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KENT NEWS.

CHESTER TOWN, Md

SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 26, 1856.

Snow fell here on Sunday last to the depth of five inches.

For the Poor.—A Concert will be given at the Court House, in this place, next Wednesday night week, for the benefit of the poor. Particulars next week.

Supervisor.—The County Commissioners have appointed Mr. Wm. Kelly, road supervisor for the 2nd district, vice S. H. Hurly, resigned.

☞ The Governor has appointed the 29th of February, for the execution of negro Saul, condemned in Queen Ann's county, for the murder of Wm. H. Porter.

Foreign News.—The Steamer Baltic arrived at New York on Thursday, with three days later news from Europe. She brings nothing important from the seat of war. Denmark has concluded to remain neutral. The Czar has not yet accepted the ultimatum of the Western Powers.—Breadstuffs remain unchanged.

Frozen to Death.—We learn that three men were discovered, near a bateau, off Howell's Point, on Thursday, frozen to death. The boat was about mid-way between Specuzzia Island and the Point, where it is supposed they were caught in the ice, it not being sufficiently strong to enable them to reach either shore. The unfortunate men were supposed to be Baltimore fishermen. The condition of the ice was such that no one would venture out near enough to fully identify them. The bodies have no doubt been recovered before this, but we are not informed as to their identity,

Congress.—No Speaker has yet been elected—the second ballot on Thursday, resulted as follows: Banks 95; Orr, 68; Fuller 25; Ricaud 5; Campbell of Ohio 3; scattering 5—necessary to a choice, 101.

A Message was received from the President, and after much confusion, ordered to be read—yeas 108; nays 86.

The President says that circumstances have occurred to disturb the course of the Government in Kansas, and produce a condition of things which renders it incumbent on him to call to it the attention of Congress, and urgently recommend the adoption of such measures as the emergency of the occasion appears to require.

He enters into a full history of the affairs of the territory—condemns the lawless proceeding of both parties, and regards the formation recently of a Free State Constitution as illegal, a part of the people only taking a part in the proceedings. He declares that he will use every means in his power to suppress the domestic insurrection in that territory, should any occur and do all in his power to preserve the peace, and to secure to the people the full enjoyment of their rights.

For the Kent News.

The License Law.

A memorial having been circulated for signatures, to add an additional restriction upon granting licenses to vend ardent spirits, it was natural to suppose, that a portion of the rum-sellers, would become alarmed and by their own personal efforts and of their "stool pigeons" endeavor to counteract an effort, designed to promote temperance, virtue and morality, and to avert the widow's curse, and that of the impoverished wife, from from the cruel system of vending spirituous liquors, as a beverage, to all who might call to purchase. Accordingly, an ingenious, but disingenuous counter-petition, has been handed about by the keepers and their agents, which we will show to be either untrue or inconsistent, in its statements.

The good book says that "the way of the transgressor is hard," and we think, it is equally hard for the retailer to make a fair and rational defence of his unrestrained traffic. Let us see!

The first position assumed in the petition is, that the proposed change in the present law, will increase and aggravate the evils of intemperance!! In other words, that requiring a majority of legal voters in three miles or in a School district, to recommend a retailer to the Grand Jury, not only as a proper person, but that his establishment is convenient and necessary for the neighborhood will increase the number of retailers, who now obtain license, by simply sending to the Grand Jury their own written wish on the subject. That the Grand Jury, who shall continue to exercise all the discretionary power they now have, and not grant a license, even if the requisite number of signers shall be obtained, unless they believe the interests of the neighborhood require it, will grant more licenses than they now do, when ignorant of the feeling of the neighborhood is rather taxing the credulity of "Sailors as well as Marines." Another position is: "Partial legislation over a general subject does not seem to carry with it enlarged wisdom, at best, and your petitioners conceive it would be difficult to prove by any course of sound reasoning, that any regulation of the license law, which would be wise and proper for Kent county would not become equally so for the State at large," further, "we believe the law regulating the subject in Kent county, now in force is a good one and *cannot be bettered*."

Now, gentle reader, mark the inconsistency! The law for Kent county, is not a general, but a special law. In other counties, the power to grant licenses is not given to the Grand Jury, but to the Clerks of Courts. Our law is a special one, confined to Kent, (and possibly to a single other county.) This being the fact, now mark the rum-seller's petition—"Partial legislation, over a general subject does not seem to carry with it enlarged wisdom." and almost in the next breath, that the law now in force in Kent, which is a special or partial law, "is a good one and cannot be bettered!" In other words, that which is *not* of enlarged wisdom, "cannot be bettered"!!

But again—the counter petition asks that the present, (partial, local) law, may not be disturbed, unless it be to give place to a general law, equal in operation and uniform throughout the State." The memorial to require the retailer to call upon the people for their recommendation and approval, before he sets his drunkard, widow and orphan making mill into operation, not only asks it for Kent county, but for the State at large—and yet, with this fact apparent, the counter-petition opposes that memorial because it does not make the law a general one for the State!!

It is very probable that some persons may have signed the counter-petition, without observing its contradictions and inconsistencies, and to prevent their own appearance before the Legislature, in such an unenviable attitude, they can have the opportunity of placing themselves in a proper position, by erasing their names, or by signing the anti-liquor-destroying one.

But of all the efforts to task the credulity of the people, coming, as the petition does; from those who are coining their money from the sale of liquid fire, so injurious and destructive to the peace of families, and of communities, we think the following, is the climax:

"If the total prohibition of the sale of intoxicating drinks throughout the State were in contemplation, or if a uniform general law regulating the subject of license of liquor in the entire State were sought for, that would not conflict with our constitutional rights, your petitioners would give it their hearty concurrence and approval!!"

Wonderful! Although the friends of order and peace, ask for a general law—those gentlemen oppose it, because they want a general law—but more wonderful it is, that no sooner is a memorial handed about to restrain, in a measure, the sale of liquor, than those same persons become alarmed, for their vocation, and like a flock of chickens when a hawk appears, flutter and cry out, and run in all directions for relief, and actually declare in effect, that they are horror-stricken at the attempt. at partial legislation and restraint, but would cheerfully go in for a *prohibitory law*. The real Maine law! They choke at attempting to look upon the feast of a small roaster, and earnestly desire an opportunity to swallow the "*whole hog*." Well this is the age of wonder and of progress! When the true friends of moral order and of the comfort of the fire-side—of peace and plenty in the domestic circle—of the advancement of the temporal and moral interests of mankind, attempt to promote these great social and cardinal principles of happiness and home, they are met with objections from some, who by practice and effect, war against these principles, and are told they do not go far enough and therefore they will be opposed.

The law now asked for is similar, it is said to a Delaware law, which did much good for that people. The subject of a prohibitory law has been introduced in the Legislature of Maryland, now in session and referred to a committee of 21. Before that committee, a distinguished Lecturer upon temperance, appeared recently, and delivered an Address—the concluding remarks of which are as follows:

"Great good has resulted to the people of Mississippi by their law of 1854.

"The provisions of this act might conciliate conflicting opinions, and result in incalculable benefit to Maryland by its enactment by this body.

"The law requires the applicant for a license to sell alcoholic beverages to have his application signed by a majority of the votable inhabitants of the ward, town or district in which he resides—said application to be on record one month, for their "sober-second thought," and if, at the expiration of the month, there is still a majority, then said application to be complied with, on the payment of a certain sum into the treasury of the county, or city, or both as the case may be:—This will not be objected to, certainly, for want of democratic principles. In either caee the condition of things in Maryland would be improved, and if the whole cannot be obtained, a half loaf is better shan no bread."

A Friend to Morality.

A Serious Subject Burlesqued.

The Governor of Virginia is a man of antipathies. He hates a vast number of things, and loves nothing in particular, except himself. Among other objects of aversion, he holds the English and their country in especial dislike. He carries this particular antipathy to the verge of desperation. He hates even their language, and does every thing he can to render it contemptible. His experiments in that line are before the public in great profusion. The latest was made the other day, in a message to the Legislature, transmitting the proceedings of the convention composed of delegates from the Thirteen original States, held in Independance Hall, (Philadelphia,) in 1852, having for its object the erection of one or more monuments in Independence Square. Nine of these States have already passed laws conformable to the memorial of this convention. Governor Wise advises Virginia to do so likewise. His genius takes fire from the occasion. He apostrophises Virginia. "Mother of of the Father of his Country, mother of the father of the Declaration of Independence, mother of the father of the Constitution," &c., &c., he exclaims. Mercy upon us! Why did he not say at once, Grand-mother of the country, grand-mother of the Declaration of Independence, grand-mother of the Constitution? It would have saved him from entanglement in perfect wilderness of prepositions, and the sentence would have read better.—"At a time," says the Governor, "when the fires of revolution seem to be dying out, when there is a growing irreverence for the name of Washington himself, when there is a wicked disposition to prevert the work of Jefferson, a treasonable tendency to destroy the limitations of law laid down by Madison, let Virginia hasten to"—do what? Rekindle these fires by building a monument! Certainly a very ingenious method of raising a blaze. We finish the sentence for the sake of the novel suggestion the latter part of it makes: "Let us hasten to lay the foundations of a monument at Independence square, which shall rear its grandeur above the degeneracy of the times, *and draw down anew* the inspiration of sainted patriots who have gone to repose in the bosom of God!" So it seems the monument is not only to "kindle a fire," but it is to act as a sort of moral lightning rod, and draw down, not the fire of the clouds, but the inspiration of the saints! These are not the only uses for which it is designed, however. It has already been made to kindle a fire, and to draw inspiration from above. It is now to be used to "raise a point." Mark the following sentence, and take notice of its beautiful obscurity—"Let us raise a point in Pennsylvania, a middle State, which she cedes so freely to the Old Thirteen, around which, honor, truth, law, and religion, and the very chiveralry and piety of patriotism may rally for the defense of the works of the Revolution, and of the fathers who founded the bulworks of freedom." We cannot exactly understand from this phraseology, what Pennsylvania cedes. It cannot be "a point," for that Virginia and the other States are to "raise." The position of the objects designated would seem to imply that Pennsylvania meant to cede herself. But then she would be rather a big rallying ground for all this "honor, and truth, and law, and religion and chivalry of patriotism, and piety," &c. This monument, if we may judge from the concluding sentence, is destined to be the hardest worked monument that has yet had existence. It is not only to be a fire-kindler, a lightning rod, a point, &c,, but it is to be likewise "a link," and that link is to be applied to the purpose of binding a new tie, not forming a part of one, as other links in a chain have heretofore done. And this tie is to be a "tie of union, of affection and peace among the family of States—mothers and daughters." Not a word said about grandmothers or grand-daughters! Who omit old Virginia, or her descendents in the second generation?

Nature certainly made a mistake when she cast the lot of Governor Wise in this country and generation. He ought to have lived in London, in the time of Anne and the first Georges. He was cut out for a hero of the Dunciad. Nothing can be found resembling his style, unless we look for it in the writings of Curl or Dennis. His everlasting attempts to soar and his repeated tumbles into the very abyss of *bathos* would have delighted the very soul of Matinus Scriblerus. He has lost his only chance of immortality by a freak of nature. He was not born in the days of the Dunciad.

TO SHOEMAKERS.

I have now in store for sale a superior lot of buff upper, undressed morrocco, and lining skins.

A. M. Russell.

Jan. 26, 1856.

To the Public.

The undersigned, would respectfully inform the public that he will attend to the collection of claims and all business pertaining to his office, with promptness and fidelity.

JAMES A. SHAW,
Constable.

Chestertown, Jan. 29, 1856.

BALTIMORE GRAIN MARKET.

[*Corrected from the Baltimore Sun of Yesterday.*]

Wheat White	$1.85 a 1.95
" Red	1.78 a 1.85
Corn, Yellow	70 a 73
" White	70 a 73
Oats	38 a 42
Rye	1.07 a 1,08
Clover Seed,	$9.00 a 9,25

MARRIAGES.

At Corsica, Queen Anne's county. on the 22d inst, by Rev. Charles Hill, Lycurgus L. Bartholow, of Baltimore, to Miss Avis E., daughter of Col. John N. Denning. of the former place.

On the 15th inst., by the Rev. Andrew Manship, Rev. Wm. M. Warner of the Philadelphia Annual Conference (M. E. Church) and Miss Mary Emily Hopkins, daghter of James Hopkins, Esq, of Kent County. Del.

On the 22d, inst, by Rev. Mr, Quigly, Mr, James Fletcher to Miss Susan Clark.

On the same day, by same, Mr. Thomas J. Hewitt to Miss Henrietta Scoone.

DEATHS.

On the 24th ult, at the residence of James A Scott, Missouri, Miss Catharine Scott, a native of Chestertown, and sister of the late Dr. Edward Scott, aged 73 years.

☞ Baltimore papers please copy.

On the 16th inst., Samuel Robert, eldest son of John R. and Catharine Ashley, aged 3 years and 8 months.

Dearest Robie thou hast left us,
Here thy loss we deeply feel:
But 'tis God that has bereft us,
He can all our sorrows heal.

Lecture.

PROFESSOR PORTER, of the College, will deliver a Lecture on Tuesday evening next, 29th inst. Subject—"The Scholar's Mission." The public are respectfully invited to attend.

Jan. 26, 1856.

DR. B. D. HYDE,
DENTIST.

A Graduate of the Dental College of Baltimore,

REFERENCE:
Geo. B. Westcott, Esq., Chestertown.
Rev. Geo. C. Stokes, "
C. A. Harris, M. D., D. D. S., Baltimore.
A. A. Blandy " " "

☞ Rooms in the rear of the Episcopal Church.
Chester Town, jan. 25, 1856.

Seamstress Wanted.

WANTED a Seamstress in a family residing ve y near town,—apply to the Editor.

Jan. 19, 1856.—3t.

BUCKWHEAT MEAL.—T. W. Elison has a supply of superior Buckwheat Meal for sale.

Jan. 19, '56.

Gum Shoes.

THE undersigned has just received via Elkton, a beautiful lot of Gum Shoes assorted. Also variety of other articles usually kept by him—all for sale cheap, very cheap.

A. M. RUSSELL.

Jan. 19, '56.

NOTICE.

ALL persons owing the estate of John E Gale deceased, and whose notes are due, are requested to call and settle, as no longer indulgence will be allowed.

JAMES H. GALE,
Administrator of John E. Gale.

Jan. 19, 1856.

NOTICE.

I WILL sell 5 Brood Sows and pigs, 2 Fine Young Mares, 1 Jack—four years old in the spring, and wants to purchase about Twenty Head young Cattle. Persons in want of the above or who have stock to sell will do well to call on

ABEL J. REES.

Rees' Corner, Md., Jan. 19, 1856.

$5 REWARD.

TAKEN from the subscriber; at Rees' Corner, last Friday evening, a double barrel Duck Gun—the gun was full three quarter calibre, with lamrnated barrels; the stock has been broken across the wrist and mended. $5 reward will be paid to any one returning the gun.

JNO. A. STRONG.

Near Shaw's Mill, Jan. 19, 1856. } tf

Notice.

AN Ordinance passed the Board of Commissioners of Chestertown, 22nd of December 1832, compelling the owners of dogs or bitches, to take out license on the 1st day of January, in each year.—In compliance therefore with the Ordinances upon the subject—the undersigned hereby gives notice, that on the first day of March next, he will proceed against all who do not pay their dox taxes by that time.

WM. BURKE,
Jan. 19, 1856. Bailiff.

Strayed

From the farm of Mr. Thomas Hunter near C. Town, about 3 weeks since, a sorrel MARE, with a white stripe in her face. A liberal reward will be paid for her delivery in Chester Town, or for any information in regard to her.

JNO. WRIGHT.

Jan, 19, 1856.—3w

Millwrighting.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is prepared to build or repair *Grist or Saw Mills*, at the shortest notice. Bolting-cloths will be furnished and fixed up in a womanlike manner. His experience in all the branches of the above business is such that he flatters himself able to give satisfaction to all who may employ him. All orders left at McDaniel's hotel Chestertown, will be promptly attended to.

JNO. WRIGHT.

Jan. 19, 1856—tf

LOCKS! LOCKS!!

THE undersigned is prepared to make Locks or Keys, or mend them to order. All kinds of Blacksmith work done.

GEO. P. ROEDER.

ORPHANS COURT OF KENT COTNTY.

JANUARY 15th, 1856.

ORDERED by the Orphans Court of Kent County that the sale of the Wood Lot of Juliana F. Scott late of Kent County, deceased, made and reported by David Jones the Executor of her last will and testament, be ratified and confirmed, unlese cause to the contrary be showu on or before the 15th day of March next ensuing, Provided a copy of the order be published in some newspaper printed and published on the Eastern Shore of Maryland, once a week or three successive before the 15th day of March next.

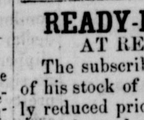
The Report states the amount of sales to be $60,00.

GEO. S. HOLLYDAY,
JAS. W. SKIRVEN.

Jan. 19, 1856.

TO FARMERS, MERCHANTS, AND OTHERS.

THE subscribers respectfully announce to their friends and the public in general that having taken the "Farmers' Foundry" in Chestertown, they how have on hand a large quantity of materials which they will manufacture to order in the best manner, and at the shortest notice



They also keep constantly on hand a good supply of Plough Castings, which cannot be surpassed in neatness and durability by any manufactured in the State. CARTS, WAGONS, PLOUGHS. &c., made to order at the shortest notice and low rates. All kind of machine work done in the neatest manner and at short notice on accommodating terms for cash. Blacksmithing will bt done in a workmanlike manner and of the bese materials. They would particularly call the attention of the Merchants and Farmers of Kent and the adjoining counties to their castings—they will be sold as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere. ☞ All descriptions of old iron will be taken in exchange for work at the highest prices.

HENRY W. EARNEST,
DAVID A. BENJAMIN.

Jan 19, 1856.—tf

CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned not to gun or trespass in way upon our premises Colchester and Mount Air. The law will be strictly enforced hereafter, against all offenders.

JAMES B. HANCE,
FRANKLIN DUYER.
Near Georgetown X Roads.

Jan. 12, 1856.

A fine lot of **BUFFALO ROBES** just received, on consignment, and for sale below the usual rates by

W. N. E. WICKES.

jan. 5, '56.

A varied assortment of HEAVY OVERCOATS, suitable for the season just received and for sale low by

W. N. E. WICKES.

jan. 5, '56.

Notice.

THE County Commissioners, will meet on Tuesday, the 22d inst., at which time they will appoint a Supervisor of the public roads in the 2d Election District.—Persons wishing the appointment should file their application with the Clerk.

A. M. MELVIN, Clk

Jan. 5, '55.

READY-MADE CLOTHING
AT REDUCED PRICES.

The subscriber will sell the remainder of his stock of winter Clothing at greatly reduced prices. All persons in want of such goods will do well to call one door below the Post Office.

JAS. ARTHUR.

jan. 5, '56.

Negro for Sale.

A likely young negro boy, aged about fifteen years, slave for life—this boy will be sold cheap—terms made easy—apply immediate to the editor.

Jan. 5, '56.

NOTICE

THE unsettled notes taken at the sale of the personal estate of W. H. Godwin, deceased have been placed in my hands for collection, and after the first of February next I shall proceed according to law.

E. F. PERKINS,
Atty at Law.

Jan'y 5, '56—4w

ASTRAY.

Taken up as astray, trespassing upon my premises, a red Steer, three years old. The owner will please come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

JAS. BYROM,
Rees' Corner.

Jan. 5, '56—c advt. $1.

CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby forwarned not to harbor or trust my wife Anna Maria Tilghman, either for herself or children, on my account, as I will prosecute all disregarding this notice to the full extent of the law.

STEP. TILGHMAN.

Jan. 5. 1856—*

TEACHER WANTED.

The Trustees, Primary School District No. 1, first Election District, Kent county, wish to employ a competent teacher. Apply immediately to

S. A. J. Wickes,
Lemuel Ashley,
Thos. W. Ringgold,
Samuel Riley,
R. F. Legg,

Jan. 5, '56—4w

Dissolution.

The Co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Earnest, Benjamin & Benjamin, was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Henry W. Earnest,
D. A. Benjamin,
M. T. Benjamin.

Dec. 23, 1855.

The business will hereafter be conducted by the undersigned, who will be ready at all times, to accommodate their old friends and the public.

H. W. EARNEST,
D. A. BENJAMIN.

Chester Town, Jan, 5, '56.

Constables' Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of the State of Maryland, of Venditioni Exponas, issued by James Graves, Esq., one of the Justices of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for Kent county, to me directed, at the suit of Benjamin H. Startt against the lands and tenements, goods and chattels of John W. Apsley, I have seized and taken into execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said said John W. Apsley, of in and to, all farm or plantation, tract or part of a tract of land, lying and being in Quaker Neck in the first Election District of Kent county, commonly called

"*SALT BOX,*"

containing FIFTY ACRES, more or less. Also one four wheel carriage. And I hereby give notice that on

Monday,

the 4th day of February next, at the Hotel of John McDaniel, in Chestertown at 11 o'clock, A. M., I will sell the above property to the highest bidder, for cash, to pay and satisfy the said debt interest and costs due, and to become due thereon,

J. W. DUYER.
Constable.

jan. 5, '56—$4.25

Constables' Sale.

BY virtue of two writs of the State of Maryland, of Venditioni Exponas, issued by James Graves, Esq., one of the Justices of the Peace of the State of Maryland, to me directed, at suit of William R. Apsley, against the goods and chattels lands and tenements of William R. Bennett and Sarah R. Bennett—I have seized and taken into execution, all the right title claim and interest of the said William R. Bennet and Sarah R. Bennett, of in and to, all that tract or parcel of land, lying and being in Broad Neck, in the first Election District of Kent county, adjoining the lands of Isaac Gale and B. F. Beck, containing ten acres, more or less—also five acres, in said Neck, with the buildings and improvements thereon, adjoining the lands of John Johnson and others. Also two sorrel Horses, one Dearbon and Harness, two Heifers and one Schooner called the Liberty. And I hereby give notice that on

MONDAY,

the 4th day of February, at two o'clock, P. M., at the Market House, in Chester Town, I will sell the above property to the highest bidder for cash, to pay and satisfy the said debt, interest and cost due and to become due thereon.

JOHN W. DUYER,
Constable.

Jan'y 5, 1856—tds

Examiner's Notice.

THE undersigned Examiners, appointed to locate and survey a public road in the 2nd Election District of Kent county, beginning at the junction of the main road where the road from Still Pond X Roads to Chester Town intersects with the road leading from Bowers' Corner, to run straight with the Still Pond Road until it intersects with the private road leading into the farm of the late Col. Hepbron, to follow said road (or near it) as now used, until it reaches Mary Hepbron's woods gate, thence obliquely across her new ground, somewhere near the N. west corner of Rev. J. B. Ayres back farm, following the division lines of said farm, and Mary and Sewel Hepbron, J. Lusby, Isaac Cotton and E. Smith, to terminate at Cotton's gate, near the negro meeting house on Quaker Lane—hereby give notice that they will meet at the residence of Sewel Hepbron, on

WEDNESDAY,

the 6th February next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and proceed to execute the said Commission,

HUGH WALLIS,
I. L. PRICE,
J. A. ROSEBERRY. } Exs.

Jan. 5, 1856—tdm

Maryland, Kent county, to wit:

I hereby certify that Thomas Baker, farmer, of said county, gave information to me, the subscriber, a justice of the peace of said county, that he had taken up as astray trespassing upon his enclosures, one black and white

COW,

marked on the left ear with an over bit and under bit, no perceivable mark on the right ear. Given under my hand and seal this first day of January, 1856.

JAS. GRAVES, [SL.]

NOTICE.

The owner of the above described Cow, is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take it away.

THOS. BAKER.
Q. Neck.

jan. 5, '56—$2.

☞NO CREDIT☜
(*Will be given after January*, 1856.)

THE undersigned will change his mode of doing business after first January, 1856. He will hereafter sell for cash or produce.

He has just returned from the city with a varied assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., &c, which he will sell as low as can be purchased elsewhere,—He invites his friends and the public to give him a call

ISAAC RODGERS.

Belle Air, Dec. 28, 1855.

N. B.—All persons indebted to the subscriber will please settle their respective accounts on or before the 1st February next, otherwise they will be placed in a legal train for collection.

ISAAC RODGERS.

Belle Air, Dec. 29, 1855.—3w

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

FROM the premises of the subscriber on the 17th inst, a BROWN HORSE, 10 years old with a heavy mane and tail—the latter twisted. A liberal reward will be paid for his delivery or any information of his whereabouts.

NATHEN VOSHELL.

Dec. 29, 1855.