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DOLLY MADISON shoes for women

Our latest flexible process called GLOVE LIKE for tender feet

Prices $3.00 $3.50 $4.00

SOLD BY REPRESENTATIVE MERCHANTS

To the Farmers and Usres of Fertilizers

TRADE MARK

During 1907 we increased our sales and in 1908 we had quite an increase over 1907, and in January, 1909, we incorporated as the PEERLESS FERTILIZER COMPANY, and our spring sales this year show an increase of nearly 300 tons over last spring which not only included our old customers but many new ones. This we state not boastfully, but gladly.

In the new customers that came to us were through the recommendations of those who had used our fertilizers for years, and we also sold largely to those who began buying of us from 10 to 35 years ago when we began business and who are still our satisfied patrons and say they expect to continue to deal with us as long as we manufacture the class of goods we do.

Such conditions involve much more than price, mere reputation or salesmanship Selling year after year to a man and through that man selling others is decidedly a different story than selling him once or possibly twice. Anyone can do the latter.

WE MAKE EACH TON OF FERTILIZER THE BEST WE KNOW HOW. We know how now better than we knew ten years ago and expect to know still better ten years hence, if careful study and testing bring improvement in the future, as in the past, and at the lowest possible cost for such service is the way we expect to secure and hold your orders

May we show you with the very next bill of fertilizers you buy.

The Peerless Fertilizer Company

Successors to Wilbur W. Hubbard

Manufacturers and Dealers in All Kinds of Fertilizing Materials

CHESTERTOWN, - MARYLAND

"Kent News" $1.00 Per Year

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, at the January Session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eight, an Act was passed proposing an amendment to Section 1 of Article 1 of the Constitution of the State, which said Act is in the following words, to-wit:

CHAPTER 26.

AN ACT to amend Section one of Article one, title, "Elective Franchise", of the Constitution of this State, and to provide for the submission of said Amendment to the qualified voters of this State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, three-fifths of all the members of each of the two Houses concurring, that the following section be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section one of Article one, title, "Elective Franchise", of the Constitution of this State, and if adopted by the legal and qualified voters thereof, as herein provided, it shall supersede and stand in the place and stead of Section one of said Article one.

Sec. 1. All elections shall be by ballot, and every male citizen of the United States of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, who has been a resident of the State for two years and of the Legislative District of Baltimore City or of the county in which he may offer to vote, for one year next preceding the election, and who, moreover, is duly registered as a qualified voter as provided in this Article, shall be entitled to vote, in the ward or election district in which he resides, at all elections hereafter to be held in this State, and in case any county or city shall be so divided as to form portions of different electoral districts for the election of Representatives in Congress, Senators, Delegates or other officers, then to entitle a person to vote for such officer, he must have been a resident of that part of the county or city which shall form a part of the electoral district in which he offers to vote, for one year next preceding the election; but a person who shall have acquired a residence in such county or city, entitling him to vote at any such election, shall be entitled to vote in the election district from which he removed, until he shall have acquired a residence in the part of the county or city to which he has removed.

Every male citizen of the United States having the above prescribed qualifications of age and residence shall be entitled to be registered so as to become a qualified voter if he be, first: a person who, on the first day of January in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, or prior thereto, was entitled to vote under the laws of this State, or of any other State of the United States, wherein he then resided; or second: a male descendant of such last mentioned person; or third: a foreign born citizen of the United States naturalized between the first day of January in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-nine and the date of the adoption of this section of this Article; or fourth: a male descendant of such last mentioned person; or fifth: a person who, in the presence of the officers of registration, shall, in his own handwriting, with pen and ink, without any aid, suggestion or memorandum whatsoever, and without any question or direction addressed to him by any of the officers of registration, make application to register correctly, stating in such application his name, age, date and place of birth, residence and occupation at the time and for the two years next preceding, the names or names of his employer or employers, if any, at the time and for the two years next preceding, and whether he has previously voted, and if so, the State, county or city and district or precinct in which he voted last, and also the name in full of the President of the United States, of one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States, of the Governor of Maryland, of one of the Judges of the Court of Appeals of Maryland and of the Mayor of Baltimore City, if the applicant resides in Baltimore City, or of one of the County Commissioners of the county in which the applicant resides; and any person who is unable to comply with the aforegoing requirements as to making application for registration in his own handwriting, solely because he is physically disabled from so doing; or sixth: a person, or the husband of a person, who at the time of his application for registration, is a *bona fide* owner of real or personal property in an amount of not less than five hundred dollars, is assessed therefor on the tax books of the City of Baltimore or of one of the counties of this State, has been such owner and so assessed for two years next preceding his application for registration; shall have paid and shall produce receipts for the taxes on said property for said two years and shall at the time of his application make affidavit before the officers of registration that he is, or that he is the husband of the person who is the *bona fide* owner of the property so assessed to him or to her, as the case may be, and that he or she has been such owner for two years next preceding his application.

No person not qualified under some one of the above clauses shall be entitled to be registered as a qualified voter or be entitled to vote. Every written application to be registered, presented to the officers of registration by any person applying to be registered under the above fifth clause, shall be carefully preserved by said officers of registration and shall be produced in any Court, if required, as hereinafter provided.

The affidavit of any applicant for registration, duly made to the officers of registration or in Court, that he, the applicant, is a person who was entitled to vote on or before the first day of January in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, as aforesaid, or that he has become a naturalized citizen of the United States between the first day of January in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-nine and the date of the adoption of this section of this Article, as aforesaid, or his affidavit upon information and belief that he is a descendant of a person who was entitled to vote on or before the first day of January in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, or that he is a descendant of a person who has become a naturalized citizen of the United States between the first day of January in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-nine and the date of the adoption of this section of this Article, shall be *prima facie* evidence of any of said facts so sworn to.

A wilfully false statement upon the part of any applicant for registration in relation to any of the matters aforesaid shall be perjury, and punishable as perjury is punished by the laws of this State.

Any person who feels aggrieved by the action of any board of officers of registration in refusing to register him as a qualified voter, or in registering any disqualified person, may at any time, either before or after the last session of the board of officers of registration, but not later than the Tuesday next preceding the election, file a petition, verified by affidavit, in the Circuit Court for the county in which the cause of complaint arises, or, if the cause of complaint arises in Baltimore City, in any court of common law jurisdiction in said city, setting forth the grounds of his application and asking to have the action of the board of officers of registration corrected. The court shall forthwith set the petition for hearing and direct summons to be issued requiring the board of officers of registration complained against in said petition to attend at the hearing in person or by counsel, and where the object of the petition is to strike off the name of any person, summons shall also be issued for such person, which shall be served by the sheriff within the time therein designated; and said several courts shall have full jurisdiction and power to review the action of any board of officers of registration and to grant or withhold, as it may deem lawful and proper, the relief prayed for in the premises.

In determining whether any person who applied to be registered under the above fifth clause of this section was or was not entitled to be registered under said fifth clause, the court shall require the board of officers of registration complained against to produce the written application prepared and submitted by such person at the time he presented himself for registration to said board of officers of registration, and upon said written application the court shall determine whether or not said person, when he presented himself for registration, complied with the requirements of said fifth clause; and if the court shall determine that said written application, so prepared and submitted by said person, complied with the requirements of said fifth clause, and that said person was not disqualified under any other provision of this Article of the Constitution to be registered upon the books of registry in question, then the Court shall order said person to be registered as a qualified voter, but if the court shall determine that said written application of said person failed to comply with the requirements of said fifth clause, or that said person was in any other respect under this Article of the Constitution disqualified to be registered upon the books of registry in question, then the court shall order that said person shall not be registered upon said books of registry.

The court may enforce any order by attachment for contempt in said cases; neither party shall have any right of removal; exception may be taken to any ruling of the court at the hearing of said cases and an appeal shall be allowed to the Court of Appeals as in other cases; all such appeals shall be taken within five days from the date of the decision complained of, and shall be heard and decided by the Court of Appeals upon the original papers, or otherwise, as the Court of Appeals may by rule prescribe, as soon as may be practicable.

The General Assembly shall have power to provide more fully by legislation not inconsistent with this section of this Article, for the hearing and determination of all such cases.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the aforegoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of this State shall be at the next General Election for members of the General Assembly to be held in this State, submitted to the legal and qualified voters thereof for their adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the directions contained in Article XIV of the Constitution of this State, and at said general election the vote on the said proposed amendment shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be printed the words "For the Constitutional Amendment" and "Against the Constitutional Amendment" as now prescribed by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment, as directed by the said Article XIV of the Constitution.

Approved February 25, 1908.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, AUSTIN L. CROTHERS, GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, in pursuance of the provisions of Section 1, of Article 14 of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, do hereby order and direct that a copy of said Act proposing an amendment to Section 1 of Article 1 of the Constitution of said State, be published in at least two newspapers in each of the counties of the State and in three newspapers in the City of Baltimore, one of which shall be published in the German language, once a week for at least three months preceding the next General Election, which election will be held on November 2nd, 1909, at which election the said proposed amendment shall be submitted, in the form and manner prescribed by the General Assembly, to the legal and qualified voters of the State, for their adoption or rejection.

GIVEN under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of Maryland. Done at the City of Annapolis, this 1st day of July, one thousand nine hundred and nine.

(Seal.) AUSTIN L. CROTHERS.

By the Governor:
N. WINSLOW WILLIAMS,
Secretary of State.

1909 COAL 1909

STOVE, EGG and NUT.

I have on hand an entirely new stock Lehigh and Mahoney Coal—bright, clean and new, and not a lump of old stock. All made over. Oak and Pine wood sawed and split in length and size desired. KINDLING, short and fine, as you want it. With thanks.

A. P. MATTHEWS,
Chestertown

Mr. F. G. Fritz, Oneonta, N. Y., writes: "My little girl was greatly benefitted by taking Foley's Orino Laxative, and I think it is the best remedy for constipation and liver trouble." Foley's Orino Laxative is mild, pleasant and effective and cures habitual constipation. Sold by all druggists.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR stops the cough and heals lungs

EXPERIMENTAL FARM

Purchased by the Pennsylvania Railroad in Delaware—For Benefit of Farmers in Maryland And Elsewhere.

In furtherance of its policy of encouraging agricultural interests along its lines, the Pennsylvania Railroad has just purchased a farm of 50 acres at Bacon, Delaware, on the Delaware Railroad. It is proposed to operate an experimental station for the benefit of the farmers of the Maryland, Delaware and Virginia peninsula, and with a view of exploiting the advantages of that section throughout the country.

In the Fall of 1908, James McCrea, President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, made a trip of three days over the railroad lines on the Delaware-Maryland-Virginia peninsula. He saw thousands of acres of this section—one of the richest agricultural districts in the world—idle, with the adjoining farms flourishing, and the products of the latter in great demand in all of the large markets of the middle and Eastern States.

Having knowledge of the success attained by the Long Island Railroad with its two experimental farms, which have now been in operation some four years, Mr. McCrea suggested that a committee look into the matter of establishing an experimental farm on the Delaware-Maryland-Virginia Peninsula; a practical demonstration farm, where the railroad could show the agricultural possibilities of the land on the Peninsula. The Committee's report was favorable and the railroad has just closed a deal whereby it comes into ownership of the 50 acres at Bacon.

According to the last census, there are 3,916,800 acres of land on the Peninsula, of which 2,058,299 acres are under cultivation. There 28,355 farms on the Peninsula, and it has a total population of some 500,000. To secure additional farmers to cultivate the 1,858,501 acres of idle land is one of the reasons for which the Pennsylvania Railroad is to undertake the operation of an experimental farm. The co-operation of the farmers of the peninsula is already assurred, and the State Agricultural Colleges, Agricultural Boards, and Horticultural Societies are enthusiastic supporters of the project.

Points on the Delaware-Maryland-Virginia Peninsula 100 miles south of Wilmington are, in point of transportation facilities, as close to the markets of Baltimore, Philadelphia, Wilmington and New York as the Long Island farms are to New York City. Thus it will be seen that it is possible for the farmers to put their products in the large markets in excellent condition. Deliveries are also made in one day in Central Maryland and Pennsylvania. It is a diversified market enjoyed by farmers of Maryland and Delaware; it includes practically all of the country east of the Mississippi river—made possible by a preference freight train service that has created such wide demand for fruits and vegetables grown on the Delaware-Maryland-Virginia Peninsula. This demand is greater than can now be met and the railroad is taking steps to aid in increasing the number to supply it.

To develop its experiment station, the Railrhad has appointed as Superineendent, H. S. Lippincott, a graduate of the Agricultural College at Cornell University. He has done practical farming at his home in Burlington County, New Jersey, and in North Carolina, two of the country's greatest trucking sections.

Superintendent Lippincott has for years taken an interest in experimental work, and he purposes to visit the granges and farmers institutes on the Peninsula, in order that he may become personally acquainted with the farmers from Wilmington to Cape Charles. He will be prepared to make addresses, visit fairs, and make exhibits of some of the products raised on the farm, and by this means demostrate the vital interest the Railroad is taking in the Peninsula.

It is intended that the Delaware Railroad Experimental Farm shall make demonstrations in growing fruits, and in improving the varieties now under cultivation on the Peninsula. Glass houses will be built in order that experiments may be made in growing plants under glass. Grasses of various kinds will be planted, including alfalfa, timothy, and other nutritious hay. The farm is "worked out", but it was obtained for that very reason, in order that it may be demonstrated how the fertility of the soil can be restored, and that it can be done profitably.

When the Long Island Railroad established a demonstration farm many scoffed at the idea, and termed those interested in the enterprise "book farmers." They said it was impossible to grow anything on the waste land chosen for the experiment, that it was good for nothing but "pine barrens," and "salt ponds." The scoffing changed to admiration when in two years the Long Island people had succeeded in growing successfully 380 different varieties, including cauliflower, corn, radishes, peas, asparagus, tomatoes, cabbage, carrots, cantaloupes, water melons, alfalfa, potatoes and many other vegetables and fruits.

The first Long Island Railroad farm was establised as an experiment. Today two farms in operation, and they are considered permanent institutions. These farms pay for the transportation of their material just as other farms do. They are there to show what can be done under normal conditions, and a similar policy is to be inaugurated by those in charge of the experiment station on the Delaware Peninsula.

The Pennsylvania Railroad and its subsidiary lines have for several years been exerting every effort to encourage the agricultural interests along its lines. On farmers special instruction trains and steamboats, operated by the railroad, lectures have been delivered before thousands of farmers by experts from the agricultural colleges of the different states through which the lines of the Pennsylvania System run.

In addition, the railroad has for more than a year, carried on a campaign to acquaint the buyers and growers of different markets with those of the territory tributary to its lines. Booklets have been issued and the traffic representatives of the Company have been instrumental in greatly increasing the demand for produce grown on farms along the Pennsylvania Railroad.

Added interest in scientific farming is one result of the Pennsylvania's agricultural campaign. A wider market for the crops grown on its lines is another, more people living along its lines, greater prosperity among the farmers, and—for the railroad itself—an increased freight and passenger.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

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Cuts 8 to 8½ acres average per day.
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Guaranteed—TRY ONE.

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Now is the time the Dairyman can turn a would be loss into a handsome profit by giving twice a day, in the cow's regular ration, a tablespoonful of

Fairfield's Blood Tonic and Milk

... Producer For Cattle Only ...

It supplies those much needed elements that cannot be secured when the pasture crop is short. Embrace this opportunity to save your milk supply. Get a 50c package and try it on one cow and note the difference

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