msa_sc2901_scm8624-0033 ©Maryland State Archives

The Kent News:

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, AT
CHESTERTOWN, KENT COUNTY, MARYLAND.
Office in the Masonic Hall.

JAMES H. PLUMMER. WM. B. USILTON.
PLUMMER & USILTON,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Terms of Subscription:

TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance; or, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing, $2.50 may be charged.

LOCAL and other correspondence solicited.

AS AN EVIDENCE of good faith all communications addressed to THE NEWS must be accompanied by the writer's full name and address

Kent News.

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER: Devoted to General and Local Intelligence and Literature; Agricultural, Horticultural, and Mechanical Interests; Politics and Advertising.

Vol. 43. CHESTERTOWN, MD., SATURDAY, AUGUST 5, 1882. No. 14.

BOOCH PRATT BALTO. FREE LIBRARY

ADVERTISING:

Advertisements occupying the space of eight lines, brevier type, will be inserted three times for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion. Obituaries at one-half advertising rates.

No gratuitous advertising. Calls for meetings, concerts, excursions, &c., for charitable, religious or other purposes, must be paid for the publishers standing on an equal footing with others ready to contribute toward such objects as they may feel an interest in.

JOB-PRINTING:

HANDBILLS, CARDS,
CIRCULARS, BLANKS, &c.
executed with neatness and dispatch, and a reasonable prices.

Everything High except Clothing!

THAT IS TO SAY, AT THE

"STAR" CLOTHING HOUSE

Under the "Kent News" Office, CHESTERTOWN, MD.,

It costs more to live to-day than it has for many years past, and yet to-day we sell better quality Clothing for less money than we ever did. The HOW and WHY of this re[illegible] exception would be a long story. The strictly cash nature of our bus[illegible]—no credits asked in buying; no credits given in selling;—the careful econ[illegible] secured by personal attention to details, are among the causes which [illegible] our goods cheaper to you than they can be elsewhere.

WE HAVE PAID FOR all our goods and they BELONG TO US, and we [illegible]afford to sell them at a very small profit. Not compelled to charge exorbitant [illegible]ncy prices that other houses do who sell goods on *commission* or *long credit.*

Some Strong Points:

[illegible]N EIGHT DOLLAR CASSIMER SUIT as good and the same kind other houses sell for TEN DOLLARS.
[illegible]TEN DOLLAR SUIT that is wonderful money's worth.

A wide and handsome variety to choose from.

[illegible]ts for dress in plain and fancy goods of the very latest and most stylish cuts at prices below the market in every case.
[illegible]ods are all new and first class in every respect; never bought old stock and sold them as new goods as others do
[illegible]COME and examine our stock, and be convinced that our goods are better [illegible]s lower than any other house on the Shore.
[illegible]'S CLOTHING of all the nobby and reliable styles at special Low prices. Don't forget to give us a call and examine our goods.

A. FRIEDMAN,

[illegible]y 27, 1882. Under the KENT NEWS Office, CHESTERTOWN, MD

[illegible]argains! Bargains! Bargains!

[illegible]LORIOUS PROSPECTS!

GRAND RESULTS!

[illegible]RAND CLEARING-OUT SALE WITHOUT REGARD TO COST!
Every Garment in our house reduced to astonishing low figures.

[illegible]ITS at $7.50, cost $10 to manufacture.	BOYS' SUITS $4.00, cost $5 to manf.		
" 10.00 " 13.50	" " 5.00 " 7.00		
" 12.00 " 16.00	" " 6.00 " 8.00		
" 15.00 " 18.00	" " 8.00 " 10.00		

[illegible]BARGAINS! BARGAINS! [illegible]ARGAINS!

We have too many goods on hand and are determined to sell our entire stock of [illegible]clothing far below Cost rather than carry any over, and for this reason will offer for the next SIXTY DAYS, such bargains as will compel you to buy.

Note this fact. We have just purchased one hundred SOLID WOOL SUITS at one-half their value, and can and will sell them at one half the original retail price. These bargains you will miss unless you call early.

We are selling **STRAW HATS** for whatever they will bring, as we want to close them out. Remember we do this because we think it more profitable to sell these goods, even far below Cost, and invest the money in winter stock, than to pack the goods away until next summer. Now if you want a good suit go to BORDLEY BROS. Clothing House and secure one at a small price.

Respectfully, &c.,

BORDLEY BROS.,
CHESTERTOWN.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.—We do not handle goods on commission, neither do we sell cheap moth-eaten, auction goods. July 8, 1882.

DO YOU REALIZE

THAT RIGHT HERE IN CHESTERTOWN,

At PIERCE'S BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

[illegible]s the Neatest, Nicest and CHEAPEST ASSORTMENT of BOOTS AND SHOES you ever saw?

[illegible]T. D. PIERCE GIVES his exclusive attention to the **BOOT and SHOE Business,** [illegible]d has a perfect collection of SPRING & SUMMER FOOT WEAR unsurpassed [illegible], Style, Elegance and Finish. We are prepared to prove it. Call and see for yourself.

T. D. PIERCE, Chestertown, Md.
OPPOSITE THE BANK.

[illegible] N. B.—Measures taken for Ladies' and Gents' Fine Shoes. Fits guaranteed.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

[illegible]OTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county letters testamentary on the personal estate in Kent county, Maryland, of

CAROLINE PERKINS,

late of Kent county, Maryland, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of January 1883, otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefit in said estate. Given under my hand this 11th day of July, 1882.

EBEN F. PERKINS,
July 15, 1882—4t. Executor.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

[illegible]OTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Kent county Letters [illegible]ary on the personal estate in [illegible]y, Maryland, of

[illegible]LLIE M. PERKINS,

[illegible]ounty, Maryland, dec'd. [illegible] having claims against the [illegible] estate are hereby warned [illegible]me, with proper vouchers, [illegible]ed, on or before the 13th [illegible] or they may by law be [illegible] benefit in said estate.

[illegible] hand this 11th day of

[illegible]HAS. H. BAKER,
Executor.

Harrison W. Vickers. J. Thomas Rowley.

VICKERS & ROWLEY,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND.
ap29y.

Roofing & Spouting,

TINWARE AND STOVES.

WM. A. BISCOE, Having practical experience in the Tin business, is prepared to do all kinds of

ROOFING and SPOUTING

at the very lowest prices for cash.

TINWARE on hand and manufactured to order. Also, Sheet-iron work Stovepipe, Lard Cans, fire-boards, &c., for sale. All kind of Heater and Stove work promptly attended to.

REPAIRING of all kinds a specialty
A share of public patronage solicited.
W. A. BISCOE.
Nov. 6. CHESTERTOWN.

MILLINERY!

MRS. KATE GILL Has just opened a beautiful line of Millinery and Fancy Goods, for Spring and Summer wear, which includes the latest styles in

HATS, BONNETS,

Ribbons, Flowers, Laces, Neck Wear, [illegible] all the v[illegible]ous kinds of goods—

The BEST and the CHEAPEST!

The American

FRUIT DRIER

OR

PNEUMATIC EVAPORATOR.

THE undersigned, agents for the American Manufacturing Co., of Pennsylvania, for the sale of their AMERICAN FRUIT DRIER in Kent County, respectfully request all FRUIT GROWERS who are in want of a

FRUIT DRIER

to call on either of them and examine this Drier before purchasing. It is built in

FIVE SIZES,

with capacities from 6 to 150 baskets of Peaches per day, and is the *CHEAPEST DRIER IN THE MARKET* considering its many advantages. A full descriptive catalogue furnished on application.

Address WM. P. NORRIS,
Lynch's, Kent co., Md.,
J. C. SLAUGHTER,
apr8-tf. Chestertown, AGENTS.

STRAW.

THE Chestertown Straw Board Company desires to purchase STRAW, either to be delivered at their Mill or to be hauled by the Company. Those anticipating a sale of their Straw should have it well put up in stacks or ricks, so as to keep it dry and sound. It must also be FREE FROM CHAFF.

The Company is now prepared to make purchases for future delivery.

For further information call on or address

C. T. WESTCOTT, PRES'T,
or T. W. ELIASON, JR., TREAS'R,
Chestertown, Md.
June 17, 1882—tf.

Go to the New Eye Dae!

NEW STORE!

New Goods!

BALTIMORE & PHILA. PRICES!

[illegible] by that he has opened a FINE STORE in Chestertown, with a large and well selected stock of

BONNETS.

JOCKEYS, trimmed and untrimmed, of the latest styles; also, a large stock of

Gross Grain & Satin Sash & Trimming, Ribbons, all shades, colors & widths, Flowers, Feathers and Laces of every description.

Dress and Cloak Trimmings.
Satins, Fringes, Crapes,
Ladies & Gents' Undergarments,
Ladies', Gents' & Children's Kid and other kinds of Gloves.

Jewelry, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Corsets,

Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods,

NOTIONS of all kinds and many different articles too numerous to mention. We buy all our goods for cash, and therefore are able to sell all goods as cheap, if not cheaper than any Baltimore or Phila. store. Our motto is Quick Sales and Small Profits.

J. CANTORWITZ,
opp. Post Office,
April 15. CHESTERTOWN.

FARMERS' GOODS!!

Farmers' Goods!

A Large assortment of

Shovels, Spades, Hoes, Rakes, Forks, Grub Hoes, Picks, Tree Axes, Hedge Trimmers, Pruning Knives, Shears, Saws, Bill Hooks,

Bramble Scythes and Snaths,
Webbing & Buckles for Plow harness;
GARDEN SEEDS,
ROCK SALT! ROCK SALT!

Plow Lines, Traces, Hames, Farm Bells three sizes; Cow and Sheep Bells, and a large assortment of Sheep Shears.

J. K. ALDRIDGE.
April 1, 1882.

SUMMER, 1882.

FAMILY GROCERIES

FLOUR and FEED.

WM. J. McFEELY,

At the old Post Office Corner, Chestertown,

Has now open a large stock of Seasonable Goods, embracing in part

Foreign and Domestic GROCERIES,

Foreign and Domestic Fruits and Candies, Jellies, Preserves, Spices, Pickles, Sauces, &c.
Also, Canned Goods in great variety, such as Tomatoes, Corn, Beans, Peaches, Pineapple.
Ham, Beef, Lobster, Spanced Mackerel, &c.
Crackers and Cakes in variety; also, Sugars, Coffee, Tea, Syrup and Molasses.
CIGARS and TOBACCO a specialty; and indeed an endless variety of articles such as is kept in

A First Class Groc[illegible] Store,

all of which will be sold as low [illegible]
mi3. WM. [illegible]

FARMERS Will fi[illegible] to examine our [illegible] chasing. Our s[illegible]

EXCELSIOR!

SUMMER is here, and with its advent we announce our readiness to meet and satisfactorily fill all orders and requirements on the part of the public. In the width and length of Maryland there is no stock of Clothing for Men, Boys and Children to equal the unrivalled assortment we now have to offer, whether in the matter of style, durability, finish or general excellence. Furthermore, every transaction is executed [illegible] the fair and square [illegible] "Goods Exchanged or Money refunded." In other words, it is "satisfaction, or no sale!" To those living at a distance we say: if unable personally to visit us, write for our self-measurement blanks, and trust to us to send you C. O. D., as good a suit, and as perfect fitting one, as you could personally select. As a

SPECIAL OFFER

we agree with customers living within one hundred miles of Baltimore city, and for all purchases over firteen dollars to pay one-half the traveling expenses incurred, on exhibition of the ticket or tickets vouching for the same. Make your purchase before exhibiting your ticket, and thus convince yourself that we share with you the expense of the trip. "Excelsior" is the only Clothing House in the United States that makes this great offer! Bear in mind that our Furnishing Goods Department is one of the finest in the land, and that the lowness of our prices is a matter of surprise to all.

Do not forget the cardinal principles of our house, the rounds of our ladder of success: Fair Dealing! One Price! Permanent Popularity!

Satisfaction or no sale!

With unrivalled stock and facilities, and selling at Lowest Living Rates, we ask you to call upon the

"EXCELSIOR,"
S. W. Corner Baltimore and Light Sts.,
Largest Clothing and Furnishing Establishment in Maryland.

T. G. WROTH. WM. R. ALDRIDGE.

WROTH & ALDRIDGE,

HAVE OPENED A

NEW STORE

IN CHESTERTOWN
Next to J. K. Aldrige's

Everything New,

Bought for Cash at Best Cash Rates, and will be sold accordingly.

We keep a full line of

DRY GOODS,

SHOES, GROCERIES, NOTIONS,

SEGARS, TOBACCO, CROCKERY, and everything usually found in a First Class Store.

A LADY'S nice KID GLOVE will be sold for a dollar. Every pair guaranteed not to rip or tear.

Eggs, Butter, Lard, Poultry and all kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for goods at the highest market prices. Give us a call.

WROTH & ALDRIDGE,
Feb. 18, 1882. CHESTERTOWN.

New Summer Goods

AT

N. C. CROW'S,

UP TOWN!

I have just [illegible]ned a full line of goods for Spring, embracing

Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries, &c.

Fine lot of Fruits, dried and fresh,

Provisions, Tobacco and Cigars, Crockeryware, Glass-ware, Wood and Willow-ware.

SHOES! SHOES!

I make a specialty of SHOES for Ladies and Gentlemen, and sell at lowest prices.

My stock is all new, and bought at bottom cash prices.

Respect'y, N. C. CROW,
Up Town,
Adjoining Mrs. Gruber's bakery.

Cash or trade in exchange for a[illegible] kinds of Produce. a22.

SUMMER GOODS

—AT—

Attractive Prices!

NEW STOCK

DRY GOODS! NOTIONS!

SHOES! SHOES!

MATTINGS,
CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE,
GROCERIES, &c.,

AT

J. H. SIMPERS'

CHESTERTOWN.

June 15, 1882.

NEW STORE AT URIEVILLE

[illegible] undersigned [illegible] store-hou[illegible] opened [illegible]

FLOWERS THAT NEVER WITHER.

There are flowers that never wither,
There are skies that never fade,
There are trees that cast forever
Cooling bowers of leafy shade.
There are silver wavelets flowing
With a lulling sound of rest,
Where the west wind, softly blowing,
Fans a far lands of the blest.

Th[illegible] our steps are tending,
[illegible]gh dim, oppressive fears,
[illegible]ore of than pleasure blending
[illegible] darkening woof of years.
[illegible]ften our footsteps weary,
[illegible] in the winding way,
[illegible]at then all looks most dreary,
[illegible] O'er[illegible]ams a cheering ray.

[illegible]us ther who hath made us
Tenants of this world of care,
Knoweth how to kindly aid us
With the burdens we must bear;
Knoweth how to cause the spirit
Hopefully to raise its eyes
Toward the home it doth inherit
Far beyond the azure skies.

There is a voice that whispers lowly
Down within this heart of mine,
There emotions the most holy
Ever make their sacred shrine;
And it tells a thrilling story
Of the great Redeemer's love,
And the all-bewildering glory
Of the better land above.

[illegible]h, this life, with all its sorrows,
Hasteth onward to a close!
[illegible] a few more brief to-morrows
Will have ended all our woes.
[illegible]n o'er death the part immortal
[illegible]all sublimely rise and soar,
[illegible] the star-resplendent portal,
[illegible]re to dwell forever more.

Reminiscences of Washington.

"You say," I remarked to the old negro who drove the hack, "that you were Gen. Washington's body servant?"

"Dat's so! Dat's jes so, massa. I done waited on Washington sence was so high—no bigger'n a small chile."

"You know the story, then, about the cherry tree and the hatchet?"

"Know it? Why I was dar on de spot. I seen Massa Gawge climb de tree after de cherries and I seen him fling de hatchet at de boys who was stonin' him. I done chase dem boys off de place myself."

"Do you remember his appearance as a man? What he looked like?"

"Yes, indeed. He was a kinder short, chunky man, sort'r fat and heart lookin'. He had chin whiskers and moustach and spectacles. Mos' generally wore a high hat but I seed him in a fur cap with ear warmers."

"You were not with him, of course, when he crossed the Delaware—when he went across the Delaware?"

"Wh[illegible]n? Yes, sir; [illegible] was right dar. I was two feet off [illegible]him as he druv across de bridge in his buggy! [illegible]at's a fac'. I walked long side off wheel of [illegible]at buggy all de way." "You s[illegible] him when he fought the British at Trenton?"

"Sho's [illegible] did! I held Massa Gawge's co[illegible] an' hat while he fought the British at that wer[illegible] place, Massa Gawge clinched him, and den da[illegible]assled, and first he frew Massa Gawge, an[illegible]n Massa Gawge flung him, and [illegible] till he cried [illegible]

"[illegible]ple ole [illegible]e boy's head?" "Who wa'n't wid him? I wa'nt? I was de pusson a'r 'ception' one white man. I [illegible]ted Massa Gawge's revolver an' han'ed it to him, and picked up de apple an' eat it as soon he knocked it off. Nobody can't tell dis year old niggah nu[illegible]in' 'bout dat circumstance."

"You know all the general's relations, too, I suppose? Martin Luther and Peter the Hermit and the rest?"

"Knowed um all. Many and many's de time I done waited on de table when Massa Gawge had um to dinner. I remember dem two gemmen jes's well's if I'd seen um yesterday. Yes, sah; an' I druv um out often!"

"I've frequently seen pictures of Washington in which he is represented sitting upon a white horse. Did he really ride a white horse, or don't you recall the color of his horse?"

"Why, bress your soul; 'call de color ob de hoss—'call de color ob it? Do you see dis yer nigh hoss dat I'm a drivin' now, right yer? Well, dat's de werry hoss Massa Gawge used to ride. He lef'it to me in his will."

Just then we reached the station, and I dismounted from the hack and paid Washington's body servant for his services. No doubt a longer conversation with him would have revealed other new and startling facts relating to the father of his country.

Sparring for Health.

In an article in Knowledge, "How to get strong," the writer recommends sparring as an excellent form of exercise for strengthening the chest. He says:

Not a day should be allowed to pass without exercise by which—at least three times each day—every air cell of the lungs has been filled to its utmost capacity. Once, at least, each day this should be by active exertion, such as a [illegible] stressing run, increasing gradually [illegible] sharp, [illegible] or three hundred yards are covered at a [illegible] speed, or from half a mile to a mile at a steady swing. But any run long enough to get the lung bellows actively at work will suffice for this purpose. Instead of running, however, one may prefer sparring. This is capital exercise for the chest, and is good also for the arms and shoulders. A live opponent is not needed—it, is not desirable; for where there is one exercise is apt to be continued too long, and [illegible]ed only intermittently, whereas it should be [illegible]rried on daily, and for a limited time only. [illegible] half-skin bag, fourteen or fifteen inches in diameter, hung by a stout cord from the ceiling [illegible] there is a beam [illegible]t, or from a cord stretched [illegible]ween two high [illegible] on opposite sides of the room) will mak[illegible] dumb boxer. The bag [illegible] part is up [illegible] the eyes and its lower part opposite the chest. Pound away at this [illegible] Here the head and shoulders of a living [illegible]ent. Hit out from the shoulders so that it [illegible] to the ceiling; catch it "a good one" as [illegible] back toward you; advance a step, and hit [illegible] that at the next rebound it flies over your [illegible]; spring sharply round, and meet it on that [illegible] hit it upward till the cord loops; hit it [illegible] arm, so that if you are not quick enough [illegible]tches you on the back of the head. In five [illegible]tes time (which, later, you may extend to [illegible] you will be puffing and panting like the [illegible]entional grampus. You can then rest, or [illegible] to some other less active exercise.

A Cheerful Face.

[illegible] is no greater everyday virtue than cheer[illegible]. This quality in man among men is like [illegible]e to the day or gentle renewing moisture [illegible]ed herbs. The light of a cheerful face [illegible]tself and communicates the happy spirit [illegible]ires it. The sourest temper must sweeten [illegible]mosphere of continuous good humor. [illegible]ought fog and cloud and vapor hope to [illegible] to the sun-illumined landscape as the [illegible]" and moroseness try combat jovial speech [illegible]xhilarating laughter. Be cheerful always. [illegible]e is no path but will be easier travelled, no [illegible] but will be lighter, no shadow on heart or [illegible]n but will lift sooner in presence of a de[illegible]ained cheerfulness. It may at times seem difficult for the happiest tempered to keep the [illegible]untenance of peace and content, but the difficulty will vanish when we truly consider that [illegible]len gloom and passionate despair do nothing but multiply thorns and thicken sorrows. Ill comes to us providentially as good—and is as good, if we rightly apply its lessons. Why not, then, cheerfully accept the ill, and thus blunt its apparent sting?

A LITTLE girl, who had been to a children's party, being asked by her mother on returning how she enjoyed herself, [illegible] d: "I am full of happiness. I couldn[illegible] pier unless I were [illegible]w."

A [illegible]red that the man [illegible] drink of whisky is sw[illegible] not if the Chicago [illegible] drink.—*Norristown Herald.*

Dicovery of a New Race of People.

In the Revue Scientifique, M. G. Le Bon treats at some length of a hitherto unknown people inhabiting an obscure part of Russia. Peculiar circumstances having induced the author to visit the Tatras Mountains, a very curious and beautiful region, and one very little known, since he was apparently the first to traverse it, he found there a territory surrounded on all sides by steep mountains and inhabited by a people speaking a different language from the nations surrounding them and with whom they had no intercourse. These people, although less than a century ago given up to brigandage, as the author learned in his study of them, are now very industrious and honest. In spite of a climate so harsh that it would be necessary to go to the extreme north to find a similar one; in spite of a very infertile soil; and in spite of an almost Lacedæmonian diet, consisting mainly of oats, milk and water, they are living in a most remarkable state of prosperity. They are clearly distinguished from all their neighbors in their external aspect, in their quick intelligence, and in their artistic and literary tendencies.

The villages inhabited by these new people are situated in the territory called Bodhale, at the foot of the above named mountains. This territory, as before stated, being surrounded on all sides by steep mountains, difficult of access, is almost as isolated from the rest of the world as if it were an island in mid-ocean.

As regards its origin, M. Le Bon thinks the original stock was Polish, which in past ages became intermixed with individuals coming from different people. In isolating itself more and more, and not uniting with outsiders, and in constantly being submitted to the action of the same environment and of the same selection, the primitive agglomeration has become more and more homogeneous and finally formed a new race, whose homogeneity may possibly still increase, but which already possesses common hereditary characters that permit it to be clearly differentiated from all surrounding races.

A Sermon in the Year 1443.

There was once an aged hermit in the Egyptian desert who thought it would be well with him if he had an olive tree near his cave.

So he planted a little tree and thinking it might want water he prayed to God for rain, so rain came and watered his olive tree.

Then he thought that some warm sun to swell its buds would be advisable, so he prayed, and the sun shone out. Now the nursling looked feeble, and the old man deemed it would be well for the tree if frost were to come and brace it. He prayed for the frost, and hoar frost settled that night on bar and beam.

Next he believed that a hot southerly wind would suit his tree, and after prayer the south wind blew upon his olive tree and it died.

Some little while after the hermit visited a brother hermit, and lo! by his cell door stood a flourishing olive tree.

"How came that goodly plant there, brother?" asked the unsuccessful hermit.

"I planted, and God blessed it and it grew."

"Ah! brother, I too, planted an olive, and when I thought it wanted water I asked God to give it rain, and rain came; and when I thought it wanted sun I asked and the sun shone; and when I deemed it needed strengthening I prayed and frost came. God gave me all I demanded for my tree as I saw fit, yet it is dead."

"And I, brother," replied the other hermit, "I left my tree in God's hands, for he knew what it wanted better than I."

[illegible]iss Me Good-Bye, Dear.

[illegible] a ph[illegible] labor [illegible] spread in [illegible] way to e[illegible] range [illegible] mart of commerce. Sometimes it is the wife who says it, sometimes infant lips prattle the caressing words, holding up a sweet flower face for the kiss that is its warm sunshine of life, and the strong man waits a moment to clasp his treasure and is gone; and all day he wonders at the peace in his heart; at the nerve with which he meets business losses, or bears business crosses. The wife's kiss did it, the baby's kiss did it, and he realizes that it is not wealth or position or luck that make our happiness, but the influence we bear with us from the presence of those we love!

Kiss me good-bye! Oh, lips that have said it for the last time, would you ever ask again in those pleading tones for the kiss so tardily given? Would we not remember that the relation the flower bears to the universe is as carefully provided for as that of the brightest star; that the little action of a loving heart goes side by side with the deed of heroic worth; that love is the due of life; that the parting for a day may be the parting of a lifetime.

"How many go forth in the morning
That never come home at night!
And hearts have broken
For kind words spoken
That sorrow can never set right."

Make the air vocal with kisses! Many tears have been shed over unkissed kisses—over those "dear as remembered kisses after death," but the time to kiss is the present. Kiss your children man of business, before you leave home; kiss the mother of your children, and that dear old mother who sits in the chair by the window no matter if her cheek is wrinkled, her heart is young, and then go about your day's work with a "thank God" in your soul that you have some one home to kiss.

"For though in the quiet evening
You give us the kiss of peace,
Yet it might be
That never for thee
The pain of the heart should cease."

Detroit Free Press.

Sometimes.

It is a sweet, sweet song, warbled to and fro among the topmost boughs of the heart, and filling the whole air with such joy and gladness as the songs of birds do when the summer morning comes out of the darkness, and is born on the mountains. We have all possessions in the future, which we call "sometimes." Beautiful flowers and singing birds are there, only our hands seldom grasp the one or our ears hear the other. O, reader! be of good cheer, since for all the good there is a golden "sometime;" when the bills and valleys of time are all passed, when the [illegible] and fever, the disappointments and sorrows of life are over, then there is the place and rest appointed of God. [illegible] homestead! over whose roof [illegible] even clouds, [illegible] of sorrow is [illegible] eternal hills, and [illegible] pinnacles of celestial [illegible] palm trees of the city on high, [illegible] God shall rest under thy shadows, w[illegible]re is no sorrow or pain, nor the sound of w[illegible]ng "sometimes."

A PRIZE.—"I will say but one thing in praise of my daughter," said a happy father, at that daughter's wedding breakfast. "She is a thorough and practical housekeeper." What an endorsement it was of the good sense and prospective comfort of her husband! For a man has so much of the animal in his nature that he cares more for a good dinner than he does—so long as his appetite is unappeased—to listen to the music of the spheres. Heavy bread has made many heavy hearts, giving rise to dyspepsia and its herd of accompanying torments. Girls who desire that their husbands should be amiable and kind should learn how to make lightbread. A story is told of a happy wife, who, when asked how she managed her husband so successfully, replied, with a roguish smile, "My dear, I feed him well." There is a great deal in that. Those wives who are entirely dependent upon hired cooks make sorry show at housekeeping. The stomach performs a very important part in the economy of humanity; and those who are forgetful of this fact commit a serious mistake. Even the lion may be tamed by keeping him well fed.

THE London Truth publishes a story about a smart dog in Wiltshire who went down to the train every day to carry back to his master a Standard, which the guard, or conductor, as we should call him, threw off. One day the animal went back without the paper, and on searching into the cause it was found that the guard had, by mistake, thrown off the Radical Daily Telegraph, instead of the Conservative Standard, and the sagacious animal refused to pick it up.

A DEBTOR who was sued by his creditor acknowledged that he had borrowed the money, but declared that [illegible] plaintiff knew at the time that it was a Kat[illegible] Mavourneen loan. "A Kathleen Mavourneen loan," repeated the court with a p[illegible] "That's it, judge; one of [illegible] be forever'

GOOD MEALS.

There is more real religion in a good meal than most people suppose. There are abstemious souls who have no appetite for good provisions, and who pride themselves on it. Regarding indulgence in anything beyond the absolute necessities of life as carnal and tending to ungodliness, they cheat themselves out of a large proportion of the good which might be theirs did they know how to enjoy it. Thousands of otherwise good women have permitted their husbands to become frequenters of the gin-mill simply because they were ignorant of the blessed influence of good meals.

This may be considered a reflection on masculine humanity, but it is not, for human nature of every kind has its weak points. The woman who has been so brought up that she not only knows what a good meal is, but can prepare it skillfully and serve it gracefully, is able to assert the most beneficent control over her husband and the whole family. A majority of the men who fall into mischief do so because home is destitute of some of the attractions which it should possess.

There are some housewives who will put themselves to much trouble to prepare sumptuous fare for visitors, some of whom may be strangers. They will put the best crockery on the table and the most cheerful smiles on their faces when the company comes. For the members of the family who regularly eat at home a soiled table-cloth, a poorly spread table and a vinegarish expression of visage are considered good enough. Men and boys fed in this style grow thin. Their leanness is not only physical, but it is that of the mind and soul. Those who suffer from it are indeed miserable creatures.

A good meal is not necessarily a costly one. There ought to be enough to go round, and it ought to be well cooked and nicely served. Solomon had sumptuous dinners in his palace, but when he reflected on the cross looks and the tattlesome tongues of some of his beauties he said that a dinner of herbs with contentment was better than a stately roast with hatefulness for its better sauce.

A meal which is served in a perfunctory way in the name of charity, and with an air of "There, take that, you beggar," may fill the hungry stomach, but it affords little relief to the starved soul. A benevolent society in New York reports that it has in a year bestowed four hundred and ninety-two thousand and odd meals, and that these meals cost two and seven-eighths cents each. This is not much money for a meal. Possibly it would be better to call such a repast a lunch or a snack. People who eat such meals are not likely to grow spiritually or physically corpulent. The poorest economy is to stint ourselves in what we eat or in that good cheer which is the most potent of all helps to good living.

A Big Game of Poker.

HOW "ANDY" JOHNSON "CALLED" GRANT, AND THE GENERAL GAVE HIMSELF AWAY ON "JACK HIGH."

The Louisville Commercial prints the following gambling story, without qualifying the allegations it contains:

"Johnson was a fine poker player—one of the best in Tennessee. He used to tell of a game he played with Grant in 1866. Grant was then in Washington and visited the President one night. After a short talk Johnson proposed a game of poker. Grant, who was an inveterate player then, jumped at the chance. Cards were brought and they began to play. Grant lost steadily and heavily. The game was $1, call $3, and no limit. At last Grant said, "Johnson, I will play you one more deal around and we will quit; I am tired of this blanked foolishness." Johnson [illegible] it a [illegible] The jack pot went on increa[illegible] hoisted up to [illegible] 4 in neither could open it. At last th[illegible] the pot. Grant was dealing. Jo[illegible] picked up his cards; he had a pair of aces up. Grant looked at his cards and quietly laid them down. Johnson said:

"I will open for $20."

Grant, without moving a muscle of his cast-iron countenance, leaned back in his chair and said slowly, looking at his cards all the time:

"I will have to raise you $50, Andy. I can't help it."

"Johnson was a little surprised, but stood the raise. Grant asked him how many cards he wanted.

"I just want one; how many do you want?"

"Eh?" said Grant, carelessly, "I don't want any this time."

Johnson picked up his card. It was an ace. He bet $100.

"I will see you $100, Andy, and raise her $2,000."

Johnson said afterwards the bet came near taking his breath away from him, but something told him Grant was bluffing. He felt a presentiment that he was.

"Grant—I will see your $2,000 and raise her $500."

Grant clenched his teeth, and his lips came together like a steel trap.

"I will see your $500 and raise you $5,000 better." "I got a little scared," said Johnson, "and I thought maybe he had fours on me. So I said, "I'll just call you; what have you got?" "Jack high," said Grant, and, with an oath, jumped up from the table, got his hat, and left, giving Johnson his note for all he had lost."

Mark Anthony's Oration Over Cæsar.

[From R. B. Criswell's "New Shakespeare."]

Friends, Romans and Countrymen! Lend me your ears;
I will return them next Saturday. I come
To bury Cæsar, because times are hard
And his folks can't afford to hire an undertaker.
The evil that men do lives after them,
In the shape of progeny, who reap
The benefit of their life insurance,
So let it be with the deceased.
Brutus has told you Cæsar was ambitious.
What does Brutus know about it?
It is none of his funeral. Would that it were!
Here under leave of you I come to
Make a speech over Cæsar's funeral.
He was my friend, faithful and just to me;
He loaned me $5 once when I was in a pinch,
And signed my petition for a postoffice.
But Brutus says he was ambitious,
Brutus should wipe off his chin,
Cæsar hath brought many captives home to Rome,
Who broke rock in the streets until their ransoms
Did the general coffers fill.
When that the poor hath cried, Cæsar hath wept,
Because it didn't cost anything
And made him solid with the masses.
Ambition should be made of sterner stuff.
Yet Brutus says he was ambitious.
Brutus is a liar, and I can prove it,
You all did see that on the Lupercal
I thrice presented him a kingly crown,
Which he did thrice refuse, because it did not fit him quite.
Was this ambition? Yet Brutus says he was ambitious.
Brutus is not only the biggest liar in the country,
But he is a horse thief of the deepest dye.

Canned Goods.

Few people are aware of the growth and extent of the trade in canned goods, which covers almost everything eatable, and is steadily increasing. It began like many other industries in a small and simple way. A Baltimorean tried to send oysters westward, and oysters were probably the first thing successfully canned. About 1840 the process of hermetically sealing goods was begun, and since then the business has grown and spread into nearly every State in the Union. Now not only fruits, fish, milk, meats and vegetable are canned, but whole roast turkeys with oyster dressing, chickens, hams, soups and plum pudding are cooked and preserved, and in many cases are sold cheaper than housekeepers can prepare them themselves. Anybody can keep house now without a cook, and probably there will be more independent households in consequence, a state of things greatly to be desired. Our exports of canned goods reached as high as $11,000,000 in 1880. England, France, Germany and Australia are our great markets. Japan took $18,000 worth of condensed milk one year. The packages are sometimes of glass, but generally of tin and soldered only on the outside. Doubtless other improvements in packing are in store so that canned goods will be preferred by city housekeepers to all others, because they are nice and stripped of all waste.

"AN Iowa man was fined forty dollars for squeezing a woman's thumb." We didn't suppose there was so much ignorance abroad in Iowa. A man who mistakes a woman's thumb for her waist should be fined not less than four hundred dollars.—*Norristown Herald.*

LIVING WITH A BROKEN NECK.—The case of George Smith, aged 21, of New York, who died on July 10 in the Brooklyn City Hospital from the effects of injuries received at Brighton Beach on July 9 by diving into shallow water, has excited much interest among physicians because of the length of time the patient lived after having received a broken neck. Smith, who had been drinking, was in a reckless mood when he entered the water, and, although his comrades tried to dissuade him, he climbed up a post about fourteen feet high and dived into water that was less than two feet deep. His head struck the sand, and his neck was broken. This was the third fatal accident that had occurred at the island in the past two years by reckless diving. He was paralyzed below the neck, and had to be carried in a blanket to the cars. He was removed to the hospital in an ambulance, and as he did not suffer pain his case was deemed singular. He retained all his senses, but could scarcely wink his eye, and he spoke with difficulty. His neck was much swollen, and he could not take food except in liquid form, and then only from ten to forty drops at a time. He complained only of a queer feeling in his head, and was entirely conscious. He lived about twenty-eight hours, and died an easy death. At an autopsy which was held it was discovered that the three top vertebræ were badly fractured, and that the spinal chord had been caught between the jagged ends of the bone and sawed down to a mere shred. The bones had received a comminuted fracture, and several pieces came out in the process of dissection

BUSINESS MEN will take much interest in a decision recently rendered by the United States District Court for Arkansas in a case where a firm claimed damages from a mercantile agency on account of injury done to its credit by the circulation of false reports concerning its financial condition. The ruling of the court is important as defining exactly the boundaries within which such agencies must confine their statements. The Court held that if the agency had acted in good faith, had used all due precautions to obtain accurate information and believed it to be trustworthy, and had communicated the information relative to the house in question only to any of its subscribers interested in knowing the facts and who had applied for them, then the report is in the nature of a privileged communication, and the agency cannot be held liable in damages if it is proved to have made a false report. But, on the other hand, if the agency sends its reports promiscuously to all of its subscribers, without regard to the fact whether they are or are not interested in knowing the financial standing of the house reported upon, the latter may recover damages for libellous and injurious statements. We believe that this ruling is in accord with the system of all the sound and reputable agencies, who take great pains to substantiate their statements, and address a report concerning any particular house only to subscribers entitled to make inquiry and receive answer.

BESIEGED BY MOSQUITOES.—Capt. Anderson, of the British bark Emmanuel Sinedenborg