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The Kent News.

DEVOTED TO AGRICULTURE, POLITICS, GENERAL NEWS, &C.

Vol. 17. CHESTER TOWN, MD., JUNE 14, 1856. No. 7.

THE KENT NEWS,

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER

Devoted to Agriculture, Literature, Politics, and General News.

EDWARD MANSFIELD

PROPRIETOR.

TERMS:

$1.50 payable in advance—$2 at the expiration of the first six months, or $2.50 at the end of the year. To Clubs—5 copies for $6—10 copies for $10. No subscription received for a shorter period than six months, and no paper will be discontinued until all arrears are paid.

Single papers 5 cents.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Advertisements not exceeding ten lines will be inserted three times for $1 and 25 cts. for every insertion thereafter—larger ones in proportion. A liberal deduction made to yearly advertisers. Advertisements must have the number of times marked, or they will be published till forbid and charged accordingly.

SPECIAL NOTICES.—All Communications of a personal nature will be charged for at the rates of fifty cents a square for the first insertion, and twenty-five cents for every subsequent insertion.

Obituary notices, when they exceed six lines will be charged at the rate of fifty cents a square.

Proceedings of public meetings, except those of a religious or charitable nature, will be charged for at the usual rates, those handing them in will be held responsible.

Sash and Planing Mill.

PORT DEPOSIT, CECIL COUNTY, MD.

WE the undersigned have rebuit our Factory and are now in full operation. Our Buildings are fire proof and our Machinery of the latest and improved patterns.

Owing to our advantages in in improved machinery, situation of our Factory, (being at one of the largest Lumber Markets in the United States,) and our arrangements for purchasing Lumber and Material from first hands, we think we can offer inducements surpassed by no other Factory. We earnestly solicit the attention and extend our invitation to all Builders, Carpenters &c.. &c. to give us a call and examine our work and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

We manufacture to order and keep on hand Frames of all kinds and sizes, such as Door Windows, Sidelights, &c. &c. Doors, Sash, Shutter, Blinds, Inside Blinds, &c., Washboards, Architraves, Mantles, Wing Mouldings, of all patterns in use. Brackets and all kinds of scrol Sawing and Turning to order.

Our work is of the very best material, well seasoned, as we make no second class work. We have for sale dressed seasoned Floring of all kind such as Yellow Pine, Norway, white Pine and Hemlock, Weatherboarding faced jointed and ribbeted.

We have on hand and for sale, a large stock of Hardware for houses, Carpenters Tools, Paints Oil and Window Glass of all kinds purchased from the Manufacturer, and sold at city prices. We furnish Sash, Prime and Glaze in the best style and at moderate prices; work primed if ordered.

WILEY, NOLAND & Co.

W. WILEY,
N. W. NOLAND,
E. J. RINEHEART. Apr. 12, 1856.

Come One, Come All!

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends that he is still carrying on the *BLACKSMITHING BUSINESS* at his old stand, and by strict attention to his business he still hopes to share a continuance of the same, he is thankful for past favors.

N. B. I have employed one of the best Horse Shoers in the county, and he is prepared to do Horse Shoeing in the best manner and at the shortest notice. The cash will be required in all cases for horse shoeing. The public's ob't serv't,

JAMES MERCHANT.

May 3, 1856.—2m.

TAKE NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to Dulany Rasin, as Constable, are hereby notified that their claims have been placed in the hands of the undersigned for settlement. After the 10th day of May next, he will advertise and sell in every case that remains unsettled.

JNO. W. DUYER, Const.

april 19, 1856—4w

New Spring and Summer

MILLINERY!

THE subscriber respectfully informs her friends and the public, that she has just returned from the city with a large assortment of Goods sold in her line of business, in part a very large assortment of different kinds of BONNETS &c. It will be to the advantage of the ladies to call and see my supply and judge for themselves, as I am determined to sell cheap for the cash only. Thankful for past patronage she solicits a continuance of the same. MARY PERKINS.

May 3, 1856.—2m.

WANTED

A responsible man to contract for building a wharf on the Chesapeake Bay. Apply to ABEL J. REES.

Rees' Corner, Kent co. Md. April 5, '56.

☞ Del. Republiran copy law3w and send bill to this office.

CLOCKSMITHING.

J. WOODFORD has taken the room near the jail where he will repair in the best manner CLOCKS of every description. He will visit houses in the country whenever provided with a conveyance.

May 17, 1856.

FLOUR! FLOUR!!—for sale by the poun or bbl. by PRICE & FOWLER.

Apr. 5, 1856.

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILL, DYE STUFFS, &c.. &c., also a full assortment of the most popular Patent Medicines, just received and for sale unusualy low, by SIMON WICKES.

March 22, 1856.

JAMES L. BEWLEY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 78 *South Wharves, Philadelphia.*

Will attend to sales of grain, &c., &c.

Aug 25, 1855.—3m.

"Young America."

CORN AND COB MILL.

THE undersigned has been appointed agent for the sale of this superior mill which he will sell at the city price. Advantages of the Young American or Excelsior mill over all others,—1st, great strength and durability, 2nd, simplicity—having only one set screw to graduate the quality of grinding, which renders it so simple that it may be managed by any ordinary farm hand; 3rd, it will grind more corn or corn and cob in the same time, and of the same quality, than any other mill in use of the same size; 4th, economy, that part of the mill which is most liable to wear being made separate from the main body of the machine, can be renewed when worn out at the small cost of $3. Thus, in the Young America or Excelsior mill, we present the best, cheapest, and most durible mill ever offered to the farmer. This mill is of larger size and greater capacity than any other mill sold at the same price.

Price $50, with a discount of 5 pr. ct. off for cash, including an extra set grinding plates, which renders it equal to two entire mills, for $50 and new plates can be furnished at the small cost of $3 per set, which can be attached in the same manner that new points or shares are put to a plough, when the old ones are worn out; delivered in any part of the county.

B. B. PERKINS.

April 5, 1856.

NEW SPRING AND SUMMER

GOODS!

JAMES ARTHUR

HAS just returned from Philadelphia with an assortment of *ELEGANT GOODS*, adapted to men's wear, to which he invites the attention of his customers and all persons in want of such Goods. The stock consists of fine and medium French Cloths, cassimeres, vestings, Doap D'Eta, white and fancy drillings, Linen duck, Tailors Trimmings, and fine linen cambric red silk Handkerchiefs, silk and lawn Cravats, stocks, stockings, collars, silk and gauze morena shirts, &c. Also

READY MADE CLOTHING,

of a superior quality, silk and soft hats, all of which were selected with great care from the importers and Manufacturers and will be sold at the lowest prices.

Terms cash, unless otherwise agreed upon before the sale. Goods cut and made up as usual in the most fashionable styles. Call, see and buy. One door below the Post Office.

apr. 19, 1856.

JOSEPH V. FOID,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

ADJOINING THE FOUNTAIN HOTEL, LIGHT ST.

BALTIMORE,

WISHES to inform the citizens of Kent that he has received a beautiful assortment of Cloths, Cassimers, Vestings and Linen Goods for Spring and Summer wear, which he will make up in the most fashionable and durable manner, also an assortment fine Clothing ready made.

Mar. 8, 1856.

NOTICE.

I WILL sell 5 Brood Sows and pigs, 2 Fine Young Mares, 1 Jack—four years old in the spring, and wants to purchase about Twenty head young Cattle. Persons in want of the above or who have stock to sell will do well to call on

ABEL J. REES.

Rees' Corner, Md., Jan. 19, 1856.

CARRIAGE AND HARNESS MAKING.



THE subscriber still continues to carry on the above business, near McDaniel's Hotel, Chestertown, Having employed the best workmen, he is now prepared to make Carriages, of any style, at short notice, which will compare favorably with any in the State—terms reasonable. Repairing, of all kinds, done with despatch.

JOHN GREENWOOD.

Feb. 2, 1856.—tf

WANTED—A boy to learn the Carriage trimming. G.J.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE subscribers (successors to Wilmer & Ford) have this day associated themselves together und the name and style of *Wilmer & Golibart* for the conducting of a Lumber, Grain and ware house at George Town, and respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage so liberally extended to the late firm.

They will keep on hand a well assorted stock, and hope to merit and receive a generous support. EDWIN WILMER,

JOSEPH GOLIBART.

Apr, 12, 1856.

ROAD NOTICE.

THE undersigned petitioners, thirty days after this notice, intend applying to the County Commissioners to open a road from the road leading to Eastern Neck Island to the waters of Greyson Creek and running through the lands of Thos. B. Brown, Robert Bogle or Samuel A. J. Wickes.

George Copper, Geo. H. Willson,
J. E. Blackiston, R. B. Darding,
Apr. 12, 1856. and others.

PAY UP AND BUY MORE.

All persons indebted will call and settle their accounts. "The harvest is past and I am not paid"—no further notice will be given.

Goods of all kinds in his line on hand and for sale low for cash. W. BACCHUS.

Just received, Super and Family Flour, at reduced prices. W. BACCHUS.

Aug 4 1855.—tf

ATTENTION FARMERS!

Guano excelled by 'De Burg.'

The great advantage De Burgs Super Phosphate has over Guano, is attributed to the large amont of fertilizing matter, Phosphates and Ammonia, which it contains.

It is a settled point with all chemist and scientific farmers that Peruvian Guano only supplies about one half of the phosphates that is required to grow wheat, rye, oats, corn, vegetables, &c., and that is the reason that land becomes exhausted and impoverished by its continued application. Whereas De Burgs Super Phosphate supplies more than is required, by the crops, and is quite as effective in its action of inducing early maturity as guano, much more durable and fertilizing to the soil and less volatile.

It is adapted for all crops and all soils, as a proof, we have testimonials from Maland to Georgia, and from *every county in this State*, from every variety of soil, and from gentlemen well known as intelligent farmers—some of whom have tried it for two years on fall and spring crops with pleasing results, in every instance. We name Hon. J. A. Pearce, G. W. T. Perkins, L. M. Strong, J. Uric. W. W. Stephens, Wm. Emory, T. D. C. Ruth, Esqs., and many others.

Francis Cann, Esq. says: "I never had so fine a field of corn as I have at present. The corn and potatoes grown by "De Burg" were much superior in quality and quantity to those grown by No. 1, Peruvian Guano at the same rate per acre. I think it the best fertilizer I ever tried and cheaper than guano."

Josiah Ringgold, Kent co. says: "I applied De Burg and Peruvian Guano separately, each at the rate of 200 lbs. per acre, on same quality of land in corn, oats and vegetables, and I think where DeBurg was used that my crops were much the best."

Wm. T. Skirven, Esq., Kent co., says: "There was a manifest difference in the growth of the corn where I applied "De Burg" over that which was guanoed.—My wheat sown with "De Burg" looks better than my guanoed wheat."

☞ Every lot we receive is inspected and analyzed by the Chemist to the Md Agricultural Society, who draws samples himself from entire cargo, and rejects all that does not come up to the fixed standard, thereby guaranteeing to the farmer a uniformity not to be found in any guanoor other manure.

The best proof of the value of this fertilizer as entertained by the agricultural community is the greatly increased demand for it, which is beyond precedent in any other manure. In consequence of which many imitations have been put upon the market. Farmers should be particular and buy none but "De Burgs Supher Phosphate" and to secure the genuine article, order it direct from us,

Price $43 per 2000 pounds, in 8 bbls.

J. J. & F. TURNER,

42 Pratt st. Balt.

☞ Send and get analysis and testimonials.

Feb. 23, 1856—tf

NOTICE

THE Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name of *Wilmer & Ford*, at George Town and Wilmer Point, is this day dssolved by mntual consent. Either of the partners are fully authorized to use the name of the firm in the settlement of its business.

All persons indebted on the books at George Town will please settle with Mr. Wm. Rogers. Those indebted at Wilmers Point will please call there and settle with the undersigned.

EDWIN WILMER,
STEPHEN B. FORD.

April 1, 1856.

The undersigned will continue the business as heretofore at *Wilmer's Point*, under the management of S. B. Ford, Esq. and solicits a continuance of the patronage heretofore extended to the business of said place.

E. WILMER & CO.

April 12 '56

Shingles.

A lot of superior Shingles just received and for sale cheap by

CHARLES H. WICKES.

Apr. 12, 1856.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the late Jeremiah Still, deceased, are warned to pay the undersigned, and not Mr. John Still, whose letters of Testamentary has been revoked, by a competent Tribunal in New Jersey.

JAMES JOHNSON,
J. E. POTTS,
Executors Jeremiah Still, dec'd.

Philadelphia, May 10, 1855.

E. B. HARRIS,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 4, Bowley's Wharf, Baltimore, Md.

CONTINUES to attend to the sales of Grain &c. &c.

April 7, 1855—tf

NOTICE.

THE subscribers wish to employ for two months several able bodied men hands to work upon a wharf upon the bay shore on the Groff farm. Good wages will be given. Apply to

SKIRVEN & FRANCIS.

March 29, 1856

A CARD.

THE undersigned having sold out his interest in the steamer Cecil—is in no way connected with the management of the said boat.

EDWIN WILMER.

apr. 26, 1856.



POETRY.

THE AMERICAN BANNER.

A CAMPAIGN SONG.

BY R. E. H. LEVERING.

Air—"*Our Flag.*"

Our Flag is wav'd! Our Flag is wav'd
By North and South with purpose true;
Our Flag is wav'd! Our Flag is wav'd!
And shall in future triumph too!
Our FILLMORE has a glorious name,
To *fill more* high our country's bliss,
And DONELSON's a son of fame,
Whom Jackson rear'd for times like this!

CHORUS.

Our Flag is wav'd! Our Flag is wav'd!
By North and South with purpose true
Our Flag is wav'd! Our Flag is wav'd!
And shall in future triumps, too!

Our Flag is pure! Our Flag is pure!
Our fathers purg'd its folds with blood,
And show'd its charms to every shore,
An offering to both man and God!
That Flag shall still as spotless be,
Unstain'd by traitor's damning hand,
To show the union of the free—
To hold as one Columbia's land!

CHORUS—Our Flag is wav'd, &c.

Our Flag is bright! Our Flag is bright!
And bright'ning with each passing day;
It shows the "stars" that meet the night
Of Papel power and tyranny!
The "stripes" combined so sweet with those
Have meaning strip'd in foreign blood,
And type the stripes we give to foes
Who lurk beneath the Jesuit hood!

CHORUS—Our Flag is wav'd, &c,

Our Flag is free! Our Flag is free!
Ah! free as air that shows each charm,
As onward on the land and sea
It prov'd the might of Freedom's arm!
And freer yet that Flag shall wave,
When FILLMORE and a DONELSON
Shall triumph all our land to save,
And keep the prize our fathers won!

CHORUS—Our Flag is wav'd, &c.

That Flag is one! That Flag it one!
And one the hearts hat float it free,
And one the aim from sire to son—
The Union and our Libriry!
No traitor hand in North or South,
Shall rive that banner's stripe and star!
It still shall wave in glory's path,
As oft it wav'd in peace and war!

CHORUS—Our Flag is wav'd, &c.

MISCELLANY.

UNPLEASANT BED FELLOW.—Not many years ago, a young man, twenty one years of age, and who I will call Daniel, was hired to work on a farm by Mr. W——, a man of considerable note as a farmer, in Massachussetts. Mr. W—— had a daughter and a hired girl, both about eighteen years of age; and Daniel being of a steady turn was not talkative enough to suit their fancy; and after trying various plans and tricks without success, to—as they said—raise his ideas, they caught a large frog, and put it into Daniel's bed. On going to bed, he soon discovered the whereabouts of his bed fellow, and pitched his frogship out of the window, and never afterwards betrayed the least sign of knowledge in regard to the joke.

About a fortnight afterwards, Daniel found a lot of chesnut burs, nearly as sharp as thistles, and contrived to deposit nearly a half peck in the girls' bed; and after the girls went to their room and had time to undress, he took a candle went to their door, and rattled the latch, when the girls put out their light and jumped into bed, and such a squalling was never heard before. Daniel now opened the door and stood in it with light in hand.

"Dan, torment your picture; I wish you were as far beyond the light house as you are on this side of it," said Sukey.

"Why, what is the matter? have you any frogs there?" said Dan.

"Dan, if you dont shut the door and clear out I will call Mrs. W——," continued Miss Sukey.

"I will call her myself if you wish," said he.

"Daniel," said Anna W——, "if you will shut the door and go back to the kitchen, there shall be no more tricks or jokes put upon you by us, for six months, at least.

Daniel, thinking he had punished the girls enough, shut the door and left them. A few moments after this, Sukey came out to light her candle.

"I thought you had gone to bed, Suky," said Mrs. W——.

Sukey made no reply, but looked daggers at Dan, and quickly returned. After this scrape the girls put no more jokes or trick upon Dan. He was a steady, faithful man—saved every dollar of his earnings, and six years from that time owned a good farm, married Anna W——, and was three years first selectman of the town, which he afterwards represented, in the State Legislature.

METHODIST GENERAL CONFERENCE.

This body, some time in session at Indianopolis, has been very earnestly engaged in a discussion of the question of amending the "Discipline of the Church" in regard to slavery. The report which gave rise to the discussion contained a resolution condemning the buying, selling and holding of slaves. It was urged with great force, in opposition to the proceeding, that slavery is a civil institution alone, not created by the church and not to be destroyed by the church.

On the 29th of May the vote was taken by yeas and nays on the first resolution of the majority report, which is in these words:

"*Resolved*, 1st, by the delegates of the several annual conferences in General Conference assembled, that we recommend the several annual conferences so to amend our general rule on slavery as to read: The buying, selling, or *holding* a human being as property."

To pass this required a two-thirds vote and the vote being yeas 121, nays 95, the proposition to amend was decided in the negative.

The "Discipline" as it stands forbids "buying and selling human beings."—The proposition was make it read "buying, selling, and HOLDING human beings."

On the 30th an effort was made to press through the second resolution of the slavery report, rendering all slaveholders liable to the Discipline for the sin of slavery; but it was finally laid on the table by a vote of 123 to 92.

The Committee on Boundaries reported an amendment for *forty-six* Annual Conferences, besides the Mission Conferences in Liberia and Germany. The boundaries were all passed as reported, except Baltimore and New Jersey Conferences. An excited discussion arose on both these and finally the Baltimore was referred back to the Annual Conference and the New Jersey amended and passed.

The committee on Episcopacy reported that they had examined the administration of the Bishops during the four years past, and found that it had been faithful, and recommend that their characters pass.—The report was adopted.

The committee on Lay Delegation reported that while they desired the union of the lay element with the ministry, they no evidence that the majority of the members desired ano place in the Annual or General Conference, and that they did not see how such a union could be effected. The report closed with a resolution declaring it expedient to make such change at present. It having been suggested that other petitions were in the hands of members, the report was returned to the committee, that notice might be taken of such papers.

"THE DECLINE OF CATHOLICISM."—In Austria there are more than three and a half million Protestants. In France there are many Protestants who are protected by law, and the annual Papal revenue has sunk, since the revolution, from $30,000,000 to about $20,000,000. In Sardinia the King has gone steadily onward in the reformation of Papal abuses—maintaining his way at the risk of excommunication, and granting religious liberty to all denominations. In Tuscany much disaffection has long existed. In Naples the King has firmly resisted the Jesuits, and shows some independence of the Vatican. In Spain the waning of Rome's power is unmistakable, and the Government has effectually confiscated the conventual property. In the Canadas, it has succumbed to Protestant Governments.—In Brazil, Chili, and Central America, liberal sentiments are advancing, while New Granada, Venezuela and the Argentine Republic, have formally proclaimed liberty of worship. In Mexico the estates of the church have been confiscated to the amount of about $50,000,000.

IMPROVED SHOE.—A newly invented shoe is attracting attention in Philadelphia. The sole is made entirely of gutta-percha, the shoe otherwise, being like the ordinary leether made. The sole is applied to the upper part by pressure. The inner sole and upper portion, when stretched over the last, is first pactured by a punch, and the gutta-percha in a soft state is then pressed by mechanical means upon this inner sole; the material is forced through the punch holes, and the shoe is then held together as if it had been pegged, though much more securely, for the gutta-percha fills entirely the punch holes and even forms a rivet-head on the inside of the shoe.

These shoes, it is said, can be made thirty per cent. cheaper than the leather-soled shoes, are entirely impervious to water and may be wore, like leather soled shoes at any season of the year, without inconvenience.

THE FATE OF KINNEY.—The following is an extract of a letter from San Juan del Norte, dated the 22d ult:

"Last night another of Col. Kinney's followers named Crockett died and was buried this morning. Col. Kinney himself is said to be very ill, and is really in a pitiable condition. What an end is the great 'Kinney expedition,' which was applauded and helped on by some of the press a year or so ago, approaching."

In March, 1851, Mr. Cass, a devoted partizan, and a zealous opponent of our party, delivered a speech in the Senate, which contains the following manly tribute to Mr. Fillmore. We quote from the Congressional Globe:

"The Administration has played itself high in the great work of *pacifying the country*, and they have received the mead of approbation from political friends and political foes. *I partake of the same sentiment.* I do them justice. But I am a Democrat, and, God willing, I mean to die one. This is a Whig administration, but there is no reason why I should not do them justice; and I do it with pleasure in this great matter of the *salvation of this country*, if I may say so. I have done so; shall continue to do so, whatever sneers may be thrown out by their papers, for I do it for the sake of the country."—*Speech of Mr. Cass in the Senate of the United States, March* 10, 1851.

FORWARDING CUCUMBER AND OTHER VINES.—A correspondent of the *Germantown Telegraph*, says that "cucumbers may be forwarded some weeks, simply by plantsng them in the open soil, placing around them when up, four bricks lad flat ways, and laying over them a pane of glass. The glass may be removed during the day and re-placed at night. The brick will retain a portion of the heat absorbed during the day time, and this acting in favorable conjunction with the exclusion of the night air, will tend powerfully to accelerate the development, and produce a vigorous action of the system through it. Melons, squashes and other vines may be advanced by the same process. Broken glass from the shops, which will cost nothing, or at most, a mere trifle, will answer for this purpose as well as new, and will last for years. Watering frequently and copiously if the weather be dry, with soap suds, or diluted urine, as a stimulent, will be found singularly advantageous. Gypsum and pulverized charcoal should be frequently sprinkled over the vines as soon as they are up."

TAR, A REMEDY FOR HORSE DISTEMPER. Thomas W. Ladd, of Smithfield, Jefferson county, Ohio, writes the *Ohio Farmer*, that he has found a remedy and cure for "distemper" in horses. He says: "Having three colts sick with this disease an experienced farmer told me to use tar, and he thought that the sick colts would soon recover, and that those who had not taken the disease would not have it all, or but lightly. I followed his directions to my entire satisfaction. I gave the colts morning and evening as much as I could readily get into their mouths with a paddle. After a few applications the sick ones commenced running at the nose, their appetites returned, and in a short time they had entirely regained what they had lost from disease. The others never took it to my knowledge.

"Some prefer mixing fish-oil with the tar; but I used it alone, and I believe it to be entirely sufficient, if the articles be good, pure tar."

TRUE CHARITY.—An individual who thinks he is doing a more religious act in contributing to a Missionary Society, than in doing a needful act of kindness to a relative, friend, or neighbor, is leaving a society of God's institution, for one of man's making. He shows a perverted judgment in regard to the duties of his religion and in regard to the best means of spreading it. All that has been done or will or can be done by associations for diffusing Christianity, is a mere drop in the bucket, compared with what is done silently, and secretly, by the common daily duties of christians in their families neighborhood and business. The surest way of spreading christianity, is to improve christian communities, and accordingly he who frees this religion from corruption, and makes it a more powerful instrument of virtue where it is already professed, is the most effectual contributor to the great work of its diffusion thro' the world.—*Christian Advocate.*

"IT HAS COME—FIRE."—On one occasion during an engagement, Captain Duncan, commanding the flying artillery, General Pillow, in his usual solemn manner, called out to his officer,

"Captain Duncan—fire—the crisis has come!"

Duncan, without saying a word turned to his men, who were standing by their guns already shotted and primed, and simply called out "Fire." The men were slightly surprised at the order, there being no particular object within range, when an old grey-headed sergent stepped up with—

"Plaz yer honer what shall we fire at?"

"Fire at the crisis," said Duncan, "didn't you hear the General say it had come?"

QUAKERS IN THE UNITED STATES.—The official statistics of the Friends or Quakers in the United States show that they have 715 meeting-houses, with an aggregate membership of 283,023. In Maryland they have 26 meeting-houses and 200 members.

☞ The Missouri Democrat states that Col. Benton accepts the nomination for Governor, and will canvass the State.