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Tolchester Company

WINTER SCHEDULE

(Weather and Ice Permitting)

In effect January 2nd, 1919

SASSAFRAS RIVER LINE

Steamer will leave Baltimore Thursday at 7.00 a. m., for Betterton, Sassafras River Landings and Tolchester, returning same day.

Leave Fredericktown at 12.00 noon, Betterton 1.00 p. m., Worton Manor 1.45 p. m., Tolchester 3.00 p. m., arriving in Baltimore at 5.00 p. m.

For further information apply to agents at different wharves or

TOLCHESTER COMPANY,
c28tf Pier 16 Light St., Baltimore.

P. S.—Tolchester Saturday trips discontinued after Dec. 28th.

Chestertown and Tolchester

AUTOMOBILE SCHEDULE

We meet (when possible) all regular boats to and from Tolchester with automobiles carrying passengers.

We leave the Voshell House, Chestertown direct for Tolchester. Will leave for Chestertown upon arrival of boats at Tolchester. Fare, with war tax included, 85c each way; 55c each way for children under 12 years when they occupy seats.

Will call for passengers when notified in time. BUT BE READY, DO NOT KEEP CARS WAITING. Engage seats whenever it is possible coming by Tolchester.

When boats cannot land at Tolchester will meet Chestertown passengers at Betterton. Call Phone 212-W.
may25. VERNON M. BARNETT.

Chestertown Candy Kitchen and LUNCH ROOM

This is what a business man of Chestertown said to us the other day:

"The Candy Kitchen with its delicious Sandwiches, and other good things to eat, fills a along felt want in this town. I always visit the Candy Kitchen after the Shows or the Movies."—and so does everybody else who has a good appetite for all the delicacies we offer.

ICE-CREAM of Every Sort
EVERY FRUIT in seas
FRESH CANDIES
SMOKES

There is always a welcome for you at the

Chestertown Candy Kitchen

The Home of Pure Ice-Cream and Confectioneries

Phone 256 Chestertown, Md

SPECIAL SALE OF SINGER SEWING MACHINES.

I have the agency for the SINGER Sewing Machines for Kent and Queen Anne's counties, and will sell same on following terms:

½ cash on delivery of machine, and ½ twelve months from date and balance 24 months after date; or will sell on monthly plan. Old machines taken as part payment.

Also don't forget to get your order in early for your Talking Machine or Piano for Xmas as there is a great shortage.

NEWNAM'S Music Store
PHONE 224
CHESTERTOWN, MD

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Kent County letters of Administration on the personal estate of

THOMAS H. WIGGANS,

late of said county, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the undersigned on or before the 14th day of June, 1919, otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said deceased's personal estate.

All persons indebted to this estate must settle at once.

Given under my hand this 10th day of December, 1918.

ELEANOR JOYNES,
Administratrix.

Date Dec. 14th, 1918.

DR. H. C. HUGHES
DENTIST

Office in the old Transcript Building, Chestertown, Md. Local anesthetics used for extraction.

Special—Treatment will be given Pyorrhea alveoaris, or Riggs disease other local, subcutaneous etc a22-4t*

MEAT PRODUCERS DID FULL DUTY

Increase in American Hogs Will Help to Meet World Fat Shortage.

FARMERS SAVE SITUATION.

Government Justified in Stimulation of Pork Production—Sevenfold Increase Over Pre-War Exports.

Through increased production and conservation we will be able this year to export seven times our pre-war average exports of pork products. With the heavy demands added in caring for the millions who have been freed from German oppression, the Department of Agriculture and the Food Administration are justified today in our every action of stimulation of hog production. In the coming year the greatest world shortage will be in fats, and pork will help to save this situation. The efficacy of the policy of stimulated production has built up in this country supplies which will enable us to supply a very large part of the fat deficiency of the world. In beef there must be a shortage in Europe, due largely to limited refrigerator ship capacity. All freezer ships available, however, will be filled by America, Argentine and Australia.

The contribution made by the producers of this country to the war program as applying particularly to animal food products is illustrated by the following:

Reports compiled by the U. S. Department of Agriculture indicate an increase in cattle of 10,238,000 head and 12,441,000 hogs. These figures were compiled to January 1 last.

In this period there was a decrease in sheep of 819,000 head. The indications are that this decrease will show an increase, according to recent reports.

Since January 1 unofficial information indicates an increase in hogs of not less than 8 per cent. and not more than 15 per cent. as compared with one year ago, with an increase in the average weight.

Following the request of the U. S. Food Administration for an increase in hog production for marketing in the fall of 1918 and the spring of 1919 the increase may yield not less than 1,600,000,000 pounds more of pork products than were available last year. Without this increase the shipping program arranged by Mr. Hoover regarding animal food products would have been impossible.

The dressed hog products during the three months ending September 30, 1917, amounted to 903,172,000 pounds, while for the corresponding months of 1918 the dressed hog products totaled 1,277,589,000, an increase of over 374,000,000 pounds for the quarter.

During the same period for 1917 the records of inspected slaughter of dressed beef showed 1,263,000,000 pounds as against 1,454,000,000 pounds for the three month period ending September 1, this year.

Our food Gospel

eat less
serve less
waste nothing

America's Pledge of Food Gave Heart to the Allies In Their Darkest Hour

Whatever is necessary America will send. That was America's pledge to the interallied food council. And because the American food army had hitherto made good they took heart and went forward.

Farm enterprise and much soft corn increased pork supplies, food conservation increased exports—total shipments doubled.

FAITH JUSTIFIED BY EVENTS.

I do not believe that drastic force need be applied to maintain economic distribution and sane use of supplies by the great majority of American people, and I have learned a deep and abiding faith in the intelligence of the average American business man, whose aid we anticipate and depend on to remedy the evils developed by the war.—Herbert Hoover, August 10, 1917.

Patriot's Plenty

Buy less - Serve less
Eat only 3 meals a day
Waste nothing
Your guests will cheerfully share simple fare

Be Proud to be a food saver

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

CAUTION.

All persons are warned not to trespass upon the woodland, marsh or other lands of the undersigned with dog, gun or otherwise as the law will be enforced.

ARNOLD WILLIS,
W. A. JOINER,
A. B. JOINER.

NEWSY TIDINGS FROM OUR BOYS

The "News" Will Be Glad To Mention Any Items of Interest You May Send About Your Soldier Lad

Reville, France, Dec. 1, 1918.

Messrs. Usilton Bros.:

Dear Sirs: It gives me great pleasure in dropping you a few lines to let you know that I am well and hope that these few lines will find you both, as well as your families the same. I am very glad to say that I am one of the lucky ones that pulled through this terrible war, which, in many instances, I have been in some very close corners and at times I thought that my time had come, especially three or four times, but thank God that I came out alright. Can not tell you now about same, but will tell you an interesting story of my life when I return.

There are several thousand men over here now that have never seen the front, and those men, as well as the people in the States, have no idea whatever what the boys on the front have had to go through.

The division in which I am in being the 79th, which I am sure you have read a great deal about, it being one of which has done some of the greatest fighting in this war, and which went on the Verdun front and started the big drive, if you remember, that started on the 26th day of September, that was where we won the war right there in one sense of the word, because the Germans were wakened up at that time. We were even told by the French that we were foolish to try to take Mountfaucon, but Uncle Sam's men took it just the same, although we had to battle for it. From that time they were kept on the move. We then came off the Verdun front and went on the St. Meheil front, stayed there about ten days, leaving there and going back to another sector on the Verdun front, which was, in my opinoin, the worst front which I was on, and one of the worst fronts during the entire war, where we had to cross a valley called "Death Valley," it being where the Germans had direct observation of us as we passed through it. This valley was the very place where I had my narrowest escape from being killed. In the woods across this valley where our company was I also came near getting shot by snippers with machine guns as several of them were firing at us while we were carrying food to the company.

You should see some of the large holes where the high explosive shells have bursted, some of the holes being as wide as 15 to 20 feet and as deep as 6 feet. Some of these shells, when they hit a tree and burst, also cut them completely off, some of the trees measuring as much as 12 to 18 inches in diameter. These shells also blow large steel rails into the railroad, so you can imigine what a force they have to them, the pieces flying all directions we call schrapnel and is as sharp as a razer and when it hits a horse or person it is something terrible. Some of the many towns that have been shelled, you will find nothing left of them but a corner of the building, they being made of stone.

If I only had a camera and some films I could bring you some great sights and also some beautiful scenery some distance back where they never knew of such a thing as war.

Some of the fields and wood have been shelled so that they just look as though they had been ploughed up, with both large and small shell holes from one end to the other.

The stone roads as well has had considerable damage done to them by large shells exploding on them trying to stop the traffic.

The church in which we hold our services was struck by a shell, demolishing one of its large windows. I have a piece of flowered glass in my possession now which came out of this window, I want to bring it home with me.

The first hill that we went over in the beginning of the drive in September was known as "Hill 304" called "Dead Man's Hill" which you have no doubt read of during the year of 1914, when and where several hundred thousands of both, French and Germans, were killed. This hill was in about the middle of a curve the shape of a horse shoe on the start, but we managed to straighten it out to a certain extent on the very start and continued to do so. On this very hill on the morning this big drive started was my first experience of being under shell fire, and must say that I was scared almost to death. This was what we called a barrage, which was 48 hours of continuous firing of our artillery, and I was almost under the big guns for an hour or more of it, and dark as pitch and could not see anything but the flashes from the guns as they went off.

I have also seen some of the greatest air battles between the Allies and the Boche, and in one instance the machines came down so low that we could have shot at them with pistols which we carry. I have also seen several observation balloons brought down, them being set on fire, but in all of these instances the observers landed safely to the ground in parashoots without being hurt.

The old veterans of the past wars could have told us a great story about the times when they were up against a hard problem before we went on the front, but now we will have to come back and tell them of the "World War" as the Boche were after us from all sides as well as from over our heads, but we were too much for them.

I have been informed that the Germans and French used to wash their clothes in the same places before Uncle Sam got into it. Some great stories told of both of them.

I was in the city of Verdun several weeks ago while it was being shelled by the Germans, and stayed over night there, being on our way to the present front on which the war ended. Verdun must have been a very pretty city before the war. The Germans had a distillery at this place and always had their beer, but I do not think that they had much time to drink any beer on the last two or three days of the war as they were kept moving at all times.

It seemed very strange to me as well as to others, the manner and time in which the guns ceased firing, which was on the eleventh hour, eleventh day and eleventh month of the year. The light artillery which was near us started firing about ten o'clock on this morning of the eleventh day of November and fired as fast as they could up until eleven o'clock, just to see who could throw the most shells over on the Germans. Immediately after the guns ceased firing, a large "American Flag" was raised over the battery, which includes four guns.

We have been informed by German prisoners as we captured them, that if the other Germans knew how good that our soldiers treated them after being captured that they would all give themselves up, but they had been informed that our soldiers killed them when they were captured. There is quite a number of Kent's boys in this same battalion. Private Theodore Jewell Thompson, of Still Pond, is in my company and we have been great pals during the entire service. He to, is well and looking fine. Others in the battalion are Willie Henry, of Chestertown, Messrs. Boulter, Adley and Kendall, of Rock Hall; Messrs. Rash, Redman, Robinson, Millington, and William Turner, Golts.

We are now in Reville, France, but expect to have to make a 140 mile hike soon, making about 12 to 15 miles daily until we finish same. What do you think of that hike? Not far if you say it quick. It seems to me that we have hiked from one end of France to the other. We were near the Switzerland border once, and now we are near the German border. We also expect to go to Luxemburg, Germany, at any time now and stay there for a while, don't know how long.

I have seen Harold Matthews several times, he being attached to our division, and being in the 316 Infantry—better known as what we call a "Doughboy"—which should be given more credit in this war than any other branch of service. I have not seen him since the war has ceased, but may see him at any time, and will no doubt come home together.

I saw Walter Collison, of Rock Hall, the other day, and also George Pennington, of Kennedyville, and they both looked well and said that they felt fine.

I have collected a few small souvenirs so far, but I have to carry so much that I do not know whether I will bring them home or not, and besides we have a great many miles to hike yet. If I only had a way to carry them I could get a very interesting collection. I have made my father a very pretty ring.

We do some great cooking over here some times, such as French fried potatoes, bacon and what we call flapjacks, and the other day one of the boys were mixing up flapjacks and some one got a box of talcum powder and put in it while he was not looking, and you can imagine what a face he made when he started to eat them. We are always up to something.

I went to church last Sunday a week and am going again today. We have very interesting services. We held a splendid service on Thanksgiving Day in remembrance of our young men which had been killed and wounded during the war.

I do not know when we will leave for the States, but we are very anxious to get back again to see you all. I will now close hoping to hear from you soon. I wish you and your families, also all of the people in dear old Kent county "A Merry Christmas" and "A Happy and Prosperous New Year." I remain,

PRIVATE FRANK LAMBERT, JR.

MARYLAND AID ASKED FOR TURKS' VICTIMS.

State Will Be Appealed To Contribute Toward $30,000,000 Fund Next Month.

Nearly 4,000,000 war victims in the Near East, largely Armenians and Syrians and victims of Turkish cruelty, are starving. The bulk of them are in exile hundreds of miles away from home and among them are more than 400,000 orphans. On January 12 next the whole of the United States will be appealed to give $30,000,000 to keep life in these destitute refugees throughout the winter and to return them to their homes. The capitulation of Turkey has made accessible to the American Committee for Relief in the Near East this great mass of suffering humanity.

The Red Cross has taken over responsibility for a large part of Syria and Palestine, thus reducing the number of extremely destitute depending immediately upon the American Relief Committee by 1,050,000. This action of the Red Cross leaves absolutely dependent upon the work of relief of the American Committee of approximately 2,900,000 souls, all in desperate need.

Estimates based upon the most reliable information obtainable from Consular and relief agents show that of these destitute sufferers 1,770,000 are away from their homes, having been driven out by the authorities. Many of them are in Mesopatamia, Syria, Persia, the Caucasus and Siberia, while some have been sent to the most remote areas of the Turkish empire.

The actual cost of repatriating and re-establishing these people and of supplying their immediate needs for food and clothing until they can be placed upon a self-supporting basis cannot be estimated with exactitude. Figures have been compiled, however, showing the lowest possible estimate based upon the most accurate facts obtainable.

A Maryland committee will aid in raising this great fund. In every section of the State and in every county prominent men and women of the community will give their aid and will make appeals during the week of January 12. They will work under direction of a chief committee in New York headed by former President William Howard Taft, Charles E. Hughes, Cleveland H. Dodge, Dr. David H. Greer, Oscar S. Straus, Stephen S. Wise, Myron T. Herrick, Vance C. McCormick, Henry Morgenthau, John R. Mott and many others.

Of the funds to be raised it is estimated that $14,500,000 will be needed on a per capita basis of $5 to care for the 2,900,000 with food for six months, this based on the lowest possible estimate. Another $5,310,000 is needed on a bedrock estimate to repatriate 1,770,000 exiles, this based on $3 per capita and on an average of 400 miles for each person. Another $4,000,000 is needed to create homes for 400,000 orphans and $2,500,000 will be necessary to provide seeds and farming implements to set up these sufferers on the return to their homes. Two other items, one for $8,000,000 for clothing and bedding for the destitute millions and $2,500,000 to help restore the homes of the exiles are included. These items bring the total up to more than $36,000,000 but the American committee further cut down the totals, hoping that aid might be gotten from other sources.

The City Store : : THE HUB
MILLINGTON, MD.

We extend to all our Patrons and Friends our very best wishes for Health, Happiness and Prosperity during the coming year

28 Years Experience

The Only Practical and Most Reasonable Price Dealer in the County—Granite and Marble of Mark the Unmarked Grave

This is the best thing You can do in memory of your loved ones, being the last thing you can do. Take no chances, but place your order with a dealer that has learned the trade and understands every branch of it thoroughly. Don't be indifferent about this very important matter. We carry the largest stock in the county to select from.

Chestertown Marble and Granite Works
PHONE 76. J. W. KIRBY, PROP'

Look and Listen!

I am still in the Piano and Music Business. Any one thinking of buying a Musical Instrument of any description get my prices and terms. A card will receive my prompt attention.

Rebuilt "SECOND-HAND" Pianos a Specialty. a271

—THE—
Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
OF KENT COUNTY
SOLICITS YOUR INSURANCE

IT'S SAVING FUND FEATURE is an unusual one in insurance companies.

During the past 8 years it has returned to its policy holders where polices have been cancelled $32,864
In the same period it has inrceased reserve over . $10,000.00
And its total assets $50,000.00

APPLICATIONS FOR INSURANCE CAN BE MADE TO

Charles H. Jefferson.....Chestertown
E. S. Valliant.....Church Hill
Ellsworth Bowers .....Lynch
Geo. W. Owens.....Betterton
Joseph Downey .....Rock Hall
F. H. Ruth.....Galena
F. E. Thomas.....Kent Island
A. M. Kendall.....Fairlee
R. Wesley Moffett.....Millington

THOMAS W. ELIASON, Prest.
EBEN F. PERKINS, Sec.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Kent County letters of Administration on the personal estate of

FOUNTAIN CREW,

late of said county, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the undersigned on or before the 7th day of June, 1919, otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said deceased's personal estate.

All persons indebted to this estate must settle at once.

Given under my hand this 3rd day of December 1918.

VIOLET MOORE CREW,
Administratrix.

Date Dec. 4, 1918.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has obtained from the Orphans'Court for Kent County letters Testamentary on the personal estate of

LAURA E. BIRCH,

late of Kent county, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof,to the undersigned on or before the 7th day of June, 1919, otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said deceased's personal estate.

All persons indebted to this estate must settle at once.

Given under my hand this 3rd day of December, 1918.

CARL T. NORRIS,
Executor.

Date Dec. 4, 1918.

BOSCHEE'S SYRUP

will quiet your cough, soothe the inflamation of a sore throat and lungs, stop irritation in the bronchial tubes, insuring a good night's rest, free from coughing and with easy expectoration in the morning. Made and sold in America for fifty-two years. A wonderful prescription, assisting nature in building up your general health and throwing off the disease. Especially useful in lung trouble, asthma, croup, bronchitis, etc. For sale by Sterling's Pharmacy.