American Union

—PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY—
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DENTON, MARYLAND.

THURSDAY, Aug., 11th, 1892.

OUR CANDIDATES!

FOR PRESIDENT
BENJAMIN HARRISON,
OF INDIANA.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT
WHITELAW REID,
OF NEW YORK.

THE calamity howler is silent. His predictions two years ago regarding Reciprocity and the McKinley tariff have proved miserable failures and he can find nothing to howl about.

The prosperity throughout the country under President Harrison's administration and its tariff policy is apparent in all business circles, admitted even by such staunch Democratic journals as the New York *Herald*. Although the *Herald* desires the election of Cleaveland, it is compelled to be honest and says:

"The business of the country is in a provokingly healthy and flourishing condition. Imports during the fiscal year ending June 30 were greater than those of any former year, amounting to eight hundred and thirty-three million dollars, while exports also exceeded the highest record and reached the enormous aggregate of one billion twenty-seven million dollars. Railroad earnings the first six months of the year are greater than those for any similar period in history, and the output of manufacturers has been greater than ever before. Business failures for the first half of the present year have been one thousand fewer in number and forty million dollars less in gross liabilities than they were during a correspondending period in 1891. New industrial enterprises for manufacturing iron, cotton and woolen fabrics are going into operation in various sections, and while the margin of profits is small, business is on a solid foundation, and the outlook in every direction is hopeful and encouraging. The grain crop is promising, money is abundant, and collections are easy. In the face of such a condition of things the calamity howler must remain silent. His howling will scare nobody, not even himself, for he is too smart not to realize that the country is in a marvelously properous condition and likely to continue so."

THAT the Republican party is united and is going to make a red-hot campaign is becoming more and more apparent each day. That the Democrats are becoming alarmed at the unanimity with which leading Republicans, (which the Democrats tried to make the public believe would sulk in their tents) enter into the fight is very evident. With such leaders as James G. Blaine, Ex-senator Fasset, Warner Miller, Governor McKinley, and a score of other able and talented speakers on the stump it is no wonder that our Democratic friends are becoming alarmed at the situation. They begin to realize even this early in the campaign that their man of "destiny" is destined to be defeated.

ACCORDING to the Senate Conference Report presented by Senator Allison just before the adjournment of of Congress the appropriations in round amount to $507,000,000, The appropriations of the first session of the last Congress, or what the Democrats are pleased to call the "Billion Dollar" Congress, were $463,000,000 or $44,000,000 less.

A COMPARISON of the work done by the 51st Congress under the Reed rules, and the last or 52d, under rules that allow the minority to fillibuster or controll the workings of the House is interesting. The number of bills passed by both Houses which have become laws is 434. The last Congress at its first session passed 2,598 seperate statutes, including the most important body of legislation enacted since the war.

THE names of the five commissioners who are to represent the United Seates at the coming International Monetary Conference are officially announced as follows: Senator William B. Allison of Iowa, Senator J. P. Jones of Nevada, Congressman James B. McCreary of Kentucky, ex-Comptroller Henry W. Cannon of New York and General Francis A. Walker of Massachusetts.

BROTHER PLUMMER of the *Free Press* comes out with a 30,000 hurrah for Arkansas last week, but like his Grey nomination for vice-President and his call for the Democratic Ratification meeting, it was a little premature. We suppose next week he will reduce his hurrah to about 15,000.

THE fifty-second congress adjourned on Friday night at 11 o'clock. Among the bills passed at the last moment was one appropriating $2,500,000 for the World's Fair enterprise.

Converted by one Visit.

J. H. Rogers, chairman of the Tin Plate Makers' Asssociation of Wales, has just returned from the United States. His visit there was to ascertain what prospects the Welsh tin plate makers have of regaining the American trade, which was for many years before the new Republican tariff law their most profitable market.

The *Industrial World*, of Swansea, the official organ of the association, publishes in its issue of July 15th a long interview with chairman Rogers which will carry consternation to American free traders. Chairman Rogers speaks as a hard headed business man, and his remarks show that he is a keen observer of American affairs. The Welsh tin plate organ's reporter first asked him:

"'As a result of your recent visit to the United States can you give some idea of the prospects of the Democratic party in view of the coming Presidential election?'

"'Well,' was Mr. Rogers' reply, 'it is generally regarded that the fight will be an exceedingly close one. The Republicans say they will certainly return their President, and the Democrats, on the other hand, are equally confident. The general opinion is that the Democrats cannot win unless they carry New York State, but the Republicans may possibly win, even if they loose this State. The parties are so closely balanced that it is really impossible to say which will win.'

"'Supposing Mr. Cleveland were elected, what do you think would be the effect of his policy?'

"'I think the result would be that the duties would be gradually lowered, and that wages would consequently fall. The working classes, would, of course, not be willing to remain without work, and manufacturers would have to reduce wages to compete successfully with other countries *Wages in America are at present about double what they are here*, but if America adopted free trade they would probably be reduced by one-half, and become equal to the wages paid here. The question of free trade or protection in America is, therefore, of far more importance to the working class of America than it is to any class in this country. In America the working class earn high wages at present, and the cost of living out there is so little more than it is here that they have much greater comfort and are able to save more rapidly.'

"The reporter here reminded Mr. Rogers of the statements that had often been made during the last twelve months as an argument to prevent the tin platers of Wales to emigrate to America, that the heat and the cost of living was much greater in the United States thaa in our own country."

Mr. Rogers replied that as a matter of fact such was not the case. True, house rent was higher there, but the necessities of life to working men and their families were very cheap. The best class of clothing was also more expensive, but that for working men was not. The weather was exceedingly hot during his visit and one of the first things Mr. Rogers did was to purchase a cool, thin suit, which cost him twenty-five shillings, which he didn't think he could get as cheap in this country.

"Referring to the cost of living, Mr. Rogers instanced the case of a Llanelly tin plate worker, for whom he had found employment, who told him that not only was he in a position to live comfortably upon the wages he earned, but 36s. ($9) a week but he was able to send about half of it to his family at home.

"Conversation then ensued upon the condition of trade in South Wales, Mr. Rogers declaring that it was really worse now than it was twelve months ago, which was proved by the number of works which were either partially or wholly idle. He could not account for it, and feared that a bad period had set in, while he could see no prospect of a change.

"Mr. Rogers was then asked whether he had read the recent utterances of Mr. D. Randell, member of Parliment, who declared that the action of Messrs. Morewood & Co., in erecting works in the United States before waiting to see the result of the November elections was not only 'selfish and suicidal,' but also 'ill timed, misjudged and unpatriotic.'

"Mr. Rogers smiled and said in reply that the November elections, however they might go, would have no effect upon what they were doing. The McKinley tariff was only a secondary consideration in their action. 'Capital,' he added, 'is sensitive and timid and will always flow to the countries which offer most security and the most free opportunities for untrammeled development, and where capital is most abundant there will be the greatest prosperity, most regular employment and most happiness.'

"Proceeding, Mr. Rogers remarked that some of the Democrats said: 'We are quite prepared to admit that if the duties are reduced wages will have to be correspondingly reduced, but our aim is that wages shall be so far reduced that our manufacturers can undersell Europe in neutral markets such as India, Australia, etc,; but we believe that the cost of living and of luxuries should also be so reduced that workmen would be as well off at the lower wages as they are now at the higher wages.'

"Are there any other works in course of erection in America now?"

"Yes, there are several. I only visited a few. The manufacture of tin plates is, however, very rapidly taking root in the United States, and some very magnificent plants have been erected. One which I visited was the finest which I have ever seen. An enormous steel and tin plate concern is being built in Chicago."

CARRIAGES AND ROAD CARTS.

—JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF—

FINE CARRIAGES AND CELEBRATED ROAD CARTS.

They are finely finished, and beautiful in style. We are offering them at extremely low figures. We can save you money on these articles.

We have also just opened the heaviest stock of

CARRIAGE HARNESS,

ever brought to Easton, in which we can give you a bargain, Also just received from factory, an unusually heavy line of

LEATHER NETS

the best we ever had—"no fly can stay on them." If you will call and see our

STOCK OF LAP DUSTERS,

and ask the price—YOU WILL BE CAPTURED, but you will get away happy.

We claim to have the best

GRAIN DRILL

on the market—and will let you be the judge. Don't buy a

FARM WAGON

that will wrinkle your face, spoil your disposition, and make you grown prematurely old, We have the other kind, and more of ours are on the road to-day than all others combined, why?

—WE STILL HANDLE—

Ober's Standard and High Grade Fertilizer,

and have many customers who have never departed from them—Nothing better on the market. We have a TWO-HORSE FULL CHILLED PLOW only $7.00 many sold. Come and see us when in Easton.

YOUR FRIENDS,

SHANNAHAN & WRIGHTSON HARDWARE CO,

EASTON, MARYLAND.

Wanamaker's.

Closed Saturdays at 1 P. M.

Dress Trimmings.

Yes, Monday's thermometer of sales marked the highest of any August day since the store opened, one Monday morning in March, going on sixteen years ago. There are seasons for business creeping up and up in this plain, old, unmodern building, covering a village of busy people, with miles of floor streets, gas and water pipes, etc, etc, upon plans evolved by one thinking head and organized by one firm hand.

These reasons are that neither heat nor cold, dull times or rushing times are permitted to change the tenor of trade—the service or supply of goods. None must be disappointed at this store when they come for certain goods. neither while they are visiting the store nor after they have left and are at home with their selections.

"Going to Wanamaker's because the stock is equally good all the year round," and your sense of security in the rightness of quality and price is everythnig to us as merchants.

The great, quick and sustained response to the Trade Sale offerings is gratifying. The reasons for the sale are strong. The telling of them has been logical. The result is as usual.

The $25 Oak Dining-room Suit contained a concrete idea All the Furniture for a dining room — sideboard, extension table, six chairs—for $25. The demand for them was great; the supply at command is good for one more day's selling such as yesterday.

We add another Oak Dining-room Suit to-day at $50—sideboard, table and six chairs. The normal price was $66.50, the Trade Sale price $58.50, the concrete price $50. The pieces are all solid and elegant

Neither Wardrobes nor Chiffoniers have yet had mention in the advertising of the Furniture Trade Sale. They are going thus:

Ash Wardrobes, single door, drawer and shelf, $10.
Ash Wardrobes, double door, shelves and 2 drawers, $13.50.
Oak Wardrobes, double doors, 2 drawers, 3 shelves, $18.
Oak Wardrobe, single door, 18x40 inches, German plate glass, 1 drawer and one shelf, $20.
Imitation Walnut Wardrobes, single door, German bevel mirror, 18x40 inches, $10 from $15.
Walnut Wardrobes, single door, drawer and 1 shelf, $14.
Imitation Walnut Wardrobes, double doors, 2 drawers and 3 shelves, $14.50
Imitation Walnut Wardrobes, double doors, French plate mirror, 18x48 inches, drawer and shelf $16 from $22
Walnut front Wardrobes, double doors, 2 drawers and 3 shelves, $18.
Wardrobes at $25, $30, $40, $45, $65, $75.
Oak Chiffoniers, plain top, 6 drawers, $9.
Oak Chiffoniers, plain top, 5 drawers, 2 closets, $12. or with 6 drawers and bonnet bonnet closet, $12.
Oak Chiffoniers, 5 drawers and bonnet box, with toilet glass, $15.
Oak Chiffoniers, 5 drawers, with toilet glass, $20.
Oak Chiffoniers, 4 large drawers, large bonnet closet, with toilet glass, $25.
Oak Chiffoniers at $17, 18 up to $95.
Mahogany, Maple or Birch Chiffoniers in a great variety at low prices.

When we advertise bargains in Shoes because sizes are broken we tell you. The sizes are not broken in the

Women's fancy velvet gold embroidered Turkish Slippers at $1, reduced from $2.

Women's Oxford Shoes and Slippers at $2 from numerous higher prices. This bargain breaks our own record.

Girls' Goat Button Shoes at $1.25 from $2, $2.50 and $3.

The sizes are broken in the Women's white Oxford Shoes at $2.50 from $3.50, but your size is probably still here.

The wonderful House-keeping Linens of which sales were so lavish a few weeks since are still moving largely.

We add to-day a great lot of beautiful and very perfect soft-finished German Napkins at $1.65 that we know are worth in the market $2.50 a dozen. Another one of our Linen buyer's bright doings in Saxony.

JOHN WANAMAKER.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug., 8th, 1892.

Conference Academy.

Dover, Del.,

The Conference Academy calls attention to its new bullding for ladies, its reasonable charges, and its good reputation as a fitting school. Send for the last Catalogue, containing an alumni record. W. L. GOODING, *Principal.*