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THE KENT NEWS.

Frustra laborat, qui omnibus placere studet.—"He labours vainly, who endeavors to please every one.

BY E. MANSFIELD. CHESTER TOWN, Md. $1 50 PER ANNU, in advance

VOL. 13. SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1852. No. 20.

STABLER'S

DIARRHŒA CORDIAL

Is a pleasant Mixture, composed in agreement with the rules of Pharmacy, of the raputic agents, long known and celebrated for their peculiar efficacy in curing DIARRHŒA, and similar affections of the system. In its action, it ALLAYS NAUSEA and produces a healthy action of the LIVER, thus removing the cause at the same time that it cures the disease.

Opinion of Dr. JOHN ADDISON, Physician to the Baltimore Southern Dispensary.

Having a trial of your "Diarrhœa Cordial," and being also acquainted with the ingredients of which it is composed, it gives me much pleasure in adding my testimony to that of others in favor of its EXTRAORDINARY EFFICACY in the cure of "Diarrhœa and Summer Complaints in children and adults."

With respect, &c.,
JOHN ADDISON, M. D

☞Price 50 cts. per Bottle.

STABLER'S ANODYNE CHERRY

EXPECTORANT

Is confidently recommended to invalids, as UNSURPASSED by any known preparation for the cure of COUGHS, HOARSENESS, and other terms of common colds; BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, CROUP, CONSUMPTION in an early stage, and for the RELIEF of the Patient even in advanced stages of that Fatal Disease.

It combines, in a scientific manner, remedies of long esteemed value, with others of more recent discovery, and besides its *soothing* and *tonic* qualities, acts through the skin gently, and with great efficacy; for the cure of this class of diseases.

A number of the most respectable Physicians, to whom we have communicated a knowledge of the constituents of these medicines, have been pleased to favor us with their opinions, (some of them in writing,) that they are the best remedies they have ever been acquainted with for the cure of the diseases for which they are recommended.

OPINION OF DR. SAMUEL B. MARTIN,

One of the most experienced of the faculty in this city, and long celebrated for successful practice:

GENTLEMEN—I have carefully examined the component parts of your Diarrhœa Cordial, as well as your Anodyne Cherry Expectorant, and find them both valuable compounds, the doses are safe and convenient with medical practice, and I do not hesitate to recommend them.

Your friend, &c., S. B. MARTIN, M. D.

Baltimore, June, 1852.

Certificate from Doct. JOHN ADDISON, Physician to the Baltimore Southern Dispensary.

HAVING been made acquainted with the ingredients which enter into the composition of your "Anodyne Cherry Expectorant," and having also made trial of its virtues, I have no hesitation in recommending it to the confidence and patronage of the public, as a most VALUABLE medicine in the treatment of the various diseases for which it is intended. JOHN ADDISON, M. D.

We beg leave, as convincing evidence of the highly valuable properties of the above named medicines, to refer to the annexed complimentary notice from six ten of the most respectable Apothecarries and Pharmaceutists in the city of Baltimore, whom we have appointed our agents, and who have the several articles for sale.

The subscribers, Apothecaries and Pharmaceutists in the city of Baltimore, are satisfied that the preparations known of "Stabler's Anodyne Cherry Expectorant" and "Stabler's Diarrhœa Cordial," are medicines of great value, and very efficient for the relief and cure of the diseases for which they are recommended: they bear the evidence of skill and care in their preparation and style of putting up, and we take pleasure in recommending them to our customers.

G A Moore,	F P Scott,	S K Fleming,
E C Gilpin,	I J Graham,	Henry Lowe,
J W Barry & Co,	L Philips,	Jos Roberts,
G W Johnston,	J B Stansbury,	A W Hughes,
B H Grahame,	J M Larogue,	McPherson & Marshall

☞Price 50 cts. per Bottle.

STABLER'S

DR. CHAPMAN'S WORM MIXTURE.

Prepared from a Receipt invented by DR. JOHN CHAPMAN, a member of the Royal College of Surgeons of London A Remedy more efficient than this is not known.

Many (perhaps one-half) of the diseases from which children suffer are occasion by the presence of Worms in the system; and if neglected, give rise to the most uncomfortable and irritating feelings, violent pains, sickness at the stomach, emaciation and frequently to vomiting.

This medicine is an efficient, safe and pleasant remedy for their extermination; it contains all the virtues of the most approved vermifuge, and although it has been used by many thousands, and has been before the public for several years, it has never been known to fail in effecting a complete cure.

Extract from a letter received from S. S. FORTE, M. D., member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London.

To E. H. STABLER & Co. October 20th, 1851.

Gentlemen,—I some time last year, by accident, got hold of a few bottles of your Stabler's Dr. Chapman's Worm Mixture and used it in my practice with much unequalled success as induced me to send for 50 dozen. ✻ ✻ I last month ordered, through the same gentleman, 100 dozen. ✻ ✻ ✻ You can ship me 50 dozen every three months from date of receipt of this, and drew for the amount, &c., &c.

Numerous certificates of cures of the most aggravated cases of disease could be readily appended hereto, but we feel assured that they would add but little to the strong and respectable evidence here given by persons competent to judge of the merits of these remedial agents.

E. H. STABLER & CO., Proprietors, Baltimore

☞Price 25 cts. per Bottle.

For sale in Kent county by
Simon Wickes—Chestertown;
Abel J. Rees—Rees' Corner;
Jones & Atkinson—Chesterville;
Wm. F. Smyth & Co.—Millington;
Dan'l Hanes—Still Pond X Roads;
William Watts—do.;
E. E. Miller—Georgetown X Roads;
John T. Briscoe—Head Sassafras;
Pierce & Bro—Suddlersville, Q. A. Co.
And by merchants throughout Maryland and Virginia.

Aug. 28, 1852.—1y.

OIL.—Machine oil for sale by *Wilmer & Walker.*

'COME, LET US REASON TOGETHER'

ORAL TESTIMONY.

THOUSANDS feel it a duty to talk to their afflicted friends of the benefit derived from HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE.—From day to day we have given the certificates of cures performed on our best known citizens, and still we have a perfect avalanche of letters pouring upon us, all giving a weight of testimony that must convince the most skeptical. All are invited to call and read for themselves. The letter below is from one of the first mercantile firms. To those who know them, it must carry conviction, and induce many sufferers to give this Tincture a trial:

PORT ROYAL, VA. July 27, 1852.

Messrs Mortimer and Mowbray: Gents: We have again to send an order to more of our truly wonderful Hamptons Vegetable Tincture. Since it was first tried it has sold without an effort, and we have not seen the first person who has not been greatly benefitted by its use. A gentleman of our neighborhood was induced to try the "Tincture" for a violent palpitation of the heart. He had suffered so much from it that he said he had prayed for death. He had taken but three doses when he assured us he would not take five hundred dollars for the benefit he had derived, and that he should never cease to remember us with gratitude for calling his attention to so valuable a medicine.

Yours, truly, GRAY & PENDLETON.

The Whole World, Attention!—Hear him, ye sick, and do likewise!!

BALTIMORE, Feb. 9, '52.

Messrs Mortimer & Mowbray: Gentlemen: It is with real pleasure that I am able to attest to the general healing and curative powers of Dr. Hampton's Vegetable Tincture. Sometime during last November I was taken with a very bad and serious cough. I was advised to take Cod-Liver Oil, and did so; but getting no better, I was induced to try your Tincture. I got one bottle, and before I had used it a day my cough left me. Permit me also to state that, for the last fifteen years, I have suffered very much from Acute Rheumatism and Vertigo, confining me at times to my bed—I am fully convinced that I owe my present good health to the use of the Tincture, and a kind Providence.

You are, my friends, at liberty to use this as you may think proper; and believe me, yours very respectfully.

G. DUNAN.

N. B.—I can be seen at any time at the Mayor's office. G. D.

THE ALMOST MIRACULOUS CURES made by Hampton's Vegetable Tincture on our most respectable citizens—men well known and tried—we challenge the world to show anything on record in medicine to equal it. *Many hundreds who have felt its healing powers bear the same testimony.*

BALTIMORE, July 6, 1852.

Messrs Mortimer & Mowbray: Gents: Last September I was attacked with erysipelas, from which a dreadful ulcer formed on my right leg. Getting better of this, last November I took a deep cold, which led to what my physician told me was bilious pleurisy, which left me with a constant, deeply seated, and painful cough, having no rest day or night, and constantly throwing up from my lungs a thick matter; I became much emaciated, growing weaker every day, and keeping my bed the greater part of the time.—My friends thought I had the consumption, and at times I was also of the same opinion. At this stage of my disease, after having tried many and various remedies, without success, a friend advised me to try Dr. HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE, and procured me a bottle, which I now pronounce the greatest medicine I ever took. Before I had taken half the contents of one bottle I felt much improved; and now, having taken but *five* bottles, my *cough* and *pains have entirely left me*, and I am enabled to attend to business. I can truly say that, with the blessing of God, I have been restored to the health I now enjoy by the use of this most invaluable medicine.

Yours, WESLEY ROCK,
Schroeder, near Saratoga street,

Truth stranger than Fiction!—None need despair!—A Lady's Testimony after thirty-eight years of suffering

Were there not real virtue in this wonderful medicine, could it perform the astonishing cures made by it?

NORTHAMPTON Co., April 13, 1852.

Messrs Tyler & Adair: I have been afflicted with Rheumatism, at times, from my twelfth year; I will be fifty years of age the 15th of this month; the attacks were at times so severe as to render me helpless; I have tried various remedies to very little effect. Last October I was attacked in my shoulders, sides, back and hips; I could not rest, day or night; I could not move any part of my body without crying with pain; at this time I also tried many remedies, internal and external, without receiving any relief; I was at last advised to HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE; before I had taken one bottle of which I felt much better, and as I continued taking it I felt strength coming into my back and limbs, and my stomach strengthened and revived every way; I have taken five bottles, and am much better than I ever expected to be. I intend to use it whenever I need it, and would recommend it to the afflicted, believing it unequaled. Yours,

ELIZABETH BAGWELL.

REV. VERNON ESKRIDGE, U. S. N.

PORTSMOUTH, (Va.) Aug. 18, 1852.

Mr. J. E. Bonsh—Dear Sir: While I am in general opposed to Patent Medicines, candor compels me to state that I have great confidence in the virtues of Hampton's Vegetable Tincture. For several months past I have used it in my family, and in Dyspepsia, loss of appetite, Dizziness and general debility, with entire success. So far as my experience extends, therefore, I take pleasure in recommending it to the afflicted as a safe and efficient remedy.

I am, respectfully, yours,
VERNON ESKRIDGE,
Chaplain in the U. S. Navy.

HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE, by its mild action on the Stomach, Liver, and the Kidneys, will cure Dyspepsia, Cough, asthma, Bronchial and Lung affections; Pains in the Back, Side, and Breast, Consumption, Scrofula, Rhumatism Gout, Neuralgia, Fistula, Piles, Bowel Complaints, Worms, Nervous Debilits—with all diseases arising from impure blood, and is the greatest Female Medicine ever known.

For Cholera Morbus, Cholic, Diarrhœa and all diseases incident to the bowels in the summer season, it has no equal.

We ask the afflicted to call on those having this wonderful article for sale and get pamphlets gratis.

AGENTS:

Simon Wickes—Chestertown.
W. B. Tilghman—Centreville,
J. M. Brian—Queenstown,
Mortimer & Mowbray—Baltimore, proprietor—to whom applications for agency must be made.

August 28, 1852.—1y.

MACHINE OIL.—Persons in want of a good article (one that will not gum) can get the same by calling at Rees' Corner, where may be found articles good in quality and as low in price as a living profit will allow.

ABEL J. REES.

Rees' Corner, July 31, 1852.

THE KENT NEWS.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
Devoted to Agriculture, Politics & Gen'l News.
IS PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.
EDWARD MANSFIELD,
PROPRIETOR.

TERMS:

$1.50, payable in advance—$2 at the expiration of the first six months, or $2.50 at the end of the year—5 copies for $6—10 copies for $10. No subscription received for a shorter period than six months, and no paper will be discontinued until all arrears are paid.

Terms of Advertising.

Advertisements not exceeding twelve lines will be inserted three times for $1, and 25 cents for each insertion thereafter. Larger ones in proportion. A liberal deduction will be made to yearly advertisers. Advertisements must have the number of times marked, or they will be published till forbid, and charged accordingly.

All communications must be post-paid.

POETRY.

Written for the 'Kent News.'

I SHALL SEE NO MORE.

BY MYRA.

I shall see no more those I loved before;
My heart with grief was tainted—
Those whom I find still on my mind
In vivid colors painted.

I shall hear no more those songs of yore,
Which, soft as summer breezes,
Fell on my ear to soothe my fear,
And heal my heart's diseases.

I shall know no more that love as pure
As water from the fountain,
When through its bed of pebbles led
Down from the lofty mountain.

I shall feel no more, as heretofore,
The loving kiss impressed,
While a voice so sweet my ears would greet
With words of tenderness,

But I'll be resigned, for God is kind—
The God that reigns above—
To him I'll pray, that in heaven I may
Meet those dear friends I love.

From the Norfolk and Portsmouth Herald

GENTLEMEN:—The able support your paper has afforded to General Scott induces me to offer the onclosed song, adapted to a proper tune. If it meet your approbation you will oblige me by publishing it. It seems impossible that Va. can refuse to uphold her gallant son, on whose faith and honor she can confidently rely, or that she can support an avowed and declared Free-soiler—one born and bred in the very hot bed of abolitionism.

Respectfully yours, D. E. W****.

TUNE—"Life on the Ocean Wave."

Hurrah for General Scott,
Our country's guardian knight,
To fight for us has been his lot,
Now we for him must fight—
Our soldier brave and true,
To him our fame is due,
When Hull's surrender caused a blot
He blazoned it anew.

CHORUS.

Hurrah for General Scott,
Our country's guardian knight,
To fight for us has been his lot,
Now we for him must fight.

Our Irish Brotherhood,
The British claimed to sly,
Were saved by Scott, who nobly stood
In their defence that day.
"Don't answer," he did cry,
"Your foes you may defy,
"For every drop of Irish blood
"An Englishman shall die."

Hurrah for General Scott, &c.

America can boast
Of valiant sons a host,
But Chippewa and Lundy's Lane
Exalted us the most.
And glory's brightest crown,
To us he handed down,
From Mexico—by feats again
To fill the world's renown.

Hurrah for General Scott, &c.

When he in Mexico
Had conquored every foe,
He saw approach from home behind,
Foul envy's treacherous blow.
Arrested in a word;
Deprived of fame and sword—
'Twas thought to banish from our mind,
The hero we adored.

Hurrah for General Scott, &c.

All Mexico arose,
Although they'd been his foes,
And offered him both wealth and power
To do with as he choose—
But to his country true,
From glory he withdrew,
To show in that victorious hour
Respect to law was due.

Hurrah for General Scott, &c.

His foes would now proclaim
Dishonor to his name,
And think to shut our honest eyes
Against his honest fame.
But let them rail away
Till next election day,
We'll vote for him, the only prize
Our grateful hearts can pay.

Hurrah for General Scott, &c.

Our vote is all we've got
To pay brave Winfield Scott, [us
Whose breast was pierced with wounds for
By many a foreign shot,
But now no further pain
Our soldier shall sustain,
We'll vote that no domestic foes
Shall Pierce his breast again.

Hurrah for General Scott, &c.

At home, or distant far,
He's been our leading star.
And never failed to win for us
In treaty or in war—
Now from his white war tent
Our here shall be sent,
To dwell four years in our White House,
And free of charge for rent.

Hurrah for General Scott, &c.

POLITICAL.

The Voice of Massachusetts.

We have received a full report of the proceedings of the Whig State Convention of Massachussetts, which met at Worcester, on the 1st instant, to nominate candidates for Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, and Presidential electors JOHN H. CLIFFORD, of New Bedford, was nominated for Governor, and ELISHA HUNTINGTON, of Lowell, was nominated for Lieutenant-Governor.

After the nominations were made, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That National Conventions have long been the recognized and approved organs through which the Whig party have made their nominations of candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency of the United States—that the Whigs of Massachussetts expressly appealed to such a Convention when they appointed delegates to represent them in its deliberations—that at their late Convention at Baltimore a candidate for the Presidency was fairly nominated, who, it was well understood, was one of the three from whom a selection would probably be made, and with reference to whom the respective delegates to that Convention had been appointed—that under these circumstances we hold the friends of all three of these candidates, alike, bound in good faith to abide by the decision of that body, and whatever might have been the personal preference of any of us, we hereby declare our determination to abide by the nomination, and to discountenance every attempt to break up the Whig party from whatever quarter it may come. (Great cheering.)

Resolved, That in the late Whig National convention the country witnessed an assembly of patriotic citizens, called and conducted according to the well recognized rules and usages and fully representing the views and feelings of the great Whig party of the United States—that their opinions upon the great questions submitted to them were fairly ascertained and fully expressed, and as such appeal to the honor of every whig, to sustain them with good faith, if he would be true to himself, and true to the best interests of his country. (Great cheering.)

Resolved, That in Gen. Winfield Scott (continued cheers,) we recognize a sound and steadfast Whig, who has never failed to support the great constitutional principles of the Whig party whether in a majority or a minority, an honest, virtuous and irreproachable citizen, upon whose life and character not a stain or suspicion has ever rested, a gallant and veteran soldier, who has led the armies of his country to victory over savage and over civilized foes, whenever there was a foe to be encountered, and who has left no field unmarked by evidence of his prowess and his patriotism, and one who, at the same time, has never failed to exert himself to prevent rather than provoke the great evil of war, and who has again and again exhibited, in the management of the most critical negociations, a familiarity with the principles of international law, and a spirit of justice, of moderation and of civil wisdom, which give ample assurance that under his administration Peace, Honor, and all the best interests of the country will be eminently secured and promoted.

Resolved, That in Wm. A. Graham as their candidate for the second office in the government, the Whigs have a man whose patriotism and Statesmanship mark him as worthy of the People's suffrages in whatever sphere he may be determined to act.

There was, from reports of dissension in the Whig ranks in Massachussetts, much interest felt to know what would be the action of the State Convention.—But if there was any mistrust of their fidelity to the Whig cause felt with that interest, it has all been dissipated, by the action of the Convention. The resolutions which we have quoted above, show the spirit which actuated all its members, for they were passed by an unanimous vote. The resolutions declare first, that as Whigs who had agreed to a National Convention to nominate candidates for President and Vice President they are bound by the action of the Convention; secondly, that the platform of principles, laid down by the Convention was fairly adopted, and that every Whig is bound in honor to sustain them with good faith; and that in the public and private character of the whig nominees, there everything to entitle them to the support of every true lover of his country.

The proceedings of the State Convention and these patriotic declarations of its members, dissipates all fears of the vote of Massachussetts—if any was ever felt—and ensures that it will be cast for Scott and Graham.

LIFE OF GEN. PIERCE.—We have received a pamphlet sketch of the lives of our candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency which has been prepared by the National Democratic committee at Washington city, and may be relied upon as an authentic record of the public services and political opinions of these gentlemen. We give the sketch of General Pierce to-day.

[*Lou. Democrat*,

We have looked over this sketch of General Pierce. It contains not a word about his giving a stick of candy to the boy who was a total stranger to him, not word about his emptying his pockets of 25 cents to purchase a Sundy School Library for his native town, not a word about his speech in which he declared that he abhorred the Fugitive Slave law, and not a word about his plunging down a dreadful precipice, having to walk over red hot rocks of lava, and being taken with divers fainting fits in Mexico.

Now what is a life of General Pierce with all these incidents left out? Can it be any thing more than "the tragedy of Hamlet with the character of Hamlet omitted?"

Is it not particularly strange that the candy incident should be omitted, which our four bloody Colonels say was 'emblematic of General Pierce's whole life, scan it who will," and which Governor Steele says he regards as the most illustrious of all the deeds of the nominee's career?—*Lou. Journal.*

An English Inn.

The following humorous picture of an English inn, is taken from 'Pedington and the Pedingtonians:"

"'Arrived at Squashmire gate, it was natural that the weary and hungry traveller should desire a little comfort for the inner man, and between himself and the lady keeper of the inn, this discourse ensues:

"What would you like, sir?"

"A boiled chicken."

"We have never a chicken, sir; but would you like some eggs and bacon?"

"No. Can I have a lamb chop?"

"No, sir; but our eggs and bacon is very nice."

'Or a cutlet, or a steak?"

"No sir; but we are remarkable here for our eggs and bacon."

"Have you anything cold, in your larder?"

'Not exactly, sir, but I am sure you will admire our eggs and bacon."

"Then what have you got?"

"Why, sir, we have got nothing but eggs and bacon."

"Oh! then have the goodness to give me some eggs and bacon."

"I was sure you'd choose eggs and bacon, sir; we are so famous for it."

"Having finished my dinner, I thought it proper, for the good of the house, to inquire what wine I could have—of course not expecting that my choice would be much perplexed by the variety offered.

"What would you like, sir?"

"Some port."

"We have no port, sir."

"A little sherry, then."

"We don't keep sherry, sir; in short, we have so little call for wine, that we don't keep any of no kind."

"Then pray give me some lemonade."

"Yes, sir. Do you—do you prefer it *with* lemon or without?"

"How?"

"Why, only we happen just now to be out of lemons."

EATING EGGS AT YOUR OWN RISK.—The Rome Sentinel tells the following anecdote in regard to a first class Hotel in Albany, during the State Fair:

In the rush for fodder on that occasion, boiled eggs were ordered. The old grey-headed darkie at the end of the table soon returned with a dish of eggs, and the following message: 'He (the cook) s-s-s-says you'll have to r-r-run your own risk; there's a great many bad eggs n-n-n-now-a-days.' This was a damper upon the demand for eggs that morning, hungry as were the several guest at the table.

A REMARKABLE MAN.—At a temperance meeting held in Alabama, about six years ago, Col Lemanousk, who had been twenty-three years in the armies of Napoleon Bonaparte, addressed the meeting. He arose before the audience tall, erect, and vigorous, with a glow of health upon his cheek, and said:—

"You see before you a man seventy years old. I have fought *two hundred battles;* have fourteen wounds on my body; have lived thirty days on horseflesh, with the bark of trees for my bread, snow and ice for my drink, the canopy of heaven for my covering, without stockings or shoes on my feet, and only a few rags of clothing. In the deserts of Egypt I have marched for days with a burning sun upon my naked head; feet blistered in the burning sand, and with eyes, nostrils and mouth filled with dust—and with a thirst so tormenting that I have opened the veins of my arms, and sucked my own blood. Do you ask how I survived all these horrors? I answer, that under the providence of God, I owe my preservation, my health and vigor to this fact, that I *never drank a drop of spiritous liquor in my life*, and," continued he, 'Baron Larry, chief of the medical staff of the French arms, has stated as a fact, that the 600[illegible] survivors who safely returned from Egypt, were all of those men who abstained from ardent spirits."

RATHER AWKWARD FOR A SPIRIT.—An exchange has the following incident, illustrative of the mistakes which will unavoidably happen in the Spirit-land:

A gentleman was a few weeks ago, interrogating the invisible author of certain raps, as to the disease of which he (the rapper) died. With considerable natural difficulty and delay, the reply was spelled out "consumption." The questioner looked a little dissatisfied; and a physician in the company, who was zealous in the faith, hastened immediately to explain that there are a variety of forms of disease, either of which may well enough come under the general name consumption. "That's all very well," said the questioner, "but it hardly applies in this case, for the man he professes to be, *was blown up in a steamboat!*"

The rapper was too indignant to make any further revelations to that medium.

A rude fellow while before the police magistrate for some misdemeanor, was fined nine dollars for eighteen oaths uttered in defiance of official warning that each one would cost him fifty cents—he handed a 10-dollar bill to the Justice, who was about returning the remaining one to the delinquent, when he broke forth;

'No, no! keep the whole, keep the whole! *I'll swear it out!*"

And he proceeded to expend the 'balance' in as round and condensed a volley of personal denunciation as had ever saluted the ears of the legal functionary. He then retired content.

WISDOM OF TOWN LADIES.—'Pa, why don't you buy a hen, so we could have all the eggs we want.'

'My dear one hen would not lay all the eggs we want.'

'Why, yes it would, Pa, we only use a dozen eggs a day, and a good hen would certainly lay that many.

Our devil says this young lady is a sister to the one who thought milk was pumped out of cows, and the tail was the pump handle!

MR. SIGSBEE, you said the defendant was in love—how do you know that?"

'He reads novels upside down, and writes poetry in his day-book which it should be cheese.'

"Any other reason?"

'Yes, sir; he shaves without lather, and very frequently mistakes the sleeves of his coat for the legs of his pantaloons, an error that he don't discover till he trys to fasten the tails to his suspenders."

A clear case—call the next witness.

The following curious inscription appears in the church yard at Pawsey, in Dorchestershire, England:—

Here lies the body
of
LADY O'TOONEY,
Great niece of Burke,
Commonly called the Sublime.
She was
Bland, passionately, and deeply religious;
Also she painted
In water colors,
And sent several pictures
To the exhibition.
She was first cousin
To Lady Jones;
And of such
Is the kingdom of Heaven.

☞There is no reason to charge Gen Pierce with lack of spirit or courage at Cherubusco or Contreas.

Albany Argus.

Nor at Marathon and Thermopylæ, for the same reason—*Because he wasn't there.*