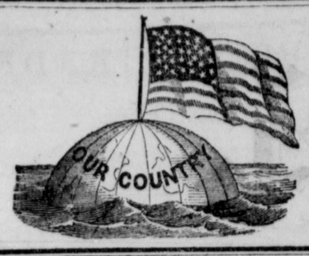
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The Kent News.

CHESTERTOWN:

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 24, 1866.

THE KENT COUNTY RAILROAD.
A New Route Proposed.

Our neighbors of Cecil seem to have suddenly waked up to the importance of making Elkton the terminus of the proposed Kent County Railroad. Each of the Elkton papers, of last week, had an article showing the supposed advantages of bringing the road to that town, none of which, however, seem to strike us as meeting the objects had in view by those most deeply interested in this new enterprise. A northern market, or rather a choice of markets, for peaches grown in this county, which interest is now immense, is perhaps the leading motive with those who have taken most of the stock. It is true there are other considerations which have an important bearing, in which all are more or less interested, such as an enhancement in the value of the lands of the county, which will be sure to follow the making of the road; the facilities that would be afforded for reaching the northern cities, together with an outlet for stock and produce of all descriptions, especially at seasons of the year when water communication with Baltimore is suspended.

We already have facilities for reaching the Baltimore market, by water, as quickly as could be done by rail via Elkton, and cheaper perhaps for both passengers and freight. Chestertown is but 55 miles from Baltimore by water, and Georgetown, on the Sassafras river, the remotest point of steamboat navigation on the Kent waters from that city, is but a short distance further. If Rock Hall, at the mouth of Chester river, is made the southern terminus of the new road, with steamboat communication from thence to Baltimore, thirty miles, the time to that city from Chestertown would be reduced to three hours, and from the remotest proposed connection with Delaware road not exceeding four hours. This route would do more towards securing to Baltimore the trade of the lower Eastern Shore counties than any alterations in the time-tables of the Philadelphia and Baltimore road that might be made, and which seem to have very properly engrossed the attention of the merchants of the latter city so much of late. As our readers may be curious to see what arguments the Elkton people advance in favor of making that place the terminus of the road, we give the following article from the *Cecil Whig* of last Saturday:

THE EASTERN SHORE RAILROAD.—Our neighbors of Kent are just now somewhat excited over railroad matters. The road at present claiming the attention of the citizens of Kent county, is proposed to intersect the Delaware Railroad at or near Middletown, passing within a mile and a half of Warwick, in this county. Some difficulty arising about the point of intersection with the Delaware Railroad, it has been advised than an effort be made to make the road entirely within the territory of Maryland, by extending it to Elkton and intersecting at this point the P. W. & B. Railroad. This would make the road some eight or ten miles longer, with the important advantages, however, in favor of Elkton as a terminus, of having it twenty miles nearer Baltimore, and of giving freight and travel over the road an equal advantage as to distance between the cities of Baltimore and Philadelphia. If the matter were properly represented to the capitalists and business men of Baltimore, we doubt not that a liberal subscription could be obtained in that city for the construction of the road to Elkton.

Much of the grading of what was formerly known as the Eastern Shore Railroad is done from Elkton to Chestertown, so that little expense would be incurred in this most formidable part of railroad building. We have understood that some of our most able men in the pecuniary line have intimated a willingness to subscribe liberally to the stock of the company if the terminus of the road is made at Elkton. This is an enterprise in which Cecil county, as well as the whole Eastern Shore, is deeply interested, and our people should at once wake up to the importance of having the road constructed wholly on Maryland soil. By building it on the route already graded, a great saving would be effected, and by having the terminus at Elkton, the road would pass through a rich and populous country, from which it would receive large quantities of freight that now finds its way to market by water; and by throwing the road farther from the Delaware Road, would form an immediate highway for freight and travel between the Delaware Railroad and Chesapeake Bay, two points which are now reached by long and laborious travel with teams.

We hope the project will receive the immediate attention of our enterprising men in this and the lower portion of the county and a correspondence be opened with those who have charge of the road in Kent county. Philadelphia is fast monopolizing the trade of the Eastern Shore, and if Baltimore does not make some effort to secure the terminus of this road as near that city as possible, which is at Elkton, we fear the entire trade of this shore will depart from her. The time for our people to move in the matter is now; and in concert with the business men of Kent, representing the project in its true light to Baltimore capitalists, we do not doubt that the road may be constructed entirely on Maryland soil.

PASSING COUNTERFEIT MONEY.—Chas. Hudgins, John Jester and Wm. Copper, of this town, were arrested on Saturday last, by government officers, on the charge of passing counterfeit fractional currency. They were taken to Baltimore on Monday and underwent an examination before U. S. Commissioner Isaac Brooks, Jr., which resulted in their commitment to jail to await the action of the grand jury.

A HANDSOME IMPROVEMENT.—Mr. W. A. Vickers, one of our most enterprising merchants, has just fitted up "the People's Store" in a very handsome and tasty manner. It has undergone a thorough renovation—the shelving, counters, windows, and doors have been newly painted, and the store now presents a really neat and inviting appearance. The judgment displayed in the arrangement of his extensive assortment of seasonable goods, shows that Vickers knows how to "keep a store," and to render facilities to his customers and the public in making their selections and purchases.

SALE OF A STEAMBOAT.—The steamer George Law, with all her machinery, tackle, furniture, &c., was sold at auction in Baltimore on Tuesday last, and purchased by Capt. J. C. Slaughter for $8,800. It is understood she will be continued on the Chester river line.

FIRE.—The dwelling house on the Mason farm, near Spry's landing, owned by A. J. Wallis, Esq., and occupied by tenants, was destroyed by fire on Saturday last. Loss about $1,200. No insurance. Origin, accidental.

THE steamer "Kent Island," formerly called the "Hugh Jenkins," made her first trip to this place on Tuesday last.—She has been thoroughly painted and fitted up in handsome style, and is now a first-class passenger boat.

WE are requested to say that Slaughter's line of Steamers will freight all articles intended for the Southern State Fair free of charge.

For the Kent News.

RESPECTFULLY INSCRIBED TO "A. R.," OF GALENA.

I herein pledge myself ready and willing to comply with your conditions, with the exception of the lucre, and that I think we could settle satisfactorily. Most certainly I would think nothing for you a trouble or task, and without doubt you should be my highest and holiest treasure. I am very much in earnest, and would like an interview immediately. You will favor me particularly by naming the time and place at an early day. I have thought of you often, A. R., since I read your reply. The fictitious initials do not blind me, and as I know you are as much in earnest as I am, I feel so anxious to see you. Do not disappoint me.

G. R. V.,
Near Locust Grove.

PEACH-GROWERS' MEETING.

At a large meeting of the Peach-growers of Kent county, held at the Court-House in Chestertown on Tuesday, March 20th, 1866, Isaac Parsons was called to the Chair, and John N. McDaniel appointed Secretary.

On motion, "Whereas the present size of Peach Boxes used in transporting fruit to the city markets, is both too inconvenient and heavy, to handle with that due care necessary for the preservation of the fruit, therefore

Resolved, by the Peach-growers of Kent county, that the boxes now in use should be reduced to the full regular bushel size, and that they unanimously agree to use that size, not only during the present, but in the future peach seasons.

Resolved, That a committee of six persons be appointed to ascertain and determine the proper dimensions of the bushel box proposed, so that entire uniformity may be observed in making the boxes, and the following gentlemen were appointed as said committee: Geo. B. Westcott, John Gale, Robert Nicholson, Horace Beck, Henry Jump, Robert E. Wallis.

The committee after having retired, reported the following as the proper dimensions of the bushel box: viz. 2 feet long, the head 14 inches width, and 8 inches depth, which size was agreed upon and unanimously adopted by the meeting.

Resolved, That the Peach growers will not employ agents to sell their Fruit, who will not require the purchasers to deposit 20 cts for each box used or loaned—said twenty cents to be refunded on return of the box.

Resolved, also, That the Peach growers will cut down their present boxes so as to hold the Bushel measure hereby agreed upon.

Resolved, That these proceedings be published in each of the county papers.

ISAAC PARSONS, Chm'n.
J. N. MCDANIEL, Sec.

FIRE.—We learn that the colored church in Spaniards Neck was destroyed by fire on Saturday night last. It is said to be the work of an incendiary. It is but an act of justice to those in that neighborhood to say that all the better-thinking portion condemn this act, and desire that the guilty parties should be brought to punishment.—*Md. Citizen.*

PATRIOTIC PUBLIC MEETING in CHESTERTOWN.

Pursuant to notice, a large number of the people of Kent county, friendly to Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, and to his policy of restoration of the Southern States, and opposed to the Radical extremists in Congress, and their disorganizing and destructive schemes, assembled at the Court House in Chestertown on Tuesday last, at 12 o'clock, M.

On motion of General George Vickers, the meeting was organized by calling the Hon. EZEKIEL F. CHAMBERS to the Chair, assisted by George S. Hollyday, Franklin Dyre, Caleb W. Spry, David Jones, and William Lamb, as Vice Presidents, and the appointment of the following gentlemen as Secretaries: John Gale, Dr. S. G. Fisher, Robert Nicholson.

Upon taking the chair, the President made some happy and appropriate remarks, containing the most judicious advice in reference to the support of the President, and of the Constitution, and of casting into oblivion all party names, feelings and prejudices, in the advocacy of the great and glorious cause in which they were engaged.

After the President had concluded, General Vickers arose and submitted a proposition, that the President appoint a committee of seven to draft and report resolutions for the consideration of the meeting, which being carried, the Chair appointed the following gentlemen: Gen. George Vickers, Richard Hynson, Joseph A. Wickes, S. W. Spencer, John Gale, C. W. Spry and R. W. Ringgold, Esqs.

On motion of Joseph A. Wickes, Esq., the Chairman appointed a committee of six to receive the Hon. Montgomery Blair on his arrival in town, and conduct him to the meeting, viz: S. W. Spencer, J. A. Wickes, R. Hynson, J. K. Hines, G. W. T. Perkins, Wm. Welch, Esqs., and Dr. Thos. C. Kennard.

The meeting then adjourned to re-assemble at 2½ o'clock, P. M., at which time it again convened, when it was ascertained, much to the regret of the large audience, that Mr. Blair had not arrived.

General Vickers, chairman of the committee on resolutions reported the following, which he read to the meeting:

1. *Resolved*, That we have entire confidence in the ability, integrity and patriotism of Andrew Johnson, and that in the great national crisis which is upon us, he will, with becoming firmness, administer the Government in accordance with its Constitution and laws, and protect and defend the Constitution and the Union.

2. *Resolved*, That the statesmanlike position assumed by President Johnson in his efforts to restore the union of the States under the Constitution, challenge the cordial and ardent approval and support of all true lovers of their country, without respect to former party names or predilections.

3. *Resolved*, That the veto of the Freedman's Bureau bill, a measure fraught with evil and designed to control the political condition of our own and other States at immense expense to the nation, and by a military Despotism, we cordially tender to the President of the United States our warmest thanks.

4. *Resolved*, That Andrew Johnson deserves immortal honor, for his manly and heroic resistance to the congressional majority, who, by their revolutionary schemes seek to destroy the essential and fundamental principles of our Government.

5. *Resolved*, That the civil war having ended, the country demands harmony and reunion, that there may be a return of the fraternal feelings and political relations that once existed between the States.

6. *Resolved*, That we heartily concur in the movements in the several states, to lay aside all former political differences and prejudices, for the purpose of rallying in support of the Constitution and the Union, and of the President of the United States in his efforts to preserve them.

7. *Resolved*, That the right to regulate suffrage exists exclusively in the States, and that the exercise of such a power by the General Goverment, would be a direct and palpable violation of the Constitution, and a flagrant usurpation of authority, to which a free people should never quietly submit.

8. *Resolved*, That we are opposed to all attempts to elevate the negro to a social or political equality with the white race, and that we repudiate and oppose all attempts by Congress or the State Legislature to endow the negro with the right of suffrage.

9. *Resolved*, That J. A. J. Creswell, Esq., who occupies a seat in the Senate of the United States, has, by his support of the Freedman's Bureau Bill and opposition to the President's veto, wilfully and grossly misrepresented the wishes and opinions of a majority of the people of Maryland.

10. *Resolved*, That the course pursued by the Hon. Reverdy Johnson, in the Senate of the United States, during the present session of Congress, receives our cordial approval.

11. *Resolved*, That the present Registration Law of Maryland is unjust and oppressive, and a stain upon the honor of our State, and in its administration has been productive of the greatest wrongs; we therefore recommend that a State Convention shall be called to meet in the city of Baltimore or Frederick, for the purpose of a thorough organization, to secure its repeal.

12 *Resolved*, That a copy of these resolutions be published in our county papers, in the Baltimore newspapers and in the National Intelligencer.

13 *Resolved*, That the Secretaries send a copy of these resolutions to the President of the United States.

The vote upon the adoption of these resolutions in the affirmative, was unanimous, decided, and enthusiastic.

Letters were read from the Hon. John W. Crisfield, of Somerset, and J. Morrison Harris, Esq., of Baltimore, expressing their regret at being unable to attend, and containing the strongest declarations of their approval of the objects of the meeting, and support of President Johnson's policy.

General Vickers then rose and addressed the assemblage at some length. He was followed by R. W. Ringgold, Esq., and the venerable President concluded the debate. The speeches were admirably received, and frequently applauded. During the progress of the proceedings three cheers were several times given for President Johnson, and at its close, the audience arose and gave three ringing hearty cheers for ANDREW JOHNSON, President of the United States.

Test: E. F. CHAMBERS, Chm'n.

JOHN GALE,
SAMUEL G. FISHER,
ROBERT NICHOLSON,
} Secretaries.

A NEW INSURANCE PROJECT.—The latest novelty is a Boiler Insurance Company, which it is said is now forming in New York on the plan of the Manchester (England) Boiler Association. It is proposed to insure against all losses arising from the failure of boilers under the inspection of the company.

LETTER FROM GENERAL VICKERS.

The following letter from our fellow-townsman, General George Vickers, was read at a meeting of the friends of President Johnson and those opposed to the Registration law, recently held at Princess Anne, Somerset county:

CHESTERTOWN, FEB. 28, 1866.

To LEVIN T. H. IRVING, Esq., *of the Central Committee for Somerset County.*

DEAR SIR: Your letter of the 21st inst. has been received, inviting me to be present at your proposed meeting of the people of your county, on the 6th March, and to address them upon the subject of the Registration Law and President Johnson's course in the present critical juncture of public affairs. My long absence from home, and the condition of my business, will preclude me from the pleasure I should derive in participating in the exercises of your meeting, on the subjects mentioned, in which I feel an intensity of interest and apprehension.

The Registration law never had any just foundation in the exigences of the State, and should never have had its incipient existence in the Constitution, but, as it was enacted during civil war, and *professedly* to preserve the Government from the hands of the disloyal, when arrests and imprisonments were of common occurrence, and the country excited, there is not *now* the *semblance* of an excuse for its continuance. It is a maxim, that when the reason for the existence of a law ceases, the law should also cease, because reason is the life of law. If the object of continuing the restrictions and disabilities of the law, is to preserve political power in the hands of the dominant party, it is unworthy of the statesman or the patriot.—There is a higher duty to be performed than that growing out of party affiliation; and a refusal to do justice to others, and persistence in violating the spirit of our institutions, must react with overwhelming force upon its authors. Such party prejudices may for a time be proof against facts, logic and enthusiasm, but must inevitably be overpowered by the accumulating force of public sentiment.

There seems to be an infatuation of the party in power; they do not appear to comprehend or appreciate public opinion, and the consequences that may follow an attempt to keep in shackles one-half of the people, and impose taxes upon them without allowing representation: they forget that the Revolution of 1776 was successfully fought upon that principle; the continuance of the Registration law a single day upon the statute book, is derogatory to the honor of our State, and repugnant to the principles and genius of our government. If we are united, repeal is certain and soon; no law based upon injustice and wrong, can bear the test of public discussion and popular indignation. Moral resistance becomes a duty and must be triumphant. Many of the best friends of the President are disfranchised by this law, and no man can be true to him and his policy of restoration, who advocates or sustains it.

The stand which President Johnson has recently taken in his veto message of the Freedmen's Bureau bill, should elicit the united approval of the conservative element of the country. His sentiments are worthy of the primitive and best days of the Republic, and of the heroes and sages that established it; it may as justly be said of that paper, as of Luther Martin's celebrated defence of Judge Chase, "*It presented nothing to be answered, and it left nothing to be added;*" it is both conclusive and unanswerable, and must receive the sanction of an enlightened public judgment. The country is in greater peril than when engaged in actual war; that was but a trial of prowess and endurance, and must have ended as it did from the force of numbers; but the present is distinguished by the rule of a factious and ultra majority in Congress, that appears to have no regard for the Constitution nor the spirit and form of our institutions.

The South has yielded to the supremacy of the National Government and seeks to resume her position in the Union; to restore the Union was alone the avowed object of the war, but *now* the only disunionists are found in the Radical ranks, who prefer the elevation of the negro, to the tranquility of the country and re-union of the States; the equality of the races, to the integrity of the Government. It is a sublime scene to witness the President of the United States standing up single-handed and alone, as a breakwater to resist the storm of political abolitionists; *they* seek to destroy, *he* to preserve; *they* are emphatically the destructives, he the preserver and defender of the Constitution; *they* are are attempting to demolish the beautiful edifice of constitutional liberty erected by our Fathers, while *he* is clinging to the pillars of the Temple and exposing his life in its defence! Shall not the American people, irrespective of parties, who love liberty, law, order and Constitutional Government, fly to the rescue of the noble patriotic President, and sustain and support him by their sympathies, approval and votes, and if need be with their lives. If the fair fabric of American liberty falls, let us fall by the side of the President, and share his fate in the ruins of the Republic.

May a good Providence save us and our institutions, in the life struggle in which the country is engaged.

With great respect, I remain
Your obedient servant,
GEORGE VICKERS.

LEMON JUICE IN DIPTHERIA.—Doctor Revillout, in a paper presented last summer to the French Academy of Medicine, asserts that lemon juice is one of the most efficacious medicines which can be supplied in diptheria, and he relates that when he was a dresser in the hospital his own life was saved by its timely application. He got three dozen lemons and gargled his throat with the juices swallowing a little, at the same time, in order to act on the more deep-seated parts. Dr. R. has noted eleven cases of complete success obtained by this method of treatment.

DEATHS.

At his late residence, Kennard's Point, Kent county, Md., on the 20th inst., Dr. WILLIAM M. GEMMILL, in the 67th year of his age.

On Sunday evening last, at the residence of her brother, Jas. H. Plummer, in Chestertown, after an illness of four days, of pneumonia, Mrs. SARAH A. JACKSON, relict of Charles P. Jackson, in the 47th year of her age.

EASTERN SHORE BACON—Hams, Sides, Shoulders, Faces, Jowls, Chimes and Backbones, all of superior quality, in store and for sale by WICKES & BRO.

GARDEN SEEDS, of various kinds, *Warranted Fresh*, SEED PEAS and BEANS of different varieties, lately received and now offered for sale by WICKES & BRO.
Chestertown, March 24, 1866.

FENCE BOARDS.

CARGO of first-rate LUMBER, consisting of White Pine Fencing and Culling Boards, Hemlock Fencing, and wide Boards, Scantling and Crib Slats, just received by
March 24. WM. VANNORT.

Pure Sugar Cane Seed.

SORGO and LIBERIAN SEED, raised by myself, and warranted pure, yield of syrup from 250 to 380 gallons per acre. Enclose stamp for circular.
EDWARD D. PORTER,
mh24-6t. Newark, Del.

MILL NOTICE.

I AM prepared to accommodate the community with sawing, either their own Timber, or I will furnish Timber to fill bills, at the Mill. My terms for sawing are $10 per thousand, except Hickory and Walnut. All bills made at this Mill, if not paid when the work is done, ten per cent. will be charged from date until paid. I will not be responsible for Lumber left on the yard.

I have a Dwelling House and Shop for rent.

All persons that have not settled their bills for work, or other bills, will please call and settle them.

WILLIAM T. SMITH,
mh24-tf. Urieville Mills, Kent County.

DRIFT LOGS.

CAME ASHORE on the "Hermitage" farm, at the mouth of Chester River, Kent Co., Md., a few weeks ago, a number of Timber Logs, of various kinds and sizes.

The owners are hereby notified to come forward, prove property, and pay the reasonable expenses of securing the same, within forty days. If not claimed within that period, they will be disposed of according to law.
COMEGYS COSDEN.
March 24, 1866—6t.

DRIFT LOGS.

OUT of the large lot of logs that by the late freshet were cast on the shore of Mr. Wm. Thomas, near Swan Point, Kent county, the undersigned has hauled up the bank about fifty Logs of different marks, so that they cannot be moved by wind or tide.

The owners are hereby notified to come forward, prove property, and pay the reasonable expense for securing the same, and take possession of them. GEORGE LEARY,
near Edesville, Kent county, Md.
March 24, 1866—6t.

NOTICE TO Petitioners for New Roads.

THE track of the Kent County Rail Road may so cut some of our county roads, as to make changes necessary. For this reason the County Commissioners have decided not to open or locate any new roads for the present.
JOHN RUSSELL,
Clerk to County Commissioners.
March 24, 1866—3t.

NEW GOODS FOR SPRING SALES.

EYRE & LANDELL,
FOURTH & ARCH STS., PHILADELPHIA,
ARE OPENING FOR
Spring Sales,

Fashionable New SILKS, Novelties in Dress Goods, New Styles Spring Shawls, New Travelling Dress Goods, Fine Stock of New Goods, Magnificent Foulards, Splendid Black Silks.

E. & L. have their usual assortment of STAPLE GOODS. Also, Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c., &c.

P. S.—Our prices are now arranged to meet the views of buyers. [mh24-6t.

HENRY HARPER,

520 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA,
WATCHES,

FINE GOLD JEWELRY,
Solid SILVER WARE,
and Superior Plated Ware,
mh24-3m. at Reduced Prices.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Circuit Court for Kent county, and to me directed, at the suit of Catharine M. Spencer, administratrix of William A. Spencer, against the goods and chattles, lands and tenements of J. Comegys Mann, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said J. Comegys Mann, of, in and to the following property, to wit:

THE FARM,

on which the said J. C. Mann now resides, commonly called "FANCY," containing one hundred and seventy-one and a half Acres.

ALSO, THE FARM,

formerly belonging to J. M. Comegys, containing 96 ACRES, lying on the road leading from Chesterville to Galena, adjoining the lands of Geo. W. Medders, Samuel Comegys, and Wm. T. Miller.

Also, part of Fairfield Moore and Addition, formerly belonging to Samuel Comegys, containing 4 ACRES.

WOOD LOT in Forest, formerly belonging to Lancelot Moffett, containing 20 acres.

ALSO, 11 HEAD OF HORSES,

3 Head of Cattle, 22 head of Hogs, one Carriage and Harness, 1 Sleigh, 1 Wagon and Harness,
Lot of Farming Implements, and a lot of Wheat seeded in the ground.

And I hereby give notice, that on *SATURDAY, the 14th of April next*, at 11 o'clock, A. M., at the Court House Door in Chestertown,

I will sell the said property, so seized and taken in execution, at public sale, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay and satisfy the said debt, interest and cost due and to become due thereon. WM. M. GILPIN, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Chestertown, March 24, '66. } 4t.

SOLDIERS' FAMILIES

CAN HAVE THEIR CLAIMS
For BOUNTY, PAY and PENSION
PROMPTLY COLLECTED.
ALSO,
PRIZE MONEY for Seamen, and arrears of pay due heirs of Officers of the Army and Navy by
WM. B. HILL,
Government Claim Office,
No. 70 W. Fayette street, Baltimore.
Full information given without charge. Letters must contain stamp. [d2-y.]

CHESTER RIVER LINE.

STEAMER KENT ISLAND,
CAPT. J. FRISBY TAYLOR,



For BALTIMORE, Centreville, Grey's Inn Creek, Kent Island, &c.

THE Fine, Large, coppered Steamer KENT ISLAND, having been put in complete repair, has commenced her trips between Chestertown, Centreville, Grey's Inn Creek, Kent Island, and the city of Baltimore, and will run as follows:

Leave Chestertown for Baltimore, every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and FRIDAY, at 7 o'clock, A.M., touching at Rolph's, Booker's, Corsica, Grey's Inn Creek and Kent Island.

Leave Light St. Wharf, Baltimore, for Chestertown, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY MORNINGS, at 7 o'clock, touching at Kent Island, Grey's Inn Creek, Corsica for Centreville, Booker's and Rolph's wharves, arriving at Chestertown and Baltimore about 2½ o'clock.

☞ No efforts will be spared to make the boat comfortable in every respect. Her arrangements for the accommodation of Ladies are very superior.

FARE $1.25. Meals extra.

All freight must be prepaid. For terms of freight or other particulars, apply to Capt. J. F. TAYLOR, or JAS. A. BURGESS Clerk, or
JAMES H. WOOD & CO., Agents,
170 Light St., Baltimore.
WM. H. PALMER, Agent,
March 24, 1866. Chestertown.

BUILDING LOT FOR SALE.

I WILL sell at Public Auction on *MONDAY, April 2nd*, 1866, at 2 o'clock, P. M., a LOT OF LAND containing ONE-HALF ACRE, situated in Galena, on the street leading to Georgetown.

THE IMPROVEMENTS are an excellent FRAME BUILDING, nearly new, twenty by twenty-four feet, two stories high. Peach, Apple, Cherry and Pear Trees of choice varieties, also Grapevines and Raspberries.

A rare opportunity for a Building Lot in this thrifty village.

Terms made known on day of sale.
WM. J. HALL.
Galena, March 24, 1866—ts.

Prices to Suit the Times!

JEWELRY. I have on hand a large stock, much larger than was ever before offered in Chestertown, consisting of the latest styles, and every quality, from the best 18k. down to common Jewelry, such as the people get when they draw prizes. I can sell for $1 such as are marked from 5 to $10 on prize paper.

All kinds of Plated Ware.

The best quality, which we can warrant, as all the plated goods, such as Castors, Berry Dishes, Syrup Cups, Sugar & Butter Dishes, Forks, Spoons, &c., are warranted to us, as we buy right from the maker's hand.

CLOCKS AND WATCHES.

Large stock on hand and must be sold. Full assortment of all kinds and quality of Specks, Watch Chains, good Rings, Thimbles, Scissors, good Pocket Cutlery, Port Monais, and in fact all kinds of fancy articles. The above stock will be sold at great deductions from former prices. Call in and examine for yourselves.
J. V. SMITH.

REPAIRING.—Having from personal affliction and a press of work, become very much behind, it now affords me pleasure to state that through the assistance of a good workman from the city, I have got up with my work, and am prepared, (still having a good workman,) to do all kinds repairing on the very shortest notice, with charges greatly reduced.
March 24, 1866. J. V. SMITH.

SPRING CLOTHING!

ELEGANT FANCY CASSIMERE
" PLAIN CASSIMERE
SUITS,
TWENTY DOLLARS EACH!
L. MBSTBAUM,
CLOTHING HOUSE.
March 24, 1866.

DR. J. SIMMS & SON'S Compound Vegetable Blood Purifier.

THIS preparation is composed of PURE HONDURUS SARSAPARILLA, combined in a large compound of valuable articles, possessing great purifying properties, and is prepared in the form of a pure Extractive Syrup, is very pleasant and agreeable to the taste, and powerful in its effect on all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood. It purifies the secresions of the Liver, Kidneys and stomach, keeping the bowels gently operative. STANDS UNRIVALLED
FOR THE
CURE OF SCROFULA OR KINGS EVIL,
Rheumatism, Mercurial and Syphilitic Diseases, Pimples, Blotches, and all discolorations of the Skin; Army; Itch, Tetter, Female Diseases, Womb Complaints, Liver Complaint, Chronic Ulcers, languid and weak Systems, Neuralgia, and all the long series of complaints requiring purifying medicine. As a spring and summer purifier it has no superior.

Price $1 per bottle. See our circular of Pure Family Medicines, around the bottle, for full description. Prepared only by
DR. J. SIMMS & SON,
Physicians and Druggists, Dealers in Pure Family Medicines, corner 4th and King Sts., Wilmington, Delaware.

☞ Sold wholesale and retail by S. S. Hance, Baltimore; Johnson, Holloway & Camden, No. 23 North 6th St., Philadelphia, and the Proprietors, and at retail by dealers everywhere.

TAKE NOTICE. This celebrated Preparation (Simms' Blood Purifier,) is prescribed by many eminent physicians, who, knowing its component parts, use it with great success in diseases arising from an impure state of the blood. Ask for it and take no other. [mh24.

MARYLAND, *Kent County Orphans' Court*, March 13, 1866.—On the application of Wilhelmina Oehme, Administratrix of Gustavus Oehme, late of Kent county, dec'd;

Ordered, That she give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of four successive weeks, in the *Kent News*, printed and published in Kent county.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid I have hereto set my hand and the seal of office affixed this 13th day of March, 1866. Test, JOS P. IRELAND,
Reg. of Wills for Kent county.

In compliance with the above order, this is to give notice, that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent Co., Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Gustavus Oehme, late of Kent county, Md., dec'd. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 16th of October, 1866; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 13th day of March 1866. WILHELMINA OEHME,
mh24-4t. Adm'x of Gustavus Oehme, dec'd.