passed a wholesale denunciation against the Whig party, in his Chester-Town speech, for the manner in which the political canvass had been conducted—but he specified nothing—furnished no evidence, and did not speak of the particular manner in which the campaign had been conducted. Having made the charge, he was bound to specify—but he forebore to give us a bill of particulars.—We are confident that no Whig has said more about him than Mr. Maulsby of Carroll county, a prominent and talanted member of the Democratic party, who was in the Convention which nominated Mr. Lowe; nor has any Whig said anything more harsh than Mr. Maulsby. But Mr L. made no reference to Mr. M. Was that fair Mr. Lowe?

Mr. Lowe.

We have waited for the contradiction of our declaration last week, that Mr. Lowe is, a Roman Catholic? Let the contradiction be made in time—that we may furnish the proof.

Fire.

We regret to learn that the Dwelling House and Kitchen, belonging to Mr. John F. Melvin, was destroyed by fire, on Sunday night last, with all their contents.—Mr. M. and family, had retired but a short time before they were aroused by the heat and smoke, in time to escape themselves, but without saving even any of their clothing. The loss is a severe one on Mr. M. who is an industrious enterprising farmer. His loss is supposed to about $1,000.

The fire was the work of an incendiary.

ANOTHER.—The barn, on the premises of Mr. John R. Gray, near this place, burned down Tursday evening, it contained about two hundred dollars worth of Guano and a large quantity of blades which were destroyed.

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE,

That E. Louis Lowe, the now great champion of the Locofoco party, was a rabid Whig in 1840, and made speeches for Gen. Harrison in which he denounced the Locofoco party in the severe terms, calling them Blackguards and Fools.

Keep it before the people, That Enoch Louis Lowe in a speech at Hagerstown, denied ever having voted for E. A. Lynch in opposition to Hon. J. T. Mason, when in fact it is admitted by his own party in Frederick county.

Keep it before the people, That Enoch Louis Lowe, in a speech at Elkton charged Mr. Clarke with being the candidate of a certain clique in Baltimore, and when met by that gentleman, face to face, denied *emphatically*, of ever having made any such charge.

Keep it before the people, That Enoch Louis Lowe is a Roman Catholic, and ought not to be Governor of Maryland.

Think of these things, reader, before you vote on next Wednesday.

Mr. Lowe Once a Whig.

It will be remembered how much Mr. Lowe, in his late speech at the Market House in this place, boasted of his consistency as a democrat. Since Mr. Lowe became a convert to Democracy, he may have been as consistant as Democratic politicians usually are. Of this we know but little, as except during a brief career in the Legislature, Mr. Lowe has occupied a very obscure position in the politics of this State. That he was, however, a Whig and made Whig speeches in 1839—40—that, in the contest subsequent to that time between John Thompson Mason, of Washington county, and Edward A. Lynch of Frederick, he sterinously opposed Mr. Mason, the Democratic candidate, and voted for Mr. Lynch; the Whig candidate—are facts so well established as to admit of no truthful contradiction. And yet Mr. Lowe prides himself upon his consistency!—Consistency indeed! Humbug!—*Cumberland Civilion.*

Political Music.

About the time Mr. LOWE received the Democratic nomination, there prevailed among his ardent admirers a very warm poetic and musical spirit. The organs of Mr. Lowe teemed with political songs of a very spirited character, set to lively animated tunes. We fully expected that the Democratic Singing Committee would have travelled the State with Mr. Lowe, and by the life cheering sounds of music, kept alive enthsiam of Mr. Lowe's friends. We have been disappointed in our expectations and are at a loss in ascertaining the cause of the failure. We are, however, at liberty to guess. We then guess that the enthusiasm with which certain portions of the Democracy greeted Mr. Lowe's nomination, has abated to an alarming extent, that when the first grand shout had died away and the Whigs appeared undismayed, fear and gloom began to prevade the Democratis ranks, and the committee could no longer sing the lively airs originally intended. The only air, that would now suit the declining prospect of their candidate, is.

"Hark from the tomb a doleful sound,
Mine ear attend the cry;
Ye Politicians view the ground,
Where LOWE will shortly lie."

GOV. GAINES.—Gov. John P. Gaines arrived in Oregon on the 6th ultimo, after a long passage around Cape Horn. Gov. Land had resigned, and left the Territory for California on the 18th of June, leaving it without a Governor till Major Gaines arrived.

"Insultingly Offensive."

"Give us a man," said Mr. Maulsby, a member of the Locofoco Convention which nominated Enoch Louis Lowe, when addressing that Convention—"*give us a man who will net be to the party*, INSULTINGLY OFFENSIVE." Mr. Maulsby in that convention was Lowe's opponent and the term "insultingly offensive" used by him had reference to and was intended for Mr. Lowe. Mr. Maulsby knew Lowe's moral and political character, and knowing it, well might he speak as he did—well might he plead for one who would not be to the party "*insultingly offensive.*"

He knew him to possess no political stamina—no stability—to be wavering and inconstant—that he was held to the party only by the "cohesive power of public plunder"—held to it only by the hope of advancement and self aggrandizement and not by any love of principle. He knew the man—knew the man—knew the principles which actuated him, and well might he in holy horror hold up his hands and exclaim "insultingly offensive."

But this was not all. He knew more. He knew the means adopted to procure the nomination—to suppress the will and the wishes of the party in that convention. He knew of Lowe's midnight visits to the haunts of voice—of his Bacchanalian revels of the lowest of characters—of the collusion between him and them to procure his nomination. He knew all this, and when it floated through his mind and he thought of the degredation which a nomination thus brought about—thus secured, would bring upon his proud dignified and pure party, he could no longer restrain his feelings—his thoughts gave uterance in words and he warned his colleages and his breathren to beware of making a nomination that would be to the party, "insultingly offensive."

Had this been all Mr. Maulsby might possibly have closed his nasal organs and swallowed the nauseating dose, and "for the sake of the party" have considered it not so "insultingly offensive" after all.

But it was not all. There were other deeds—other acts in the life of of Mr. Lowe of which Mr. Maulsby was acquainted, and of the enormity of which the term "insultingly offensive" conveys but a faint idea—Deeds damning in the sight of God and man—deeds dark, unpardonable, "salvationless almost"—deeds that become darker and darker with every ray of light that penetrated, and that would shock the feelings of delicacy," and mantle with shame the cheek of many an intimate of a fellons cell.

Mr. Maulsby knew of these things—he felt in his heart what he expressed—he knew that others would similar feel. He knew that the man who would ruthlessly violate female innocence—*seduce* female virtue—gratify his lewd appetite at the downfall of purity—and *exult* over the wreck HE had created, must indeed be a hardened wretch, and prove "insultingly offensive" not only to his party, but to a moral, virtue loving people and to the station to which he aspires—*Ex. paper.*

The Next Governor.

As the Gubernatorial canvass proceeds, the information which we receive from different parts of the State touching the probable issue of the contest is in a high degree gratifying, and full of encouragement. The Whigs have the result of their own hands, and nothing but a determined effort is required to ensure the election of Mr. CLARKE.

The hobby of Reform, which Mr Lowe has mounted with whip and spur, is likely to prove a dead horse. The subject is in the hands of the Convention, already chosen by the people, and it is one which the next Governor of Maryland will have nothing to do with. In all probability the new Consutution will be formed, or at all events its leading features will be determined, before the entrance of the next Gevernor into office.

One week only remains for the prosecution of the canvass. Mr. CLARKE is gaining strength daily, while the popularity of his opponent meets its natural fate in encountering the test of personal observation and contact. The coming week will be a trying one to Mr. LOWE, who is suffering already from the reaction of exaggerated pretensions unsustained. To a swollen bladder, or to an inflated balloon, a puncture is fatal. Mr. LOWE is, moreover, unfortuate in his friends; they would be sufficiont to ruin a better man.

Maryland is a Whig State as her vote shows at every Presidential election.—There should be no disturbing causes to weaken, divert or divide her full conservative vote in favor of the Whig candidate for Governor at the election now near at hand. She has no reason to look back with self-reproach to the administration of the last whig Governor whom she elected. On the contrary she may point to that administration with pride as to the highest epoch in her history since the days of the Revolution. With a Convention already chosen to reconstitute the organic law of the State, the people of Maryland, unembarrassed by the question of convention or no convention, and free from any distraction issues to cause sgitation and excitement, are now called upon in the exercise of a calm discretion to select an occupant of the Executive chair for the next Gubernatorial term—one in whose capacity and fidelity they may have confidence, and in whose counsels they may have confidence, and in whose counsels they may feel that the interests of the Commonwealth will find a trustworthy guardianship.—*American.*

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.—The Rockville Journal says:

The Whigs of this County, as far as we have been able to learn, were never more united than they are at this time. If a full vote be given in October, Col. Clarke will receive an old fashioned Whig majority.—Turn out to the polls, let every man go; persuade your neighbors to go. A full vote will inspire the election of the gallant Clarke, as whole-souled and thorough a Whig of Maryland can boast.

What is here said of Montgomery may be said of Baltimore city and of all the counties of the State. A full vote is always sure to bring a Whig victory. Let every whig remember this, and be sure to vote.—*Balto. Patriot.*

IMPORTANT FROM THE SOUTH.—*The Georgia Convention Called!* Governor Towns, of Georgia, has issued his proclamation, ordering an election of delegates in the several counties of the State, on the 25th of November, to meet in Convention on the 10th of December, to deliberate upon the course the people of that State should take, in view of the admission of California.

MARRIED.

On Tuesday last, by Rev. Mr. Gordon, Mr. Oliver P. Shaeffer to Miss Angelina Stroud, both of this county.

(Delaware and Pennsylvania papers will please copy.)

[The happy couple will accept our thanks for a quantity of excellent cake we received.]

FLOUR, MEAL and BRAND, on hand and for sale by the barrel, half barrel and retailable terms low for cash.
WM. BACCHUS.
Sep. 28, '50.

MISS EARLE

HAS returned from Philadelphia and opened her new

FALL GOODS.

September 28, 1850.

A good supply of Bridles and Collars for sale by
WILMER & FRANCIS.
Sep. 28, '50.

LAMP oil for sale by
W. & F.
Sep. 28, '50.

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES.

ALBERT E. BASSFORD—Principal.

THE above institution will be opened in Chestertown on Monday October 7th in the house recently occupied by Mrs. Dr. Thomas.

Terms;

Board and tuition in the usual branches of an English education, $125 00
Payable quarterly in advance.

DAY SCHOLARS.

$5, $7 or $9, in proportion to studies.

EXTRAS.

Music on the piano, harp or guitar, per quarter,	$10 00
Use of instrument,	2 00
Vocal music,	7 00
French, German, Spanish, Latin, or Italian,	5 00
Drawing and Painting,	5 00
Embroidery, needle work, &c.	5 00

☞Each boarder is requested to bring table napkins.

September 28, 1850.

GRIST AND SAW MILLS FOR SALE.

THE subscriber wishes to sell the Grist Mill situated on the head of Still Pond Creek. The mill has went through a thorough repair and is good condition for grinding both wheat and corn—the stand for milling is as good as any in the county.

He also wishes to sell the Saw Mill situsted on the main branch of Churn Creek. For further particulars apply to the subscriber.

The terms will be made easy to the purchasers.

J. C. BELL.
Kent county, September 28, '50. } tf

NOTICE.

THE undersigned Commissioners appointed by Kent County Court to value and divide the Real estate of James Hepbron, deceased, late of Kent County, according to the provision of the acts of Assembly in such case made and provided, do hereby give notice to all concerned that we shall meet at the dwelling House on the farm situated in Still Pond near Lynchs Corner, now occupied by Joseph M. Carrow, on Wednesday the 6th day of November next at 10 o'clock A.M., to proceed, in the buisiness for which we are appointed.

JAMES GALE,
JAMES URIE,
GEO. B. WESTCOTT,
JNO. WILSON, of Geo.
THOS. RAISIN. } Commissioners.
September 28, 1850.

VENITIAN BLINDS.—The subscribers are prepared to furnish Venitian Blinds of every description at reduced prices. Having on hand a large assortment of Blinds we are are prepared to fill all orders promptly, and on pleasing terms.

J. C. & W. HOLLAND,
87 Baltimore st., op. Holliday.
March 30, 1850.

Notice.

THE undersigned having made application to the late Grand Jury, for license to sell alcohol as a medicine, he being an apothecary, and having obtained the same, deems it necessary to prevent misrepresentation, to state publicly, that he will in no instance dispose of any ardent spirits to any one except as a medicine and that at apothecary prices.

JOHN PERKINS.
Worton Heights, Sep. 28, 1850. }

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF Valuable Mill Property.

BY virtue of a Decree of the Chancellor of Maryland, the undersigned, as trustee, will offer at public sale, at the tavere porch of John McDaniel, in Chester Town, Md., between the hours of 12 M and 4 o'clock, P. M. on

Saturday,

the 12th day of October next, that valuable

MILL PROPERTY

situate in the Lower District of Kent county, on the road from Chester Town, to Rock Hall, known as

"SHAW'S MILL;"

containing 20 *ACRES OF ARABLE LAND*, and 2 *ACRES OF WOODLAND* attached.

The improvement consist of a *FRAME GRIST MILL* in good running order and doing an excellent business—a comfortable *FRAME DWELLING*—a negro hut and out houses in tolerable order. Churches and Schools are convenient.

THE MILL has the custom of a rich section of country 20 miles in extent in the lower part of the District, and properly managed cannot fail to be very profitable.

Possession given on the first day of January next.

THE TERMS OF SALE, as prescribed by the Chancellor, are two hundred and fifty dollars cash to be paid on the day of sale, the residue in equal instalments of one, two and three years from the day of sale with interest from the first of January next, to be secured by bond with surcties to be approved by the Trustee.

For further information inquire of Henry Blackiston, Esq. near Rock Hall.

J. EARLE ROCHESTER,
Trustee.

September 21, 1850.

Delaware Journal will publish the above 3 times and send bill to Trustee, at Denton, Caroline county, Md.

NEW FALL GOODS.

WM. N. E. WICKES

HAS just opened a lot of fall dry goods comprising such varieties as are usually wanted at this season. He has also made additions to his stock of

Groceries, Hardware Queeensware, Boots and Shoes.

Making a large and desirable assortment of

GOODS

to which the attention of purchasers is invited.

September 21, 1850.

In Chancery,

12th September, 1850.

ORDERED that the sale of the property in the cause of Samuel H. Cooper, against Anna B. Paul, and others, made and reported by Richard Hynson, Trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn on or before the 12th day of November next; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some Newspaper in Kent county, once in each of three successive weeks before the 22d day of October next.

The Report states the amount of sales to be $2395.

TRUE COPY;
Test,
LOUIS GASSAWAY,
Reg. Cur. Can.

Sep. 21, 1850.

OVERSEERS WANTED.

TO WORKING-MEN with proper recommendations, liberal wages will be given. Married men with small families will be preferred. Apply in person, to
JAMES E. BARROLL.
C. Town, Sept. 7, 1850.

A GOOD SUPPLY of STONE-WARE, IRON-WARE and TIN WARE for sale cheap by
WILMER & FRANCIS.

LINEN and Cotton Sheeting 3 yds. wide 5¼ Bleached and brown sheeting for le by
W. N. E. WICKES.
Septemper 21, 1850.

WE are authorized to announced J. E. BLACKISTON, Esq. an independent candidate for the Senate, at the coming Election.
September 14, 1850.*

AUCTION SALES

VALUABLE LAND FOR Sale.

THE subscriber, as agent will offer at public sale, at the tavern door of Reese Merritt, in the Head of Sassafras, on

MONDAY,

the 14th day of October next a part of that *VALUABLE FARM*, belonging to Samuel E. Briscoe, and better known as the

WILMER FARM,

and contained within the following bounds. Begiduing at the line on the main road opposite the lauds of Wm. Moffett, and running with main road to the gate, then down by the division between the land and E. Welch to the middle gate, then by a line south by west to the Creek, then by and with the beginning so as to contain from

180 to 200 Acres,

to which will be an abundance of

Wood

TERMS OF SALE.—One third in cash, the residue in 4 and 12 months.

J. B. RICAUD, Agent.
Sep. 21, 1840—tds

ESTATE OF MILLICENT TOULSON,
Maryland, Kent county, Orphans' Court,
September 3, 1850.

On the application of Edward Hartly, Executor of Millicent Toulson late of Kent county, dec'd

Ordered, that she give notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in the Kent News, printed in Chester Town.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid, I have hereunto set my (Seal) hand and the seal of my office affixed, this 3d day of September, 1850.

Test, E. WELCH,
Register of Wills for Kent county.

In compliance with the above order this is to give notice, that the subscriber, of Kent county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, Maryland, letters Testamentary on the personal estate of Millicent Toulson, late of Kent county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 28th day of March 1851, they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand, this 3rd day of September, 1850.

EDWARD HARTLY,
Ex'tx of Millicent Noulson, dec'd.
september7, 1850.—3w

ESTATE OF CATHARINE KENNARD.
Maryland, Kent county, Orphans' Court,
September 17, 1850.

On application of James W. Skinver, Adm'r of Catharine Kennard, late of Kent county deceased.

Ordered, That he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate and that the same be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in the Kent News, printed in Chastertown.

In testimany that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid I have hereunto set my [Seal] hand and seal of my office affixed this 17th day of Sept'r, 1850.

Test, EBEN. WELCH,
Register of Wills for Kent county.

In compliance with the above Order this is to give notice that the subscriber of Kent county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, Md., letters of Administration on the personal estate of Catharine Kennard, late of Kent county, decd. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit their claims with the vouchers thereat to the Orphans', Court on or before the 29th of March, 1851, they may otherwise be excluded from the benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 17th day of September, 1850.

JAMES W. SKIRVEN,
Adm'r of Catharine Kennard, dec'd.
Sept. 21, 1850.—3w

Personal Discharge.

NOTICE is hereby given to the creditors of Joseph A. Wright, that a personal discharge hath been granted to said insolvent debtor, and that the 19th day of March next, being the first Wednesday of our county Court next succeeding this date, hath been set apart for the final hearing in his case where his creditors may attend and shew cause if any they have why a final discharge shall not be granted said debtor.

Test, JOS. REDUE,
Clerk of Kent co. Court, Md.
September 21, 1850—3m

C. O. CONE, M. D.

Professor of Operative and Mechanical Denistry in the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery.

Will devote himself to the practice of Denistry and to the Medical and Surgical treatment of all diseases of the mouth. Office, No. 38, North Charles st. Baltimore, Md.
Jan. 26, 1850—1y.