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The Kent News.

CHESTERTOWN:

SATURDAY MORNING, OCT. 27, 1866.

For Comptroller of the Treasury:
COL. WILLIAM J. LEONARD,
OF WORCESTER COUNTY.

For Congress:
HON. HIRAM McCULLOUGH,
OF CECIL COUNTY.

For the House of Delegates:
WILLIAM WELCH,
HORATIO BECK.

Election, Tuesday, the 6th of November.

THE NEWS.

Mr. George Peabody has made an additional donation of half a million of dollars to the Institute which bears his name in Baltimore city. His donation for the founding of the institution was of the like sum of $500,000, so that his munificent gift to the people of Baltimore for the objects to be accomplished in connection with learning and art now amount to one million of dollars. Mr. Peabody has also just given $150,000 to found and maintain a Museum and Professorship of American Archæology and Ethnology in connection with Harvard University.

The official majority for Geary, radical, for Governor of Pennsylvania, is 17,135. The total vote cast was about 600,000, being the largest ever polled in the State. Last year the radical majority in the State was 22,660.

The Texas Legislature has rejected the Constitutional Amendment by the decisive vote of 67 to 5.

The Vermont Legislature has elected Hon. L. P. Poland and Hon. G. F. Edmonds as United States Senators to fill the unexpired terms of Senators Foot and Collamer, deceased.

John W. Forney has written a letter announcing that on the reassembling of Congress the bill conferring the right of suffrage on the negroes in the District of Columbia will be immediately passed.

THE CASE of THE BALTIMORE POLICE COMMISSIONERS.

On Monday last, in compliance with a previous notice, Governor Swann took up the case of the Baltimore Police Commissioners for examination. The Commissioners had been summoned to appear before him at Annapolis on that day, but declined to do so in person, and were represented by their counsel, Messrs. Thos. S. Alexander, A. Stirling, Jr., and H. Stockbridge. Wm. Schley and J. H. B. Latrobe, Esqs., appeared on the part of those preferring the charges. Before proceeding with the examination, the Governor made some remarks, in which he stated that he would "take up the case without prejudice, and with entire freedom from all political or partizan bias. He asked only that the laws of this State should be respected, and this he was bound, as its chief officer, to insist upon."

Mr. Stirling then read the reply of the Police Commissioners to the summons of the Governor, denying that they had been guilty of official misconduct, and denying also his right to try them. The counsel for the citizens then proposed to argue the question of jurisdiction, but the Governor remarked that he had arrived at the conclusion that by the express provisions of the law he had authority to adjudicate the case. The counsel for the Commissioners said that such being the decision of the Executive, their mission was ended, and they retired.

Friday (yesterday) was then fixed upon for hearing the evidence in the case, and the Commissioners were notified accordingly. It is rumored that they will not appear before the Governor, but let the investigation take its course without any interference on their part. This, however, will not prevent the Governor from considering and determining the case as though they were present.

MARYLAND POLITICS.—The democrats and conservatives of Somerset county have nominated Hon. Isaac D. Jones, Dr. G. R. Dennis and Geo. W. Parsons for the House of Delegates. No Senator to elect.

The same party in Dorchester county have nominated Dr. Francis P. Phelps, Sr., and Edw. Leeds Kerr for the House of Delegates. The Senator holds over.

The democrats and conservatives of Caroline county have nominated William G. Horsey and J. F. Dawson for the House of Delegates. The Senator holds over.

In Worcester county, the same party have nominated Levin J. P. M. Brodwater for the Senate, and Dr. H. R. Pitts, Wm. J. Aydelott and Wm. H. Gordy for the House of Delegates.

THE MARYLAND ELECTION.—It should be borne in mind that the election in this State this year takes place on Tuesday, the 6th of November; and not, as many suppose, on Wednesday, the 7th. The day was changed by the new Constitution.

CORRECTION OF THE REGISTRATION LISTS.—The Officers of Registration for this county will sit on Tuesday and Wednesday next, the 30th and 31st inst., for the purpose of correcting any omissions or other errors that may have been made in their respective lists. The Register for the first district will sit at Head of Sassafras, and those of the others at the places of holding the elections. Those persons who have been registered, and whose names did not appear in the printed lists, should attend and have the correction properly made. Persons who have not heretofore applied can also be registered at the final sittings. When the lists are completed it is made the duty of the Registers to prepare two fair copies thereof, and deliver one to the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the county, and the other to the Judges of Election at or before nine o'clock of the morning of the election.

ADJOURNMENT OF COURT.—Our Circuit Court adjourned on Tuesday last, after a session of eight days. The road case, in which Bartus Trew was plaintiff, and Mrs. Margaret A. Brown defendant, after occupying the Court for several days, was finally compromised—each side agreeing to pay its own costs, and the plaintiff to close the road at pleasure. Several other cases, of minor importance, were disposed of. The sentence of B. H. Gardner to four months' confinement in the county jail, was commuted by the Judge to one month. John Bowser, negro, convicted last week of stealing wood, was sentenced to the penitentiary for one year.

RADICAL NOMINATIONS.—The Radicals of this county held a meeting at the Court House on Tuesday last, and nominated Capt. A. L. Corey and Wm. B. Turbit as candidates for the House of Delegates. We learn that neither of these gentlemen was present at the meeting, and that on being informed of their nomination, both of them declined to serve. We understand that further efforts are to be made to produce a ticket.

JUDGES OF ELECTION.—The following gentlemen have been appointed judges of election for this county:

First district—Alexander Wilson, Wm. E. Cacy, Samuel L. Blackiston.

Second district—J. M. Comegys, Wm. Graves, James Willis.

Third district—Daniel Hanes, Jas. W. Skirven, James Gale.

Fourth district—John T. Dodd, Thos. Baker, Thos. P. Dixon.

Fifth district—Benj. F. Beck, Vachel Burgess, Owen Conolly.

LATE SEEDING.—Some of our farmers have not yet finished seeding wheat. The excessive rains of two weeks ago so thoroughly saturated the earth that low lands have only within the last few days become dry enough to cultivate. The early seeding, however, is up, and generally looking well.

THE LARGEST POTATO.—Mr. Jesse Jerome, residing on the "Curry farm," in Quaker Neck, has sent us a sweet potato, which weigh six and a quarter pounds. It is eleven inches long and eighteen inches in circumference. This is considerably the largest potato we have seen this season, and we feel inclined to challenge the production of a larger one. "Who can beat it?"

RE-OPENING.—The Rock Hall M. E. Church, which has been closed and undergoing repairs for several weeks, will be re-opened on Sunday, Nov. 11th. There will be service both morning and afternoon, conducted by Rev. J. B. Quigg.

PARTRIDGE SHOOTING.—The prohibitory period for shooting partridges in this State expired on the 20th instant, since which time many of our gunners have been enjoying fine sport. These favorite birds are said to be more numerous this season than for several years past.

MARYLAND AND DELAWARE RAILROAD.—This road has reached Goldsborough, Caroline county, and is expected to be completed to Greensborough in a few weeks. Goldsborough, named in honor of the treasurer of the company, is three and a-half miles from Greensborough, and trains leaving there reach Smyrna in one hour and a-half. The time from Goldsborough to Philadelphia is 6 hours 40 minutes, and to Baltimore 8 hours 45 minutes.

THE CHOLERA.—Since our last issue there have been three cases of cholera in town, none of which resulted fatally.—These cases appeared to be of a milder form than those previously noticed. Since Sunday morning no new cases have occurred, and our town is now apparently free from the malady. From Tilghman's Island we learn that the disease is also abating, though there is yet considerable sickness, principally of a diarrhea character. From Poplar Island we learn that Mr. Parks had a second attack, (from imprudence in diet,) of which he died, and also that a man named Harris died there of cholera this week.—*St. Michael's Comet.*

POLITICAL FUSION.—The State convention of the colored population of the State of New York have adopted resolutions claiming that the elective franchise should be bestowed on them without a property qualification. The resolutions also look forward to the consolidation of the colored citizens of the State as a distinct party or branch of the republican or radical organization.

IS, OR IS IT NOT, AN ISSUE?

THE Radicals have now two avowed negro suffrage papers on this Shore. One of these, the *Echo*, a small sheet published at Preston, Caroline county, asserts most positively that negro suffrage is *the* issue now before the people, and charges those of its party with hypocrisy who contend that it is not. It discourses thus:

There are, we venture to assert, as many persons in Maryland to-day, who in their hearts favor the cause of JUSTICE—and we mean by the word "justice," equality before the law and at the ballot-box—as there were who favored immediate emancipation in June, 1863. But for some unaccountable reason, they seem to have lost their moral courage. Whenever a blustering "rebel" or cowardly "peace man" wants to frighten a "radical politician," all that is necessary is to whisper "negro suffrage," and he is completely unnerved. The cry of "abolitionist" was not more terrible to the old Whig party, than "negro suffrage" is to the radicals of Maryland. They have *resolved* in almost every county convention that it is not an "issue." If not an issue, why are they so fearful of being accused of favoring it. Why all this shuffling and dodging?—* * * We do not understand the philosophy of such consistency. Have the radicals in Maryland all become cringing cowards?

The "reason" why it is not openly made an issue is not so "unaccountable" as the editor might suppose. The radical leaders know that they are holding on to some people who are honestly opposed to making voters and jurors of negroes, and that if they shake off the mask and show themselves in their true colors, these deceived ones will drop them like hot potatoes.—Thus is explained the "philosophy" of the "consistency" spoken of.

In another article on the Philadelphia Southern Radical Convention, the same paper eulogizes Judge Bond for his advocacy of negro suffrage in that body.—Hear it:

We were very much disgusted with the cowardly course pursued by the delegations from this State—with one glorious exception—that attended the Southern Loyalists' Convention, which met in Philadelphia, on the third of last month.—We never had much confidence in the moral courage of some of these men, but never dreamed that they would all but one give way in the knees, when such men as Jack Hambleton, Parson Brownlow, and others, who passed through the "fiery furnace" of rebeldom, stood at their backs.

When Judge Bond—the exception referred to above, and the only man in Maryland worthy to wear the mantle of the late Winter Davis—offered the convention the TRUE GOSPEL, and Southern Loyalists stood ready to receive it, our *brave* Senator, followed by the other delegates, like the jews of old, at once rejected it. The words of truth and soberness, embodied in Judge Bond's resolutions, were termed "a fire-brand;" and such a storm of invectives hurled against the sentiments expressed therein, that the resolutions were lost.

It is to be hoped, that when the next national convention of Loyalists meets Judge Bond will not be the only true representative in that body from loyal (?) Maryland. We hope Humanity will not again be compelled to blush for the conduct of those who claim to be her bravest champions.

GENERAL McCLELLAN.—The New York Journal of Commerce says: "Gen. McClellan has for two years past been withdrawn from immediate communication with the American public, and wholly removed from all our political complications. The health of his family has claimed his entire attention. He has passed the last summer at St. Mauritz, a remote and quiet bathing place in Switzerland, seldom visited by travelers, whither he was sent by the orders of physicians. At the latest dates from him he remained in this village, (the highest inhabited village in the world,) detained by the same causes which have guided all his movements.—The hotels were closed, and all summer travel had ceased; but, we are happy to say, he writes with more cheerful and hopeful prospects."

AN OPENING.—The radicals of Baltimore and Baltimore county are savage against Governor Swann. They have instructed their candidates for the Legislature, if they cannot re-elect Creswell, in no case to vote for the Governor for United States Senator; that they must vote for "the best rebel in the State," rather than for him. A gentleman in these parts claims to be the "best rebel," so called, in the State. He has left his name with us, and we are authorized to say they can have it whenever they are prepared to vote for "the best rebel in the State." We shall see whether the radicals are disposed to stand up to their instructions.—*Easton Star.*

RIOTS AT POLITICAL MEETINGS.—On Saturday afternoon last a serious riot occurred at Hagerstown, Md., where the radical party were holding a meeting. It seems that a disturbance commenced between certain persons professedly attached to each party, and that firearms were liberally used, resulting in the death of one man and the wounding of several others.

On the same day the conservatives held a meeting at Westminster, where a serious riot occurred, resulting in the shooting of four men, who were, however, not seriously injured. The parties concerned in these two disgraceful riots each throw the blame on the other, so that it is hardly possible to arrive at the truth. One thing is true—all good order-loving citizens should unite in denouncing such outlawry.

THE Preston (Md.) *New Echo* states that Mr. John H. Emerson, Assistant Assessor of Internal Revenue in Caroline county, has been removed.

THE EXCITEMENT IN BALTIMORE.

Proclamation of Governor Swann.

In view of the excitement which has been created in Baltimore in connection with the charges against the police commissioners of that city, and the threats of resistance to the removal of those officers in the event of the case being decided against them, Governor Swann, on Monday, issued his proclamation "solemnly warning the leaders of all illegal and revolutionary combinations against the peace and dignity of the State that, in the event of riot or bloodshed growing out of these revolutionary proceedings, they will be held to the strictest accountability, and the power of the State will be exhausted to bring them to prompt and merited punishment." The Governor indicates that it has come to his knowledge that not only are military and other combinations forming in the city of Baltimore for the purpose of obstructing and resisting the execution of the laws of the State, but there is reason to believe that similar combinations are attempted to be organized in other States, with the intention of invading the soil of Maryland, to deprive her citizens of their just rights under the laws, and to control the people of the State by violence and intimidation.

There is no doubt that an effort has been made, through inflammatory letters and telegrams from Baltimore, to arouse a feeling in the Northern States with the view of intimidating Governor Swann, in case he should conceive it his duty, after hearing all the evidence in the case, to remove the police commissioners from office. The people of one State are not likely to interfere with the local affairs of another unless instigated to do so by mischievous and designing persons.

It appears that Governor Swann has had an interview with the President on the subject. The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun*, writing on Tuesday, says:

Governor Swann has been here to-day, and had an interview with the President in reference to the political complications in Maryland. The subject was also considered in Cabinet meeting. Under the decision of the Supreme Court in the Dorr case, it is the duty of the President when called upon by the Executive of any State for aid in suppressing tumult or insurrection within his State which cannot be suppressed by the force under his control, to furnish such assistance. This will be done in the present instance should the necessity arise, but it is hoped that it may be avoided. The President has no right to go behind the call of the Governor, and will have nothing to do with the matter unless thus called upon.

The Baltimore papers of later dates state that the excitement in that city has greatly subsided, and it is hoped that the matter will be settled without a resort to violence.

THE PARTY OF MORAL IDEAS.—Butler threatens impeachment; Brownlow, torch and turpentine; Phillips, the block; Forney, civil war; Sherwood, murder; Stevens, the penitentiary of hell; Hunnicutt, death and hell. The latter, at Albany, said in his speech to the crowd gathered about the station:

"If the next Congress does not give us universal suffrage, we will roll up our sleeves and pitch in, and we'll have the damndest revolution the world ever saw."

The above is a fair sample of the threats in which the "advanced men" of the radical school indulge, and yet if people talk of resistance to such monsters, "they are planning another rebellion," "trying to get up another war," &c., &c.

DWELLING HOUSES FOR THE POOR OF NEW YORK.—A short time ago Mr. A. T. Stewart, of New York, offered most generously to give one million of dollars for the erection of dwelling houses for the poor of that city, provided the land on which to erect them was furnished. The *Tribune* a few days ago contained a communication signed "J. H.," in which the writer says: "Fully appreciating Mr. Stewart's munificent offer, I now propose to furnish lots enough in this city on which to erect as many buildings for the purpose proposed as the money offered by him will build." If this is a responsible offer there is a chance for the project being put into immediate execution.

INTERNAL REVENUE RECEIPTS.—The receipts from the Internal Revenue sources exclusively, up to this date, amount to over $115,500,000, which is in excess of $1,000,000 *per diem* from the beginning of the present fiscal year, the first of July. It is believed the income from this source will reach to nearly the same figures as those of last year, which will be largely in excess of the amount estimated and required, leaving a heavy surplus to be appropriated to the liquidation of the National debt.

COLORED SUFFRAGE.—The executive council of the colored men of New Jersey have begun three suits, two in the Supreme Court of that State and one in the Circuit Court of the United States, to test whether a black man has a right to the franchise, and contend that any State disfranchising its citizens on account of color "is in that respect anti-republican and in violation of the constitution of the United States, which guarantees a republican form of government to every State."

HEAVY TAX BILLS.—It is announced that a single firm in New York, who are well-known tobacconists, pay the Government internal revenue duties, upon their manufactured tobacco, an average of $70,000 a month, and that their entire taxes, including licenses, income and other taxes, during the year amount to considerably more than $1,000,000. The well-known house of A. T. Stewart & Co., in New York, besides over $400,000 income tax, pays the Government millions of dollars annually in the shape of customs.

LETTER OF SECRETARY BROWNING.

Publicity has been given to an important letter from Hon. O. H. Browning, Secretary of the Interior, which was written to some of his former constituents in Illinois, and which, it is stated, on being submitted to the President, he fully approved and desired it to be made public, with the understanding that it fully represented his present position. The paper opens with a consideration of the tendencies to danger in public affairs, chiefly from the centralization of power in the general government and the absorption of many of the powers and prerogatives of the executive and judiciary by the legislative department. The argument upon these premises is clear and forcible, and chiefly directed against the tendencies of the proposed constitutional amendment, the writer concluding that "it is impossible to maintain our wise and happy form of government without preserving the independence and sovereignty of the States within their appropriate and constitutional spheres."

He concludes with an elaborate defense of Mr. Johnson's policy for restoration of the Union, showing that in principle it is the same as that of Mr. Lincoln, which the radicals attempted to overturn at their Cleveland Convention, called after Mr. Lincoln's nomination to the Presidency. Speaking more particularly of the President himself, Secretary Browning says:

I am sure no man can be sincerer in his purposes to preserve the Constitution and save the country than he is. No man can be actuated by a purer patriotism, or be more averse to usurpation of power. He has not violated the Constitution in the past. He intends no infraction of it in the future, but he does intend a firm and faithful performance of all the trusts which that sacred instrument has devolved upon him. With every disposition to be charitable toward those who differ with me in opinion, it is difficult to believe them sincere in charging the President with intention of violently forcing Rebels into Congress and giving them control of the Government. What act has he ever done that gives the slightest sanction to such a charge? Not one can be specified. He has neither transcended his own powers, nor invaded those of the co-ordinate departments, and the only pretext for the charge is not what he has done, but what he has said, in declaring again and again his conviction that it was the duty of Congress to obey a plain constitutional provision, and each House for itself to judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of each individual presenting himself as a member.

THE APPROACHING MASONIC DEMONSTRATION.—The interesting ceremonies attending the laying of the corner-stone of the new Masonic Temple, on North Charles street, are to take place on the 20th of November. The Grand Lodge of Maryland has extended an invitation to all Master Masons, Companions and Sir Knights in good standing in the United States to participate on the occasion, which is designed to be a grand renewal of the fraternal relations which have heretofore existed among the members of the order.—*Balt. Sun.*

NEGRO JURYMEN.—The Boston Commonwealth states that at present there are four colored jurymen serving in the various courts of that city; one in the Superior Court for criminal business; one in the first session of the Superior Court, for civil business; and two in the second session.

"CHESTERTOWN is getting more like New York every day," is a common saying in our town. Houses are being built wherever a lot can be purchased—old ones being rebuilt and improved. Mechanics are so busy that it is almost impossible to get a small job done. Certainly it does look like city. You go into the neat store room of WM. A. VICKERS and see such a splendid stock of Goods, that would be a credit to a City store. VICKERS will do the business.

Baltimore Price Current.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 25, 1866.

White Wheat, per bushel		3.20a3.30
Red " "		2.90a3.18
White Corn "		116a120
Yellow " "		105a108
Oats (weight) "		57a58

Wilcox & Gibbs Sewing Machine.

"Its seam is stronger and less liable to rip in use or wear than the Lock-Stitch." ["*Judges' Report,*" *at the* "*Grand Trial.*"]

Send for the "Report," and samples of work, containing *both* kinds of stitches, on the same piece of goods.

☞ SALESROOMS NO. 8 N. CHARLES ST., BALTIMORE, MD.

oc13-6m. D. C. CARY, Agent.

MARRIAGES.

On Tuesday, 23d instant, at Bell Air, by Rev. J. B. Quigg, VINCENT LEE to SARAH E. REED, both of this county.

DEATHS.

In Baltimore, on the 18th instant, MARGARET N., wife of Edwin P. Janvier, in the 33d year of her age.

TO THE LADIES!

MRS. SARAH PEARCE,

INVITES the attention of the Ladies to a fine assortment of new and fashionable MILLINERY and FANCY GOODS, suitable for the Fall and Winter, which will be sold at the lowest prices. Call and examine her stock. Store up town, at the extreme end of Main Street. oc27-3t.

Horse Stolen.

A BAY HORSE, about 14 years old, was stolen from the subscriber's field on the night of Oct. 23rd. I will give $10 to any person returning said horse. WM. B. WILMER,

oc27-3t. Near Kennedyville, Kent Co.

NOTICE.

ALL persons are cautioned against trespassing on my inclosures with dog, gun, or otherwise, from this date.

Oct. 27, 1866. HENRY COHEE.

NEW GOODS,

Received and Opened on MONDAY MORNING, BY

Thomas S. Wickes.

Fine Cassimere Clothing!

Fine Black Cloth Clothing!

LOW-PRICED CLOTHING!

A FULL LINE of all the above just purchased, made up from superior Goods and cut in the most approved style, and offered for sale upon reasonable terms, by THOMAS S. WICKES.

October 27, 1866.

KERSEY AND YARN, a large supply now in store and for sale at Factory prices, by THOMAS S. WICKES.

Oct. 27.

A large stock of HEAVY WINTER BOOTS for Men, Youth's, and Boys, just opened, and for sale at low figures, by THOMAS S. WICKES.

Chestertown, Oct. 27, 1866.

A STATEMENT

OF THE

RECEIPTS & DISBURSEMENTS

OF THE

Board of School Commissioners

OF KENT COUNTY,

For the Year ending June 30, 1866.

To Cash received from Old Board of School Commissioners,		$ 53 15
For Permits,		35 00
From Treasurer of State, School Tax,	Sept. 29, 1865,	3,284 55
do. do.	Nov. 28, 1865,	2,072 84
do. do.	Feb'y 1, 1866,	2,072 84
do. do.	April 3, 1866,	2,072 84
do. do.	July 14, 1866,	1,461 76
Public School Tax, July 20, 1866,		2,247 67
		$13,300 65
By amount paid for Teachers' Salaries—		
Comm'r Dist. No. 1,	$2,419 54	
do. No. 2,	2,219 54	
do. No. 3,	2,645 95	
do. No. 4,	2,677 95	
Incidental expenses,	1,328 17	
Amount paid State Board of Education for books,	1,781 96	
Balance in hands of Treasurer,	227 54	
		$13,300 65

The above statement is published in accordance with Section 12, chapter 4, of article—of Public General Laws of Maryland, entitled "Public Instruction."

J. W. HINES,
Treas. B. S. Comm'rs Kent Co.

Oct. 27, 1866—3t.

FALL & WINTER CLOTHING.

THE LATEST STYLES.

FINE ASSORTMENT OF ALL KINDS OF READY-MADE CLOTHING, &c.

HOME MADE BOOTS very low price, Hats and Caps of the Latest Styles.

I. FRANK,

at the Voshell House Corner.

R. STRAUSS, Salesman. oc27.

KENT COUNTY, To Wit:

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that Samuel C. Lecompt, farmer, of Broad Neck, Kent county, brought before me, the subscriber, a Justice of the Peace in and for said county, as a Stray, trespassing upon his enclosures, one LARGE PALE-RED STEER, with underbit mark in the left ear, very large horns, and rather lighter under the belly than other parts of the body. Given under my hand this 25th day of October, 1866. JAMES GRAVES, J. P.

The owner of the above described Steer is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take it away.

o27-3t SAMUEL C. LECOMPT.

U. S. BOUNTIES.

ALL SOLDIERS whose discharges have been left with me for the collection of Bounties, under Act of July 28, 1866, are hereby requested to call immediately and execute the necessary papers for the collection of the same. I am now fully prepared with the required blanks. W. D. BURCHINAL.

P. S.—In my absence J. N. McDANIEL, Esq., will attend to the same. [oc20-tf.]

FISK & HEMANS,

Correspondents,

WILL prepare Literary and Valedictory Addresses, Poems, Verses, Obituary Notices, Acrostics, Dedications, Lines for Albums, Essays and Communications.

Declamations selected, or prepared for Students, applicable to Exhibitions, Commencements and other occasions. Parties wishing articles, will state circumstances and for what they are intended. Strict confidence preserved.

Address, FISK & HEMANS,

oc20-3m. Baltimore, Md.

Strayed

FROM the subscriber, near Kennedyville, on or about the first of September, Seven large White HOGS, three of them marked with hole in right ear, and four not marked. Also, three small white Shoats. Any information pertaining to them will be thankfully received and rewarded.

oc20-3t. WILLIAM McCAULEY.

Caution.

ALL persons are warned not to trespass on the premises of the undersigned, on the Baker Farm, with dog, gun, or otherwise, after this date, under penalty of the law.

Oct. 20, 1866—3t.* JAMES PEARCE.

Caution.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned from trespassing upon the premises of the undersigned, in Queen Anne's county, with dog, gun, or otherwise, after this date.

JOHN KIBLER,

Oct. 20,'66—3t* Adjoining Round Top.

FRANK S. COX,

Life and Fire Insurance Agent,

VOSHELL HOUSE, CHESTERTOWN.

oc20-3t*

Drift Logs.

TWENTY-TWO WHITE PINE LOGS, of different marks, were taken up adrift and secured by the undersigned in April last, and are now upon our Wharf in Chestertown.

The owner or owners of said Logs are hereby notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away, within forty days from this date, or they will be disposed of according to law. THOMPSON & LEE.

Oct. 20, 1866—6t.