msa_sc2901_scm2351-0402 ©Maryland State Archives

KENT NEWS.

CHESTERTOWN, Md.

Saturday, November 9, 1850.

Thanksgiving.

It will be seen by an advertisement in our paper, that Governor Thomas has appointed Thursday, the 28th November, as a day of Thanksgiving to the Almighty for the many blessings he has bestowed upon us as a people, during the past year.—It is recommended to the citizens of the State to abstain, on that day from their usual employments, and devote themselves to religious exercises.

The Reform Convention.

It will be seen by reference to a letter which is copied from the Sun, that the Convention failed on Wednesday to elect a President, although four ballots were taken. The candidates were John G. Chapman, whig, who received 48 votes; Benj C. Howard, dem. 41; William Cost Johnson, ind. Whig, 9. The whole number of votes cast was 99, there being one member absent and neither of the candidates voting.

Elections.

The election took place in New York on Tuesday last, for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, members of Congress, Canal Commissioner, Inspector of State Prisons, Clerk of the Court of Appeals, and members of the General Assembly, as well as for Mayor and city officers.

The candidates for Governor were Washington Hunt, whig and Horatio Seymour, democrat; Lieutenant Governor, George J. Corneli, whig, nd aSandford E Church democrat. There was also a complete abolition ticket with Wm. L. Chaplin as their candidate for Governor.

Ambrose C. Kingsland, the whig candidate for Mayor is elected by 4,547 maj.

In twenty counties heard from the maj. for Hunt, whig, for Governor is 6000.—The Evening Journal at Albany thinks that Hunt, is elected Governor; also the State ticket with the exception of the Prison Inspector.

CONGRESS.

There were 34 members of Congress to elect, which stood in the last Congress 32 Whigs, 1 democrat and 1 free soiler.—The following members have been elected as far as heard from:

Districts.
1st John G Floyd, dem—gain.
1d Obadiah Brown, whig—no change.
3d E B Hart, dem—gain.
4th J H H Haines, whig—no change.
5th George Briggs, whig—no change.
6th James Brooks, whig—no change.
8th Gilbert Dean, dem—gain.
9th Wm Murray, dem—gain.
12th D S Seymour, dem—gain.
13th J L Schoolcraft, whig—no change.
14th J B Boyd, whig—no change.
17th A H Buell, dem—gain.
18th P King, free soil—no change.
20th T Jenkins, dem—gain
23d L Babcock, dem—gain.
24th D T Jones, dem—gain.
26th R Halsey, dem—gain.
27th Wm A Sackett, whig—no change.
28th A M Schermerhorn, w'g—no change
29th J Horsford, whig—no change.
31st F S Martin, whig—no change.
32d S G Haven, whig—no change.
33d A P Hascall, whig—no change.
34th L Burrows, whig—no change.

As far as heard from the democrats have gained ten members, as will be seen by the above. There are ten districts to hear from, all of which the 21st, were represented by whigs in the last Congress.

The general impression is that the whigs have elected a majority of the Assembly, which will secure the election of a United States Senator, in the place of Hon. Dan'l S. Dickinson.

NEW JERSEY.

The returns received indicate the election of Geo. F. Fort, the Locofoco Candidate for Governor. The Locos have elected four members of Congress.

SUICIDE.

The Easton Star of Tuesday last says:

A coroner's inquest was held on Sunday morning last over the body of the reputed wife of Solomon Gow, living near Easton, who hung herself from the limb of a tree, a short distance from the house about 10 o'clock on the morning of that day. She had prepared breakfast for the family, as usual, but eat nothing herself, she was missed a short time afterwards, and upon search being made, was found by one of her sons suspended by a piece of rope tied around the neck and fastened to projecting limb over a ditch bank. It appears that she has lived unhappily with Gow and has been in a somewhat deranged state of mind for some time, so much so that every precautionary means has been necessary to prevent the taking of her own life, which, we learn, she had frequently threatened to do, and which at last she has most successfully accomplished.

PIRATES ON THE CHESAPEAKE.—The Centreville Times says that Chester river is filled with a number of pungys, whose captains are engaged in carrying off the property of farmers! Col John R. Emory was robbed of about a dozen fine mutton, and recently Mr. William Emory lost 160 bushels of grain by these pirates.

GREAT UNION MEETING IN NEW YORK.

The mass meeting of the friends of the Union at Castle Garden, N. York, on wednesday evening, was a tremendous demonstration. Such a concourse of people never congregated before in that city at any public meeting. They were present by thousand and tens of thousand.

The meeting was called to order by appointing George Wood, Esq., President — He made a brief and patriotic address in stating the object of the meeting, which was to harmonize all bad feeling, and give to the world and expression of sentiment, which would show that the people of New York were not only for the Union, but for maintaining the integrity of the laws and of the constitution at all hazards and against all encroachments, come from where they may.

A letter was read from the Hon. Daniel Webster, which, the Herald says, rung like a trumpet call from the mountains, speaking in tones of thunder to the disorganizers of the day. The letter condamns them all—those of the North and South. It is purely patriotic, and knows no cause but that of the Union. A similar letter was read from Senator Dickinson, who was detained at home by sickness.

A series of resolutions were read and adopted, approving the recent measures of Congress for the adjustment of the dangerous questions arrising from the acquisition of territory from Mexico. Also holding that these measures should be sustained by every patriot in the land—holding in gratitude the Senators and members of Congress; who threw aside party purposes for the sake of the country.

The resolution censure severely those, who, disregarding the will of the majority, seek by again agitating the subject, to throw fire-brands into Congress or the country. They regard the fugitive slave law as in accordance with the express stipulations of the Constitution, and the law passed by Congress in 1793, and signed by Washington. They finally oppose supporting any one for office who is known to be hostile to the present peace measures of the country. The meeting continued in session until after 11 o'clock, and during the whole time it was marked by the strongest enthusiasm and feelings of patriotism.

The following are two of the resolutions adopted by the meeting:—

Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting, a further agitation of the Slavery question in Congress would be fraud with inculcable danger to our Union, and that we will support no candidate at the ensuing, or any other election, for State officers or for members of Congress or of the Legislature, who is known or believed to be hostile to the Peace Measures recently adopted by Congress, or any of them or in favor of re-opening the questions involved in them for renewed agitation.

Resolved, That we regard our obligations to the Constitution and the Union as superior to the ties of any of the political parties to which we may have hitherto belonged, and that on all future occasions we will range ourselves under the banners of that party whose principles and practice are most calculated to uphold the Constitution and to perpetuate our glorious Union.

A TRAGICAL AFFAIR.—*Bank Robber Shot!*—At two o'clock on Thursday morning, an attempt was made to break into the Village Bank at North Danvers, Mass. The robbers began the attempt to burst the door in, when the watchman of the Bank, named Aaron Bateman, called upon them to desist, which they refused to do.

He then fired a gun loaded with ball, hitting one of them in the side, who staggered a few paces and fell dead. He proved to be John C. Page, brother in law of the cashier of the Bank. His father, who lived in the nearest building to the Bank, was aroused by the noise of the gun, and coming out, stumbled over his dead son's body.

It appears that the Bank Directors have had warning that an attempt would be made to rob the Bank, and have had a watchman there for a week past—which fact was generally known. The three companions of the deceased are supposed to have drawn Page, who was of rather bad habits, into the attempt. They all escaped in a carriage they brought with them.

RIOTING, OUTRAGE AND MURDER—Our city has again been the scene of riot ing and murder Last evening the New Market Fire Company had a ball at Metamora Hall, in Lombard street, near Hanover. A party opposed to these attending the ball had posted themselves in the vicinity, and made an attack upon those going in,—even when accompanied by ladies. One gentleman accompanied by a lady had a volley of bricks thrown at him seriously endangering the lives of both of them, the missiles flying around them like hail, but fortunately missing their object. Upon this the friends of the gentleman who were in the ball sallied out and a number of shots were exchanged.

A young man named John Michael received three shots through the body. He leaped into the air, and fell on his face, dead. He was conveyed to the office of Dr. Worthington, but the vital spark had fled. He resided at the corner of Lombard and Eutaw streets. Another young man named Stephen Norton, was shot through the arm, and another named John Christopher received a ball through the leg. Several more were wounded, but we were unable to learn their names.

From all the information we have been able to obtain of this terrible affray, we are led to the conclusion that the attack was made upon those attending the ball without any cause whatever, as some of those attacked were accompanied by ladies, and of course could give no insult to any one. The individual killed, as well as those wounded, were all of the attacking party.

MARYLAND CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

NOT YET ORGANIZED.

Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.

ANNAPOLIS, Nov. 6 1850.

The delegates on the Convention on the Constitution were again in caucus last night, until a late hour, endeavoring to arrive at some plan of distributing the offices of the Convention—each of the legitimate political parties acting separately, whilst those delegates elected independent of mere party distinction still declined going into caucus. In the whig branch, a proposition to nominate was warmly debated. The same motion was made in the democratic caucus; in which body, Mr. Brown, one of the "Union men" from Carroll county, making his appearance, the original proposition of that particular class of delegates, to allow them to nominate a fit person for the presidency of the Convention, was brought forward, debated, and finally voted down—when the name of Benjamin C. Howard, of Baltimore county, who was on both the regular and amalgamated tickets of that county, was put forward and he was finally put in nomination. The whig caucus adjourned over until this morning without nominating. After a caucus this morning, they concluded to present the name of Gen. Chapman to the Convention, for President, and Geo. G. Brewer, as Secretary.

The delegates again meeting a convention this morning, Mr. McHenry, moved that they proceed to the election of a president, and that the selection be made *viva voce*.

Thomas B. Dorsey moved a division of the question, so as to take the vote first simply upon proceeding to an election; which was agreed to, and the convention decided to proceed to an election.

Mr. Phelps then moved to strick out "viva voce" and insert "by ballot."

B. C. Prestman called for the yeas and nays on the motion to amend.

After some remarks by Messrs. Phelps, Prestman, Merrick, Brown, Tuck and Jenifer, and some suggestions from the chair, the motion requiring the yeas and nays, or the motion to amend, was carried.

The motion then recurring on the proposition to strike out and insert was negatived by a vote of 36 to 66. The next question, requiring a viva voce vote in the selection of a president, was adopted.

Mr. Ricaud nominated John G. Chapman for president.

A. G. Ege nominated Wm. Cost Johnson.

Albert Constable nominated Benjamin C. Howard.

B. C. Howard, by permission of the Convention, called Samuel Sprigg to the chair, and he retired.

On motion, the chair appointed Daniel Jenifer and Albert Constable tellers to take and report the vote for President. The names of the respective delegate in attendance were called; ninety-nine answered to their names, and voted as follows:

For Chapman—Morgan, Blackiston, Dent, Hopewell, Ricaud, Lee, Chambers, Mitchell, Donaldson, Dorsey, Wells, Randall, Kent, Weems, Dalrymple, Bond, Sollers, Brent, Merrick, Jenifer, John Dennis, James U. Dennis, Crisfield, Dashiell, Williams, Hicks, Hodson, Goldsborough, Eccleston, Phelps, Bowie, Tuck, Sprigg, McCubbin, Bowling, Dirickson, McMaster, Hearn, Jacobs, Fooks, Schley, Fiery, Neill, Newcomer, Kilgour, Davis, Waters, Smith—48.

For Howard—Sellman, Buchanan, Bell, Chandler, Welsh, Lloyd, Dickinson, Sherwood, Colston, Constable, B. B. Chambers, McCullough, Miller, McLane, Spencer, George, Wright, Thomas, Sappington, Stephenson McHenry, Magraw, Nelson, Carter, Thawley, Thos. R. Stewart, Hardcastle, Gwinn, D. Stewart, Brent, Geo. W Sherwood, Prestman, Ware, Harbine, Michael, Newcomer, Brewer, Anderson, Weber, Holliday, Slicer, Brown—41.

For Johnson—Ridgely, Shriver, Gaither, Bi-ser, Annan, Ege, Cockey, Parke, Shower—9.

From this it will be seen that 99 out of 103 delegates voted. Ex-Governor Grason alone is absent from the city, and Dr. Fitzpatrick was not in his seat, but subsequently voted. Messrs. Chapman, Howard and Johnson, of course, did not vote. So that fifty votes were necessary for a choice. Three other efforts were made to elect, without success. After the fourth vote the Convention adjourned until to morrow morning.

Two votes more only are necessary to elect Gen. Chapman. The following are the Whigs elected on the "union ticket," to whom he must look for his election—James L. Ridgely, John D. Gathier, R. Annan, A. G. Ege and M. G. Cockey. There will be no regular cancusing to-night, but all the political influences that can be brought to bear will be called into requisition to effect an organization. H.

MAYOR OF PITTSBURG.—The Supreme Court of Pensylvania met at Pittsburg on Friday, and unanimously decided that Joe Barker, the eccentric Mayor of that city, in his recent course with the Councils, was illegal, high handed and oppressive. But what cares he for the Supreme Court, any more than the Court of Quarter Session.

MURDER.—Mr. John A. Butler of Edgefield district, S. C., was cruelly murdered near his residence on Wednesday, 23d ult., by two negroes, the property of John P. Mays and Mrs. Anna Anderson. Both the negroes have been apprehended, and are now in jail awaiting their trial.

It is said that Senator Foote is addressing the people of Mississippi in favor of the Compromise, and that he is replied to by Gov. Quitman on the opposite side.

☞The Attorney General, Geo. R. Richardson, Esq. has appointed Wm. H. Purnell, Esq., Prosecutor for Worcester co., in the place of John R. Franklin, Esq., resigned.

Arrival of the Empire City.

California News—The Recent Fire—More Gold, &c.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—The steamer Empire City has arrived here from Chagres. She brings 200 passengers and $150,000 worth of gold dust.

The recent fire destroyed about three hundred buildings, and the loss is estimated at about one million of dollars.

The Clerk of the Empire City died on the passage.

A large quantity of gold has been shipped within the week, prior to the latest dates from California. The amount it is supposed will not be less than three millions of dollars.

Trade was brisk from the mines. Purchases were making actively, in preparation for winter.

There is less stringency in the money market than has been known before.

The ground burnt over by the previous fires had nearly all been rebuilt.

The miners were doing a very prosperous business.

Produce of all kinds in good request.—Western flour was selling at 14 a $15 per bbl., Beef, 17 a $18, Mess Pork, $28, Prime, 13 a $14.

Dry goods in fair demand, but not active.

AN IMPORTED ABOLITIONIST.

George Thompson, an Englishman, who was in this country some years since lecturing to the abolitionists of the North, arrived at Boston a few days since in the Canada.

Of this worthy an English paper says:

"A valedictory *soiree* to Mr Geo. Thompson, M. P., for the Tower Hamlets, previous to his embarkation for the United States of America, where he is about to enter on a short Anti-Slavery campaign came off at the London Tavern, Bishopgate street, on Wednesday evening."

The New York Globe says:—"The British government has sent to America Bermuda convicts, and Irish spies who had sold their fellow men for accursed blood money, and English detectives, rotten with the corruptions of Newgate—but it never paid the passage of a man with as base a purpose or as fell a hatred against American society, as this George Thompson. He is coming with his English impertinences, *Hinglish haccent*, to further that "great uprising of the North," which the *Albany Journal* sees approaching. He is coming with English gold from the World's Convention, to subsidize presses, and hire Abolition lecturers. He is coming to invent rapsodies about the "horrors of slavery," while white men and women, and little children, are dying of starvation and cold and wretchedness, in the poor land whence he comes."

THE INHUMAN TREATMENT OF SOLDIERS AT FORT CONSTITUTION.—The barbarous treatment received by certain United States soldiers at Fort Constitution, Portsmouth, New Hampshire, has been severely commented upon by some of the Eastern papers. Their punishment for the *crime* of declining to row a party of ladies was—

"That they be kept at hard labor by day, and in solitary confinement at night, for one year, without receiving pay or clothing except of the latter such as the commanding officer may deem indispensable; and that they each wear a 24 pound ball attached to their limbs by an ox-chain weighing some twelve pounds, and an iron collar upon their necks with seven iron points of seven inches in length, resembling a spike, attached to it, and weighing seven or eight pounds."

GEN SCOTT.—The Whigs of Michigan, at their recent State Convention, adopted resolutions in favor of Major General Winfield Scott, Whig candidate for President in the canvass of 1852.

Markets.

Baltimore November 8, 1850.

White Wheat—1 10 to 1 16.
Red do —90 to 1 05.
Yellow Corn—60a62.
White do—58a60.
New Corn—50a55.
Oats—32a37.
Rye—64a68

Died.

Departed this life, on the 31st ult. Loure Virginia D., eldest daughter of John Start, aged 5 years 1 month and 11 days.

Dearest Loure, thou has left us,
We thy loss most deeply feel,
But it is God, he has bereft us
He can all our sorrow heal.

Yet again we hope to meet you
When the day of life is fled,
And in Heaven with joy to greet thee,
Where no farewell tears are shed.

Hush my babe lie still and slumber,
Holy angels guard thy bed,
All without each Heavenly number
Gently falling on thy head. S.

☞Balt. Sun please copy

FLOUR

ON hand and for sale by the barrel, half barrel and retail.

WM. BACCHUS,

Nov. 9, 1850.

Cloths, Cloths.—T. W. ELIASON has a large assortment of Cloths, which he is selling very low. Persons wishing to buy should not fail to give him a call.

Nov. 9, 1850.

CASSIMERES, SATTINETTS, AND VESTINGS.—A large assortment, just received and for sale low by

T. W. ELIASON.

Nov. 9, '50.

SHAWLS, SHAWLS.—T. W. ELIASON has just opened a handsome assortment of long Shawls, which he is selling at reduced prices,

Nov. 9, '50.

DRESS GOODS.—Handsome Thibit Cloths, Lustres, Delanes; and other goods just open and for sale very low by

T. W. ELIASON.

Nov. 9, 1850.

BLANKETS at $1.50 to $5 per pair, by T. W. ELIASON.

Nov. 9, '50.

ESTATE OF CHAS. T. OSBORNE.

Maryland, Kent county, Orphans' Court, November 5, 1850.

On the application of John E. Cacy, Adm'r of Chas. T. Osborne, late of Kent county, dec'd

Ordered, that he give notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in the Kent News, printed in Chester Town.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid, I have hereunto set my (Seal) hand and the seal of my office affixed, this 5th day of November, 1850.

Test, E. WELCH,
Register of Wills for Kent county.

In compliance with the above order this is to give notice, that the subscriber, of Kent county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of Chas. T. Osborn, late of Kent county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 28th day of May 1851, they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand, this 5th day of November, 1850

JOHN E CACY,
Adm'r of Charles T. Osborne, decd

November 9, 1850.—3w

To the People of Kent County and Vicinity.

WE the undersigned, do testify that Dr. Lyons has been practising on the Botanic System of Medical Treatment in Baltimore, and as far as our knowledge extends, has been very successful in removing various Chronic diseases of years standing. We may further add, that his most valuable Vegetable Medicines, has in many instances reached, when other treatment has utterly failed.

[Signed] JACOB HORN,
D. SLUMDELL,
ADAM CAMPBELL,
BENJ PRICE,
JAMES GETTY,
JNO. ADAMS,
JNO. MCGOWAN,
ISAAC HEISS,
F. DARR,
BELT S. NORWOOD.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

This is to certify that Doct. Lyons is a tenant of mine and has always, as far as I have been able to judge, conducted himself as a perfect gentleman.

P G SAUERVINE.

Baltimore, Nov. 5, 1850.

[BY AUTHORITY.]

State of Maryland, to wit:

WHEREAS, An Election was held on the second day of October, being the First Wednesday of said month, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty, in the several counties of this State, for Governor, and the returns thereof have been duly made and received and the number of votes, according to said returns, counted and ascertained by me, and it appears by said returns that, of the persons voted for, ENOCH LOUIS LOWE, Esquire, possessing the legal qualifications and a resident of the District from which the Governor is to be taken, has received a majority of the legal votes cast at said election.

NOW THEREFORE, I, JOHN JOHNSON, *Chancellor*, by virtue of the power vested in me by the Constitution and Form of Government of the State of Maryland, do, by this my proclamation declare, that ENOCH LOUIS LOWE, Esquire, has been duly elected Governor of the said State, according to the Constitution and Form of Government thereof.

L.S. Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of Maryland, this twenty third day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty.

JOHN JOHNSON,
Chancellor.

Nov 9, '50—3w

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, it is the solemn duty of Christian people, endowed with the inestimable privileges of civil and religious liberty, and to the enjoyment of uninterrupted peace and the highest degree of national prosperity, to unite at some fixed period of each year, in fervent prayer and thanksgiving to Almighty God for the manifold blessings which, through His providence have been vouchsafed to them.

And whereas, it has been customary and it is, therefore, expected by the citizens of the State, that a day should be assigned by the Executive authority thereof, upon which the whole people, abstaining from all secular employment, may devoutly join in thanksgiving, praise and prayer.

Now, therefore, I, PHILIP FRANCIS THOMAS, Governor of the State of Maryland, do, by this proclamation, designate and set apart THURSDAY, the 28th of November next, as a day of *thanksgiving* to Almighty God, to be kept and observed by the good people of the State of Maryland, whom I earnestly reccommend, on that day, to abstain from their usual secular engagements and to devote themselves to such religious exercises as are appropriate to a day of thanksgiving and prayer.

L.S. Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of Maryland, at the city of Annapolis, on the twenty sixth day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty.

By the Governor, PHILIP F. THOMAS
JOHN NICK WATKINS.
Sec'y. of State.

N. 9, 1850.—tdt.

SUPERIOR PORT WINE for sickness, for sale by

WILMER & FRANCIS.

IMPORTANT TO THE INHABITANTS OF CHESTER TOWN AND VICINITY.

THE well known and justly celebrated Dr. LYONS, of *Baltimore*, best known as the *HERB DOCTOR* will visit Chestertown every other Wednesday and Thursday, commencing the 6th and 7th of November, 1850; all who desire to see him and procure his never-failing Medicines can do so by calling at the residence of Mr. J W. PRICHARD, Market space, where he has procured a room for consultation. All who are suffering with diseases of the *LUNGS, LIVER HEART & THROAT*, or any other, complicated chronic diseases of years standing, which has baffled the skill of other Physicians, will find it to their utmost advantage not to despair of a cure, but to call without delay and give the HERB DOCTOR'S MEDICINES a fair and faithful trial; by so doing they will have reason to rejoice with Thousands of others, who are now living Monuments to his skill and successful vegetable practice.

Office in Baltimore, No. 75, North Howard street, corner of Clay street, between Lexington and Saratoga.

☞Consultation and advice free of charge.

Oct. 26, 1850.—1y

MANTUAMAKING.

Miss C. M. MISSIMER

WOULD respectfully inform the Ladies of Chestertown and vicinity that she is carrying on the above named business in all its various branches, and hopes by strict attention to business to merit a share of patronage.

She will be found in the residence of Capt. Carl L. Strandberg.

C. Town, Oct'r 26, 1850.

FOR SALE.

INTENDING soon to remove into the country and finding it will be inconvenient for me to attend to my Town Lots, I will sell at private sale, to any who may be disposed to purchase, by the *NINETEENTH day of NOVEMBER* next the following property:

A Lot in the vicinity of Chester Town, which I purchased of the late James Mansfield's estate, containing

12 1-2 Acres.

under new fencing, and in a high state of cultivation—upwards of three hundred bushels of wheat were taken from it the present year, notwithstanding the crop was very much injured by storms. This Lot will be divided into small lots to suit purchasers if desired.

Also EIGHT ACRES—College Lots, adjoining the lots of Col. Joseph Wickes, and Mr. George W. T. Perkins. These Lots have been improved and heavy crops of Clover was cut from them the present year. They are under good fencing and will be divided to suit purchasers.

Also the two story Dwelling and Garden attached occupied by Mr. John L. Ringgold and adjoining the property of John H. Carroll Esq Also the Ice-House, with right of way, near the above property.

Also a small Tenement on the Hoops Lot, occupied by Jack Barrett (col) and the residue of the Hoops Lot containing about ¼ of an acre

If the above property shall not be disposed of at private sale prior to Tuesday 19th November next, it will then be offered at public sale, at 11 o'clock, A. M. at the Tavern of Jno. McDaniel, Esq. in Chester Town, to the highest bidder. The title will be made indisputable and Terms accommodating. Persons desiring further information in regard to any of the above property, will be pleased to call on GEORGE VICKERS, Esq., who will, in my absence give any satisfaction desired and who will also give his attendance at the public sale, if private sales be not effected prior to to the time mentioned.

A. W. SPARKS.

Chester Town,
Oct. 19, 1850. tds.

Ratcliffe Mill.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that his *SMUT MACHINE, PLASTER MILL, CORN and COB CRUSHER* are in succesful operation, and far exceeds his expectations.

The *FLOURING MILL* has been thoroughly repaired, and we must be able to do the work in the best possible manner.

T. H. WHALAND.

Oct'r 26, 1850.

To Physicians, Druggists and COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

DR. J. N. Keeler and Bro. most respectfully solicits attention to their fresh stock of English, French, German and American Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Glass ware, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, &c. Having opened a new store No. 294 Market st. with a supply of Fresh Drugs and Medicines, we respectfully solicit country dealers to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, promising one and all who may feel disposed to extend to us their patronage, to sell them genuine Drugs and Medicines, on as liberal terms as any other house in the city, and to faithfully execute all orders entrusted to us promptly and with dispatch.

One of the proprietors being a regular physician, affords ample guarantee of the genuine quality of all articles sold at their establishment.

We especially invite druggists and country merchants, who may wish to become agents for Dr. Keeler's celebrated Family Medicines, (standard and popular remedies) to forward their address.

Soliciting the patronage of dealers, we respectfully remain,

J. N. KEELER & BRO.,
Wholesale Druggists,
No. 294, Market st., Philadelphia.

Sept. 15, 1849.

LINEN and Cotton Sheeting 3 yds. wid 5¼ Bleached and brown sheeting for sale by

W. N. E. WICKES.

September 21, 1850.