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The Kent News.

A Family Newspaper: Devoted to Literature, Agriculture, Politics, General News, and Advertising.

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The Kent News:

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, AT
CHESTERTOWN, KENT COUNTY, MD.
Office, Masonic Hall, Court House Green.

Jas. H. Plummer & Wm. B. Usilton,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Terms of Subscription:

TWO DOLLARS per annum, *payable in advance.* not paid within six months from the time of subscribing, TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS will be *invariably charged.* No subscriptions received for less than six months.

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Advertisements not exeeeding eight lines will be published three times for One Dollar, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion. Longer ones in the same proportion.

Advertisements inserted for three months, six months, or one year, at moderate rates.

OBITUARY NOTICES will be inserted at the rate of fifty cents for eight lines.

Job-Printing.—HAND-BILLS, BLANKS, CIRCULARS, &c.—We have an extensive assortment of new and beautiful JOB TYPE, and are prepared to execute every description of Job Printing, at short notice on very reasonable terms.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

L. J. COX, JR. J. A. MERRITT.

COX & BROWN,
Commission Merchants,
FOR THE SALE OF
Grain and Country Produce Generally,
NO. 10 BOWLY'S WHARF,
jy9-y. Corner of Wood St., BALTIMORE.

GEO. Z. GREENWOOD,
Commission Merchant,
No. 2 BOWLY'S WHARF,
BALTIMORE, MD.
Particular attention given to the sale of Grain and Produce. Consignments are respectfully solicited. jan19y.

WM. TOMLINSON. WM. P. FRANCIS.
WM. T. TOMLINSON.
TOMLINSON & FRANCIS,
Commission Merchants,
For the sale of Grain, Live Stock, and Country Produce generally,
No. 96 Light St. Wharf, Baltimore.
Orders for Groceries, Seeds, Fertilizers, Farm Implements, and other merchandise, will be promptly filled. nov4-y.

SAMUEL COMEGYS. GEO. D. S. HANDY.
COMEGYS & HANDY,
Grain Commission Merchants,
No. 70 SOUTH STREET,
oc21-3m. BALTIMORE.

W. E. WOODDY. J. F. M. WOODALL.
WOODDY & WOODALL,
General Commission Merchants,
No. 14 BOWLY'S WHARF, (up Stairs,)
BALTIMORE.
Special attention given to the sale of GRAIN. oc21y.

T. N. GOULD. I. REYNER DUKES. W. G. NICHOLSON.
GOULD, DUKES & CO.,
PRODUCE
And General Commission Merchants,
No. 102 Light Street,
(Opposite E. S. S. Wharves,)
BALTIMORE.
Consignments of Grain and all kinds of Produce solicited. Orders for Groceries, Liquors, &c., promptly attended to.
REFERENCES:—W. H. Beck, Rolph's Wharf; S. S. F. Rochester, Church Hill; J. V. Crosby, Rock Hall; J. K. Hines, Chestertown. m7y.

TO FARMERS, DAIRYMEN,
And Country Merchants.
ALL WHO HAVE FOR SALE
Flour, Grain, Clover and Flax Seed, Tobacco, Hay, Lumber, Staves, Bark, Sheep, Calves, Poultry, Eggs, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Cheese, Game, Vegetables, Wool, Rags, Furs, Skins, Fruit, green and dry, &c.,
Can have them well sold at the Highest Price in Baltimore, with full returns always within ten days of their reaching the city, by fowarding to the Commission House for Country Produce of
F. E. MARINE,
N. E. Corner of Frederick and Pratt Streets,
BALTIMORE, MD.
The highest charge made is five per cent. Goods of every description, (except Liquors,) purchased and forwarded with despatch, when either cash or trade accompanies the order.
By consent I refer to the following certificates:
BALTIMORE, Feb. 25th, 1864.
Having known Mr. FLETCHER E. MARINE for many years past, we take pleasure in stating that we know him to be a gentleman in whom the utmost confidence may be placed, in the transaction of business. He is prompt, attentive, obliging and reliable. John W. Randolph, Cashier Fell's Point Bank; Isaac P. Cook, Register of Wills; Armstrong & Berry, Booksellers; Robert Turner, dealer in Fertilizers; John W. Bruff & Co., Dry Goods; E. & S. Frey, Druggists; Rev. C. B. Tippett, East Baltimore Conf.; Rev. Andrew Manship, Phila. Conf.

ROCK HALL, Kent Co., Md., Dec. 21, 1863.
This is to certify, that during the last six years, I have been both directly and indirectly connected with Mr. F. E. Marine, in business; and take pleasure in stating that during that time I have always found him a practical, industrious, business man, of most unquestionable integrity, possessing the confidence of all the business men who know him.
Yours, most respectfully, C. A. LEARY.
apr15—y.

SOLDIERS' FAMILIES
CAN HAVE THEIR CLAIMS
For BOUNTY, PAY and PENSION
PROMPTLY COLLECTED.
ALSO,
PRIZE MONEY for Seamen, and arrears of pay due heirs of Officers of the Army and Navy by
WM. B. HILL,
Government Claim Office,
No. 70 W. Fayette street, Baltimore.
Full information given without charge. Letters must contain stamp. [d2-y.]

PORTER AND ALE in bottles—an excellent article, for sale by
Oct. 28. B. H. GARDNER.

MARY I. MANSFIELD,
RETURNS her sincere thanks to her friends and the public in general, for the liberal patronage bestowed upon her, and respectfully informs them that she is daily receiving
NEW AND SEASONABLE GOODS,
selected with care in New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore markets, and not from auction as has been represented by others.
PLEASE CALL and see for yourselves.
Chestertown, Nov. 11, 1865-tf.

Crumpton Nursery.
THE subscribers offer for sale at the Old Established Nursery, at Crumpton, Md., the following
Choice Fruit Trees.
Upwards of 100 Varieties of Apple Trees,
About 50 Varieties of Standard Pear Trees, and a few Dwarf;
About 30 Varieties of Cherry Trees;
A few varieties of Apricots and Plums.
Nurserymen who may be short of Trees will be supplied at the usual deduction on retail prices. Orders by mail promptly filled, and trees carefully packed and shipped to any destination.
Persons indebted to SLAUGHTER & BROTHER, are requested to make immediate payment. The recent decease of one of the firm (H. B. Slaughter) renders it necessary that all accounts should be settled without delay.
SLAUGHTER & BRO.,
dec2-4m. Crumpton, Md.

NOTICE.
A New and Useful Enterprise.
THE undersigned has started an EXPRESS LINE in connection with ADAMS' EXPRESS COMPANY, for transportation of Goods from the Eastern Shore of Maryland to all parts of the United States.
Goods left at POST OFFICE, Chestertown, BAYNARD'S BAKERY, Crumpton; MORRIS' HOTEL, Chesterville; TICE'S STORE, Millington, will be forwarded, if light articles, by stage, or if heavy will be received by Wagon on Friday of each week. From Northern or Southern routes will be forwarded to the above named places on their arrival per Adams' Express Co. to Smyrna.
E. SPRUANCE, Propietor,
oc28 3m. Clayton, Del.

Removal & Enlargement of Business.
JOHN MERRICK,
EXTENSIVE MANUFACTURER OF
CARRIAGES,
CORNER of NINTH and KING STREETS, WILMINGTON, DEL.
Having erected one of the largest CARRIAGE FACTORIES in this country, with the advantages of Steam Power, the most improved Machinery, with a capacity to manufacture fifty to sixty CARRIAGES weekly; and an experience of over twenty years in the business, I am now prepared to furnish all who are in want with the best class work. Work all Warranted. [s30y.]

GROCERY AND LIQUOR STORE.
JOHN H. MORGAN,
RESPECTFULLY invites the attention of the public to a varied assortment of GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &c., now in store at his stand up town, one door below the residence of H. W. Earnest, Esq., consisting in part of
WHISKEY, BRANDY, RUM, GIN WINE, CORDIAL, &c.
GROCERIES, of all kinds,
BROOMS, Buckets, Soap, Candles, Crockery-Ware, Meal and Flour,
SEGARS, Tobacco and Snuff, Candies and Nuts, Coal Oil
SUGAR, COFFEE, Molasses, Lard and Bacon, Mackeral, Herring, &c.
Those in want of anything in the above line are invited to GIVE ME A CALL, as I am determined to sell goods at the VERY LOWEST PRICES for cash.
jan17y. JOHN H. MORGAN.

LIME! LIME! LIME!
THE undersigned as agent for the sale of RAMBO'S SCHUYLKILL LIME, takes this method of informing his friends and the public that he is now prepared to furnish them with a SUPERIOR QUALITY of
Quick and Slacked Lime,
delivered at any of the accessible landings on Chester, Sassafras, Bohemia and Elk Rivers, and respectfully solicits their patronage.
All orders promptly attended to.
WM. N. BRICE,
ag5-tf. Kennedyville P. O., Kent Co., Md.

LIMF! LIME! LIME!
THE subscribers, successors to COOK & HILLIS, take this method of informing the public that they are prepared to furnish them with a SUPERIOR QUALITY of
UNSLACKED LIME,
delivered at any of the accessible landings on the tributaries of the Chesapeak Bay, during the navigable season, and respectfully solicit their patronage. Orders should invariably be given *thirty days in advance,* and addressed to the firm at HAVRE DE GRACE, or to Mr. H. M. ROLLISON, Agent for Kent county, at Melbourne, P. O. JAMES COOK & CO.
Havre De Grace, Md., d3-y.

NOTICE.
I AM prepared to accommodate the community with SAWING, either their own Timber or I will furnish Timber to fill bills at the
Fairlee Steam Saw Mill.
My terms for sawing are $10 per thousand. All bills made at this Mill will be presented when the work is done, and if not paid six per cent. will be charged from date until paid. I will not be responsible for Lumber left in the yard.
J. B. FENIMORE, JR.
Fairlee Mill, oc28-tf.

COAL! COAL!
I HAVE now in my Yard a good supply of both HARD and SOFT COAL, for Parlor and Cooking purposes, and will be prepared to supply Families through the winter season, as they may be in want.
Seasoned Wood also on hand.
Orders left at my dwelling or at the office of H. W. Earnest, Esq., will receive prompt attention. WM. H. HAMILTON.
Chestertown, Dec. 2, 1865—tf.

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES.—A fine assortment, suitable for Ladies' Coats, and Men and Boys' wear, can be found at
Nov. 25. A. W. SPARKS & SON'S.

THE DYING WIFE.

Many a sorrow-stricken heart will bleed afresh and many a manly eye grow dim with tears, over the remembrances of a reality which the following beautiful lines will awaken:

Lay the gem upon my bosom,
Let me feel her sweet warm breath;
For a strong chill o'er me passes,
And I know that it is death.
I would gaze upon the treasure—
Scarcely given ere I go—
Feel her rosy dimpled fingers
Wander o'er my cheek of snow.

I am passing through the waters,
But a blessed shore appears;
Kneel beside me, husband dearest,
Let me kiss away thy tears.
Wrestle with thy grief, my husband,
Strive from midnight until day,
It may leave an angel's blessing
When it vanishes away.

Lay the gem upon my bosom,
'Tis not long she can be there;
See! how to my heart she nestles,
'Tis the pearl I love to wear.
If in after years beside thee,
Sits another in my chair,
Though her voice be sweeter music,
And her face than mine more fair;

If a cherub call thee "Father!"
Far more beautiful than this,
Love thy first-born! Oh! my husband!
Turn not from the motherless.
Tell her sometimes of her mother—
You may call her by my name!
Shield her from the winds of sorrow;
If she errs, oh! gently blame.

Lead her sometimes, where I'm sleeping;
I will answer if she calls,
And my breath will stir her ringlets,
When my voice in blessing falls.
Then her soft, black eyes will brighten,
And shall wonder whence it came,
In her heart, when years pass o'er her
She will find her mother's name.

It is said that every mortal
Walks between two mortals here;
One records the ills, but blots it,
if before the midnight drear
Man repenteth—if uncancelled,
Then he seals it for the skies;
And the right hand angel weepeth,
Bowing low with veiled eyes.

I will be her right-hand angel,
Sealing up the good for Heaven;
Striving that the midnight watches
Fixed no misdeeds unforgiven.
You will not forget me, husband,
When I'm sleeping 'neath the sod?
Oh, love the jewel to us given,
As I love thee—next to God!

MATRIMONY.

We never remember to have seen the field canvassed from the point of view here chosen. It is presented for the consideration of fair readers:

No one will pretend that there are no crimes committed by married men. Facts would look such an assertion out of countenance. But it may be said with truth that there are very few crimes committed by married men compared with the number committed by those who are unmarried. Whatever faults Voltaire may have had he certainly showed himself a man of sense when he said:—"The more married men you have, the fewer crimes there will be. Marriage renders a man more virtuous and more wise."

An unmarried man is but half of a perfect being, and it requires the other half to make things right; and it cannot be expected that in this imperfect state he can keep the straight path of rectitude any more than a boat with one oar, or a bird with one wing, can keep a straight course. In nine cases out of ten, where married men become drunkards, or when they commit crimes against the peace of the community, the foundation of these acts was laid while in a single state, or where the wife is, as is some times the case, an unsuitable match.

Marriage changes the whole current of a man's feelings, and gives him a centre for his thoughts, his affections and his acts. Here is a home for the entire man, and the counsel, the affection, the example, and the interest of his "better half, keep him from the erratic courses, and from falling into a thousand temptations to which he would otherwise be exposed. Therefore, the friend to marriage is the friend to society and to his country. And we have no doubt but that a similar effect is produced by marriage on the women; though from the difference in their labors and the greater exposure to temptation on the part of the man, we have no doubt but that man reaps a greater advantage from the restraining influence of marriage than woman does.

SNOW-FLAKES IN A BALL-ROOM.—A writer in Once-a-Week gives the following singular illustration of the condensation of vapor, which always ensues when cold air mingles with warm. "The scene was in a ball room in Moscow: The heat of the room having become intolerable, one of the gentlemen threw open the top part of one of the windows. A cold gust of wind blew suddenly in through the open window, and the heated air which was congregated in the upper part of the room became suddenly condensed, and descended upon the assembled party in the form of snow-flakes. Probably there never was seen so curious a sight in a ball-room—ladies and gentlemen in ball toilet, in the midst of a dance, and snow-flakes descending; and were it not for the incongruity of the attire, more like a skating party.—The snow-storm was, as may be imagined, the conversation of the guests for the rest of the evening, and of the inhabitants of the town for the ensuing week."

A STRANGE DISEASE has broken out among the poultry in Ohio. The chicken's comb and gills turn black, it gapes, sneezes and falls dead in a few minutes.

INTERESTING TO BUSINESS MEN OF ALL CLASSES.

Some years ago two natives of Germany, Hans and Yacob, who had settled in Westmoreland county, Virginia, and between whom there had been various business transactions, thought it best to have a settlement. On a certain day, therefore, they met according to agreement for this purpose. Each presented his claims against the other; and, upon striking a balance, it appeared that Hans was indebted to Yacob in the just sum of twenty dollars.

Hans having no money at the time with which to cancel the debt, the grave question arose how accounts could be squared *then* and *there*, as both desired. This was a poser. Yacob walked the floor with arms folded and eyes downcast; while Hans, half-reclining in his large arm chair, fixed *his* eyes upon a spot on the ceiling—both in deep, silent reflection. Suddenly Yacob stopped; and, looking at Hans with a smile of delight, said:

"Ish got it. I dell you how ve does. You gives me your doopills, Hans; you gives me your doopills."

"Yah, yah," said Hans; "dat ish right, Yacob. Vat ish de reason *I* could not dink of dat?"

"Vell," said Yacob, "write 'im and lets have de matter glozed at vonce."

Whereupon Hans took his pen and wrote a due-bill. But just as he had finished it, and before signing it, the thought struck him that *Yacob* ought have a part to perform in this matter as well as *himself*, and laying down his pen, remarked:

"Yacob, it seem do me dat ash I hash wrote de doopills, you ought to zign 'im."

"Vell, all right," replied Yacob; "I do dat, Hans; for I dink it ish no moore dan vare."

Yacob, therefore, put his signature to the instrument, which, when thus completed, read as follows:

August de tzent 18—.

I, Vestmoorlaand county, I owes Yacob dwenty dollar on seetle-up, ven ish got no moonies do bays 'im mit. YACOB."

"Dare," exclaimed Yacob, "dat settles de buishness!"

But the business was not quite settled yet, for Hans was in great doubt *as to what disposition should be made of this paper.* After a long yet friendly discussion of the subject, however, it was agreed that *Hans ought to keep the "doopills" in order that he might know he was still indebted to Yacob."*

A month passed, and Hans, having sold his wheat, went over to his friend's with "doopills" in one hand and "moonies" in the other. Salutations having been exchanged, Hans counted out twenty dollars in as many pieces of silver coin; and as the last one fell upon the table, ringing (*wringing*) a smile from Yacob, he (Hans) observed—

"Now, Yacob, ash I kept dish baper do know dat I did not bay you yet, you keeps 'im now do know dat I ish baid you."

"Vell, yah," returned Yacob; "dank you, dank you, Hans. Dake a zeat and zit a vile."

"No," replied Hans, "I moost be for hoome. Friend Yacob, I vant you do but dat among your valu'ble bapers, and call your vife and shildern, dat dey may know vare it is doo; and, in case you tie, may pe vitnesses dat I ish baid de dwenty dollar and ve ish square."

Hans now returned home, and as Yacob closed the door, he addressed his wife, who had just entered the room, and was looking lovingly (not at her husband but) at the glittering coins on the table, as follows:

"Vat a plessed ding it is dat I vas a madjistrate in de oold coontry. Now, I needs no lawyer do dransact my buishness for me!"

According to this mode all "settle-ups" have since been conducted between these two friends, whenever the indebted party has not had "*de moonies do bay de odder mit.*"

GHOST STORY.—The Western papers tell in good faith an incredible ghost story, and back it up by the sworn affidavits of several respectable persons at Grand Traverse, Michigan. A spiritual mediumess at that place, whose husband was a stubborn bisbeliever in the "manifestations," assured him in her dying breath that she should reappear to him in her body at his death to convince him of the truth of her belief. Several weeks after he was taken sick and a "spiritual" rumpus was kept up in the house until his decease, which soon followed. Just before his death, which occurred at midnight, heavy and irregular footsteps were heard in the hall, the door was burst open, and the remains of a human body, reeking with putrescence stalked into the room, and in a muffled voice reminded the dying man of the promise, and, as he died, fell a horrid mass upon the floor. An examination of her grave proved it to be empty. The story created intense excitement, and the house where the affair was said to have occurred was burned by the friends of the family.

RELICS.—A Richmond paper says:—"About nine hundred and seventeen cords of wood from the celebrated Appomattox apple tree under which General Lee resigned, have been distributed over the United States in the shape of snuff boxes, canes, etc. As Gen. Lee didn't surrender under an apple tree, the demand for relics is falling off.

SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS.

SATURDAY.—Snow, rain, wind, and mud!

"John, it is a very unpleasant morning: you must wrap up well, and take care of yourself."

"O, never fear for me; I shall put on a water-proof and thick boots, and trudge through it; if Saturdays will be wet, there is nothing for it but to put up with them."

Sunday.—Snow, rain, wind, and mud!

"John, it is a very unpleasant morning again; I suppose you will not venture out this morning."

"No; I don't think it would be right.—It is such catch-cold weather, really, one needs to take care of one's self and it would be wrong to brave such a morning as this."

Saturday.—"You look very tired this morning, John."

"O, no, nothing to speak of. Besides, we must not give away to it; I have a busy day. There will be a good market, and I must make the most of it."

Sunday.—"You look very tired this morning, John."

"Yes, I am tired. I shall rest to day, I think, instead of going to Church. A nap on the sofa will do me good. It's a special sermon, I remember, but that can't be helped."

Saturday.—"O, Mr. Smith, I'am sorry to come so late! But here's a gentleman wants to give you an order. You're tired to-night, I dare say, but."—

"O, not at all, not at all. I'll be with you in a minute. O, no, never felt less tired. Certainly, most happy to come."

Sunday.—"O, Mr. Smith, sorry to disturb you; but we are very much in want of a teacher this afternoon. Could you oblige us? You are tired, no doubt, but it is in a good cause."

"Well, really, no. I can not; I am thoroughly tired out. You must try and find some one who is not so much engaged during the week."

Saturday.—"Mr. Smith, there is a meeting of townsmen to-night, to talk over some improvements; the mayor hopes you will be there."

"Thank you; yes. I shall be happy to attend, though it is my busiest evening."

Sunday.—"Mr. Smith, there is a prayer meeting to-night; we are told to meet the Master at the mercy-seat; shall we have the pleasure of seeing you?"

"Thank you, no. I shall be unable to attend."—*Christian World.*

JOSH BILLINGS.—The following bits of philosophy are from Josh Billings. Josh must excuse us, however, for not following his orthography, which, instead of enhancing his wit, detracts from it:

Politeness is first rate, but if a person don't study anything else, you need not be surprised to see him, after awhile, holding an umbrella over a basket of eels during a thunder shower.

I think after all that the India-rubber kind of virtue, that will bend and stretch, just a little, and then fly back to its place, is safer than the icicle virtue, that is sure to melt unless you keep it on the north side of the barn all the time; and when it once melts that is the last of it.

It requires a great deal of native talent to tell the truth.

Men owe as much of their success to accident as they do to design; but they must not forget that accidents do not happen only to those who are continually in the designing business. Lightning doesn't go out of its way to hit anybody a lick.

The beauty of many of the sermons that are preached consists in their great length, for if it were not for their length, there would not be much of them.

COMICAL.—The way into which words are often divided, when set to music, sometimes produces a rather ludicrous effect. A stranger was once surprised on hearing a congregation, mostly of women, crying out—

"O for a man!
O for a man!
O for a man—sion in the skies!"

While on another occasion a choir sang to the best of their ability—

"We'll catch the flee!
We'll catch the flee!
We'll catch the flee—ting hours!"

It is hoped nobody was bitten.

BREACH OF PROMISE.—Before a court of common pleas, a case of breach of promise was recently under consideration.—The breach between the parties was apparent enough, but as to the promise there existed a slight shade of doubt, until the plaintiff set the matter right as follows:

Question by the defendant's counsel—"Did my client enter into a positive agreement to marry you?"

Answer—"Not exactly, but he courted me a good deal, and he telled my sister Jane that he intended to marry in our family!"

PICKLE FOR BEEF TONGUES.—To two gallons of water, add three pounds of salt, one pound of brown sugar and half an ounce of saltpeter. Boil and skim the pickle till the sediment ceases to rise.—After the pickle cools put in the tongues; let them remain ten days, and then hang up and smoke three or four days.

A YOUNG LADY remarked that she could not understand "what her brother George Henry saw in the girls that he liked them so well; and that for her part she would not give the company of one young man for that of twenty girls."

NEGRO SUFFRAGE IN THE SOUTH.—If the Northern negro who has always been free, and had opportunities for mental improvement, is deemed unfit to vote by the Northern States, they are in no position to insist that the Southern negro, whose faculties have been kept dwarfed and benighted by life-long slavery, shall be admitted to the Southern polls. The abstract question, whether the black man *ought* to be allowed to vote, has nothing to do with the case. The point is, that *until* we of the North establish that suffrage for ourselves, we have no right to force it upon others. The Divine apothegm, "Physician, heal thyself," would confound us the very first instant we should undertake to deal with a constitutional amendment on this subject, relating to the late insurrectionary States. There is no way but to leave this matter where the Constitution left it, to the discretion of each individual State. No action by Congress upon the subject of freedmen suffrage can have any practical result. All talk about it is unwarrantable, because it is morally certain that nothing substantial can come from it, and it is only calculated to delay reconstruction unnecessarily.—*New York Times.*

THE MORMONS.—Lieutenant Governor Bross, of Illinois, who has been visiting the Mormons, explains the source of their prosperity as follows: "Within the past few years they have grown wealthy. The sources of their riches are easily understood. During all the California emigration, scores, and in some years hundreds and even thousands of emigrants would arrive at Salt Lake with their teams broken down, or half of them dead, and therefore unable to proceed. Of course the Mormons were ready, in true Yankee style, to trade good animals for those that were about worn out, pocketing a handsome difference in hard cash. In a few months, at most, these broken down animals would be fat and sleek, and Mr. Mormon elder was ready to trade with the next emigrant that came along. Of course, many goods and provisions were sold to emigrants.—Within the last four years there has been a great rush of emigration to Montana and Idaho, and the Mormons have been able to sell their surplus grain and provisions at fabulous prices. With corn at $3 to $6 a bushel, and wheat at $8 to $10, and provisions of all kinds at proportionate figures, the Mormons have become rich far sooner than any other people upon the continent."

A BUSHEL.—The following table of the number of pounds of various articles to make a bushel, may be of interest to some of our readers:

Wheat, sixty pounds.
Corn, shelled, fifty-six pounds.
Rye, fifty-six pounds.
Oats, thirty-two pounds.
Barley, forty-six pounds.
Buckwheat, fifty-two pounds.
Irish Potatoes, fifty pounds.
Sweet Potatoes, fifty pounds.
Onions, fifty-seven pounds.
Beans, sixty pounds.
Bran, twenty pounds.
Clover Seed, sixty pounds.
Timothy Seed, forty-five pounds.
Hemp Seed, forty-five pounds.
Blue Grass Seed, fourteen pounds.
Dried Peaches, thirty-three pounds.
Flax Seed, fifty-six pounds.
Castor Beans, forty-six pounds.
Dried Apples, twenty four pounds.
Coal, seventy-six pounds.

TO PREVENT CATTLE FROM JUMPING.—At a late meeting of the American Institute Farmers' Club, the following novel way of preventing cattle from jumping fences was promulgated: "We lately learned a curious remedy to prevent steers from jumping fences, which is so easy of application, and appears so effectual, that we give it to the public. It is simply to clip off the eyelashes of the upper lids with a pair of scissors; and the ability or disposition to jump is as effectually destroyed as Samson's power was by the loss of his locks. The animal will not attempt a fence until the eyelashes are grown again. Of this we are informed by Sam'l Thorne, the great breeder of Dutchess county, who assured us that he had tested it upon a pair of very breachy oxen."

FASTEST TROTTING ON RECORD.—Flora Temple in the Shade.—The gelding Dexter was matched against time (9 m. 19 sec.) on the Fashion Course, Long Island, on Tuesday, and won, trotting his mile in two minutes eighteen and one-fourth seconds. The first half mile was made in 1:08½. The bids were five to one against him. He was driven by Hiram Woodruff, who it is said, won $50,000 on the race. But few ever expected to see Flora Temple's time beaten, but it has been accomplished.

GENERAL GRANT, in his official report, says: "Gen. Lee's great influence throughout the whole South caused his example to be followed, and to-day the result is that the armies lately under his leadership are at their homes, desiring peace and quiet, and their arms are in the hands of our ordnance officers."

CHEAP LIVING.—Go to Japan. You can buy a first-class house there for $30, and live comfortably in it for two cents a day. Servants charge fifty cents a month, and a horse and groom may be had for the same time for one dollar and fifty cents.