American Union

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F. C. & H. E. RAMSDELL,
H. E. RAMSDELL, Managing Editor.

DENTON, MARYLAND.

THURSDAY, Sept. 22nd, 1892.

OUR CANDIDATES!

FOR PRESIDENT
BENJAMIN HARRISON,
OF INDIANA.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT
WHITELAW REID,
OF NEW YORK.

FOR CONGRESS.
GEORGE M. RUSSUM.
OF CAROLINE.

THE Democrats now think that a New York Peck is of more importance, probably, than a whole bushel would be in some other states.

HENRY GEORGE'S paper the *Standard*, which is brillant but erratic editor for a time made famous, suspended publication last week.

BERGMAN the Anarchists who tried to kill Frick at Homestead has just been tried and sentenced to twenty one years in the penitentiary.

ENGLISH and Canadian papers are publishing reasons why Harrison should be defeated for re-election. Do the people this country desire to again be under British rule. The fact that these countries desire his defeat is a strong reason why he should be elected.

THE Democratic party has to resort to downright begging from the public to sustain itself here. The Baltimore "*News*" is piteously beseeching alms "only a dime," to save the dear old Rooster from decapitation. Even the widow's "mite" will not be refused.—*Alliance Free Press.*

WHY don't our Democratic friends have something to say about the tin-plate question, that was one of their favorite topics during the last congressional campaign, now they are as mum as an oyster. Wonder if they have yet found out whether tin is manufactured in this country or not.

IT is said that our Democratic friends who visited the Northwest in pursuit of the elusive rainbow, found an element here that they did not think of, and thaa was, that thousand of the Indians of the Northwest had already became citizens and would cast their first votes this fall, and those votes would be for Harrison and Protection. Over 1800 in one body had taken up their allotments and had became citizens.

THE name of our fellow townsman Henry R. Lewis has been mentioned in connection with the nomination of a successor to Judge Page, Mr. Lewis is the law partner of Mr. G. M. Russum, the Republican nominee for Csngress, is a straight-out Democrrt and ex-State's Attorney of the county, standing well with his party and well liked by the people. It is hardly probable however that the honor of the nomination will come to Caroline.

THE districts that gave the fusionists a majority at the primaries on Saturday were entirely ignored when the delegates were chosen to the Easton convention. The honors were given to the three districts that stood by the ring. Even the old First which has always been supposed to be a reliable Democratic district had to stand back as she had no one even among her faithful ring supporters suitable to represent the "unterrified" at the congressional convention which meets in Easton on the 28th.

FROM the latest returns from Maine it is estimated that the legislature will have a Republican majority of ninety-six on joint ballot—two more than the last. There will be but one Democrat in the Senate and thirty Republicans, as against four to tweuty-seven four years ago, while the House will consist of one hundred and nine Republicans and forty-two Democrats. This "almost a victory in maine," now turns out to be a veritable Waterloo. The Republicans carried every county in the state and the Democrats did not elect a single sheriff or clerk. Look out for Harrity's next proclamotion.

A GENTLEMAN writing from one of the rural distrirts in New York says "I think I can claim the banner school district in this locality. Four years ago the district contained sixteen Republicans and sixteen Democrats. Six of these Democrats are now for Harrison. There are eleven first Presidential voters in this district this year. Nine are from Republican families and two from Democratic families, and all are going to vote for Harrison. The vote of the the district stands thirty-there Republicans and ten Democrats. There are three Harrison flagpoles in the district and one was erected by a Democrat."

THE Petersburg Va., Index and Appeal, (Dem). in speaking of the prosperity of the country says: The country is undoubtedly prosperous. This is true of nearly every section, and of nearly all classes. Here and there may be found a bad crop, and here and there a manufacturing establishment breaks down from one cause or another. But generally the crops are good, and generally the wages are better or as good as a year ago. The Indiana official statistican—a Democrat, by the way—joins Peck, the New York Labor Commissioners, in this. Business failures are less numerous and less significant in amount than a year ago. Farm mortgages in the Northwest are being cancelled as never before.

To outsiders it looks as though the breach was gradually widening between the two Democratic faction in this county. From the time it was known that a tie in the districts had resulted from the primaries held on Saturday last, all expected a spirited contest in Tuesday's convention; but few, if any, expected the result which finally took place. The faction that withdrew from the convention, or some of them at least, contend that their resolution was offered in good faith in order to harmonize the two factions, and that they, the bolters, were entitled to some recognition which the other factions were not willing to grant them after they had secured one of their delegates, thereby breaking the tie. It now looks as if no reconciliation of the factions could take place so far as county politics are concerned, and that the two factions would fight it out to the bitter end, each standing ready to knife the other when opportunity occurs. Time can only determined what the ultimate result will be.

THE silver-tongued Democratic orator in speaking of the old soldiers of New York who would not support Cleveland, in addressing the Chicago Democratic Convention, said: "I believe it was the distinguished militay hero from Massachusetts, General Collins, who declared there was no Democrat in this Union that would vote against that ticket, but there sit behind him two soldiers whose deeds have not escaped the attention of history, two heroes who have led the Union armies to victory, but who have never made faces at the vanquished foe, and they will tell you here, comrades who fought with them, heroes who sustained them, and heroes who lowered their swords to them on the field of battle—they will tell you that the soldier vote of New York—of whom there are 25,000 at least Democratic—will not support the nomination of Mr. Cleveland. Gentleman, I submit to you, is it wise to antagonize that vote, to antagonize it without reason, to antagonize it blindly, defiantly, recklessly?"

IT IS truly refreshing to Republicans to see how our drowning Democratic friends are catching at straws. One would think from their present writings that when November comes Maine would be a Democratic state. They seem to think that because the Republicans did not make a clean sweep of the Legislature that the Democrats yet have a chance of carrying the state at the November election, simply because the Republicans did not have as large a majority as they (the Democrats) thought they ought to have. Do they not remember that in 1880 the Democrats carried the state of Maine at the September election and elected their governor by a safe majority, and when they met a Republican they did not forget to ask him, "Have you heard the news from Maine." Yet when November came Maine cast a solid vote for Garfield. and the Republicans did not forget to ask their Democratic friends, "have you heard the news from Maine?" The Republicans are perfectly satisfied with the election in Maine, with their increased majority in the Legislature they can well afford to let the Democrats get what comfort they can from the Maine elections.

THE able statesman and scholar, George Tuhenor Curtis, who has been a lifelong Democrat, who wrote the biography of James Buchanan and has always been an adherent of Democratic principles comes out with the following letter as his reasons for not supporting the Democratic nominee for President, he says:

SIR.—In common with many other Democrats, I cannot follow the leaders of the party in denouncing Republican protection as a fraud upon the labor of the great majority of the American people for the benefit of the few; nor can I subscribe to the doctrine that the protective tariff is unconstitutional. I have no pecuniary interest in manufactures, but I know what protection has done and is doing for this country. If it operates for the benefit of the few, I am not one of that few. I am one of the many; one of the great majority benefitted by it, including those who denounce it for the sake of obtaining political power.

If the leaders of a political party assembled in national convention for the purpose of nominating candidates for the Presidency and Vice-Presidency, choose to stultify themselves by falisfying history, they cannot expect to be followed by others who have any habits of independent thought and action. * * * * * * *

I cannot, at the bidding of these gentlemen, unlearn the lessons of my whole life. The greater part of my long life has been passed in the study of American political history and constitutional law. If I cannot claim to be an authority on such subjects, I can point out to others the true sources from which to advise interpretations of the Constitution. Those sources are not to be found in recent Congressional speeches, whether made by members of the party or another. They are to be found in the interpretations given to the Constitution by the First Congress, by Washington's administration, and by the suceeding administrations of Jefferson, Madison, John Quincy Adams and Jackson.

One hundred and fifty (150) worms from two doses of Dr. Fenner's Pleasant Worm Syrup. See his circular. Money refunded if satisfaction not given. Sold by George & Redden.

Wanamaker's

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 19 .1892.

Great waves of goods have piled into the Dress Silk and Novelty Dress Goods stocks.

A single item Bengaline Dress Silks: *Three hundred and ten pieces* arrived in the Transept yesterday, all at once. The Silk goods man's eyes sparkled with joy. Here were the material results of long serious, painstaking work in Lyons four months ago.

These Bengaline Silks interest every woman in all this city who needs Silk for Dresses this season. There are seven varieties, of which two have 60 colors, one has 58 colors, and the remainder less. The prices are very low, qualities considered, $1.25, $1 50, $2 and $2 50. The shades vary from black to the lightest for full Evening Dress; the weaves and the combinations of color show novel effects.

The Novelty Dress Goods vary from the mild and lovely to the pronounced and gay. You'd never imagine the styles that are here in Velour Russe. Some are prim in neatness, some shimmer with irridescence that combines the color effects of a golden sunset with a Greenland glacier.

Whipcords and Evangeline weaves in plain colors are decorated with silk embroidered figures that give original and beautiful results.

But, you know, we don't attempt to describe Dress Goods The quantities in the choice and rare Dress Goods Novelties are very small. Some of them will be gone in the twinkling of an eye. The waves of style dash over the Dress Goods counters. Who'll be first to catch and hold the jewelled spray that breaks on the crests? These waves will not repeat themselves.

This Dress Goods stock gives individuality a chance. The weaver of one of these styles will not see it on another. The vast variety allows verge and scope for the personal elements in choosing.

Close kin to Dress Goods are Fancy Flannels. Large varieties of choice new styles are coming, and altho' not announced are already moving very quickly out. Among them are:

Forty-five new styles of French printed Flannels, 27 in., 75c.

Thirty-seven new very original and novel woven styles of Saxony Flannels, 26 in., 75c.

A great variety of American woven style, striped and plaid Flannels, 25 in., at 37½ and 50c.

Eiderdown Flannels, plain and fancy, in very numerous variety, from 37½c to $1.25.

The outlook indicates a great season for fancy Flannels.

The Russian Moujik idea is cropping out in Boys' Jackets. Oddly pretty and about the snuggest wrap-up you can imagine for a boy. Why not? They were evolved by the need of being comfortable in below-zero weather. Longer as well as more lap-over than the common run of Jackets. $7.50 to $12. Sizes 3 to 10.

"Primrose Vest Suit," another new appearer. Cute as need be and sure to make hosts of friends, $7.50 to $12. Sizes 3 to 8.

Reefers Suits in half a dozen styles. $6.50 to $10. Sizes 3 to 8.

If the boy is a Kilt wearer here's a sailory shape that will happify him—and mamma as well. $5, sizes 2 1-2 to 6.

The whole storeful of boys' wear is made up on just as interesting lines.

A perfect Shoe store.
A perfect Shoe stock.

These are our aims. Unprejudiced Shoe men say we are nearer to both than any other establishment in the whole world.

The special bargain pointers touch the feet of men, women and children.

Recently we told of seven sorts of Shoes for women at $5. Finest of the fine; our own $7.50, $8 and $9 kinds. Nearly all sizes still left. These are the styles:

Two sorts black and one brown Cloth toe Shoes with patent leather foxings.
Two sorts French Kid Shoes with patent leather tips and high heels; welted and turned soles.
Two sorts French Kid Shoes with cold-proof insoles; medium round common sense toes and heels.

For Girls and Small Boys there are especially interesting lots in the Basement Shoe Annex.

JOHN WANAMAKER,

Wanamaker's

PROPOSALS FOF ELECTION BOOTHS.

OFFICE OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CAROLINE COUNTY
DENTON, September 20th, 1892,

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the County Commissioners of Caroline County, at their office in Denton, until

Tuesday, the 27th day of September, 1892,
At 12 o'clock M.,

For the supply of the paraphernaia required for the ELECTION BOOTHS for the General Election to be held on November 8th, 1892, in the several Precincts and Election Districts in Caroline county, said, fixtures and voting shelves or compartments to be constructed as provided for under Section 2, sub-section 153, Chapter 538, of the Acts of the General Assembly, January Session, 1890, title "Election."

All parties bidding for the same are requested to examine said Act of Assembly and said Section.

The County Commissioners' reserve the right to reject any or all bids that may be offered.

PETER HAGADONE,
TILGHMAN E. KELLEY,
NATHAN CLARK,
County Commissioners of Caroline County.

True Copy—Test:
GEO. A. DEAKYNE,
Sept. 20-1t. Clerk to Commissioners.

R. H. T. COUNCELL
—DEALER IN—
WALL PAPER, FURNITURE. ETC.
EASTON, MARYLAND.

Bed room suits, Parlor Suits, Mattresses Lounges, Chairs plain and fancy.
A full line of Wall paper always on hand. Estimates given when requested.
Store on Goldsborough street called Railroad Avenue.

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College Park, Md.

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JAMES N. TODD,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Denton Md.

All business entrusted to my care will receive close attention

JOB WORK AT THIS GFFICE.