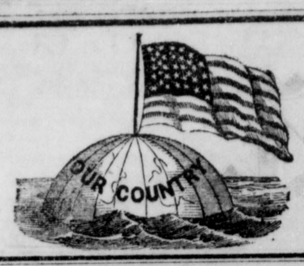
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The Kent News.

CHESTERTOWN:

SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 9, 1865.

THE NEWS.

It is confidently predicted in Washington that President Johnson will issue a proclamation in a few days restoring the writ of *habeas corpus* in the loyal States.

In the Wirz trial during the present week the tales of horror heretofore published, have been substantiated by men who had experienced the barbarous treatment of the Andersonville slaughter pen. The Government has thirty or forty more witnesses to examine, and it is supposed the case will terminate about the first of October.

Horace Greeley in the New York *Tribune*, in commenting on the Hon. Montgomery Blair's recent speech, says that he infers from it that he shall not be able to agree with Mr. Blair as to the "most vital political issue now impending," and as Mr. Blair does not in his speech avow himself in favor of negro suffrage—"the vital issue"—Mr. Greeley says he regrets "that we two are henceforth to regard our public affairs from adverse stand-points."

Maryland recommends Point Patience, in the Patuxent river, about four miles from the junction of the river with the Chesapeake Bay, as the most suitable place in the country for the great naval depot proposed to be established by the Government. It has a fine harbor, large enough, one of our exchanges asserts, "to float the whole National navy," and of great depth of water.

We have important (if true) intelligence from Mexico. The dispatch states that the French have occupied Chihuaha, and that Juarez and his Cabinet have fled to El Paso, a little town on the Rio Grande, just at the borders of Texas and New Mexico. It is added that he will probably soon be compelled to cross the river and seek shelter in the United States.

Applications have been received by the Comptroller of the Currency from almost every place of importance in the South, for the establishment of National Banks, with capitals varying from fifty to five hundred thousand dollars.

Mr. Palmer, one of the Richmond committee to invite President Johnson and the Cabinet to visit that city, on Tuesday called upon the President, who expressed the hope to be able to accept the invitation as soon as the weather and public business would permit.

The spirit of opposition to a reunion with the Methodist Church North has just found an official sanction in a pastoral address to the Southern Methodists from three of their Bishops, Andrew, Pierce and Paine. The remaining three Bishops, Early of Virginia, Soule of Tennessee, and Kavanaugh of Kentucky, were not present, but they may be supposed to fully sympathize with the sentiments expressed by their brethren. Those Bishops reject in emphatic terms the plan of reunion.

The cotton picking commenced in the vicinity of Newbern, N. C., last week.—The fields are said to be extensive and the crop uninjured by the worm. The yield of this staple in the eastern part of the State will be good.

A negro mass meeting was held in Alabama, at Huntsville, August 23d. About two thousand former slaves were present. They were addressed by General Fisk, of the Freedmen's Bureau, who told them that whatever was detrimental to the black man was detrimental alike to the white man. He had hoped to be able to lease some abandoned plantations to them, but as President Johnson, he believed, "was going to pardon all the Rebels," their prospects were not so good in this respect as they had been. He advised them to live morally, to work on shares, and to disabuse their minds of the notion that their old masters' estates were going to be cut up amongst them. He told them they should have justice and fair-play, but otherwise they must "work out their own salvation."

Daniel Andreas, postmaster at Glencoe, Missouri, recently committed suicide. He left a confession, stating that he murdered and robbed a returned Californian of ten thousand dollars; murdered two of his own children; attempted to kill his wife; and had robbed the mails ever since he had been postmaster.

The citizens of Denton, Md., have appointed a committee to distribute among the sufferers by the disastrous fire there on the 4th of July last the funds, amounting to near four thousand dollars, collected for their benefit.

The British steamship Queen, which arrived at New York from Liverpool Tuesday morning, the 5th instant, brought fifteen hundred and twenty-six passengers, the largest number of persons that ever crossed the Atlantic in a single vessel.

The Somerset Herald says that the Oyster law passed by the legistature at its last session, will prove ruinous to the oyster interest of Somerset county.

George A. Pearre, Esq., of Cumberland, has been appointed Judge of the Circuit Court of Allegany county.

HAVE YOU BEEN REGISTERED?

We would call the attention of the voters of Kent to the importance of being registered promptly. We understand from members of the various boards of registration that there seems to be a disposition to delay and procrastinate in this matter. The time allotted for registration is rapidly passing, but four more days remaining upon which the Boards will sit.

We would also remind young men who are just coming of age, and who will arrive at their majority between this and the next election day, that if they would secure for themselves the privilege of exercising the elective franchise they must be registered now. Some returned soldiers, we hear, are of the impression that the presentation of their discharge papers to the Judges on the day of election will be sufficient evidence of their right to vote, when, on the contrary, the Constitution expressly declares that the Judges of Election shall not receive the vote of any one whose name does not appear on the list of qualified voters as returned to them by the Registers.

THE NATIONAL DEBT.

The Treasury statement issued by Secretary McCulloch on the first of this month is a gratifying one in all respects, and is calculated to inspire the public with new confidence in the conduct of our national finances. It has been so customary for writers to assume that our debt was three thousand millions, that doubtless they will feel somewhat surprised to find that it is still at a very respectable distance below that sum. All told it is now $2,757,689,571, an increase of only $295,000 within the last month, instead of the portentous amount which so many prophets of evil had foreseen. In this time, too, the volume of legal tender notes has been reduced over one million, and the amount of coin in the Treasury is nearly forty-five and a half millions, or ten millions more than the Treasury had a month since. As the receipts of revenue are very large, we see no reason to apprehend any new issue of debt.

MARYLAND POLITICS.—Colonel Purnell, the Chairman of the State Central Committee, has issued a call for a convention of delegates from the Second District, to meet in Baltimore city on the 26th inst., to nominate a candidate to succeed the Hon. E. H. Webster in Congress.

There are now two vacancies in the Senate of Maryland, caused by the death of Mr. Jones, late member from this county, and the appointment of Dr. Thos. K. Carroll, member from Dorchester, as Assessor for this District. There is also one vacancy, from Washington county, in the lower House.

DROWNED.—John N. Lawrence, aged 13 years, was drowned by falling from Chester Bridge on Monday afternoon last. He was seated upon one of the abutments of the bridge fishing, when he accidentally slipped and fell into the river, and all efforts made by persons on the bridge to save him were fruitless. The body was recovered on Tuesday morning, when Coroner Carroll summoned a jury and held an inquest over the remains. A verdict of "accidental drowning" was rendered.

DEATH OF A WELL KNOWN CITIZEN.—Joseph Usilton, Esq., died of typhoid fever at his residence on Worton Creek, on Wednesday morning last, in the 69th year of his age. The deceased had devoted his whole lifetime to agricultural pursuits, in which he took great pride, and by industry and good management succeeded in accumulating a large amount of property.

SALE OF A FARM.—Richard Hynson, Esq., Attorney for Mr. M. W. Ginn, sold at Kennedyville, on Wednesday last, the Farm of the latter, situated near that village, containing 155¼ acres. It was purchased by Mr. Robert E. Wallis, of Still Pond, for $65.05 per acre.

FARM AT PUBLIC SALE.—The "Jacob Maslin farm," in Broad Neck, will be offered at public sale at the Voshell House on Tuesday next. It contains 180 acres, and is eligibly situated on the north-east branch of Langford's bay.

MR. STEPHENS.—The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger says:

The President has declined to order the release of A. H. Stephens from Fort Warren, while his application for pardon remains unacted upon. Otherwise, however, he has directed that he be kept as thoroughly comfortable as the facilities of his temporary abode will allow. Linton Stephens, who has gone to visit him, is a half and not a full brother of the distinguished rebel. Major General Hooker, it is said, has reversed the policy of Gen. Dix, and allows the freest correspondence with Mr. Stephens. The apartments he occupies have been changed to the locality occupied by the officers of the fort.

GEN. WADE HAMPTON'S LATE SLAVES.—Every able bodied negro who was once Wade Hampton's slaves, in South Carolina, is now hired by him; men at $10 per month, women at $8, without board. He expects to raise 300 bales of cotton this season, and means to give free-negro labor a fair trial.

[COMMUNICATED.]

To the Editors of the Kent News:

A scurrilous communication was admitted into your columns on the 26th August over the signature of "One who wants to Vote." It purports to be a reply to a number of articles which had appeared in the Kent News in reference to the proper construction of the Registry Law and the duties of Registers, but not a single position assumed in those papers, nor argument advanced, nor authority cited, was attempted to be controverted, but in lieu of it, a production, which contained the elements of arrogance, vanity, malice and mendacity. I decline an answer to a paper of that description, whose author, vainly inflated by a little temporary elevation, volunteers a defence of his much admired and kindred spirit, H. Winter Davis, Esq., who in his late 4th of July speech at Chicago avowed himself the advocate of *negro suffrage*, adding that it was not the *intelligence* of the voters they wanted, but their *numbers!* The sordid patriotism of the writer can only be measured by the amount of money received from the Treasury of the United States, for a little shoulder-strap and brass-button service in the Army, and who doubtless regrets the advent of peace.

A UNION VOTER.

For the Kent News.

THE EASTERN SHORE RAILROAD.

Messrs. Editors:—Some thirty years ago the Legislature of Maryland passed what they termed an Internal Improvement bill, in which some eight or ten million of dollars were appropriated for different public works throughout the State, one million of which was appropriated to the Eastern Shore Railroad. This road was put under contract, and some $100,000 expended for land, damages and some excavation near Elkton mostly, when a "muss" was kicked up between the directors of the two extremes of the road, Teacle and Sewell, both old bankers, urged on doubtless by Western Shoremen. The work was suspended for a time, and soon after the whole project was abandoned, and the unexpended balance, amounting to near nine hundred thousand dollars, transferred to the completion of the Baltimore and Ohio and other works then in progress of construction on the Western Shore. Some ten years ago, and after the Delaware Railroad was commenced, the people of the Eastern Shore, seeing there was no hope of a renewal of their Eastern Shore project, started the project of branch railroads from several different points on the bay side to eligible points upon the Delaware road,—the most important one being the extension from Delaware to Tangier Bay, or some other eligible point on the Chesapeake Bay pointing to Norfolk; one other was that from the neighborhood of Easton, to strike the Delaware road at or near Smyrna; and a third road was to start from a point on the Bay as nearly opposite Baltimore as convenient, running Eastwardly thro' Kent county mostly, to a point on the Delaware road, near or below Middletown. Some other roads were talked about, but of their particular location I have not heard. For the completion of these several branch roads or *feeders to the Delaware road*, the Maryland Legislature was applied to for assistance, and grudgingly granted the unexpended balance of the one million appropriation of 1835. This great favor, as they of the Western Shore deemed it, was grudgingly given, notwithstanding the fact that the citizens of the Eastern Shore had paid up their share of the tax to pay the interest on the bonds, and otherwise to keep up the credit of the State.

The loss to the people of the Eastern Shore in the amount of the heavy taxes they paid was not all. Many young and enterprising men, seeing their section of the State neglected, sold out their property and left the Eastern Shore, and went in quest of more favored regions to engage in agriculture. Nor was that all, for by the completion of this road which ran so near the Delaware line, it would have secured to the Eastern Shore the monopoly of the Railroad business of the Peninsula, which was thrown into the lap of Delaware, and we see the result to Delaware in the last year's working of their road, wherein their receipts amounted to more than enough to pay interest on construction, besides cost for repairs and running, just by the local trade through which it passes, whilst several of the branch roads of Delaware are not yet completed, and to which the several branch roads of Maryland are yet to be added, to say nothing about the construction of the Delaware road to connect by steamboat with Norfolk, which will eventually make this the great Southern Atlantic route to Charleston, to New Orleans, through Texas and on to California.

Here is an irreparable loss which Maryland can never recover. But instead of the Eastern Shore having the command of this great Southern thoroughfare, with Delaware tributary to her, why the Eastern Shore is humbled to be a tributary to Delaware. And now for all this loss, sacrifice and disgrace on the part of the Eastern Shore, they are grudgingly offered the *balance* of an appropriation which was wastefully expended more with the view of breaking up the Eastern Shore road, than for its completion, so that the money could be transferred to the Baltimore road. So far from the people of the Eastern Shore being satisfied with this small pittance of a balance of the appropriation, they ought to have the whole amount of the one million appropriated, with interest compounded to date of paying over, or what might me considered only fair, make the appropriation in the same ration of the former one, thus: the Eastern Shore road was computed to cost about one million and a quarter, and every call for one thousand dollars from the stockholders the State gave bonds for four times that amount, and even with an appropriation of this sort promptly paid in, the Eastern Shore nor Maryland cannot be made whole or benefitted to the extent that the completion of the road according to its original design would have benefitted her.

OLD E. S. RAILROAD STOCKHOLDER.

THE MURDER MANIA.

The remarkable frequency of murders and other crimes of high degree against life at the present time is curiously suggestive of speculation as to the causes which at certain periods seem to produce a mania for murder. We scarcely open a mail that does not bring details of some fearful tragedy in which there is a central figure surrounded by slaughtered victims. In Pittsburg we have a woman under trial who made a horrible livelihood by poisoning, first ingratiating herself with her prey, and making her intimacy the opportunity for robbery and murder. In Canada West another of these female fiends makes confession to the poisoning of several persons, two of her own children being of the number. An irresistible desire to deprive of life those with whom she was most intimate appears to have been her only motive. Yet again in Missouri a man commits suicide and leaves behind a confession that he had killed one man for gain, had been the cause of the death of two of his children, and had contemplated the murder of his wife. The horrible tragedy in New Hampshire, in which a maniac wife killed husband and child and then committed suicide, is so recent as scarcely to need recapitulation, whilst of minor murders every day furnishes an example.

Some are inclined to attribute this epidemic to crime to the war, and to find in the strong excitement and the heated condition of the public mind consequent upon it the cause of the tendency towards deeds of violence. But this will hardly hold good, because we find that in England, where peace has left the general pulse in its normal state, there is also exhibited this tendency towards crime, of a revolting and bloody character. The quintuple murder of three children in London, and subsequently of a woman and a child by the same monster, was an atrocity which has not been paralleled on this side the ocean. There is no doubt some subtle cause, operating upon the weakness and wickedness of human nature, which has its result in these overflowings of crime. If we were to designate any one cause it would be the morbid, sensational characteristic of the age, which invests great crimes with a species of mystery and romance, and makes great criminals heroes of a certain sort.

BOUNTIES FOR SLAVES.—The Baltimore *Sun* says: By orders from Washington, the Board of Commissioners in this city to adjust and decide upon claims of owners of slaves in Maryland to the Federal bounty of $300 for each enlisted in the army, or drafted, the receipt of such claims by the board for filing them was suspended or stopped on and after the 1st inst. Up to that period there were filed three thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven claims against the General Government, and considerably over that number for the State bounty of $100. About one hundred claims have also been handed in though not yet filed, but legally entitled to be.

Until further orders extending the time for receiving applications, no more papers claiming the Federal bounty can be received by the board for filing. It is known that quite a large number of owners have thus far neglected, either from want of accurate knowledge, or some other cause, to have their claims filed. There are, consequently, strong hopes of a further extension of time being given the commissioners to receive these applications.

THE LATE GOV. BROUGH.—The Hon. John Brough, Governor of Ohio, who died a few days ago, was born in that State in 1811 and served a regular apprenticeship at the printing business. He early entered into local politics, and became very popular among the masses as a public speaker. Indeed, in 1840, he ranked next to Hon. Tom. Corwin as the best stump orator in the State, and was a great card at every political gathering in his own and neighboring districts. He was auditor of Ohio from 1840 to 1855. In the latter year he engaged extensively in railroad enterprises, and has since been prominently connected with several of the Western roads. He was at times president of the Madison and Indianapolis, and the Bellefontaine railroads in Indiana.—He had always been a strong democrat until the beginning of the rebellion, when from a war democrat he gradually advanced to be almost a radical republican, and in 1863, was nominated for Governor against Clement L. Vallandigham, and elected by over one hundred thousand majority.

HOW THE MONEY COMES IN.—The receipts of Internal Revenue yesterday reached the enormous sum of Four Millions Two hundred Thousand Dollars, exceeding by Seventeen Hundred and Sixty Thousand Dollars the aggregate of any previous day. Such a rush of greenbacks, after the favorable statement of the Public Debt just put forth by the Secretary, will be the cause of universal congratulation among loyal men. If anybody has that much talked-of National Bankruptcy in charge, now is the time to make it manifest.—*N. Y. Times.*

FALL FASHIONS IN NEW YORK.—It may interest the ladies in pursuit of the latest fashions, to know that bonnets in New York, this fall, are made lower in the neck leaving less room for "waterfalls," which will probably be tabooed altogether before Christmas. Gilt ornaments are in vogue, many of the designs representing coin. Cloaks are to be worn full in the black.—Small sleeves still predominate; some are closely fitting at the hand. The regular fall fashions, however, will not "open" till the 1st of October.

THE WILDEY MONUMENT.—The monument to the memory of Thomas Wildey, founder of the Independent Order of Odd-Fellows in the United States, will be dedicated at Baltimore on the 20th inst. The site selected is an eminence on Broadway near its intersection with Baltimore street. Deputations of Odd-Fellows from all parts of the United States will be present on the occasion.

ABSURD HOPES.—The English holders of the rebel cotton loan have still an idea that the Government of the United States is responsible for the payment of a debt contracted to destroy that government.—Besides the absurdity of such an idea, how are these bondholders to come into court claiming rebel property as an indemnification, when they must have lent the money in violation of the neutrality act and the Queen's proclamation?

A Tac-ping chief, commonly known as the "Mewang," had taken refuge in the island of Hong Cong, but was demanded by the Chinese Government, and given up to them by the British authorities.—The unfortunate prisoner was taken to the execution grounds in Canton, and there tied to a cross, and slowly cut to pieces, the flesh above his eyes and cheeks being first removed, then strips of flesh cut from his body, and finally his heart was cut out, and the head was then severed from the lifeless body.

A NEW PRIVILEGE has been granted to Jefl. Davis, that of writing to his wife.—His letters, of course, are revised before sent.

Baltimore Price Current.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 7, 1865.

White Wheat, per bushel	. .	$2.00a2.60
Red " "	. .	1.87a2.30
White Corn "	. .	90a91
Yellow " "	. .	88a90
Oats (weight) "	. .	40a45
Rye, "	. .	82a85

MARRIAGES.

In Chestertown on the 31st ult., by Rev. T. W. Simpers, WILLIAM B. HEWITT, of Kent, to Miss ANNIE CANNON, of Queen Ann's.

DEATHS.

At his residence in this county, on Wednesday morning last, of typhoid fever, JOSEPH USILTON, aged 68 years, 6 months and 24 days.

"May he rest in peace."

[redacted]

On the 11th of August, MARY E. CULLY, daughter of James and Mary E. Cully, aged 3 years, 10 months and 2 days.

And can it be that thou hast past
Away from earth to Heaven?
O! God, can grief forever last,
Or will relief be given.

Yet still, we give our darling up,
And daily strive to learn,
To look o'er sorrow's bitter cup
And life and joy discern.

For O! we have an angel bright,
To live with God forever,
And in that haven of delight
There is no sorrow never.

No cares will rest upon her brow,
No pain will rack her frame,
But peace will ever crown her now,
And joy and bliss the same.

On the 23rd of August, of congestion of the brain, WILLIAM U., son of Elijah and Elizabeth Staats, aged 2 years, 11 months, 1 day.

Weep not, dear parents! Willie's gone
To dwell in regions bright and fair;
He holds a harp and wears a crown,
And sings sweet songs with angels there.

A little brother greets him there,
Who ended well his early race;
Each one the other's joys will share,
And feel each other's fond embrace.

In glory now, with angels bright,
Their happy lot they share,
Escaped from sins of earth,
Its sorrow and its care.

'Tis this alone shall soothe your grief,
Your heart with anguish riven,
To know your darling boy is safe,
Yes, safely housed in Heaven.

On the 25th of August, ANNA CORA, aged 2 years, 4 months and 16 days, daughter of William H. and Henrietta French. Thus has passed away two dear interesting children, in less than two months. They were the pride and comfort of the house. DORA and CORA, twin sisters, are in Heaven now. Precious thought! They are in the land of the blest!

And o'er brighter fields to roam
Thou too art gone;
Angels have borne thee home
Thou blest departed one.

Beneath the lowly sod
We scarce thy sister laid,
'Till by the will of God
Thy little grave was made.

Together now they share
The same sweet sunny home,
And jewelled crowns they wear,
And 'mid bright flowers roam.

To the blessed land of life
May grace conduct our feet,
And there beyond earth's strife
May we our darlings meet.

S. A. W.

FARM FOR RENT

FOR 1866. See
sep9-3t. R. HYNSON.

LEECHES! LEECHES!

I HAVE just received from the importer in New York, a supply of Sweedish Leeches, of recent importation, which will be sold for cash. No attention paid to orders unless the cash accompanies them.
sep9-3t. JOHN L. STAM.

CARRIAGE FOR SALE.

A FIRST-RATE FAMILY CARRIAGE, for want of use, is nearly new and in good order, and will be sold a great bargain. Apply to JOHN NEWCOME, on the farm of Dr. J. W. Ivens, Worton. sep9-3t*

$100 REWARD.



Was driven off from Rees' Corner, TWO MILCH COWS, both horned, mostly mottled with white backs. I will give for the return of said Cows, if in the neighborhood, Twenty-five Dollars; and if driven off will give One Hundred Dollars for information that will lead to the detection and conviction of the party or parties.
sep9-3t. ABEL J. REES.

Caution.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the 5th of August last, a white girl, named MARGARET ANN MEREDITH, bound by the Orphans' Court to my wife. She is 15 years old, and has 2 years and 7 months yet to serve. All persons are forewarned from harboring her.—Six Cents reward will be paid for her apprehension and return to the undersigned.
sep9-3t.* DENNIS VICKERS.

$5,000 Wanted,

ON MORTGAGE on LOWE'S ARRCADIA, near Centreville, Md.

Said Farm contains 363½ ACRES, with a DWELLING HOUSE in good regair.

There is a Young Orchard on the farm, three Meadows, an elegant Hickory ridge, and red and white oak in abundance. I want $5,000 on the above property and will pay all expenses.
sep9-3t.* J. T. COMEGYS.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE undersigned, on
SATURDAY,
The 30th day of September, 1865,
at the Voshell House, in Chestertown, will sell at Public Sale, their FARM, containing about

SIXTY ACRES OF LAND.

This Farm lies in Quaker Neck, on the North East branch of Langford's Bay; where all the luxuries of our waters may be enjoyed with very little labor or expense. Nearly the whole of this Farm is arable, and has been improved by the use of lime, &c.

The soil is naturally good, and now furnishes ample proof of its adaptation to all grain and fruits. Upon it is a Young Thriving PEACH ORCHARD, which will come into bearing in 1867. For a Fruit and Truck Farm, in reference to character of soil and location, it will most favorably compare with any other Farm on Chester River. It lies within a short distance of a public Steamboat landing on said River.

The Improvements

are a small FRAME DWELLING and some Out-Buildings.

TERMS OF SALE.

The following Terms are proposed, subject to such modifications as may be found desirable: One-half of the purchase money cash on the day of sale, the residue in six and twelve months from that day. The future payments to be secured by bond of purchaser, with approved security, and to bear interest from January 1st, 1866, when possession will be given.

For further particulars consult RICHARD HYNSON, Esq., our Attorney, at Chestertown, Kent county, Md.

RASIN & BENJAMIN.

N. B.—Mr. John W. Apsley owns a Tract of Land adjoining this Farm, containing about 56 Acres, which he will sell at a fair price.
Sept. 9, 1865—ts.

SALE OF Valuable Real Estate.

ON SATURDAY,
The 30th of SEPTEMBER, 1865,
at the "Voshell House," in Chestertown, at 11 o'clock, A. M., the undersigned will sell at Public Sale, his present residence in Quaker Neck, which is a

Commodious
FRAME DWELLING,

with a STORE HOUSE attached, and about

20 ACRES OF LAND.

This place offers rare inducements to purchase to any one who desires to merchandise or conduct any public business in connection with Farming in a small way. There is a good Stable and other Out-Buildings amply sufficient for the farming purposes of the premises.

It is located in a good, healthy and prosperous neighborhood. The soil is naturally good and well adapted to Peaches, Pears, and other fruits, and is within a mile of a public landing on Chester River, and convenient to places of public worship, schools, &c.

TERMS OF SALE:

These terms are desired by the undersigned, but will be modified sooner than miss a fair sale: One-third of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale; the residue in six and twelve months therefrom, with interest on future payments from 1st January next, when possession will be given.

For further information consult R. HYNSON, Esq., Attorney, Chestertown, Md.
sep9-ts. JOS. O. RASIN.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

BY virtue of three writs of Venditioni Exponas, issued by James Graves, one of the Justices of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for Kent county, one at the suit of Wm. T. Pearson, use of J. Beran & Co, one at the suit of Morgan Brown, and one at the suit of J. O. Rasin, against the goods and chattels of John Butler, to me directed, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said John Butler, of, and to

4 HEAD OF HORSES,
10 HEAD of CATTLE, 1 CARRIAGE AND HARNESS.

And I hereby give notice. that on
Thursday, the 21st of September, 1865,
at the Market House, in Chestertown, between the hours of 11, A. M. and 3, P. M., I will offer for sale the said property, so seized and taken in execution, by public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay and satisfy the said debt, interest and costs due and to become due thereon. WILLIAM J. JONES,
sep9-ts. Constable.

Last Notice.

THE subscriber, Collector of Taxes for the years 1860, 1862 and 1863, takes this method of informing persons indebted for taxes for these years, that circumstances compel him to close up his business as Collector. A longer indulgence cannot and will not be given. He has already indulged tax-payers to his great loss and mortification, and justice to himself and bond requires a closing up of his affairs.

Unless Taxes due him are paid on or before
The 15th of September next,
he will *in every case*, without respect to persons, proceed to collect the same according to law. Until that time he or his agent, C. T. LUSBY, Esq., may be found every day at the Court House in Chestertown, between the hours of 9, A. M., and 4, P. M.

This is intended as it will be, the last notice.
aug26-3t. PERE L. LYNCH.

Farm for Rent.

THE subscriber offers for rent for the next year, his Swan Creek Farm. To a good tenant a lease for years will be executed. For particulars apply to J. B. RICAUD.
Sept. 2, 1865—3t.

For Rent,

A FARM in Kent county, situated on Chester River, a mile and a half below Crumpton, and adjoining the lands of Messrs. C. W. Spry, and Jos. E. and Samuel C. Boyd. For terms apply to JOHN DODD,
sep2-3t. Wye Mills, Queen Ann's Co.

Kersey, Cassimere, Flannel, Yarn.

T. W. ELIASON & SON have just received an assortment of Kerseys, Cassimeres and Flannels manufactured by Mr. Thos. Murphy, Bohemia Mills, to which they respectfully invite the attention of the public.
Sept. 2, 1865.

Boy Wanted

ABOUT sixteen years of age, at the "People's Store," to learn the Mercantile Business. The best of reference will be required.
aug26-3t. W. A. VICKERS.

CAUTION.

CHARLES DILL, a white boy about 16 years of age, hired to me by the year by his father, having left my premises without sufficient cause and in my debt, I hereby caution all persons against harboring or employing him, as I shall enforce the law against such on its coming to my knowledge.
Aug. 26, 1865—3t* COMEGYS COSDEN.

GREEN GINGER and ROSEN, for sale by
Sept. 2, 1865. A. W. SPARKS.