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The Kent News.

A Family Newspaper: Devoted to Literature, Agriculture, Politics, General News, and Advertising.

VOL. 26.—No. 34. CHESTERTOWN, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1865. WHOLE No. 1324.

The Kent News:

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, AT

CHESTERTOWN, KENT COUNTY, MD.

Office, Masonic Hall, Court House Green.

Jas. H. Plummer & Wm. B. Usilton,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Terms of Subscription:

TWO DOLLARS per annum, *payable in advance.* If not paid within six months from the time of subscribing, TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS will be *invariably charged.* No subscriptions received for less than six months.

Rates of Advertising:

Advertisements not exceeding eight lines will be published three times for One Dollar, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion. Longer ones in the same proportion.

Advertisements inserted for three months, six months, or one year, at moderate rates.

OBITUARY NOTICES will be inserted at the rate of fifty cents for eight lines.

Job-Printing.—HAND-BILLS, BLANKS, CIRCULARS, &c.—We have an extensive assortmen of new and beautiful JOB TYPE, and are prepared to execute every description of Job Printing, at short notice on very reasonable terms

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

L. J. COX, JR. J. A. MERRITT.

COX & BROWN,

Commission Merchants,

FOR THE SALE OF

Grain and Country Produce Generally,

NO. 10 BOWLY'S WHARF,

jy9-y. Corner of Wood St., BALTIMORE.

GEO. Z. GREENWOOD,

Commission Merchant,

No. 2 BOWLY'S WHARF,

BALTIMORE, MD.

Particular attention given to the sale of Grain and Produce. Consignments are respectfully solicited. jan19y.

ABEL J. REES. THOS. H. BURGESS.

REES & BURGESS,

General Commission Agents,

PIER No. 5 LIGHT ST. WHARF,

BALTIMORE.

WILL give particular attention to the sale of all kinds of GRAIN, Hay, Straw, Potatoes, Green and Dried Fruits, Vegetables, Poultry, Butter, Eggs, Cattle, Lambs, Calves, Hides, Lumber, Wood, Hoop Poles, Staves &c. Fertilizers of all kinds and Clover Seed furnished at the lowest rates.

WM. TOMLINSON. WM. P. FRANCIS.

WM. T. TOMLINSON.

TOMLINSON & FRANCIS,

Commission Merchants,

For the sale of Grain, Live Stock, and Country Produce generally,

No. 96 Light St. Wharf, Baltimore.

☞ Orders for Groceries, Seeds, Fertilizers, Farm Implements, and other merchandise, will be promptly filled. nov4-y.

SAMUEL COMEGYS. GEO. D. S. HANDY.

COMEGYS & HANDY,

Grain Commission Merchants,

No. 112 LIGHT STREET,

oc21-3m. BALTIMORE.

W. E. WOODDY. J. F. M. WOODALL.

WOODDY & WOODALL,

General Commission Merchants,

No. 14 BOWLY'S WHARF, (up Stairs,)

BALTIMORE.

☞ Special attention given to the sale of GRAIN. oc21y.

T. N. GOULD. I. REYNER DUKES. W. G. NICHOLSON.

GOULD, DUKES & CO.,

PRODUCE

And General Commission Merchants,

No. 102 Light Street,

(Opposite E. S. S. Wharves,)

BALTIMORE.

☞ Consignments of Grain and all kinds of Produce solicited. Orders for Groceries, Liquors, &c., promptly attended to.

REFERENCES:—W. H. Beck, Rolph's Wharf; S. S. F. Rochester, Church Hill; J. V. Crosby, Rock Hall; J. K. Hines, Chestertown. m7y.

TO FARMERS, DAIRYMEN,

And Country Merchants.

ALL WHO HAVE FOR SALE

Flour, Grain, Clover and Flax Seed, Tobacco, Hay, Lumber, Staves, Bark, Sheep, Calves, Poultry, Eggs, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Cheese, Game, Vegetables, Wool, Rags, Furs, Skins, Fruit, green and dry, &c.,

Can have them well sold at the Highest Price in Baltimore, with full returns always within ten days of their reaching the city, by fowarding to the Commisfon House for Country Produce of

F. E. MARINE,

N. E. Corner of Frederick and Pratt Streets,

BALTIMORE, MD.

☞ The highest charge made is five per cent. Goods of every description, (except Liquors,) purchased and forwarded with despatch, when either cash or trade accompanies the order.

By consent I refer to the following certificates:

BALTIMORE, Feb. 25th, 1864.

Having known Mr. FLETCHER E. MARINE for many years past, we take pleasure in stating that we know him to be a gentleman in whom the utmost confidence may be placed, in the transaction of business. He is prompt, attentive, obliging and reliable. John W. Randolph, Cashier Fell's Point Bank; Isaac P. Cook, Register of Wills; Armstrong & Berry, Booksellers; Robert Turner, dealer in Fertilizers; John W. Braff & Co., Dry Goods; E. & S Frey, Druggists; Rev. C. B. Tippett, East Baltimore Conf.; Rev. Andrew Manship, Phila. Conf.

ROCK HALL, Kent Co., Md., Dec. 21, 1863.

This is to certify, that during the last six years, I have been both directly and indirectly connected with Mr. F. E. Marine, in business; and take pleasure in stating that during that time I have always found him a practical, industrious, business man, of most unquestionable integrity, possessing the confidence of all the business men who know him.

Yours, most respectfully, C. A. LEARY.

apr15—y.

PORTER AND ALE in bottles—an excellent article, for sale by

Oct. 28. B. H. GARDNER.

Removal & Enlargement of Business.

JOHN MERRICK,

EXTENSIVE MANUFACTURER OF

CARRIAGES,



CORNER of NINTH and KING STREETS, WILMINGTON, DEL.

Having erected one of the largest CARRIAGE FACTORIES in this country, with the advantages of Steam Power, the most improved Machinery, with a capacity to manufacture fifty to sixty CARRIAGFS weekly; and an experience of over twenty years in the business, I am now prepared to furnish all who are in want with the best class work. Work all Warranted. [s30y.]

CLOSING OUT!

CLOSING OUT

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF GOODS

At about Cost Prices!

Preparatory to returning to Baltimore about Christmas, or soon after.

A SAVING of 20 per cent!

THE undersigned having determined to close their business in Chestertown, and return to the city of Baltimore, have commenced

SELLING OFF

THEIR ENTIRE STOCK OF GOODS

AT ABOUT COST PRICES!

which will be a saving to all purchasers of 20 per cent. or $20 on every $100.

Purchasers will find it to their interest to call and examine before buying.

J. R. CHANCE & SONS.

Chestertown, Nov. 11, 1865.

GROCERY AND LIQUOR STORE.

JOHN H. MORGAN,

RESPECTFULLY invites the attention of the public to a varied assortment of GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &c., now in store at his stand up town, one door below the residence of H. W. Earnest, Esq., consisting in part of

WHISKEY, BRANDY, RUM, GIN WINE, CORDIAL, &c.

GROCERIES, of all kinds,

BROOMS, Buckets, Soap, Candles,

Crockery-Ware, Meal and Flour,

SEGARS, Tobacco and Snuff,

Candies and Nuts, Coal Oil,

SUGAR, COFFEE, Molasses, Lard and Bacon,

Mackeral, Herring, &c.

Those in want of anything in the above line are invited to GIVE ME A CALL, as I am determined to sell goods at the VERY LOWEST PRICES for cash.

jan17y. JOHN H. MORGAN.

PRODUCE and VARIETY STORE.

THE undersigned takes this method of informing the public that he has removed to the room next door below B. H. Gardner's Tobacco and Cigar store, opposite the new Voshell House, and is prepared to purchase

COUNTRY PRODUCE,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, such as POULTRY, of all kinds, BUTTER, EGGS, &c., &c., for which the

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE

will at all times be paid. Also, all kinds of

FUR and RAGS WANTED,

at the highest CASH PRICES. Farmers and others having any of the above articles to dispose of will find it to their interest to give me a call. FOR SALE—Notions, Confectionery, and all kinds of Country Produce.

WILLIAM SIMPSON.

Chestertown, Feb. 4, 1865.

GOOD NEWS!

GOOD NEWS!

GOOD NEWS!

ATTENTION is invited to our LARGE STOCK OF CLOTHING and FURNISHING GOODS. Also, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c., which I will sell lower than any other House in Chestertown.

☞ REMEMBER ☜

I. FRANK'S

CLOTHING STORE,

UNDER THE VOSHELL HOUSE.

Give us a call and see how low we sell our Goods. B. STRAUSS.

Chestertown, Oct. 28, 1865.

LIME! LIME! LIME!

THE undersigned as agent for the sale of RAMBO'S SCHUYLKILL LIME, takes this method of informing his friends and the public that he is now prepared to furnish them with a SUPERIOR QUALITY of

Quick and Slacked Lime,

delivered at any of the accessible landings on Chester, Sassafras, Bohemia and Elk Rivers, and respectfully solicits their patronage.

All orders promptly attended to.

WM. N. BRICE,

ag5-tf. Kennedyville P. O., Kent Co., Md.

LIME! LIME! LIME!

THE subscribers, successors to COOK & HILLIS, take this method of informing the public that they are prepared to furnish them with a SUPERIOR QUALITY of

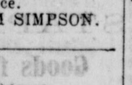
UNSLACKED LIME,

delivered at any of the accessible landings on the tributaries of the Chesapeak Bay, during the navigable season, and respectfully solicit their patronage. Orders should invariably be given *thirty days in advance,* and addressed to the firm at HAVRE DE GRACE, or to Mr. H. M. ROLLISON, Agent for Kent county, at Melbourne, P. O. JAMES COOK & CO.

Havre De Grace, Md., d3-y.

THOMPSON,

(OPPOSITE THE BANK,)



HAS just returned from Philadelphia with the largest and Cheapest Fall and Winter Stock of BOOTS, SHOES and GAITERS, for Gentlemen, Ladies, and Children, ever offered in this market.

Chestertown, Sept. 30, 1865—3m.

For Sale,



COTSWOLD BUCKS and BUCK LAMBS, by an imported Buck; long wool—I have seen it measure a foot in length—fine and glossy. Price $15 to $20. Also, the Bronze breed of TURKEYS, weighing at Christmrs five pounds more than the common Turkeys. Price $7 a pair.

JOHN GALE,

oc14-tf. Worton Manor, Kent Co.

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY

At Public Sale.

THE subscriber will offer at Public Sale, at the Voshell House, on

TUESDAY, 19th December inst.,

at 12 o'clock, M., the

Dwelling and Store House

on Main Street, in Chestertown, now occupied by himself. The Lot fronts about 65 feet on Main Street, and has a depth of about 150 feet. The House is a story and a half frame, in good repair, with four rooms below and four above, besides the Store Room, which is large and substantially fitted up with counters and shelving. The property is eligibly situated on the public thoroughfare of the town, and is a good stand for business.

Possession given on the 1st of January next.

THE TERMS OF SALE ARE:—One-half cash, and the balance in equal instalments at six and twelve months, with approved security.

For further particulars enquire of the undersigned on the premises.

JOHN H. BURCHINAL.

Chestertown, Dec. 2, 1865—ts.

Crumpton Nursery.

THE subscribers offer for sale at the Old Established Nursery, at Crumpton, Md., the following

Choice Fruit Trees.

Upwards of 100 Varieties of Apple Trees,

About 50 Varieties of Standard Pear Trees, and a few Dwarf;

About 30 Varieties of Cherry Trees;

A few varieties of Apricots and Plums.

Nurserymen who may be short of Trees will be supplied at the usual deduction on retail prices. Orders by mail promptly filled, and trees carefully packed and shipped to any destination.

☞ Persons indebted to SLAUGHTER & BROTHER, are requested to make immediate payment. The recent decease of one of the firm (H. B. Slaughter) renders it necessary that all accounts should be settled without delay.

SLAUGHTER & BRO.,

dec2-4m. Crumpton, Md.

MARY I. MANSFIELD,

RETURNS her sincere thanks to her friends and the public in general, for the liberal patronage bestowed upon her, and respectfully informs them that she is daily receiving

NEW AND SEASONABLE GOODS,

selected with care in New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore markets, and not from auction as has been represented by others.

☞ PLEASE CALL and see for yourselves.

Chestertown, Nov. 11, 1865-tf.

NOTICE.

A New and Useful Enterprise.

THE undersigned has started an EXPRESS LINE in connection with ADAMS' EXPRESS COMPANY, for transportation of Goods from the Eastern Shore of Maryland to all parts of the United States.

Goods left at POST OFFICE, Chestertown, BAYNARD'S BAKERY, Crumpton; MORRIS' HOTEL, Chesterville; TICE'S STORE, Millington, will be forwarded, if light articles, by stage, or if heavy will be received by Wagon on Friday of each week. From Northern or Southern routes will be forwarded to the above named places on their arrival per Adams' Express Co. to Smyrna.

E. SPREANCE, Propietor,

oc28-3m. Clayton, Del.

ARTHUR EMORY & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

English, German and American HARDWARE,

Cutlery, &c.,

23 South Calvert Street, Baltimore.

☞ COUNTRY MERCHANTS will find it to their advantage to examine our stock.

Parties not fully acquainted with the value of Goods can buy from us with perfect confidence. dec2-y

SOLDIERS' FAMILIES

CAN HAVE THEIR CLAIMS

For BOUNTY, PAY and PENSION

PROMPTLY COLLECTED.

ALSO,

PRIZE MONEY for Seamen, and arrears of pay due heirs of Officers of the Army and Navy by

WM. B. HILL,

Government Claim Office,

No. 70 W. Fayette street, Baltimore.

Full information given without charge. Letters must cobtain stamp. [d2-y.]

NOTICE.

I AM prepared to accommodate the community with SAWING, either their own Timber or I will furnish Timber to fill bills at the

Fairlee Steam Saw Mill.

My terms for sawing are $10 per thousand. All bills made at this Mill will be presented when the work is done, and if not paid six per cent. will be charged from date until paid. I will not be responsible for Lumber left in the yard.

J. B. FENIMORE, JR.

Fairlee Mill, oc28-tf.

COAL! COAL!

I HAVE now in my Yard a good supply of both HARD and SOFT COAL, for Parlor and Cooking purposes, and will be prepared to supply Families through the winter season, as they may be in want.

Seasoned Wood also on hand.

Orders left at my dwelling or at the office of H. W. Earnest, Esq., will receive prompt attention. WM. H. HAMILTON.

Chestertown, Dec. 2, 1865—tf.

BRICKLAYING.

THE undersigned having located in Chestertown, takes this method of informing the citizens of Kent and Queen Ann's counties, that he is prepared to do all kinds of Brick Work neatly, cheaply, and durably. Orders by letter will be promptly attended to.

JAMES B. SAPPINGTON,

nov4-3m. Chestertown, Md.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!! SHAWLS!!!—Particular attention is called to our large Stock of fine all-wool Heavy Blanket, black and colored Shawls, which we will sell at reduced prices. A. W. SPARKS & SON.

STEADY AND READY.

Steady, when fortune's dark shadows surround us;
Calm, when the winds of Adversity blow;
Brave, when the world's hollow voice would surround us;
Strong, though its wild waves tumultuous flow;
Steady in tempest, in strife and commotion;
Hope as our anchor to stem the rude sea,
Fierce though the billows and wrathful the ocean—
Steady and ready our maxim shall be.

Ready, when sinister foes would oppress us;
Dauntless in conflict to do and to dare;
Ready to echo the voices which bless us,
When shielding the offspring of want and despair;
Ready, to calm the low wailing of sorrow,
To battle with wrong till the enemy flee;
Hoping and trusting to win the bright morrow—
Steady and ready our maxim shall be.

Steady, while dark streams around us are flowing;
Steady, the rocks and the quicksands to shun;
Firmer in faith and full-heartedness growing,
Till the conflict is over, the victory won;
Glimpses of sunshine steal round the dark river,
Starlight and moonlight illumine the sea;
Hail to the symbol—both now and forever,
Steady and ready our maxim shall be.

GEN. GRANT'S REPORT.

The report of Gen. Grant, giving an account of the operations of the armies since his appointment as Lieut. General, speaks favorably of almost every prominent officer which he mentions except Gen. Butler. Of Gen. Butler's position in entrenchments between the forks of the James and Appomattox rivers, at the time when a fortunate opportunity was lost of surprising Petersburg and the rebel capital, before Beauregard could arrive with fresh troops from the South, he says that the force, "though in a position of great security, was as completely shut off from further operations directly against Richmond, as if it had been in a bottle strongly corked." And this army of Gen. Butler "sent to operate against Richmond, having hermetically sealed itself up at Bermuda Hundreds, the enemy was enabled to bring the most, if not all his reinforcements from the South and the Valley of Virginia."

Of the Wilmington expedition and the disastrous failure at Fort Fisher, General Grant says: "I had no idea of Gen. Butler's accompanying the expedition until the evening before it got off from Bermuda Hundreds, and then did not dream but that General Weitzel had received all the instructions, and would be in command. I rather formed the idea that Gen. Butler [in going] was actuated by a desire to witness the effect of the explosion of the powder-boat."

Speaking of the fighting qualities of the soldiers from different sections of the country, Gen. Grant says: "It has been my fortune to see the armies of both the West and East fight battles, and from what I have seen I know there is no difference in their fighting qualities. The armies of the East commenced their battles on the river from which the Army of the Potomac derived its name, and received the final surrender of their old antagonist at Appomattox Court House, Va. The splendid achievements of each have nationalized our victories, removed all sectional jealousies, (of which we have unfortunately experienced too much,) and the cause of crimination and recrimination that might have followed had either section failed in its duty. All have a proud record, and all sections can well congratulate themselves and each other for having done their full share in restoring the supremacy of law over every foot of territory belonging to the United States."

NOISY BOYS.—The editor of the Cleveland *Herald*, who was probably himself a "good boy," takes up the cudgel in defence of noisy boys, as follows:

Noise is a safety valve, physically and morally. Noisy boys seldom are the bad boys of a village; the quiet, demure, reticent, still boys, are those who sneak around dark corners, and slip into the back rooms of the village nuisance—the grocery; who rob melon-patches, lift gates off their hinges, shave horses' tails, and, on moonlight nights, trip up good people by a rope stretched across the walk. A noisy boy, usually, is a frank boy; overflowing with animal spirits; ready to hop-skip-and-jump, play "gould," tag, snap-the-whip, or leap frog. But such a boy is not dogging in and out of black alleys, such a boy does not creep out of his chamber window to the kitchen roof, thence to the shed roof, thence to the ground, for a night expedition, after the rest of the family are asleep.

Noise is not "good" for headache, noise disturbs weak nerves, but noise steals nothing, noise sets no barns on fire, noise never gambles; therefore we say, if boys do nothing worse than make a noise, for humanity's sake do not confine them for that.

THERE'S not a heath, however rude,
But hath some little flower
To brighten up its solitude,
And scent the evening hour.
There's not a heart, however cast
By grief and sorrow down,
But hath some memory of the past
To love and call its own.

A TENTH beatitude was pronounced at a public meeting of the Congregational Union, recently held in Toronto. It runs in this wise:—"Blessed is the man that maketh a short speech; he will be invited to come again."

THOUGHT AND EXPRESSION.

Upon the opening of the Statistical Section of the British Association, Lord Stanley, the president, offered some excellent advics as to speaking:

"You can say all you have got to say in very few words if you will think it over beforehand. It is not abundance of matter, it is want of preparation, want of exact thought, that makes diffuseness. A man goes round and round his meaning when he is not perfectly clear. Again, we don't want preamble or perorations.—We are not a school of rhetoric; and in addressing an educated audience a good deal may be taken for granted. Lastly, we only wish to get the truth of things."

Quintilian has written to the same effect, and goes even further, for he says that a perfect thought will always clothe itself in appropriate language, and that when people suppose that they are in want of words to express themselves they are really in want of thought, have only got hold of a part of a thought instead of the complete thought, and are in difficulty about the clothing of an unformed thing. De Retz says that strong emotions find their utterances in monosyllables, and the language of the poor in grief is often of an earnestness and simplicity rising to eloquence.—Out of the fulness of the heart the month speaketh. It was said of an ancient writer's negligence that it was that of a man studying his matter more than his expression; but, if Quintilian be right, the author had not completely mastered his matter, and therefore fell into faults of manner. Quintilian may, perhaps, push the proposition a little too far, but it is a safer general rule to suspect the completeness of thought when its delivery in words is difficult, and calls for help. As Lord Stanley well says, "a man goes round and round his meaning when he is not perfectly clear."—*London Examiner.*

STRONG CHARACTERS.

STRENGTH of character consists of two things—power of will and power of self-restraint. It requires two things, therefore, for its existence—strong feelings and strong command over them. Now it is here we make a great mistake; we mistake strong feelings for strong character. A man who bears all before him, before whose frown domestics tremble, and whose bursts of fury make the children of the household quake—because he has his will obeyed, and his own way in all things, we call him a strong man. The truth is, that is the weak man; it is his passions that are strong; he, mastered by them, is weak.—You must measure the strength of a man by the power of the feelings he subdues, not by the power of those which subdue him. And hence composure is very often the highest result of strength. Did we never see a man receive a flagrant insult, and only grow a little pale, and then reply quietly? That is a man spiritually strong. Or did we never see a man in anguish stand, as if carved out of solid rock, mastering himself? Or one bearing a hopeless daily trial remain silent, and never tell the world what cankered his home peace? That is strength. He who with strong passions, remain chaste; he who, keenly sensitive, with many powers of indignation in him, can be provoked, and yet restrain himself, and forgive—these are the strong men, the spiritual heroes.—*Rev. F. W. Robertson.*

THE RISING GENERATION.—In the United States there are about 60,000 common schools, which are supported in part by the State treasuries, and partially by funds and school taxes. In England and Wales there are 46,042 public and private schools attended by 2,144,378 scholars. In addition there are 1545 evening schools, which provide for 39,683 children. The number of Sunday-schools is 23,514, with 2,407,612 scholars. It is estimated that in England there is a scholar for every 8.36 persons; in Scotland about one seventh of the people are at school, while in the United States there is a scholar to every five persons. In Russia only one child to every two hundred persons receives instruction at school, so that while at nine o'clock on Monday morning there are 4,000,000 American boys and girls at school, there are in Russia only 100,000 enjoying the benefits of education.

SIZE OF THE WEST.—Illinois would make forty such States as Rhode Island, and Minnesota sixty. Missouri is larger than all New England. Ohio exceeds either Ireland or Scotland, or Portugal, and equals Belgium, Scotland and Switzerland together. Missouri is more than half as large as Italy, and larger than Denmark, Holland, Belgium and Switzerland. Missouri and Illinois are larger than England, Scotland, Ireland and Wales.—*St. Louis Rep.*

Hon. John Bell is residing quietly at Nashville. His once erect form is considerably bowed, and his physical energy much impaired; but his intellectual vigor is represented to be as great as it ever was. He has sworn allegiance to the Federal Government, and received pardon.

NATIONAL BANKS.—There are now in operation 1,613 National Banks. The total amount of National Bank currency issued by the Treasury Department up to date is $221,558,050.

"SALL, what time does your folks dine?" "Soon as you goes; that's missus' orders."

COLLEGE-BRED MEN.

Dr. J. G. Holland,—"Timothy Titcomb"—in his new book entitled "Plain Talk," thus speaks of this class of literary men:

College-made men can tell what they have learned by measure. They can be called up and made to deliver thoughts upon any given subject by platoons.—They have profound reverence for authority. They are always loyal partisans.—They contentedly abide within the precincts of creed. Pure scholarship is always conservative. It clings to, and loves to become the ornament of, dominant institutions, and is ever timid of change. It swims easily along the current of peaceful life, but shrinks from emergencies, and shirks the work of revolutions. It does not know how to deal with new questions. It has no vital, sympathetic connection with the life of the world; and shuts its ears to the din, and its eyes to the dust, of its conflicts. It is too often a dead-weight upon social and political reforms. Its life is a borrowed and specific life, and has no power of self-adjustment to the shifting circumstances of a world of change, and to the constantly new developments of a progressive age and race. It lives in and upon the past; and draws neither motive from the present nor inspiration from the future.

College-made men are very fine ornamental men—very good things to have for celebrations and occasions of show. They excel in contributions to family newspapers. They collate excellent school books. They preach unexceptional sermons to very exceptional people, and reverently put off their shoe among those who have the reputation of tender corns. The self-made men of the world—self-made in college and out of college—may be very rough men—men who will shock your prejudices, and offend your notions of propriety, and scare you by their innovations, and horrify you by their lack of reverence for great names and venerable conventions and institutions; but they are the only men who can feed and stimulate and move you, and satisfy the cravings of your nature. They have original power; they possess individuality; and the only fresh things introduced into the world, from year to year, and from generation to generation, are borne by the hand of individuality.

Anecdote of Webster.

There is a true story connected with Webster's intimacy with Branch Pierce which has never been printed. It was Mr. Webster's custom in the hunting season to travel "across" from Marshfield to the Plymout woods and meet the other huntsmen at the cabin of "Uncle Branch." The Worcester *Spy* states that on one of these excursions he was overtaken by a storm which lasted all day. No other huntsmen appeared at the cabin, and a more solitary spot was out of the question. But Mr. Webster, who often made small occasions great by his wonderful genius, was not at a loss for entertainment.—Adapting himself to the peculiar religious inclinations of his hosts, while they pursued their usual homely occupations, he read and repeated from memory a multitude of the psalms and hymns with which much reading had made him familiar.—Hour after hour the great statesman paced the floor of that cabin kitchen, repeating with his magnificent voice the inspired psalms of David and Watts' undying hymns, with only Branch Pierce and his wife for listeners. No church or cathedral ever resounded to grander or sweeter music than that which Daniel Webster that day filled the cabin of the hunter of Plymouth woods; and no audience ever listened to his own triumphant eloquence with such delight as its humble tenants listened to the familiar psalms, which for them received new inspiration as they rolled from his marvellous lips.

LIEUTENANT GENERAL GRANT.—Gen. Grant's reception in the North Carolina legislature, on the 29th ult., was very cordial. Both houses sent committees to wait upon him and escort him to the capitol. He was introduced to all the members, and listened to addresses of welcome from the presiding officers. He did not make any reply. The General, it is said, created a good impression among the North Carolinians.

Mr. Green sued a lady for breach of promise. Her friends offered to settle it for two hundred dollars:

What? cried Mr. Green, two hundred dollars for ruined hopes, a shattered mind, a blasted life, and a bleeding heart! Two hundred dollars for all this! Never! never! never! Make it three hundred and it's a bargain!

"OH, mother, do send for the doctor!" said a little boy of three years. "What for, my dear?" "Why, there's a gentleman in the parlor, who says he'll die if Jane don't marry him—and she says she won't."

THE following is the *verbatim* report of a speech delivered at a religious meeting in a town, by a good, pious deacon: "My female brethren, it is of the most in-fi-night-est importance that we should all be clothed in white remnants!"

A LEARNED Coroner, the other day, being asked how he accounted for the great mortality this year, exclaimed, "I cannot tell; there are people dying this year that never died before."