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# The Kent News.

CHESTERTOWN:

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 18, 1865.


## THE NEWS.

An arrival at Fortress Monroe brings the intelligence that General Sherman's army had reached Fayetteville, and his scouts came into Wilmington on the morning of the 11th instant. His troops would rest at Fayetteville preparatory to another onward movement. The Navy Department has official intelligence that General Schofield's forces have occupied Kinston, the Rebels retreating towards Goldsboro'. It is hardly probable that they will remain there long, as Sherman's next movement will flank them. A gentleman who was recently exchanged at Wilmington, and who was some hours at Goldsboro' on his way from Salisbury, says that contrary to the general expectation, there were no heavy fortifications at Goldsboro'. He has also passed through Raleigh in the day time and saw no fortifications there.

An official despatch from Gen. Sheridan shows that he is accomplishing the work he was set about with thoroughness and his usual success. After defeating Early at Waynesboro, he took possession the next day of Charlottesville, the Mayor and the principal inhabitants coming out and delivering up the keys of the public buildings. Detained at Charlottesville two days by bad weather, Sheridan employed his forces in destroying two large bridges and the railroad for eight miles toward Lynchburg. On the 6th, dividing his forces into two columns, one proceeded to Amherst Court House, in the direction of Lynchburg, destroying all the railroad bridges, many of them long and costly structures. The other column struck the James river at Scottsville, destroying as it moved all the merchant mills, canal locks and bridges on the Rivanna river. It was General Sheridan's intention to cross the James river below Lynchburg, but the enemy burnt the bridges, and the high water rendered his pontoon train useless. Returning down the river, the James river canal was effectually destroyed. At New Canton the guard lock was destroyed, and the swollen waters of the river were let into the canal, carrying away the banks and washing out the bottom. The dam across the river was also injured. Twelve canal boats laden with supplies of ammunition, rations, and medical stores were captured. Gen. Sheridan says he had found great abundance of food, both for his men and animals, the canal having been the great feeder of Richmond. Since the defeat of Early our forces had met with no opposition, the enemy being completely bewildered by our movements. All the bridges on the railroad between Stanton and Charlottesville, and for a distance of ten miles towards Gordonsville, were also utterly destroyed.

Later advices from Gen. Grant state that Gen. Sheridan, at last accounts, was on the way to White House, from whence he will easily form a junction with our forces on the north side of the James.—This raid is said to be regarded by some distinguished army officers as the most successful and important in the history of the war.

General Schofield, in a despatch to General Grant, dated at Wises' Fork, N. C., on the 10th, states that the enemy made a heavy attack that day on our left and centre, but was decidedly repulsed with heavy loss. Their dead and badly wounded were left on the field, and several hundred prisoners fell into our hands.—General Couch was only twelve miles distant and would make a junction with Schofield on the next day. Prisoners taken in the fight were of Lee and Stewart's corps, and they reported that the rest of Johnston's army was moving towards Kinston Generald Schofield's dispatch says nothing of the fight of the 8th, in which Bragg claimed to have defeated and driven back our forces.

The Richmond journals announce that the removal of the gold belonging to the banks of that city has already commenced, and in the strongest language the Legislature and people are called upon to put a stop to this exodus of the precious metal, on the ground that if removed it will nearly all go into the hands of the Yankees, and that upon its retention depends the very safety of the Rebel Capital itself.—The Richmond editors are very angry over the recent seizure at Fredericksburg, Va., by national troops, of some two hundred thousand pounds of tobacco, which had been sent thither from Petersburg. They say there was understood to be an agreement on both sides that the tobacco should go safely through their lines, and that they should receive bacon in return for it, and consider its capture a Yankee trick, with which General Singleton, of Illinois, who had been in Richmond for some time past, is suspetced of having had something to do. Senator Hunter of Virginia, in his speech in the Rebel Senate on the negro soldier bill, said that he should obey the "instructions" and vote for it, "but that it is in opposition to all his views of public policy, and amounts to an abandonment of the cause for which they made war; overthrows the last hope of the Confederacy; leaves no cause of dispute with the Yankees, and ushers in abolition and negro equality."

The President has issued a proclamation ordering the arrest of the blockade-runners who since the close of Wilmington have been flocking to the U. States. Citizens and domiciled aliens who have been engaged in the business are to be held in custody, and non-resident foreigners required to leave the country within twelve days.

The extra session of the United States Senate terminated on Saturday last, the President having informed that body that there was no further business of sufficient importance to justify a protraction of the session.

It is said that several army officers of high rank, whose terms of service have expired, have yielded to overtures to engage in the Republican armies in Mexico, in a new and vigorous campaign which is about to commence against the Imperialists. This looks like an entering wedge to new difficulties.

Congress passed the amendment to the Army bill, increasing the army ration from thirty to forty cents. It adds about 25 per cent. to the pay of line officers, and 15 per cent. to that of other officers on active duty.

### An Important Provision of the New Enrollment Act.

Col. Wm. H. Browne, Acting Assistant Provost Marshal of Maryland and Delaware, has issued a circular calling the particular attention of the Provost Marshals under his jurisdiction to the following section of the act of Congress, approved March 3, 1865, to wit:

"Any person or persons enrolled in any sub-district may, after notice of a draft, and before the same shall have taken place, cause to be mustered into the service of the United States such number of recruits, not subject to draft, as they may deem expedient, which recruits shall stand to the credit of the persons thus causing them to be mustered in, and shall be taken as substitutes for such persons, or so many of them as may be drafted, to the extent of the number of such recruits, and in the order designed by the principals at the time such recruits are thus as aforesaid mustered in."

"The advantage, if not the object of this provision," says Col. Browne, "is to enable clubs and associations, for themselves or their respective districts, to furnish, in advance of a draft, as many recruits as will supply their individual liabilities or fill the quotas of their districts. But it is to be observed that this privilege *only obtains after notice of a draft, and before the draft takes place.*"

In further explanation of the above, Col. Browne says:

"If more men are drafted from an association than they have recruits to represent them, such as are not exempted will be held to personal service, or required to furnish substitutes. If a fewer number of men are drafted from an association, the surplus will be lost to the association, and must accrue to the benefit of the sub-district at large. That is to say, the overplus will be counted as so many men obtained under the draft, and will excuse as many men of the last drawn, the quota being then supplied. But it will only excuse such from liability to this draft, and their names will be retained on the enrolment lists for all future drafts until exempted."

The difference between the above and the old law is simply this: Under the old law it was necessary to name the individual for whom the substitute was mustered in, whereas, under the new plan, a club or an association can furnish recruits in advance to be credited to whoever of their number may be drafted. The law is intended to reach a certain class of persons, subject to draft, who refuse to contribute to aid a district in escaping the draft.

THE DRAFT.—Wednesday last was the day fixed upon for the commencement of the draft in such sub-districts of this State as were making no effort to fill their quotas, and it was promptly enforced in some of the wards of Baltimore city. We have not learned whether Captain Stafford has yet made the draft for any of the counties of this congressional district, but as most if not all of them appear to be putting in substitutes, we presume they will be indulged for a short time.

All the districts of this county, we believe, have put in or contracted for a part of their quotas. The Chestertown district has had twenty men, out of a quota of thirty, mustered in to its credit, with the understanding that if no further credits are given, more time is to be allowed to furnish the remaining ten, and the same indulgence, we presume, will be extended to the other districts.

THE PASS SYSTEM ABOLISHED.—Brig. Gen. Morris, in an order issued on the 14th inst., announces that "passes will *not* be required from citizens travelling between Baltimore, Annapolis and the Eastern Shore of Maryland, until further orders." We are glad to see that the General has had the good sense to abolish this useless restriction upon the citizens of the Eastern Shore. It served no good purpose, but subjected travelers to great inconvenience, and might very properly be denominated "a farce."

THE PROPOSED RAILROAD.—The Senate of Delaware has passed the bill granting the Kent County Railroad the right of way through that State. It had previously passed the House. All difficulty is now removed so far as the right to make the road is concerned, and we hope the requisite amount of stock to justify the commencement of the work will soon be taken.

### THE QUEEN ANNE'S HOMICIDES.

Several statements, varying in important particulars, have been published in relation to the homicides which occurred in Queen Anne's last week, but the following from the Centreville Observer, being based mainly on the evidence before the coroner's inquest, is perhaps the most reliable account of the lamentable affair that has been given:

It is our painful duty this morning to chronicle two of the most horrible murders ever before known in this section.—The perpetrators of this horrible deed are Wm. B. Paca, (a grandson of Hon. Wm. Paca, a signer of the Declaration of Independence, and son of Hon. Wm. Paca, formerly Governor of this State,) and his two sons, Tilghman C. and James Paca. The victims were Alfred Jones and John P. Paca, the former an uncle of the latter, and the latter a nephew of Wm. B. Paca, and son of the late Edward Paca, of Wye Neck, Queen Anne's county.

It seems that a portion of the estate of the late Edward T. Paca had been confiscated by the United States Government, and sold at public auction, Wm. B. Paca becoming the purchaser. The portion of the estate thus confiscated, we understand, was an undivided fifth, and was so situated that it could not be divided or taken from the remaining four-fifths, and the income from the whole could only be divided between the respective owners. We are a little particular on this point, as this is the cause of the horrible tragedy which we are now attempting to record.

There are various statements and rumors regarding this lamentable affair, but having obtained a correct account of the evidence produced before the coroner's inquest, we will briefly state it:

On Tuesday, the 7th instant, Wm. B. Paca, in returning from Baltimore, passed the said estate, and observing Jones and Paca engaged in erecting a fence around a piece of ground designed for a garden, ordered them to cease their labors, stating that he was the owner of the property and would not allow them to erect the fence without first obtaining his consent. Meeting with no return he rode on to his home, and on Wednesday afternoon, accompanied by his three sons, John, Tilghman C. and James Paca, armed with double-barreled shot guns, again rode over to the estate, and finding Jones and Paca still engaged in the erection of the fence, ordered them, we are told, in a very rough manner, to cease their labors, adding that if they persisted he would arrest them. The threat being met by the manly defiance of John P. Paca, Wm. B. Paca and his three sons, armed as aforesaid, sprang from the carriage, when Tilghman C. Paca levelled his gun at and shot John P. Paca, the whole load taking effect in the throat, killing him instantly. Jones, who was standing a few feet from John P. Paca, both of whom were at the time engaged in digging post-holes, started towards him, when Wm. B. Paca, we are told, leveled his gun and fired both barrels at him, the loads taking effect in the back and head, killing him instantly. Then putting his two sons, Tilghman C. and James, (both said to be *non compos mentis*,) in the carriage, he ordered them to be driven to Centreville and lodged in jail, where they are at present confined. On Wednesday night Constable Kelly arrived in town, having in charge Wm. B. Paca, whom he lodged in jail.

A coroner's inquest was held over the deceased on Thursday, and the above facts were revealed to the jury, whose report we give in substance as follows:—"That a certain Jas. P. Paca, or a certain Tilghman C. Paca, feloniously, voluntarily and of malice aforethought did shoot the said John P. Paca with a shot gun, inflicting a mortal wound in the front of the throat, from which said mortal wound the said John P. Paca then and there instantly died, and so the said Tilghman C. Paca or the said James P. Paca then and there feloniously killed and murdered the said John P. Paca, against the peace and dignity of the State of Maryland." It further charges Wm. B. Paca and John, his son, with being feloniously present and aiding and abetting the felony. It again further states that a certain Wm. B. Paca feloniously, voluntarily, and of malice aforethought, did shoot the said Alfred Jones with a shot gun, inflicting a mortal wound on the left side of his neck and head, of which said mortal wound the said Alfred Jones then and there instantly died; and so the said Wm. B. Paca then and there feloniously killed and murdered the said Alfred Jones, against the peace and dignity of the State of Maryland. And likewise John Paca, Tilghman C. Paca and James P. Paca are charged with being feloniously present and aiding and abetting the said felony.

The above facts, as we gather them from a gentleman present at the coroner's inquest, and corroborated by the evidence before the jury, give the true state of the case, and will be so stated in court.

### SHERIDAN'S MOVEMENTS--ALARM IN RICHMOND.

Mr. J. T. Gorbutt, formerly connected with the Cincinnati *Commercial*, who was captured at New Creek, and spent some time in Castle Thunder, arrived in Baltimore on Tuesday night, having left Richmond on Monday morning, and furnishes the *American* with the following interesting information in relation to Gen. Sheridan's movements and other important intelligence:

On Saturday General Sheridan was at Dover Mill, on the James river, 20 miles above Richmond. In his progress down the river he had utterly destroyed the canal, cutting the banks at various points and allowing the high water of the river to rush through. Near Dover Mill he had blown up or otherwise damaged a long aqueduct which it would take months to repair. The consternation in Richmond was intense. During nearly the whole of Saturday night the alarm bells were ringing, and the "second class militia," composed of boys under seventeen and old men, were put under arms, it being feared that Sheridan would attempt a dash into the city. On Sunday morning Pickett's division of infantry marched through the city and passed Castle Thunder. A Captain belonging to the division, confined on charges of disloyalty, spoke with some of the officers, who told him the division was going out to meet Sheridan.

The supposition of the Rebels was that Sheridan would seek to form a junction with Grant, but whether on the north or south side of the James they were unable to tell. The river was rapidly subsiding, and it was feared that Sheridan would succeed in crossing at Dover Mills, near which there is a ferry or ford, and reach the coal mines on the Danville Railroad, a few miles south of the James river. It was supposed that to protect the coal mines was the object in sending out Pickett's division.

### Preparations for Evacuating Richmond.

For several weeks past movements have been going on that show the Rebel authorities have at least contemplated the probability of evacuting Richmond. The carpenters' department were ordered to construct five hundred boxes of various sizes. Into these has been packed all their most valuable machinery, and removed first towards Lynchburg, but since Sheridan's demonstration other portions have been sent in the direction of Danville. The gun-cap factory has in this way been entirely removed, and much of the machinery from the Tredegar and other iron works also sent away.

### MARYLAND ANNUAL CONFERENCE.

The Maryland Annual Conference of the Meth. Protestant Church commenced its session in the M. P. Church, in Easton, Md., on Wednesday the 8th instant. Rev. James K. Nichols took the chair as President. The Conference Sermon was preached by the Rev. Dr. Eversole. On Wednesday afternoon an election was held for President of the Conference for the ensuing year, when Rev. Dr. J. J. Murray was chosen. We presume there could not have been a better selection made in the whole Conference; his administrative ability, disposition, and all the fine qualities of the man, it appears, would readily point him out as the person to fill this responsible position. We regret not having room for a more extended report of the proceedings of the Conference. The annual report of the retiring President was read, showing the District to be in a flourishing condition. Nearly every part of it has been visited by gracious revivals of religion. A number of churches have been erected notwithstanding high prices. Two of the ministers, Rev. George D. Hamilton and Rev. R. T. Boyd, both in the superanuated ranks, have gone to their reward since last Conference. A munificent donation, a Presidential parsonage, costing about three thousand dollars, was presented to the body last summer by a benevolent lady.

The following members were elected to Elders' Orders—Wm. M. Poisal, J. W. Gray, G. S. Battersby and J. W. Charlton. To Deacons' Orders—J. D. Kinzer, W. D. Litzinger, R. Semple Rowe, W. H. Todd, and W. H. Powell.

The proceedings throughout were conducted with the utmost harmony and brotherly kindness, not permitting any questions to be brought before them which had not a tendency to the advancement of the interests of the Church.

APPOINTMENTS.

*President*—Rev. Dr. John J. Murray.

STATIONS.

East Baltimore—John R. Nichols.
West Baltimore—J. Thomas Murray.
South Baltimore—R. Semple Rowe.
Washington Street—Jos. A. McFaden.
Starr Church—W. H. Hopkins, Dr. F. Waters, supernumerary.
Georgetown, D. C.—Daniel Bowers, John P. Jones.
Ninth St. Washington—J. Thos. Ward.
Alexandria—Daniel W. Bates.
Salem, Philadelphia—J. W. Charlton, F. A. Moore, supernumerary, assistant.

CIRCUITS.

Anne Arundel—Charles H. Littleton.
Bel Air—James K. Nichols, W. D. Litzenger.
Baltimore Circuit and Towsontown Mission—Wm. W. Reese, John M. Holmes.
Baltimore West—Thos. M. Bryan, J. Clay.
Bedford—John Elderdice.
Caroline—Dr. A. S. Eversole, H. J. Day.
Cecil—Jas. M. Elderdice, Alfred T. Melvin.
Cambridge—Webster M. Strayer.
Carlisle—Samuel T. Ferguson.
Concord—William G. Holmes.
Dorchester—William McK. Poisal.
Frederick—John Roberts, F. M. Hawkins.
Harmony—James H. Ellegood.
Howard—David Wilson, T. H. B. Austin.
Jefferson Circuit and Frederick Mission—D. E. Reese, Henry Nice.
Kent—Lawrence W. Bates, J. D. Kinzer.
Liberty—D. A. Shermer.
Newtown—Jesse Shreeve, Sam'l T. Graham.
New Market—James F. Whiteside, Geo. D. Edmondston.
Pipe Creek—R. Scott Morris.
Queen Anne's—H. C. Cushing, J. E. Reed.
Snow Hill—Charles F. Cochel.
Sussex—George W. Simpson.
Susquehanna—Solomon A. Hoblitzell.
Salisbury—Robert Whinna.
Talbot—S. B. Sutherland, J. W. Everest, M. E. Hysore.
Union, Md.—Abraham D. Dick.
Union, Pa.—George S. Battersby.
Warwick—B. F. Benson.
Worcester—J. W. Gray, J. M. Dennis, sup.

MISSIONS.

Broadway, Baltimore—P. Light Wilson.
Buckeyestown—George Stevenson.
Cumberland—W. T. Dumm.
Choptank—J. E. T. Ewell.
Delaware—Dr. D. F. Ewell.
East Washington—James Thompson.
Lexington Street and Frederick Avenue—W. S. Hammond, T. D. Valiant, super. assistant.
Kent Island—J. Earle Maloy.
Hillsborough—Isaac F. Adkins.
Montgomery—G. W. Burns.
Newark, N. J.—Dr. Frederick Swentzell.
Potomac—Oliver Cox.
Williamsport and Berkeley—C. Eversole.

Left without appointments at their own request—E. J. Drinkhouse, Thomas C. Downe, Alfred Baker. Not heard from—John Morgan. Superannuated—Eli Henkle, Thos. L. McLean, Thomas M. Wilson, Thomas Lee, Jos. L. Mills, Hanson P. Jordan. Left in the hands of the President—John E. Darly, Edmund White.

"Starr Church," Baltimore, was chosen as the place for holding the next Conference, and the second Wednesday in March fixed upon as the time.

Generals Kelly and Crook, recently captured at Cumberland, have been exchanged.

THE FUNERAL OF EX-GOVERNOR HICKS.—On Sunday last the final interment of the remains of the late Hon. Thomas H. Hicks took place in the family burying ground, a few miles from East New Market, Dorchester county. A large number of the citizens of the surrounding country were in attendance.

### Baltimore Grain Market.

*Corrected from the "Sun," of Thursday.*

WHEAT—2750 bushels white and 1000 bushels of red offered; sales of white at $2.63a$2.60; red at $2.50 for good, inferior $2 30.

CORN—1,000 bushels offered; with sales of white at $1.42a$1.50 for good to prime, and 1.30a1.35 for damp; prime yellow 150a152, inferior yellow $1.44.

Oats, 96a98 cts. by weight.

## MARRIAGES.

At the M. E. Parsonage in Chestertown, on the 16th inst., by Rev. E. Miller, VINCENT T. COHEE to Miss EMILY E. NEWCOMB, all of Kent county. [Denton papers please copy.]

In Baltimore, on the 6th instant, by the Rev. Wm. H. Chapman, THOMAS N. NAUDAIN, of Middletown, Del., to Miss SALLIE H. PERKINS, of Chestertown.

On the 2nd instant, by Rev. W. M. Warner, Rev. GEORGE S. BATTERSBY, of the Maryland Annual Conference, M. P. Church, to Miss EMILY D. CONNER, of Millington, Kent Co.

On the 6th instant, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. J. L. Mills, Rev. J. W. CHARLTON, of the M. A. Conference, M. P. Church, and Miss MOLLIE C., daughter of Rev. Dr. W. H. Farrow, of Snow Hill, Md.

On the 19th of January, 1865, at Goldsboro', North Carolina, Dr. WM. B. EVERETT, of Maryland, to Miss LELLIE WHITTING, of the former place.

## DEATHS.

On the night of the 14th inst., after a lingering illness of Consumption, ROBERT EUGENE LUSBY, son of Thomas and Araminta S. Lusby, in the 20th year of his age.

In Chestertown, on Monday the 13th instant, CYRUS RASIN, at the advanced age of 71.—He was the son of Capt. Wm. B. Rasin, of the Old Maryland Line in the Army of the Revolution, and fought at Camden, Eutaw and Cowpens, where he won the reputation of a skillful officer and a brave man.

Of Mr. Rasin it may be truly said that as an indulgent husband, a kind father, a reliable friend, an honest man and a Christian, his character was without a stain.

ONE WHO KNEW HIM.


BLACK ALL WOOL *MERINO SHAWLS*, beautiful Goods for Spring Wear, on hand and for sale at moderate prices, by
March 18, 1865. WICKES & BRO.

WRITING PAPERS, Pens, Envelopes and Pencils; Toy A B C Books, &c., just received and for sale by JOHN H. REDUE,
March 18. adjoining the Bank.

DOMINOES, Dice, Playing Cards; French and Italian Violin Strings, just received and for sale by JOHN H. REDUE,
March 18. adjoining the Bank.

FICKEY'S CELEBRATED *KAPNO-KATHAIRIC PIPE*, and a lot of other very fine Pipes. Also, a lot of very superior James River Smoking Tobacco just received by JOHN H REDUE,
mh 18. adjoining the Bank.

Livery Stables.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES, FOR HIRE.
Charges Moderate. S. S. USILTON,
mh18-3t Main Street, Chestertown.

Still Pond Mill.

THE subscriber having leased the Still Pond Mill, which is now in good running order, is prepared to make FLOUR and MEAL of the best quality, and will guarantee to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. NELSON MURREN.
March 18, 1865—4t.*

Wanted to Invest,

FROM $5,000 to $15,000 in Real Estate in Kent county. Address E. P. B., Centre Square, Montgomery Co., Pa., stating location, quality of soil, and improvements.
March 18, 1865—3t*

FOR SALE,

ONE of the largest and best JACKS ever imported in this country, will be in this town on TUESDAY NEXT, the 21st inst. If not sold he will make the season in the county. For particulars, see
DAVID A. BENJAMIN.
Chestertown, March 18, 1865—1t.

FOR SALE,

A FARM OF 112 ACRES, near Buck Neck, in Kent county, occupied by Mr. Samuel Shuster. It has four fields, a lot and Orchard. Ten to Fifteen acres in Chesnut and Oak.—HOUSE two stories, with nine rooms. Out Buildings small; fencing good; location healthy; soil good. Convenient to Landing, Post Office, Churches and Schools.
The Terms will be accommodating.
GEORGE VICKERS, Agent.
Cheslertown, March 18, 1865—3t.

THE CHESTERTOWN Dramatic Troupe!

HAVE FITTED UP THE TOWN HALL in a splendid style, for the purpose of giving two of their Chaste, Recherche and Beautiful entertainments, consisting of

Dramas, Farces, Singing and Music.

*THE MUSES, THESPES, and TERPERCHORE,* will all strive for the mastery on this occasion.

Tuesday Night, the 28th March,

the Beautiful TWO-ACT DRAMA entitled STATE SECRETS, OR, THE TAILOR OF LAMWORTH TOWN, after which the DRUNKARD'S DREAM will be sung by D. S. Graham. To be followed by a Beautiful, Chaste, Character Dance, by Miss KATY. The performance to conclude with the Roaring, Side-Splitting, Button-Ripping after piece called "PLEASANT NEIGHBOUR."

A Splendid String Band has been engaged for this occasion. TICKETS 50 Cents—Children half price. Arm Chairs and Front Seats invariably reserved for Ladies. See small bills for the night. [mh18'2t.]

Boots and Shoes, Of Every Description,

JUST RECEIVED AT THE CHEAP STORE.
Call and examine.
mh18 JAS. R. CHANCE & SONS.

WARWICKSHIRE and Continental Sauce; Jellies, of various kinds; French Mustards; Pickels, Catsup, Sardines, for sale by
mh18. JOHN H. REDUE.

RAZORS, RAZOR STRAPS, SHAVING BRUSHES and SOAPS, Hair Brushes, Combs of various kinds, Tooth Brushes, Pocket Books, Port Monnaies, Diaries, Penknives, Scissors, Pomatum, Extracts for the handkerchief, &c., for sale by
mh18 J. H. REDUE, adj. the Bank.

VERY NEAT BOYS' SHIRTS, at moderate prices, by I. FRANK.

MARCH 18th, 1865.

NEW PURCHASES JUST OPENED!

HARDWARE, COAL OIL, LAMPS, WICKS, BURNERS, CHIMNEYS, &c., &c.

A large stock of well assorted table Knives and Forks, table and tea Spoons, namely: German Silver, Plated, Brittania, Albatta, Tinned, Iron, &c. Also, a variety of kinds of Pocket Knives, all kinds of Locks, Hinges, Screws, Tacks, Sieves, Shovels and Tongs, Andirons, Sad Irons, long and short handle Shovels, Forks, and Spades; Traces, Rat Traps, the celebrated Sersey Axe, Nails, &c.

Our stock of Lamps, Shades, &c., include some of the finest and handsomest ever offered in Chestertown. Call and see them at
JAS. R. CHANCE & SONS'.

PRIME LARD.

We have now in store some very superior quality Lard, at reduced prices.
FINE SYRUP, only $1.00 per gallon, at
JAS. R. CHANCE & SONS'.
Chestertown, March 18, 1865.

MARCH 18th, 1865.

GOODS AT REDUCED PRICES.

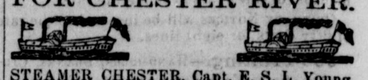
Ladies Attention!

*LADIES' SPRING DRESS GOODS,*

Our Mr. J. R. CHANCE is now in the city making our regular Spring purchases of Ladies and Gents' wear, together with a large assortment of all kinds of goods in our line, which we hope to have open for inspection and sale the first of next week.
JAS. R. CHANCE & SONS.

N. B.—These goods will be considerably lower than they have been for many months past, and as low, if not lower, than they will be again during the war.
mh18. J. R. CHANCE & SONS.

SLAUGHTER'S LINE FOR CHESTER RIVER.



STEAMER CHESTER, Capt. E. S. L. Young.
STEAMER GEO. LAW, Capt. Sam'l Crosby.
STEAMER ARROW, Capt. A. L. Sharp.

The CHESTER will leave Crumpton on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 6 30 A. M., for Baltimore, touching at all the landings on the river, and at Corsica Creek, arriving in Baltimore at from 12 to 1 o'clock; returning the same route on the following days leaving Baltimore at 7 o'clock, A. M.

The GEORGE LAW will leave Baltimore on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'cl'k, A.M. Returning leave Crumpton the following days at 6.30 A. M., touching at all the landings on the river, and at Corsica Creek.

The ARROW will leave Grey's Inn Creek every morning (Sunday excepted,) at 7 A. M., Queenstown at 8 A. M., arriving in Baltimore at from 12 to 1 o'clock. Returning, leave Baltimore at 2 o'cl'k, P. M., same day for Queenstown and Greys' Inn Creek.

☞ Fare $1.50. Meals extra. Baggage at the owner's risk. The proprietor will not be responsible for any article of freights after being landed from the boats.
H. B. SLAUGHTER, Proprietor.
JAMES F. M. WOODALL, Agent,
mh18. Light St. Wharf, Baltimore.


SAMUEL DERRY & SIDNEY DERRY AGAINST JOHN JOHNSON, CATHARINE JOHNSON, RICHARD DUBLIN AND OTHERS.

*On the Equity Side of the Circuit Court for Kent county, March 17, 1865.*

THE object of this suit is to procure a Decree for the sale of the Real Estate of the late Joseph Dublin, late of Kent county, dec'd.

The Bill states that Joseph Dublin being seized of certain Real Estate in Quaker Neck, in Kent county, commonly called "Tilghman's Farm," on the 5th of August, 1856, duly made and executed his last will and testament, (and died in the said month leaving his will unrevoked,) by which he devised the said Real Estate to his wife, Hannah, for life, and who died in or about the month of December, 1864, and after her death to his children in fee, Catharine Johnson, (wife of John Johnson,) Sidney Dublin, who afterwards intermarried with Samuel Derry, Joseph Dublin, Jr., and Matilda Houston, (wife of James Houston,) that the said Joseph Dublin, Jr., departed this life in the year 1864 intestate, leaving a widow, Lucy, since deceased, a son, Richard Dublin, an adult, and two minor children, whose names are unknown, and all residing in the city of New York; that Matilda Houston died in 1863 leaving her husband, James Houston, surviving, and three minor children, Jacob Daniel, Hannah Elizabeth, and George Joseph Houston.—That the said John Johnson and Catharine Johnson reside in the city of New York. That said real estate is incapable of division, and that it will be to the interest and advantage of all the parties interested to have the same sold, and the proceeds divided among them according to their respective interests.

It is therefore adjudged and ordered, that the complainants by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published on the Eastern Shore of Maryland, once in each of four successive weeks before the twentieth day of April next, give notice to the said absent defendants of the object and substance of this bill, and warn them to appear in this Court in person or by solicitor, on or before the 20th day of July next, to answer the premises, and show cause, if any they have, why a Decree ought not to pass as prayed.

JESSE K. HINES, Clerk.
True Copy,—Test:
mh18-4t. JESSE K. HINES, Clerk.

NOTICE.

THE Stockholders of the Sassafras River and Baltimore Steam Navigation Company are notified to meet at the Court House, Chestertown,

*On Tuesday, the 4th of April, 1865,*

for the purpose of electing Directors to serve for the succeeding year. By order of the Board of Directors. ABEL J. REES, Sec'y.
March 18, 1865—tm.

NIMROD.

THIS beautiful Young Horse will be at the stable of the subscriber in Shrewsberry Neck and at Kennedyville during the present season, commencing March 16th.—For particulars see bills.
mh18-3t* W. H. WOLFE.

Heavy Decline in Gold.

Prices Still Further Reduced!

IN consequence of the heavy decline in Gold, the undersigned has further reduced his Prices, and WILL CLOSE OUT HIS STOCK AT A GREAT SACRIFICE, without regard to cost.

Those first-rate CITY-MADE KIP BOOTS reduced from $8.00 to $7.00.
CALL AND SEE. I. FRANK.
March 18, 1865.

SEE! ADMIRE!! AND BUY!!! THOSE BEAUTIFUL HATS, named after the Heroes of the day, SHERMAN and SHERIDAN. For sale cheap by
March 18, 1865. I. FRANK.

A FINE assortment of Cassimere SHIRTS, for sale cheap, by I. FRANK.

CREAM CRACKERS, a very superior article, just received and for sale by
mh18. JOHN H. REDUE.