msa_sc2901_scm2352-0391 ©Maryland State Archives

NATIONAL WHIG TICKET.

For President,
GEN'L. WINFIELD SCOTT.
Of New Jersey.
For Vice President,
WILLIAM A. GRAHAM,
Of North Carolina.

ELECTORAL TICKET.

For the State at Large.
THOMAS F. BOWIE,
JAMES B. RICAUD.

Congressional Districts.
AUGUSTUS R. SOLLERS,
J. PHILIP ROMAN,
JOHN T. B. DORSEY,
HENRY WINTER DAVIS,
HENRY W. ARCHER,
HENRY H. GOLDSBOROUGH.

KENT NEWS.

CHESTER TOWN, Md.

SATURDAY, OCT. 23 1852.

"I HAVE SERVED THE UNION FOR FORTY-ODD YEARS, AND FEEL MYSELF A CITIZEN OF EVERY PART OF IT; AND WHATEVER OF LIFE AND STRENGTH I MAY HAVE, SHALL BE DEVOTED TO ITS PRESERVATION.—*Winfield Scott.*

"I SHALL NEITHER COUNTENANCE NOR TOLERATE ANY SEDITION, DISORDER FACTION OR RESISTANCE TO THE LAWS OF THE UNION, ON ANY PRETEXT IN ANY PART OF THE LAND."—*Gen. Scott's letter of acceptance.*

"SIR: I AM DEAD FOR THE CONSTITUTION—DEAD FOR THE UNION.—DEAD FOR THE COMPROMISE—AND DEAD AGAINST ANY MAN WHO IS OPPOSED TO THEM, OR EITHER OF THEM!"—*Speech of Gen. Scott before the Mississippi Delegation.*

"I HAVE BEEN ASKED IF I LIKED THIS FUGITIVE SLAVE LAW. I ANSWER NO, I LOATHE IT. I HAVE A MOST REVOLTING FEELING AT THE GIVING UP OF A SLAVE. THE LAW IS OPPOSED TO HUMANITY—*Gen. Pierce's Speech at New Boston, January 2nd,* 1852.

The Election.

But ten days now remain before the Presidential Election and yet the most surprising apathy seems to pervade not only our own community, but to great extent the nation at large.

The issue presented is not intrinsically the election of Gen'l Scott or of Gen'l Pierce, but consequences the most momentous hang upon the coming judgment of the people.

On the one hand are presented protection and encouragement to American skill and industry, giving comfortable subsistence to a vast portion of its citizens, creating a domestic market for its agricultural products, retaining at home the specie currency of the government and thus stimulating to activity all the operations of trade and commerce. On the other hand the workshops of the country are to be transferred to Europe, millions of foreign manufactures annually imported for the consumption of our citizens, and millions of the specie currency of the country annually taken to Europe in payment for foreign manufacturers, thus creating a balance of trade against us and thereby crippling the currency.

On the one hand the improvement and safety of the coasts, bays and navigable rivers of the land, ensuring safety to its commerce and the security of innumerable lives, and providing in peace for the national defence in war. On the other hand an almost total neglect of these great interests—a neglect present and prospective.

On the one hand, the distribution of the public domain among the States, thus ensuring to them the blessings of free education, cultivation and refinement; and thereby lending stability to the government and the Union—on the other hand, the public lands, the property of the original thirteen, wasted in wild schemes of speculation and extravagance among the States of the West and Northwest, and used only as a means of advancing new and mischievous theories of human right, not recognized by the Constitution or contemplated by its framers.

On the one hand, a rigid adherence to the doctrines and teaching of Washington—"Not to leave our own to stand on foreign ground"—on the other, insane schemes of intervention in the affairs of other nations, and the substitution of the ravings of Louis Kossuth for the mild and prophetic counsels of the fathers of the Republic.

On the one hand, a firm defence of our own rights under the laws of nations, and an inflexible respect for the just rights of others, let their form of government be what it may—On the other hand, mad projects of acquisition and annexation, extending to Cuba, the Sandwich Islands, Australia, Canada, Mexico, New Granada, Central America, and, in short, one-half the globe, thus building up one grand consolidated American Empire—an idea fit only for enthusiasts or lunatics—yet advocated by the leading organs of the so called Democratic party.

Such are some of the issues. Who then shall say that they are not of infinite importance, and who shall be careless when SUCH ISSUES are at STAKE? Let every man answer for himself. The preservation, yea, even the very existence of this confederacy seems bound up in the coming struggle! Choose then between Winfield Scott and Franklin Pierce—between the hero of a hundred battles, the man who never betrayed a trust however trying, the patriot, the pure emblemished citizen on the one hand—and the obscure politician, the candidate of Douglas, Soule, John Van Buren and Wilmot on the other. The choice must be made, and let every voter seriously and solemnly consider its importance!

☞The October Term of Kent County Court adjourned yesterday. There was very little business before the Court. The Grand Jury failed to find a bill against John Brown and Jos. Richardson, for the murder of Wm. Carrow, there being no evidence to identify them with the murder.

HYPOCRISY EXPOSED.

While Gen. Pierce is held up by his Southern supporters as a peculiar champion of the Compromise and a faithful advocate of their institutions, and the proceedings of the Baltimore Convention are daily cited as evidence of the soundness of the Democratic party on the subject of slavery, the Northern Free Soil wing, under the lead of the Wilmots and Van Burens, openly repudiate the platform, and "kick it as a foot ball." We have already shown that the worst agitators, who conducted the crusade against the South when sectional strife assumed its most alarming aspect are the very men who have been taken to the peculiar confidence of Gen. Pierce, and who are marshalling their fanatical forces for another and a more terrible struggle, should their machinations succeed. Supported as he now is, and with the counsels which would inevitably prevail in the event of success, we should regard the election of the Democratic candidate as the signal for a renewal of that dangerous agitation by which alone the stability of this Union can ever be seriously threatened. But our present purpose is to invite attention to some remarks of a distinguished Democrat member of the present Congress from Ohio—Hon. David Carter—taken from a recent speech delivered at Sandusky, as exhibiting the mode of electioneering for Gen. Pierce in the Free States. In contrasting the two parties, he said:

"The Democratic party was a party of progress and liberty. Under this head he discussed the action of the late Baltimore Convention. He demonstrated that *the action of that Convention, in endorsing the Compromise measures, was a usurpation and a violation of the Democratic creed*—not a part of it; was in direct contravention of the faith of the Ohio Democracy, as repeatedly declared—not an expression of that faith. The Democracy of Ohio would stand by her repeatedly-avowed opinion."

* * * * * *

"He was for abolishing most of the navy, and all its corruptions; for abolishing the custom houses, with their corrupt retainers, and substituting free trade and direct taxation; for checking land monopoly, and distributing the public lands to actual settlers; *for kicking that part of the Baltimore platform referring to the Compromise, as a foot ball* and keeping the Democrat party in the line, as a party of progress and liberty."

Such are the appeals which the Free Soil partizans and presses of the North address to their constituents and readers, as arguments for supporting the Baltimore nomination; while, on the other hand at the South, the same candidate, despite of his Abolition antecedents and affiliations, is held up and commended as the very incarnation of what a pro-slavery President should be. When the two sections of the party sustain General Pierce upon principles so directly in conflict with each other, one or the other must be guilty of deception, and we leave the decision of that point, upon the evidence submitted, to the discrimination of the public.

Frauds and Forgeries.

The present canvass has been more prolific in disgraceful expedients and fraudulent contrivances on the part of our opponents, notwithstanding their notorious fertility in these respects heretofore, than any within our experience.—Falsehoods of the most daring and flagrant character; calumnies so vile as to shock the moral sense of the community; and outrages upon private reputation, have formed the common staple of their political warfare. Instead of discussing the great measures of policy which are now involved in the issue between the two parties, with some desire to enlighten the public mind, and thus to obtain an impartial judgment, they have sought by stimulating the worst passions of human nature, and by discreditable devices, to excite partizan prejudice, and to enlist personal enmity. Stopping at no invention or instrument, however unworthy, by which these hostilities might be rendered subservient to the use of party, they have proceeded with the attempted extenuation that the means justify the end.

Among the many resorts of the Democracy, in the recent election in Pennsylvania, the following forgery has been brought to light by the New York *Times*. This disclosure should be a warning, as to the value of such "last cards" as will be issued from the spurious mints of Locofocoism, on the eve of the Presidential election. When the leaders of a party show themselves capable of prostituting the sacred cause of religion, by introducing it as an electioneering element, and thus fomenting sectarian animosities, by endeavoring to array people of different religious creeds against each other, they should not only forfeit public confidence, but justly invite suspicion of a cause which requires such "aid and comfort" as fraud and forgery.

Without further comment, we present the statement of the *Times*, asking for it the attention of our readers.

"We hear of one (speaking of false pretences employed to obtain votes) which have been quietly operating in certain portions of Pennsylvania for some weeks past, and which have just been detected. A verydecided move had taken place among the Irish portion of the population, who had hitherto voted Democratic ticket, in favor of General Scott; and this had become so marked and menacing to the Democratic party, as to call for energetic measures to it. For the purpose of accomplishing this end, a circular letter had been prepared and secretly circulated among the Irish, urging them to vote, as they had done hitherto, for the Democratic candidates, and not to be influenced at all by the fact that the constitution of New Hampshire excludes Catholics from office. This letter bore the signature of Archbishop Hughes and two or three Catholic priests, and purported to come from them. It had been in circulation for some time, until a copy accidentally fell into hands for which it was not intended; and this led to an enquiry into its authenticity. We hear further that Archbishop Hughes has pronounced it to be a forgery"—*U. S. Gazette.*

Baltimore Market.

BY SLOOP GEN. WASHINGTON—CAPT. BROWN

Baltimore Oct. 21, '52			
Wheat, White	100	to	105
" red	80	to	94
Corn yellow	72	to	73
" white	70	to	71
Oats	34	to	38
Rye	70	to	74

For Rent.

THE GRIST AND SAW MILL now occupied by F. A. Frazier, are for rent for the ensuing year. Any person who may desire to rent them will please call on the subscriber.

R HYNSON,
Agent for Jos. Riley.
Oct. 33, 1052.

For Sale.

THE subscriber offers his NEGRO BOY, JOHN LEE, aged about 17 years and six months, and having to serve till 1st of March, 1872.
For terms apply to
HEZEKIAH MASTIN,
Near Chesterville.
Oct. 23, 1852.—4t.

Corn Baskets.

FIVE DOZEN CORN BASKETS, *home made*, of white oak splits just received and for sale by A. J. REES.
Rees' Corner, Oct. 23, 1852.

Saddles.

JUST received, a large lot of Saddles, Bridles, Martingales, Halters, Wagon and Cart Gears, bridle leathers, Carriage, Cart and riding whips, with a general assortment of goods in this line, which will be sold very low.
ABEL J. REES.
Rees' Corner, Oct. 23, 1852.

SELLING OFF.

THE undersigned intending to leave Chester Town, offers his present stock of
Jewelry, Watches, &c., &c.,
below cost. Persons desirous of purchasing any thing in his line, will find it greatly to their advantage to give him a call, as he is determined to sell out at all hazards.
LOUIS DUCOMMON.
Chester Town, Oct. 23, 1852.

WANTED.

1000 dozen Eggs;	500 lbs Tallow;
2000 lbs Rags;	100 lbs Butter;
500 lbs Feathers;	100 bsh Potatoes;
10000 lbs Pork;	100 bsh dried Apples;
1000 lbs old Bacon	50 bushels dried Peaches.
500 lbs Lard;	
500 bush Oats,	

For which the highest market price will be paid in *Cash*, or in in exchange for goods at low prices. A. J. REES.
Rees' Corner, Oct 23 1852.

SILVER WARE.

SOLID SILVER FORKS, Table, Dessert, and Tea Spoons; Silver Tea Sets of the richest and most elegant patterns; Silver Pitchers; also
Fine Gold Watches;
Rich Plated Castors, Baskets, Candlesticks, elegant Pearl , &c. &c., for sale by SAMUEL KIRK & SON, No. 172 Baltimore St.
Oct. 23 1852—3t.

Wanted,

A FARM in Kent or Queen Ann's county, containing from 300 to 600 ACRES, near to navigation. Any one wishing to sell may find a purchaser by addressing the subscriber soon, (by mail post paid) giving a description of the property.
WM. DE CORE,
13 North Water St., Philadelphia.
Oct. 23, 1852.—3t*.

To be rented for the year 1853

The DWELLING HOUSE on High St. Chester Town, now occupied by Miss Eliza Smith.
The SHOP adjoining said dwelling, now occupied by Mr. Louis Ducommon.
The Dwelling House on Church St., now occupied by Mr. William Hamilton; also, the adjoining House, now occupied by Mrs. Dwyer
Apply to JOS. WICKES.
Chestertown, Oct 23, '52—3w.

NEW GOODS!
Bargains, Bargains.

WM. WATTS informs his friends and public that he has just returned from the city with a stock of fresh
Fall and Winter Goods,
which he will sell at very small advance above cost prices. His stock consists of
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats & Caps,
Hardware,
QUEENSWARE, &C., &C.
Still Pond X Roads, Oct. 23, '62.—3t

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY Virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of Kent country setting as a Court of Equity, the subscriber will expose to public sale in Chestertown, at the Tavern door of John McDaniel on
Monday
the 14th dafi of November next, at 11 o'clock A. M., all that part of the real estate of the late Robert Usilton situated and being in Kent County; consisting of a
Lot of Land,
and STORE HOUSE at or near Worton Heights. The house is in good repair and the Lot property can be made valuable—also of a tract of Land situated in Worton and near the property of Joseph Usilton Esq., Containing about
30 Acres
and now in the occupancy of Mr Robert L Usilton—on the Land is a Dwelling House and other out houses, and the land is Valuable and capable of the highest improvement. The title to this property is indisputable.
The Terms of Sale:
A CREDIT of *SIX and TWELVE MONTHS*, to be secured by Bond, with approved security.
J. B RICAUD,
Trustee.
☞The Creditors of Robert Usilton are notified to file their claims with the vouchers thereof, with the Clerk of Kent County, within four months from the day of sale.
Oct. 23, '52. tds

Wanted.

AN Overseer for the ensuing year, to take charge of a small farm—a married man preferred. Apply to the Editor.
Oct. 23, 1852.

Public Sale.

The subscriber will offer at public sale, on the farm occupied by the late George Roeder, on
Monday
the 8th of November, if fair, if not, on the next fair day. All the personal estate of the said deceased—consisting of
Household and Kitchen Furniture,
Horses. Cattle,
Wagons and Carts;
Farming Implements, &c, &c.
A credit will be given, and Terms made known on the day of sale.
J. B. RICAUD.
ABRAHAM ROEDER,
Adm'rs.
Oct 23 '52.—ts

Trustee's SALE.

BY Virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Kent county, sitting as Court of Equity, the subscriber as Trustee will expose to public sale on
MONDAY,
the 15th day of November next, at the Tavern House of John McDaniel, Esq in Chester Town, at the hour of 11, A M, all that real estate or
Farm,
situate in Kent county, of which Stansbury Moffett died seized, containing about
80 or 84 ACRES
OF LAND. This land is in Still Pond, and adjoins the lands of Robert Polk. It is enclosed with a tolerable fence—has a small dwelling house in good condition, and a portion of it is
Wood land.
The Terms of Sale as prescribed by the decree, are that ⅓ of the purchase money shall be paid in cash on the day of sale or on the ratification thereof by the Court, and the residue in twelve months from the day of sale with interest on the whole from the day of sale—the credit payment to be secured by a bond with a surety or sureties to be approved by the Trustee, and on the payment of the whole purchase money the Trustee is to convey by sufficient deed to the purchaser or purchasers the said property discharged from all claim of the parties to the suit
Further particulars to be made known on the day of sale.
J. A. PEARCE,
Trustee.
The creditors of Stansbury Moffett are notified to file their claims against the said deceased, with the vouchers thereof, in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Kent county within two months from the day of sale.
J. A. PEARCE.
Oct. 23, 1852.—tds.

ESTATE OF MARY ANN BELL.
Maryland, Kent county Orphans' Court, October 5, 1852.

On the application of George Vickers, Executor of Mary Ann Bell, late of Kent county, dec'd,

Ordered that he gives notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that the same to be published once in each week for the space of four successive weeks in some newspaper printed in Kent county.

In testimony that the forgoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid,

{SEAL} I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of my office affixed this 5th day of October, 1852
Test,
JACOB FISHER.
Register of Wills for Kent county.

In compliance with the above order, this is to give notice that the subscriber of Kent county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Mary Ann Bell, late of Kent county deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 5th day of May, 1853, they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand, this 5th day of October, 1852.
GEORGE VICKERS,
Excutor Mary Ann Bell.
Oct. 23, '52.—4w.

BUTCHERS will please take notice, that I have for sale a few fat SHEEP,
Also, ten head of FAT CATTLE, which I will dispose of on reasonable terms. Please call and see them.
Rees Corner, Oct 9, A J. REES

SALT! SALT!—T. W. Ellason has a large supply of fine salt in store for sale low.
Oct. 2, 1852.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM COY, F. N.
Maryland, Kent county, Orphans Court, October 5, 1852.

On the application of Aquila A. Usilton, Executrix of William Coy, (t. n.) late of Kent county, decd

Ordered that he give notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that the same to be published once in each week for the space of four successive weeks in some newspaper, printed in Kent county.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid,

I have hereunto set my hand and (Seal) the seal of my office affixed, this 5th day of October, 1852.
Test,
JACOB FISHER,
Register of Wills for Kent County.

In compliance with the above order this is to give notice that the subscriber, of Kent county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of Wm. Coy, (t. n.) late of Kent County deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 5th day of May, 1853, they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand, this 5th day of October, 1852.
AQUILLA A. USILTON,
Administrator William Coy, t. n., dec'd.
Oct. 23, 1852—4w

ESTATE OF THOMAS WOODALL
Maryland, Kent county Orphans' Court, October 14, 1852.

On the application of John Lee, administrator of Thomas Woodall, late of Kent county dec'd

Ordered that he give notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that the same be published once a week for the space of four successive weeks in some newspaper printed in Kent county.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of the Orphans's Court of the county aforesaid,

{SEAL} I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of my office affixed, this 5th day of October, 1852.
Test,
JACOB FISHER,
Register of Wills for Kent County.

In compliance with the above order this is to give notice that the subscriber, of Kent county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of Thomas Woodall, late of Kent county dec'd. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers to the subscriber on or before the 5th day of May, 1852, they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand, this 5th day of October, 1852.
JOHN LEE,
Adm'r of Thomas Woodall, dec'd.
October 23, '52.—4w.

Constable's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of the State of Maryland of Venditioni Exposes issued by William A. Miller Esq., one of the justices of the peace of the said State in and for Kent County, at the suit of John Lee against the Goods and Chattels, Lands and tenements of Mariah Bens (f. n.) to me directed. I have seized and taken in execution, all the right, title, claim and interest of the said Mariah Bens, (f. n.) of, in and to all that
Lot, piece or parcel of Land,
With the buildings and improvements thereon, upon which the said Mariah Bens, (f. n.) now resides, adjoining the Lands of Benjamin Pace and others, lying near the Main Road, leading from George Town X Roads, to the Head of Sassafras, in Kent County, and containing
10 Acres,
more or less, and, I hereby give notice that on the 8th day of November 1852 at 11 o'clock, A. M. at the Tavern door of John Pennington in George Town X Roads I will offer for Sale the said premises, so seized and taken in execution by Public Auction to the highest bidder for Cash, to pay and satisfy the debt, interest and cost, due and to become due thereon. JOHN T. HURTT,
Oct 16, 1852, Constable.

MUSIC.

G. W. MINNICK would most respectfully announce to the citizens of Chester Town and vicinity, that he has returned to this county with the intention of remaining permanently, and is now prepared to resume his practice in Music in all its branches. Instructions given on the Piano, Guitar, Violin Clarionettee, Flute, Cornopean and all instruments in modern use. Also, lessons given in Vocal Music and thorough Bass. For terms enquire of W. N. E. Wickes, Esq.
Oct. 9, 1852

MISS REDUE will give lessons on the Piano, on very moderate terms; if desired, she can give instructions on the Harp. She is desirous of obtain a class of day scholars, and will teach the English branches usually taught in schools, and, if desired, she will give lessons also in the French, Spanish, Italian and Latin languages, and in Drawing and Painting.
Sept 25, 1852.

To Rent
FOR THE YEAR 1853.

The Dwelling House, out Houses, and garden on Cannon Street, Chester Town, now occupied by Wm. B. Wilmer, Esq.
Also, the House, out houses and garden on one corner of my farm and tenanted by Mr. Chas. Hecker and family. It was formerly the residence of James Wilcox, dec'd. For Terms apply to George Vickers, Esq., or to the subscriber.
A. W. SPARKS.
Oct. 9, 1852.