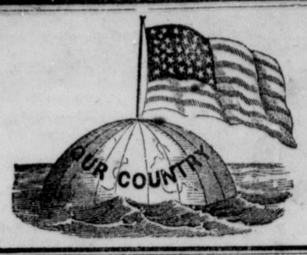
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The Kent News.

CHESTERTOWN:

SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 27, 1866.

DEATH OF HON. JAMES B. RICAUD.

We regret to announce the demise of this gentleman. He died at his residence, near this town, at ten o'clock on Tuesday evening last, in his fifty-eighth year. His illness was long and painful, but was endured with Christian fortitude and resignation, and he expired calmly, in hope of a blissful immortality.

Mr. Ricaud was well known and highly esteemed throughout our State. He had been repeatedly elected to high and important positions in the State, as well as Representative in Congress, where he served two consecutive terms. The last position held was that of Circuit Judge of our district, the duties of which he ably and impartially performed.

Mr. Ricaud was a man of talents, of generous impulses, and strict integrity. He was strongly conservative in all his views and opinions, and was a sincere and devoted friend of our Union. His death is sincerely lamented, and his many friends will long cherish his memory. His remains were interred in the cemetery attached to St. Paul's Church, in the lower district of our county.

NEGRO SUFFRAGE IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

The bill conferring the right of suffrage upon colored persons in the District of Columbia was passed by the United States House of Representatives on the 18th inst. by a vote of 116 yeas to 54 nays. All motions to amend, requiring property or other distinctive qualification, were voted down, and the House passed the bill as originally introduced by Mr. Kelly, of Pennsylvania. It confers the right of suffrage upon all colored men without any other qualifications than have heretofore been applied to whites, and is as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That from all laws and parts of laws prescribing the qualifications for electors for any office in the District of Columbia the word "white" be, and the same is hereby, stricken out; and that from and after the passage of this act no person shall be disqualified from voting at any election held in the said District on account of color.

Section 2. *And be it further enacted*, That all acts of Congress and all laws of the State of Maryland in force in said District, and all ordinances of the cities of Washington and Georgetown inconsistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed and amended.

Of the Maryland delegation, Mr. Francis Thomas voted in the affirmative, and Messrs. Phelps and McCullough in the negative. Messrs. Harris and John L. Thomas, Jr., were not present when the vote was taken. The latter gentleman afterwards asked to record his vote against the bill, stating that "he thought he had placed himself fairly and squarely against negro suffrage, qualified or universal," but the Speaker said the rule was that a gentleman could not vote unless he was in his seat. Mr. Thomas had made an able speech in opposition to the bill.

Some accounts state that it is believed the bill cannot pass the Senate in its present form; and if it should, that the President will veto it. A few days will determine the matter.

What do those people *now* think who have all along contended that there was no negro suffrage party in the country—that the advocates of that measure consisted of *a few* fanatical individuals—and that all declarations to the contrary were designed merely for political effect? In view of the recent emphatic expression of public opinion by the people of the District, is it not most time for them to change their mind?

WE desire to call the special attention of our readers to the advertisement in another column of "BAUGH'S RAW BONE PHOSPHATE," which is sold by Mr. Dugdale, the agent in Baltimore, and by his agents throughout the State. Since the high price of Peruvian Guano has put it out of the reach of farmers generally, the attention of the agricultural community has been turned to some of the Fertilizers most prominent before the public, in order to find a less expensive and equally efficient substitute.

"BAUGH'S RAW-BONE PHOSPHATE," the article alluded to, can be safely recommended to all who desire a Fertilizer sufficiently active to forward the growth of the crop, and permanent enough to insure a heavy yield of Grain, as well as to leave in the soil a sufficient quantity of fertilizing material for the action of future crops. We therefore recommend those of the community who have not used this popular Fertilizer, to give it a trial, as to those who have used it, this hint will be unnecessary.

THANKS.—Geo. Vickers, Esq., of the State Senate, and Messrs. Comegys and Usilton, of the House of Delegates, will accept our thanks for public documents.

THE REGISTRY LAW.

Meeting of the State Convention.

The State Convention, having for its object the adoption of measures looking to the repeal of the present disfranchising State registry law, met in Baltimore on Wednesday last. There was a full attendance, every county and the city of Baltimore being represented. Hon. Montgomery Blair, of Montgomery co., was elected President, with one Vice-President from each congressional district, and three Secretaries. On taking the chair, Mr. Blair made an earnest and impressive address, in which he said that "negro suffrage was a scheme for the establishment of despotism on this continent,"—that it "was a large and mighty scheme, conceived by adroit men, and being carried out by wily politicians *who knew no interest but their own.*" At the evening session an address to the people of Maryland was read by Judge Wm. M. Merrick, of Howard co., and unanimously adopted, after which H. W. Archer, Esq., of Harford county, read a series of resolutions reported by the business committee, the consideration of which was postponed till Thursday morning. The *Sun* says:

We have seldom seen a convention assembled in the city of Baltimore which so thoroughly represented the intelligence and influence of the State, as the one convened at Temperance Temple on yesterday, to express the opinions and wishes of the people, and to concert measures for the restoration of the privileges of the elective franchise to the great body of the citizens of Maryland. Distinguished gentlemen, who have filled the highest stations in the national and State governments, were there amongst the yeomanry of the counties, all inspired by a common sentiment—the desire of restoring harmony and cordial relations amongst all parties who have been separated by the accidents of the late civil war, and earnestly bent on vindicating the personal and political integrity, and restoring to their just political privileges the proscribed majority of the State. All party political differences seemed to have been obliterated from the hearts of the delegates. All seemed to feel the important influence which their deliberations might exercise in the present crisis of our State and national affairs. The prevailing tone amongst the members was that by-gones should rest with the dead memories of the past, and that in the great struggle with the radical element that now grasps the control of national and State affairs, was but one thought and one purpose, one policy and one aim to be accomplished, to prevent the political power of the country from being perpetuated in the hands of a small and dangerous faction, who, under the loudest professions of equal rights, are really endeavoring to pervert the character of our free institutions, and to make this government a creature of the few, ruled and governed through the numerical power of the African race.

The issue which radicalism has tendered in the halls of Congress of excluding the entire representation of the Southern States, and retaining them in a territorial condition, so as to force upon them the acceptance of negro suffrage, was distinctly stated by the Hon. Montgomery Blair, the president of the convention, as the absorbing political question of the future, and which must involve in its results the preservation or the overthrow of our system of constitutional government. He indicated very clearly that upon this question the sentiments of the President of the United States were in accord with the people of Maryland, and that he desired earnestly that the citizens of Maryland, and the citizens of all the States of the South, should at once be restored to their fair share in the control of the country, towards which they now harbor no hostile anticipation.

The address which has been adopted by the convention, and the resolutions which have been reported for consideration, generally breathe that calm, deliberate and firm tone which is unmistakable in its meaning. The address is as temperate in its language, as it is emphatic in setting forth the grievances to which the people of Maryland have been subjected. It is a dignified appeal to the sense of justice to the Legislature; it expresses confidence that the sober judgment of those who hold the political power of the State will do justice to all. It declares the duty of the people to exhaust all peaceable means to obtain redress of their grievances, and that the people of the State must continue to assert their demands until right is extorted from reluctant power.

THE LATE DANIEL JONES.

The following are the resolutions submitted by Mr. Vickers and adopted by the Maryland Senate, on the occasion of the announcement of the death of the Hon. Daniel Jones to that body:

WHEREAS, since the last session of the General Assembly of Maryland, it has pleased Almighty God, in his Providence, to call from labor to reward one of the members of this body, whose quiet and unobtrusive disposition, conscientious performance of his duties, and discreet participation in the proceedings of the Senate, his bland and courteous department won and secured the esteem and confidence of his brother Senators—it is, therefore, meet that we should accept the melancholy opportunity now offered to testify our appreciation of his character and the sense of our loss.

Resolved, therefore, by the Senate of Maryland, That we have learned with deep regret of the demise of the late Hon. Daniel Jones; and as a mark of the high respect entertained for the deceased, his official worth and private virtue, we wear the usual badge of mourning for the space of thirty days.

Resolved, That these proceedings be entered upon the Journal, and a copy thereof, attested by the President and Secretary of the Senate, be transmitted to the family of the deceased.

Resolved, As a further expression of our respect for the memory of the deceased, that the Senate do now adjourn.

A bronze statue of President Lincoln, costing $12,600, is to be erected at Brooklyn, New York.

MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.

During the present week petitions have been presented from several counties for a repeal of the Registry law. A bill was passed, in the House, to secure the completion of the Eastern Shore railroad by releasing the lien of the State in the road in favor of the holders of the bonds issued for the construction of said road to the amount of $500,000. The bill to allow the passenger cars in Baltimore to run on Sundays was rejected.

In the House, on Wednesday, a resolution protesting against enforcing negro suffrage in the District of Columbia, was offered and laid on the table. Resolutions were also offered endorsing Gov. Swann's message, but the House refused to suspend the rules to put them on their passage.—In the Senate the assessment bill was discussed and so amended as to give the Governor the appointment of the assessors.

The Legislature has before it a bill to regulate the working of the public roads in the State, requiring the mending to be done at certain seasons; and a bill to amend the license laws, requiring applicants to sell liquors in quantities not less than a pint, to be recommended by twelve freeholders.

GENERAL ASSESSMENT OF PROPERTY IN MARYLAND.

A bill has been reported in the Senate providing for a general assessment of all real, personal and mixed property in the State. It consists of forty-one sections. It is hoped the Legislature will give this subject special attention, as to longer defer the matter would work immense damage to the pecuniary interests of the State. The present unequal system of taxation has been a subject of comment throughout the entire State for a number of years, and the time has come when a new assessment cannot be longer delayed with any degree of justice to the credit of the State or tax-payers individually. The following are the main provisions of the bill:

The commissioners of the counties to appoint three property holders in each district to make the assessment, who are to proceed to business on the first of May next and complete the assessment by the first of December next.

All property is to be assessed at the full cash value, without looking to a forced sale, and all property owned by residents of the State, and not permanently located elsewhere within the State, shall be assessed to the owner in the county or city where he or she may reside; and they shall specify in their returns, as far as may be practicable—first, the name of the tracts or parcels of land, or the description thereof, owned by each individual, with the quantity of acres therein, and the value thereof; stock in trade, its description and value; third, public securities, liable to valuation, particularly specified, with their respective value; fourth, bank stocks and other stocks, particularly specified, with their respective value; fifth private securities; sixth, live stock; seventh, household furniture; eighth, plate; ninth, gold and silver watches; tenth, property of other descriptions, aggregate value of each. The said assessors shall have power and authority to require the owners, possessors, or claimants of land within their respective assessment districts to furnish such information with regard to the number of acres and location of said lands, as may be necessary to enable them to ascertain the value thereof, the same to be under oath or affirmation of such person or persons to be administered by some one of said assessors. That for the discovery of all property liable to assessment, every person shall be required by the assessors to give a full and particular account or statement thereof to such assessors, distinguishing in such account or statement the particular property which may be under his care or management from his own, which said account or statement shall be under the oath or affirmation of such persons, to be administered by one of said assessors; and such property or such parts thereof as said assessors shall require, shall, if practicable, be produced before the said assessors for their inspection and valuation. If any person shall wilfully refuse, or neglect to render such statement, he or she shall forfeit a sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, and the said assessors shall thereupon, upon their own knowledge, and on the best information they can obtain, value the property of such person to the utmost sum they believe the same to be worth in cash, and in their returns of said valuation they shall certify the refusal or neglect of the owner of such property, and the county commissioners shall assess such person according to the sum so returned, and the same shall be considered as the assessment; any person giving a false account or statement, shall forfeit a sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars.

Provision is made for the abatement of taxes, and a penalty of not over $1,000 imposed on any person removing or concealing his or her property to avoid the assessment. Owners may make an affidavit to the value of their property, and the assessment may be made thereon.

The bill then sets forth the duties of the assessors in making their returns, how they shall be made up, &c., and directs the comptroller to furnish them with full intructions in order to enable them to fully understand the provisions of the law. From and after the second Monday of December next, the appeal tax court of Baltimore city, and the clerks of county commissioners are to meet daily for the purpose of showing the value to every person holding or owning property in said city or county, and of furnishing such extract from said valuation as any such person may reasonably require. The county commissioners and the appeal tax court of Baltimore are required by the first of March, 1867, and annually, to make an alphabetical list of the owners of property assessed, &c., for public inspection, and to remain in session not over thirty days from the first Monday of January, 1867, to hear complaints and appeals from aggrieved parties, and may abate or increase the assessment where necessary.

The bill contains various other details concerning the duties of the appeal tax court, county commissioners, assessors, clerks, &c., and provides for taking appeals to the courts. Assessors are to be paid four dollars per day for every day actually employed, to be paid by the respective counties and Baltimore city.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION.—In the House of Representatives on Monday, Mr. Stevens, from the joint committee on Reconstruction, reported the following, proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States:

Resolved, By the Senate and House of Representatives, etc., two-thirds of both Houses concurring, that the following article be submitted to the Legislatures of the several States as an amendment to the Constitution, which when ratified by three-fourths of said Legislatures shall be valid, viz: Article—Representation and direct taxation shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed; provided that whenever the elective franchise shall be denied or abridged in any State on account of race or color, all persons of such race or color shall be excluded from the basis of representation.

This amendment is in substance the same as that submitted by Mr. Blain, of Maine, on the 8th inst. Both exclude negroes from being counted in the basis of representation excepting in States where they are permitted to vote. The object of the amendment seems to be, so to reduce representation from the Southern States as to make it an object for the people to confer the right of suffrage upon their negro population in order to secure proper influence in Congress.

THE TEST OATH.—Our Washington correspondence has indicated that the decision in the case of Garland before the United States Supreme Court, would be to the effect that the act of Congress prescribing the test oath of loyalty is unconstitutional. And it has been intimated in some quarters that it was for this reason that Mr. Thaddeus Stevens moved in the House of Representatives for the repeal of so much of this oath as applies to lawyers, as would prevent them practising before the Supreme Court. We have ourselves regarded this as a concession, honestly made, but one of the New York journals says that in fact it is merely throwing away part of the oath to save the rest, when otherwise the whole will be lost. It is moved, therefore, to repeal the point which has brought the question into the Supreme Court, and so stifle justice and keep certain Southern men under a disability which cannot be sustained whenever fairly brought up for decision. Altogether, if the representations on the subject be true, it is a most discreditable piece of partizan strategy to avoid a direct issue before the highest tribunal of the land, of which honest, manly adherents of either side of a question will never be guilty.—*Balt. Sun.*

A HARD HIT.—The New York Commercial Advertiser (Republican) thus refers to the class of Republicans in Congress who voted for negro suffrage there, but whose constituencies oppose it at home:

If it were only possible for the Republicans to be as honest in regard to suffrage in Connecticut, in New York, in Illinois, for instance, as they are in a community where they have no interest except as satraps, it would be an encouraging sign, but in the present infirmity of human nature we must expect to see them busy in removing motes from eyes south of the Potomac, while they wink at beams in the eyes east of the Hudson, and north of the Ohio. It is refreshing to see the names of the four Republican members from Connecticut recorded in favor of a measure repudiated by the Republicans of their own State. It shows how careful we are of the consciences of others, and how mindless of our own.

REPORTS FROM WASHINGTON.—A letter from Washington says:

"Strenuous efforts are being made to have the ways and means committee report adversely to a continuance of the tax on incomes, and to substitute a tax on sales. This, however, does not meet with much favor from the committee, and the tax commissioners now engaged in revising the revenue taxes are against any such change. They have prepared a bill in reference to distillers, requiring them to take out a license of one thousand dollars, to keep a government inspector at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars per annum.—Other provisions are thrown around them which will aid in the prevention of illicit distillation."

SPEAKER COLFAX AND THE TENNESSEE CONGRESSMEN.—The Nashville *Banner* of the 17th instant says:

We understand, from authority which we regard as perfectly reliable, that Governor Brownlow received a letter yesterday from the Hon. Schuyler Colfax, Speaker of the House of Representatives, in reference to the admission of the Tennessee delegation. In this epistle Mr. Colfax declares that he is for the admission of our Representatives on the ground that the State was organized during the war and before the close of hostilities, and also because it was the first State restored.

Hon. John Sherman has been re-elected United States Senator from Ohio for six years. His competitors were Gen. Schenck and Mr. Bingham, both members of the House of Representatives.

Baltimore Price Current.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 25, 1866.

White Wheat, per bushel		$2.30a2.80
Red "	"	2.10a2.30
White Corn	"	85a90
Yellow "	"	75a78
Oats (weight)	"	47a50
Rye,	"	85a90

MARRIAGES.

In Baltimore, on the 17th inst., by Rev. J. McCron, JAMES A. MERRITT to MARY L. CLAYPOOLE, all of Baltimore city.

DEATHS.

At his residence, near Chestertown, on Tuesday evening last, Hon. JAMES B. RICAUD, in the 58th year of his age.

On the 17th inst., near Galena, JOHN K. HANCE, aged 58 years.

At Worton Heights, on the 19th inst., MARGARET E., wife of William V. Lucas.

On the morning of the 19th inst., at the residence of his parents in Philadelphia, of Scarlet Fever, JOSEPH E., oldest son of Rev. J. E. and C. R. Smith, aged 4 years, 7 months and 13 days.

On the 5th inst., MOLLIE L., daughter of John and Ann Rebecca Parrott, aged 11 years and 3 days.

Little Mollie has been taken from her home and the Sabbath School; her willing feet have been stayed, her active hands are at rest, and her many little acts of kindness will be missed, but "God gave and He has taken." She can never return to us, but we can go to her in the bright world above, where there is no more death. AUNT MATTIE.

In Worton, on Thursday last, of pneumonia, THOMAS NEWCOMB, aged 57 years, leaving a widow and nine children to mourn their loss.

"We saw his sufferings, heard his sighs,
With throbbing hearts and weeping eyes;
But now he calmly sleeps at last,
All pain, all grief, all suffering past.
"Farewell, wife, children and friends dear,
Though absent from you, do not fear;
God will protect and comfort too,
So love each other as I loved you."

In Chestertown, on the 20th instant, in the peaceful assurance of the Gospel of the Son of God, Mrs. MARY I. MANSFIELD, in the 34th year of her age.

It is seldom that friends are called upon to mourn the death of one so extensively beloved as was this Christian lady. Her sweet face, and pleasing manners, and truthful heart, seemed to command the approval, and attract the friendships of all who had intercourse with her. Lovely in her life, she was equally happy in her death; assuring the anxious hearts surrounding her dying bed, that she had "not a doubt of her acceptance," that her "prospect was bright as the day," and repeating with peculiar pleasure her favorite hymn—

'O glorious home, my happy home, my home
beyond the sky,
Where the weary pilgrims all shall rest, and
never, never die."

Her disease, I believe, was Pneumonia, or Congestion of the lungs. All that medical skill, and affectionate nursing could do to save her, was promptly and zealously done. But He who doeth all things well, had said, "It is enough, come up higher," and she passed away to the world of blessedness and life to sing

"Safe at home."

She left a family of four most interesting children, to Him who hath said, "Leave thy fatherless children, I will preserve them alive." PARSON.

[Meth. Protestant please copy.]

TOBACCO and SEGARS—a large and well selected stock, just received and for sale cheap, by VANNORT.

LADIES' and Gents' black and fancy Kid Gloves, just received from Philadelphia, and for sale cheap by VANNORT.

CARD.

THE undersigned most respectfully inform their old customers and the public generally, that they have sold out their entire stock of Goods contained in store corner High and Court Sts., known as "*The Cheap Corner*," to Mr. H. W. VICKERS, and we take pleasure in recommending him to *your* liberal patronage as heretofore extended to us.

☞ Give him a trial.

Your most ob't serv'ts,
J. R. CHANCE & SONS.
Jan. 27—3t. Chestertown, Md.

A CARD.

J. OSBORN DUGAN returns his sincere thanks to the many kind friends of the late Mrs. Mary I. Mansfield, for the liberal patronage bestowed upon her, and respectfully requests all persons indebted to close their accounts, and all persons having claims against her to present them for settlement at her late residence, Main St., where the stock of choice, and well selected Goods will be sold out for a few days at reduced prices.

Chestertown, Jan. 27, 1866—4t.

C. B. ROGERS,

133 Market Street, Philadelphia,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

SEED WHEAT,
Canary, Hemp and Rape Seed,
Clover, Timothy,
Orchard, Herd, and
Kentucky Blue Grass Seed,
jan27-1m. GARDEN SEEDS, &c.

LIST OF LETTERS,

REMAINING in the Post Office Chestertown, January 26, 1866.

Apsley, John	Justis, Lewin
Arohen, M.	Kulp, William
Adams, E. C.	Lee, Mary
Bordley, Joseph	Logan, Thomas
Blake, Mrs.	Leslie, Mr.
Barkman, J.	Gleaves, Samuel
Burk, John M.	Miller, Ellen
Bryand, Joseph	Mathews, Alexander
Bowman, Wm.	Moor, Nehemiah
Benjamin, Catharine	Meads, W.
Cristy, Rachel Jane	Meads, C. G.
Chambers, Wm. H.	Nicksell, Fred.
Cox, John	Nickerson, Mr.
Dill, John 2	Nelson, A.
Ellender, J.	Oltham, A. H.
Groves, Daniel	Potter, Henry
Hambuss, Henry	Pell, William
Hackett, Sam'l C. W.	Stewart, James H.
Howard, J. J.	Start, John W.
Hacting, William H.	Sheppard, Thomas F.
Holland, Samuel	Thompson, Richard
Hawkins, Temp. A.	Toulson, H.
Haway, Capt. John	Toulson, John T.
Hawkins, Let.	Thompson, Philip
Haines, Jescia	Usilton, Eliza Jane
Hampson, Joseph	Woodall, Sarah
Harris, Thomas H.	Wright, Francis
Hutchins, William	Wilson, Henrietta
Hadaway, Caroline	Wilkins, Bray
Johnson, William 2	Wilson, Sörliner
Joyner, Sarah	Woodford, Annie

jan27-1t. JOHN W. COLLINS, P. M.

THE undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Kent and Queen Ann's counties to his large stock of Men's, Youth's and Boys' Water-proof, and heavy winter and *A* calf BOOTS, also Women's, children's and Misses Balmorals; heavy winter and fine kid, kip and morocco Boots, which having been selected with great care and attention, he intends to sell at prices to defy competition. It will pay to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. Our motto is Justice to all, and no trouble to show goods. Give us a call.

Jan. 27. WM. J. VANNORT.

A BEAUTIFUL assortment of Ladies' fine Breakfast SHAWLS. Ladies, Gents and Misses' Cloth and Wool Gloves and Doeskin Gauntlets, just received and for sale by

Jan. 27. WM. J. VANNORT.

VENDUE.

THE subscriber, being about to discontinue farming, except on a very small scale, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence between Still Pond and Churn Creek, on the Chesapeake Bay, known as Kennard's Point, Kent county, Md., on

Wednesday, Feb. 28th, 1865,

(if fair, if not the next fair day thereafter,) the following property, viz:

3 Head Horses,
AND 3 COLTS,

all of them young with the exception of one.

1 YOKE OF OXEN,

7 Milch Cows,
FIVE HEAD OF
YOUNG CATTLE,

1 Farm Wagon, 1 Ox-Cart, 3 Grain Fans, 1 Lime Spreader, new; 2 McCormick Reapers; also, Ploughs, Harrows, Cultivators, and other

Farming Implements.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

TERMS OF SALE:—All sums of and under $20 cash. All over that amount a credit of 9 months, on the purchaser giving note with approved security. No property to be removed until the terms are complied with.

DR. WILLIAM M. GEMMILL.

Jan. 27, 1866—ts.

THE FERTILIZER
For Maryland Lands.

Baugh's Raw-Bone Phosphate,

Containing 53 per cent. of Phosphate of Lime, and 4.05 " " Ammonia.

It should be borne in mind that the Phosphate of Lime in this article, being obtained exclusively from *Raw Bones* and a *true Bird Guano*, there is *no portion* of it *inoperative*, as in the case of *Super Phosphates* made from *Mineral Guanos*, but being entirely *Soluble* in the *Soil*, continues to *impart* its *fertilizing qualities* to the *crops for years*.

The *remarkable success* which has attended its use in *Maryland* and parts of *Virginia*, is a sufficient *guaranty* to induce those who have not tried it to do so.

The *Grain Crop* in the State where this fertilizer has been applied is supposed to have been *increased* from 25 to 50 per cent. by its use. While for *Tobacco* and *Grass Lands* its success has been *equally decided*.

The price in Baltimore is uniform with the Manufacturer's Factory price.

GEORGE DUGDALE,
Manufacturer's Agent,
105 Smith's Wharf, Baltimore, Md.

☞ For sale at Manufacturer's price, cost of transportation added, by

T. W. ELIASON & SON,
jan27-3m. Chestertown, Md.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

BY virtue of two writs of Venditioni Exponas, issued by John T Hurtt, one of the Justices of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for Kent county, one at the suit of John E. Lewis, and one at the suit of Jeremiah Peacock, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of William Peker, to me directed, I have seized and taken in execution, all the right, title, claim, interest and estate, at law and in equity, of the said William Peker, in and to, a

Dwelling House
AND LOT OF GROUND, at the lower Branch, near Galena; also,

Two Lots of Land,
at the upper Branch, near Galena.

And I hereby give notice, that on

SATURDAY, the 17th of February next,

at 10 o'clock, A. M., before the Tavern Porch of Mr. John Pennington, in Galena, I will offer for sale the said property so seized and taken in execution, by public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay and satisfy the debts, interest and costs due and to become due on said writs. WM. A. MILLER,
Late Constable.

Kent county, Jan. 27, 1866—ts.

The Hannah More Academy,

WILMINGTON, DELAWARE.

PRINCIPALS:—Misses C. & I. Grimshaw.
LECTURER:—A. H. Grimshaw, A. M., M.D.

THE second annual term of this long established Institution will commence February 1st, 1866.

The course of instruction in all the branches of an English education is thorough. French, Music, Drawing and Dancing are taught by competent professors. Particular attention is paid to the health and physical development of the Young Ladies. jan20 1m.

Peach Growers' Meeting.

THE Peach Growers of the Eastern Shore of Maryland and Delaware are requested to send Delegates to a meeting to be held at Centreville, Queen Anne's county, on FRIDAY, the 16th of February next.

This will be an important meeting. The subject of a uniform size of boxes, and other interesting matters affecting the interests of Peach Growers, will be before the meeting, and it is desired that every Peach section should be represented. KENT PEACH GROWERS.

January 20, 1866—2t.

NOTICE TO ALL.

THE undersigned has two NEGRO BOYS, one named John Wesley Nichols, the other Jacob White. In the fall of 1864 said boys were, by the Orphans' Court, bound to me. I claim, hold and defend said Boys as my property, and I hereby forbid and forewarn all persons against employing or harboring either of said Boys; and any one found disregarding this notice shall have the benefit of the *law* applied to their case.

jan20-3t. CHARLES TILDEN.

WANTED and FOR RENT.

THE subscriber will rent for the remainder of the year, the Blacksmith and Wheelwright Shops at Urieville, Kent county, Md. This is an old and good stand for business.

He also wishes to employ the services of a good, practical Miller, for his Urieville Grist Mill, and hereby gives notice that he will not be responsible for Lumber left in the Yard after it is sawed. W. T. SMITH,

jan20-3t. Urieville, Kent Co., Md.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

THE undersigned wishing to dispose of their Stock of Winter Goods on hand, prior to making their Spring purchases, are now selling all kinds of goods in their line at or near

COST PRICES!

All persons in want of Goods will find it to their advantage to call and examine their goods and hear the prices before purchasing elsewhere. A. W. SPARKS & SON.

RAG and HEMP CARPETING, for sale by A. W. SPARKS & SON.

Jan. 13, 1866.

WANTED.—50 bushels Corn, also, Butter, Eggs, Potatoes and Produce of all kinds in exchange for CHEAP GOODS, by

Jan. 27. WM. J. VANNORT.