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NATIONAL WHIG TICKET.

For President,
GEN'L. WINFIELD SCOTT.
Of New Jersey.

For Vice President,
WILLIAM A. GRAHAM,
Of North Carolina.

ELECTORAL TICKET

For the State at Large.
THOMAS F. BOWIE,
JAMES B. RICAUD.

Congressional Districts.
AUGUSTUS R. SOLLERS,
J. PHILIP ROMAN,
JOHN T. B. DORSEY,
HENRY WINTER DAVIS,
HENRY W. ARCHER.
HENRY H. GOLDSBOROUGH.

KENT NEWS.

CHESTER TOWN, Md.

SATURDAY, SEPT. 25 1852.

"I HAVE SERVED THE UNION FOR FORTY-ODD YEARS, AND FEEL MYSELF A CITIZEN OF EVERY PART OF IT; AND WHATEVER OF LIFE AND STRENGTH I MAY HAVE, SHALL BE DEVOTED TO ITS PRESERVATION.—*Winfield Scott*

"I SHALL NEITHER COUNTENANCE NOR TOLERATE ANY SEDITION, DISORDER FACTION OR RESISTANCE TO THE LAWS OF THE UNION, ON ANY PRETEXT IN ANY PART OF THE LAND."—*Gen. Scott's letter of acceptance.*

"SIR: I AM DEAD FOR THE CONSTITUTION—DEAD FOR THE UNION—DEAD FOR THE COMPROMISE—AND DEAD AGAINST ANY MAN WHO IS OPPOSED TO THEM, OR EITHER OF THEM!"—*Speech of Gen. Scott before the Mississippi Delegation.*

"I HAVE BEEN ASKED IF I LIKED THIS FUGITIVE SLAVE LAW. I ANSWER NO, I LOATHE IT. I HAVE A MOST REVOLTING FEELING AT THE GIVING UP OF A SLAVE. THE LAW IS OPPOSED TO HUMANITY.—*Gen. Pierce's Speech at New Boston, January 2nd, 1852.*

Great Whig Meeting.

The Whigs of Kent county had a Mass Meeting in Chester Town, on Tuesday last, the 21st inst., which was attended by about 700 persons.—At half past 12 o'clock the people assembled around the towering flag staff, erected in the centre of main street, from which was floating to the breeze the flag of our country, which in so many battle fields had waved over the brave Scott and his troops, and whose blood had been freely shed in its defence. The meeting was addressed briefly and eloquently by JAMES B. RICAUD, Esq. one of the Electors at large, and adjourned to the beautiful shaded enclosnre near the Court House where Tables had been erected and a fine substantial dinner provided for all who might attend.

After full justice had been done to the repast, the meeting convened in the rear of the Masonic Hall, where seats had been provided and a stand which was decorated by flags, banners, &c. The meeting was organized by the appointment of the following officers:

President,
HON. J A PEARCE.

Vice Presidents,
HUGH WALLIS, DR T. C. KENNARD
J H. EDES, ED'WD. WILKINS,
JNO. E. CACY, EBEN WELCH.

Secretaries,
WM SMYTHE, THOS. WALKER,
T. D. BURGESS, DAN'L JONES,
WM. MAXWELL.

The proceedings commenced with a speech from the President of the day, distinguished for his usual ability and eloquence. His public life had given him opportunities of witnessing many of an important character, bearing upon the two political parties. He fully and satisfactorily vindicated the character and fame of Gen'l Scott from the slanders which partizans had attempted to cast upon him, by the cry of abolition, and placed him upon the high and patriotic ground, of the Compromise, where every true patriot, should stand. He denounced in emphatic terms, from personal knowledge, the charge of Abolition against Gen'l Scott, as positively untrue and false.

Mr. Pearce was followed by J. Philip Roman, Esq., of Alleghany, an Elector from the Upper District, of the State, who spoke ably and eloquently for nearly an hour.

Henry Winter Davis, Esq. an Elector from the city of Baltimore succeeded Mr. Roman, and occupied the attention of the audience for an hour, in one of those able and eloquent addresses for which he is so justly distinguished.

Augustus R Sollers, Esq. an Elector from the Western Shore closed the speaking in a half hour's speech, to the point, commanding the attention of all.

The speeches as a whole were calculated to arouse fresh interest in the minds of the Whigs for their candidates; to cause them to feel more and stronger attachments for their principles and to inspire them with increased ardor and confidence in their success.

The exhibition of the fragments of the Democratic platform, of exploded resolutions, designed for special purposes, of the dissimilar and uncongenial parts, cemented by party dovice, to secure the support of Northern Abolitionists and Southern Secessionists and disunionists were striking and impressive—while the incompetency of their Democratic candidate, to wield the destinies of twenty five millions of people, of great and diversified interests, was satisfactorily shown. The claims of the gallant old hero, who now carries in his body British bullets, received in honored conflict and amid the din of arms, to the gratitude and support of his countrymen, were fully vindicated and sustained—His great wonderful talents for devising and arranging the plans of battle, his skill and courage in executing them, are not greater than his civil qualifications for the first office in the Republic.—His learning, his genius, his experience, his knowledge of men, his influence over men, his competency to command, to execute and to govern, to allay strife, to arrest impending difficulty, to negotiate terms of honorable arrangements as evidenced in his missions to South Carolina, the borders of Canada and to Maine, all equally successful, and alike indicating the capacity of a great mind, political as in military affairs.

The acceptance of the platform adopted by the Whig Convention, and Gen'l Scott's previous advocacy of the Compromise—his exultation at their success—his patriotic speech at Castle Garden, in their favor, were noticed, and the question triumphantly asked whether the union, the constitution, and the vital interests of this great nation, could not be safely intrusted to the heart, the head and hands of the scar worn veteran, the invincible hero and purest patriot, whose life had been devoted to promote the prosperity of that country, whose person had been marred by missiles of a contending enemy: who had peilled life for his country's flag and his country's honor, who had planted her victorious standard on every battle field; whose honor, whose fame, and whose life is bound up with the Union, the prosperity and glory of his country? Could he, who has been ever faithful, ever true, be now, in his old age, while descending to the grave, recreant to his own great name, his own unspotted fame, and to his beloved and cherished country.

After unanimously adopting the following preamble and resolutions, the meeting adjourned with fixed and resolute purpose to do all that honorable men, and grateful patriots can, to elevate to the Presidency the greatest Chieftian in the world—as pure a patriot as the world can boast, and who adds to the chaplet of his renown, the olive branch of peace the high civil qualities of a great mind.

"We've scanned the actions of his daily life
With all the industrious malice of a foe,
And nothing meets our eyes but deeds of honor."

Resolved, That we, the Whigs of Kent county here assembled, declare our fixed determination to stand firm in the support of the principles laid down in the platform of principles framed by the Whig National Convention, which we recognize as the creed of Whig party

Resolved, That we are opposed in every point of view to the agitation of the slavery question in the halls of Congress, as dangerous to the peace and harmony of the country, and involving an officious intermeddling with an institution which is exclusively a matter of State policy; and that we accept the measures commonly called the Compromise measures as a satisfactory settlement of the agitating questions which they were intended to adjust in a spirit of harmony and fairness.

Resolved, That we pledge ourselves to sustain these measures without any modification except such as time and experience may demonstrate to be necessary to make them effective.

Resolved, That MILLARD FILLMORE, the present Chief Magistrate of the United States, by his wise and able policy and his faultless maintenance of the Constitution and laws, without regard to sectional differences or selfish prejudices, has richly entitled himself to the approbation and confidence of the Whig party, and the whole people, and that in taking leave of him as President on the fourth of March next, we shall do so with the lively hope that his great talents and unwavering patriotism will not hereafter be lost to his country.

Resolved, That in WINFIELD SCOTT we recognize a citizen who has devoted a long life to the service of his country, and who, in whatever position he may have been placed, has nobly vindicated and maintained her interests and her glory—who has conferred the most distinguished honor upon the American name, and who can be safely and confidently entrusted with the destinies of his country in whatever sphere he may be placed,

Resolved, That the past history of WM. A. GRAHAM, most triumphantly proves him to be a statesman who will ably and honorably discharge the duties of that office to which we seek to elect him, and that he is fully equal to the task of presiding over the destinies of this great nation, should he be providentially called upon to assume that station.

Resolved, That according to the best of our abilities we pledge ourselves to sustain our candidates and maintain our principles, in the confident hope and expectation that those candidates will be accepted and those principles adopted by a large majority of American people

Resolved, That while enunciating and contending for the maintenance of principles among the living, we would not forget to drop a tear of regard to the memory of the illustrious dead—and that so long as the principles here set forth, or the principles of American Liberty shall be remembered or regarded among men, those principles will be inseperably united with the name of HENRY CLAY.

THANKS.—Hon. J. A Pearce, will accept our thanks for several valuable public documents.

☞We call the attention of parents and guardians to the advertisement of MISS REDUE, which may be found in another column.

General Pierce's Gallantry

In our issue of the 4th inst., in reply to a query addressed to us in connection with a rumor that had been very current in the city for some weeks before, we used the following language:

"We have no hesitation in answering the inquiry of our correspondent. For the last two weeks the report to which he alludes, has been current in our city. We have taken some pains to inform ourselves of its truth, and have not the slightest doubt of the correctness of the answer, which we now give to the above query:

☞*On the night before Gen. Pierce left the City of Mexico, his face was slapped by a brother officer, at a game of cards, played in a place of public resort; which insult was not resented by him.*"

The authority for this statement is a Captain in the United States Army of the highest personal character who served with distinction in the battles near the city of Mexico—who up to this time, has ever been a decided Democrat—and whose brother and father now hold distinguished positions in the Democratic party."

We further said, that "if any Democratic Journal denied the truth of the statement, proof could be furnished to remove the doubts of the most incredulous."

The statement thus made, was commented upon by the "Baltimore Argus." With the tone of its article upon the subject, we do not mean to concern ourselves, and we only deem it necessary to notice it by subjoining the following communication, which was handed to the Patriot, by Captain McLane himself, and at his request, was published, in that paper of the 7th inst.

"GENERAL PIERCE'S GALLANTRY.—The article copied into the American and Patriot from the Old Defender of Saturday last in reference to an interesting scene which occured at a game of cards, played in the city of Mexico, between Gen. Franklin Pierce and a brother officer, contains a challenge to any Democratic Journal to deny the truth of the statement therein made.

The Argus of yesterday, notices the charge made against the Democratic nominee;—but how? What kind of a denial is made? Simply this. Without daring to say in positive terms that the charge is untrue, the Argus makes an argument to this effect:—"It cannot be true, *because*, if true, General Pierce is not a "gallant" man, as General Scott said he was, and if he is not a gallant man, then, Gen. Scott is a *liar*."

This is the mode of denial to which the Argus is forced to resort. "THE EDITOR OF THAT PAPER IS TOO WELL POSTED ABOUT THE *name*, POSITION AND CHARACTER OF THE OFFICER *WHO WAS THE ACCIDENTAL WITNESS TO THE DISGRACE OF THE DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE*. TO DOUBT OR DENY IN DIRECT TERMS, THE TRUTH OF THE STATEMENT WHICH HE HAS MADE."

Now, in reference to this evasive reply of the Argus, we would ask that organ these questions:

First—Was not the compliment paid General Pierce's "*gallantry*" in *one* of General Scott's reports *prior* to the occurrence alluded to in the Old Defender, and is it not possible for an officer who had once won the good opinion of his superior to forfeit it by subsequent misconduct?

Second—If a man cannot by subsequent misconduct forfeit the good opinion of his friends, how happens it that the columns of the Argus, which were filled with eulogies of the patriotism of a certain Martin Van Buren in 1840, were crowded with denunciations of him in 1848.

Third—Does not the Argus know, what is known to most reader of the history of the Mexican war, that a certain officer of the U. S. army, who was most highly complimented for *galantry* in *several* official reports, was afterwards tried, convicted and sentenced to death for the crimes of robbery, burglary and murder,—and only escaped with his life from the extraordinary clemency of General Butler, then first in command at the city of Mexico?

Let the Argus answer the above questions, and then say what such an evasive, argumentative, *equivocal* denial as his is worth. O. DE R.

We think it proper further to say, that the promise made by us on the 4th inst., to give our authority for the statement we then made, would have been redeemed in our last Saturday's number, the article being in fact in type; but from a delicacy, which the "Argus" may not be able to appreciate, it was determined that Mr. McLane should have the opportunity of stating the case for himself, and the article was held back, and Mr. McLane was written to.

We subjoin the correspondence:

Baltimore Sept. 13, 1852.

Dear Sir:—From the denial in the Argus of Friday last, which I enclose, and also an anonymous advertisement in the Sun pronouncing your charge against General Pierce false, I find it necessary to bring the matter to an issue, so far as the Patriot is concerned.

We copied the article from the "Old Defender," which article induced you to wait on me with a communication in reply to the remarks of the Argus, which I published in the Patriot on the 7th—the day of our interview. On that day you stated that you expected to be away for some weeks, but was willing, at the proper time, to certify over your own signature, to the facts as communicated in reference to the affair between Gen. Pierce and Captain Magruder when in Mexico.

A day or two since, as I learn, the editor of the Argus told some gentlemen, who called upon him, that he was authorized by you, to contradict the whole statement! Now, it seems to me to be due to yourself, as well as to the Whig press, that your certificate be published at once, and if you will be so good as to send it by return mail, you will greatly oblige me, as well as perform an act of sheer justice to yourself and all the parties concerned. Very respectfully, your obd't servant, JNO F MCJILTON

Capt. Geo McLane, U S A, Carlisle Barracks.

September 16th, 1852.

To J F MCJILTON, Esq.—

Sir: I duly received your letter of the 13th instant, and, although in the publications that have recently appeared relative to a scene in the city of Mexico between Gen. Pierce and an officer of the army, my name has not been mentioned, there can be no doubt that I am the person alluded to, and I have felt indignant at the use attempted to be made by the impressions and opinions I have heretofore expressed, in regard to that occurrence.

In several conversations with my friends and associates relative to the incidents of the Mexican campaign, both before and since, General Pierce's nomination, I have more than once spoken of the occurrence—with no desire or intention, however, that my animadversions, although not confidential would be dragged into the newspapers for political effect but in the ordinary exercise of my rights and privileges as a citizen and gentleman; and for the truth of my remarks I would always consider myself responsible to those interested.

The publication in the 'Old Defender,' of the 4th inst., was made without my knowledge or consent. It was a material misrepresentation of what I have said or intended, and I have so declared it to be, to all with whom I have conversed in regard to it, and among others, to the editor of the Argus.

The substance of my observation, in regard to this difficulty of Gen. Pierce's, is, that according to my impression, *on the night prior to his leaving the city of Mexico his face was slapped at a game of cards, by an officer of the Army, and that the indignity was not at the instant, or, as far as I learned subsequently resented in such manner as in my opinion it ought to have been by a man of proper spirit and courage.*

For these imputations I would, of course be responsible, to Gen. Pierce and his friends; and I must say that any imputation to me of a statement inconsistent with the foregoing, would be a misapprehension which I could not excuse.

Very respectfully, your obd't servant,
GEORGE MCLANE.
Brevet Captain U. S. A

The charge against General Pierce's galantry now rests with the parties who are most concerned, and we have done with it. The language used by the Argus in its various references to the subject, does not call for any notice at our hands. We confess both our unwillingness and our inability to engage in any such contest. Capt. McLane is abundantly able to take care of himself, and feel satisfied that he will do all that he deems necessary to his position in the premises

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-TWO GERMAN VOTERS CHANGING.—The *Volks Blatt*, a Democratic German paper, (says the Cincinnatti *Atlas*,) publishes the manifesto of one hundred and thirty two German Democrats, of the Eleventh Ward, who have formed an anti-Miami Club, and declare, over their own signatures, that, disgusted with the heartlessness and dishonesty of those who have heretofore been their party leaders, and satisfied that, so long as Locofocoism exists in its present form, they have nothing to hope from it, they will, at the coming election, vote the whole Whig ticket!

Baltimore Market.

BY SLOOP GEN. WASHINGTON—CAPT BROWN

Baltimore Sept. 21, '52

Wheat, White	90	to	100
" red	86	to	92
Corn yellow	63	to	65
" white	61	to	62
Rye	65	to	68
Oats	32	to	34

DIED,

At her residence in Still Pond, on Friday the 10th inst., Mrs. MARY ANN BELL, widow of the late Joshua C Bell, and daughter of Wm. Coburn, deceased.

At his residence near Chesterville, on Tuesday the 14th inst, THOMAS J. MANN, Esq.

In New Philadelphia, Tuscarawas Co., Ohio, on the 22nd of August, Mrs. DEBORAH PARRISH, consort of Mr James B. Parrish formerly of this place.

In Philadelphia on the 16th inst., IDA CAROLINE, infant daughter of William V. and Jane C. S. Stephens, aged six months and seven days.

In this place on Thursday last, JAMES GLEAVES, son of Mr Samuel Frazier, aged 4 years and 2 months.

☞Centreville papers please copy.

In Quaker Neck, on Tuesday last, at the residence of her brother, Capt. Morgan Brown, after a lingering illness, MISS LOUISA BROWNE.

MISS REDUE will give lessons on the Piano, on very moderate terms; if desired, she can give instructions on the Harp. She is desirous of obtain a class of day scholars, and will teach the English branches usually taught in schools, and, if desired, she will give lessons also in the French Spanish, Italian and Latin languages, and in Drawing and Painting.
Sept 25. 1852

LINEN Cambric Hankfs. from 50 cts to $1, for sale by
W N E WICKES

FALL STYLE Silk Hats, Caps, Slouches, &c. for sale by
W. N. E. WICKES.

A LARGE LOT Swiss and Cambric Edging, and insertting, very much below the usual prices, for sale by
W N E WICKES.

CUT VELVET, Silk, Satin and Morino Vestings, just opened by
W. N. E. WICKES.

VENDUE.

THE undersigned will sell, at their residence near Shaw's Mill, on
THURSDAY,
the 14th day of October next, their entire stock of

Horses, Cattle,
among them some good milch cows

Hogs,
Farming Utensils,
Corn Blades,
HOUSEHOLD & KITCHEN FURNITURE, &C. &C.

☞Sale to commence at 10 o'clock. A liberal credit will be given and terms made more fully known on the day of sale.

R. M. ANDERSON,
JOHN ANDERSON.
Sept. 25. 1852.

TOILET and shaving Soaps, Treple Extracts, Pomenades, Hair oils and Perfumerins &c., for sale by
W. N. E. WICKES.

HARRIAGE, riding and Cart Whips, Cowhides, &c., at
W N. E. WICKES

LADIES and Gent. Kid; Silk, Thread and cotton Gloves; a large assortment.
W. N. E. WICKES.

The Latest News.

HAVING just returned from Philadelphia we shall open on Monday, the 27th inst., the largest assortment of

GOODS

ever offered to the citizens of the Lower District—consisting of

Dry Goods,
Groceries,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
Drugs,

Medicines,
PAINTS, OILS,
DYE STUFFS, &C., &C.

BOOTS & SHOES.

The largest, cheapest, and best assortment ever before offered—among them are 10 cases of those city made boots such as we sold the past season, and which we warrant to give satisfaction—having had them made to order for my own sales.

HATS. Caps, &c.:

A great variety of styles and fashions,
READY MADE CLOTHING:
A splendid assortment. Call and see them. WE PROMISE TO SELL THEM AS LOW AS THEY CAN BE PURCHASED IN BALTIMORE AND A BETTER ARTICLE
ABEL J. REES
Rees' Corner, Sept. 25, 1852.

SHERIFF'S SALE

BY VIRTUE of a writ of the State of Maryland of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Circuit Court for Kent county, at the suit of Harriet Tilghman, against the Goods and Chattles, Lands and Tenements of Anna M. Mitchell and Joseph T. Mitchell, to me directed, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said Anna M Mitchell and Joseph T. Mitchell, of, in and to all that

Farm,
Tract, or Parcel of Land,

with the BUILDINGS and IMPROVEMENTS thereon, upon which the said Joseph T. Mitchell now resides, adjoining the lands of Thos. R. Browne and others; lying on the main road leading from Bell Air to Rock Hall in Kent county, and containing

1050 Acres

more or less,—and I hereby give notice that on

Saturday,

the 16th day of October next, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the Tavern door of Thomas Lusby, in Chester Town, I will offer for sale the said premises so seized and taken in execution by public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay and satisfy the debt, interest and costs due, and to become due thereon.
C. T LUSBY, Shff.
Sheriff's office, Sept 25, 1852

A Small Farm
FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED will offer at public sale, on
TUESDAY,
THE TWELTH DAY OF OCTOBER 1852, at 12 o'clock, M., at the Tavern Porch of John McDaniel, Esq., in Chester Town a *SMALL FARM*, containing

56 Acres,

Lying in Quaker Neck, adjoining the lands of Mr. James Brown and others, on the navigable waters of Langford's Bay

The Soil is of good quality—adapted to the use of lime and clover. The land is half bounded by the water of the Bay and Creek, and comparatively little fencing is required. The waters abound with

FISH AND OYSTERS,

and WILD FOWL may be had in their season.

The situation is considered healthy, and the neighborhood a pleasant one.

THE DWELLING is of BRICK and small.

The main road passes immediately by a portion of the land

The Terms

will be a portion in cash and accommodating—but more particularly made known at the sale.
GEORGE VICKERS,
Agent for Jno. W. Apsley.
Chester Town,
Sept. 25, 1852.—tds