The American Union.

DENTON, MD.

J. H. EMERSON, EDITOR.

Tuesday Morning October 9, 1860.

NOMINATIONS OF THE CONSTITUTIONAL UNION PARTY.

FOR PRESIDENT,

JOHN BELL,

OF TENNESSEE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

EDWARD EVERETT,

OF MASSACHUSETTS.

State at Large—
C. F. GOLDSBOROUGH,
J. DIXON ROMAN.
1st Dist.—JAS. U. DENNIS.
2d do. JNO. E. SMITH.
3d do. SAMUEL M. RANKIN.
4th do. WM. PRICE.
5th do. JAS. T. CARPER.
6th do. ALEX. B. HAGNER.

☞The Orphan's Court of Caroline co. will be in session to-day.

Grand Mass Meeting.—A grand rally of the Constitutional Union Party, of this county, is to be held at the Court House Square in this place, on Thursday next.—The people of this and the adjoining counties, without regard to party, are invited to be present. Let all come and hear the friends of the Union discuss the important issues before the country.

Hon. Gustavus A. Henry, grandson of Patrick Henry, and the eloquent orator of Tennessee, and the Hon. J. P. Commegys, of Delaware, are confidently expected to be present and address the Bell and Everett meeting at this place on Thursday next. Other distinguised speakers will also be present and address the meeting. Come out and hear them.

Is there a National Democratic Party?—It is often thrust into our teeth, by those whith whom we have heretofore acted, 'you have left the Democratic party," and by others again, whom we occasionly meet with, "I am told you have left the Democrats and gone over to Bell." Well, we think, all men are entitled their opinions, and presuming that all reflecting men form their opinions after calm reflection, we will not venture to impute to them unworthy or dishonest motives in the conclusions to which they arrive. But we cannot but wonder to ourself, when thus accosted and questioned, as to our desertion of Democratic principles, if our friends, have for one moment, given the subject the least thought, as to whether the Democratic party yet survives in all its boasted pride and glory, or has it gone down to the tomb of the Capulets, "unwept, unhonored and unsung?" Have they ever seriously considered the matter, and questioned themselves as to the living, vital, principles of Democracy? Have they forgotten that the party is dead and buried and is now beyond the hope of resurrection? True, neither themselves nor us, stood as mourners at the grave of our departed friend at Baltimore, but we mourned his exit, when informed of the fact.—In the language of the brief obituaries of the day, we say "peace to its ashes." It has died insolvent, not leaving a single living principle behind. All have died with the party.

There was a time once, when the Democratic party, claimed but one set of principles, and those principles were national, extending alike to all sections of this wide spread country. It is not so now. How those who manage to control the divided factions, can make the honest masses of the people believe that the Democratic party yet lives, moves, breathes and has a being, when it is torn in twain, divided assunder, we cannot by any system of reasoning, conceive. It cannot be national and sectional at the same time. It must be the one or the other. It is a sectional party. It can no longer claim to fight under the broad ægis of the Constitution. Our country is at this time national. What makes it so? Is it not by the common consent of the people of the different States, acting, agreeing, and acquiescing in, and conforming to the articles of confederation, and standing by Contitution and the Union as our fathers framed it? A party, then, claiming nationality, and which prides itself upon contitutional principles, must act in conformity to the Constitution, which is nothing more or less, than a compact, an agreement, entered into by our fathers, "for the better protection of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness." It was a compact entered into by, not one State or a portion of the States, but by the people of all the States of this Union. A party, therefore, that claims to have in its particular keeping, all the essential principles of nationality, should be confined to no sectional issue, nor should it be located in any particular State or States. Neither should it espouse local or sectional questions. High constitutional principles, in which the welfare of thirty millions of people are involved, should not be lightly esteemed,—so little prized—as to bear every construction that may be placed upon them by every political aspirant, or sectional leader in any party.—Whenever a party, charged with the keeping of those high functions of constitutional right, so far forget the interests of the country, and the welfare of its people, as to neglect those great questions, and in order to maintain its power, appeals alone to sectional or local issues, it is time for the honest yoemenry of the country to divest themselves of all party prejudices, and look the naked question in the eye—to see if there is not some other party that is honest, and strongly attached to the Union, upon whose shoulders the robes of the executive mantle may fall, without disgrace or dishonor.—Who is it that is acquainted with the movements of the sectional Democracy, that does not see in John C. Breckinridge, a sectional candidate? Who is it that will deny that the slavery question is a sectional one? The whole Democracy charge upon Mr. Lincoln sectionalism. But how stands the case with the Breckinridge wing of the Democracy? Does not Mr. Breckinridge occupy grounds just the reverse of Mr. Lincoln? His supporters say so. If therefore, Mr. Lincoln is a sectional candidate, because he is the exponent of the principles of the Republican party at the North, Mr. Breckinridge must be equally sectional as he holds the reverse doctrines at the South. But enough of this sectionalism. We believe the people are tired of it, and will rejoice to see the day, when this sectional agitation of the slavery question shall cease. What do the honest masses of the people care about the negro? What do those who own no slaves care about those who own them? It is a private matter in which the owner himself is concerned, and about which the people care nothing.

This slavery question, is the rock upon which the old Whig party split in 1852, and upon which the Democratic party split in 1860, and upon which all other parties that may seize hold of it, will be divided and destroyed in time to come. The history of the past, if it proves anything, proves this, and it should serve as a beacon, to warn all parties, in all time to come, to shun this rock, upon which has been wrecked, the hopes of the two old political parties of this country. So long as they held to national questions—discussed national questions—and submitted them to the people at the ballot-box for their decision, they survived. But as soon as they exchanged national questions for those of local and sectional ones, these parties began to lose their nationality, and from that hour, to decline.

We contend, therefore, that there is no national Democratic party. It is a sectional party. It has forsaken all constitutional questions, and come down to the single isolated question of slavery, and upon this seeks to obtain a controlling influence in the government, by direct appeals to the Southern States, whose opinions and interests, upon the slavery issues, are hostile to those of the North.

The principles of the Constitutional Union party, are those of the Union, without regard to local jealousies, and we think should meet a hearty response in the bosom of every lover of the Union throughout the land.

BROKEN OPEN.—The store house of Mr. Robt, W. Stewart's, at Denton Bridge, was broken into on Wednesday night last and goods to the value of ten or twelve dollars, taken therefrom. As to who committed the theft, is unknown.

Delaware Election.—An election was held in Delaware on Tuesday last, for Assessors and Inspectors, and resulted in favor of the Breckinridge wing of the Democracy. New Castle county gives about 200 majority and Kent between 400 and 500. The majority in Sussex county for the Breckrinridge party is 250.

Go to Work.—As we are now upon the eve of one of the most important Presidential elections that has ever taken place, it is important that every Union man should stand firmly to his post. It is time now, to to go work and use every moment to the best advantage. The crisis is a fearful one, it is the duty of those who value the Union, to make every reasonable sacrifice for their country. Go to work, then, and labor diligently from now until the election.

The Census.—The deputy Marshal for this county, has completed his labors, and the total population of the county is 11,288. Total increase in ten years 1,596. Decrease in the slave population, 69.

Caroline county Circuit Court was in session the greater portion of last week, but all the cases disposed of being of little or no importance to the general reader, we omit the regular proceedings. The Court adjourned over from Thursday evening till yesterday morning. The business claiming the attention of the Court is of no general interest.

DEAD.—Gov. Willard, of Indiana, died at St. Paul, Minnasota, on Thursday night last, of consumption.

The Elections.—Yesterday an election was held in South Carolina, and to-day, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Iowa and Minnesota hold their State elections. The results in some of these States are looked for with much interest, but as the Union party has no nominations in them, the returns can afford no indication of the strength of the Union movement in those States.

The Baltimore Municipal election comes off to-morrow.

DEAD.—Wm. T. Rowlenson, former editor and proprietor of the Public Monitor, died at his residence in Easton, Md., on Monday, the 1st inst.

Admitted to Practice.—On Wednesday last, Mr. J. D. Kemp, Mr. J. E. Hignutt, and Mr. N. Fountain, Jr., passed an examination by the Court, were duly qualified and admitted to the Bar as practitioners in this Court. They are young men of promising talents, and we congratulate the members of the Bar upon their accesion to the ranks.

The October No. of the American Farmer is received. The present No., is in all respects, equal to any of its predecessors, and judging from the energy and ability displayed by its proprietors, it must be a very popular publication with the farmer and planter.

Later from California.

Interesting Political News from Oregon—Douglas-Republican Coalition to Elect United States Senators—The Breckinridge Senators Break up the Quorum by Bolting.

California news by pony express to September 19th has been received at St. Joseph, Mo.

The weather has been extremely warm in San Francisco for a week, the themometer rising to 93, being the highest point reached during a period of some years.

Upwards of $35,000 are reported to have been taken out of the Mount Ophir claim, in Tuolotue, on the 7th ult.

OREGON.

The Oregon Legislature met at Salem on the 10th: The House organized by choosing Benjamin Harding, (a Douglas Democrat, who, at the last two elections, voted for Mr. Logan, the republican candidate for Congress,) speaker; T. McT. Potter, rep., chief clerk; Mr. Allen, Douglas democrat, assistant clerk, and Mr. Leverage, rep., sergeant-at-arms.

The Senatorial organization of the Assembly was regarded by the Breckinridge members as an indication that a Douglas-republican coalition was already formed to elect Col. Baker and S. W. Nesmith U. S. Senators.

The constitution of Oregon requires two-thirds of all the members elected to each House, six of the Breckinridge Senators bolted, and left Salem on the morning of the 11th. The Senate was thus left without a qnorum, and in that condition it has continued up to the latest accounts. The names of the Senators who withdrew are Messrs. Florence, Monroe, Berry, McHenry, Fitzhugh and Sheley—the latter being a son-in-law of Gen. Lane.

A resolution was passed by the Senate, empowering the sergent-at-arms to compel the attendance of the absent members, and to call to his aid whatever force is necessary. The President of the Senate is Hon. S. L. Elkins, and the Secratary, Mr. People, both Douglas democrats. The sergeant-at-arms, to whom has been intrusted the task of bringing back the absconding Senators, is of the same political party. The assistant secretary and the enrolling clerk are republicans. An attempt will be made by the Breckinridge men to defeat a quorum in the House, in order to prevent the election of Baker and Nesmith. This cannot be accomplished, and a want of a quorum in the Senate will not necessarily prevent the election of the Senators.

It is probable that the two United States Senators will be elected by a coalition between the Douglas men and the republicans. Col. E. D. Baker has received the republican nomination in caucus, and will be one of the Senators, if there is any election at all. This is generally conceded on all sides. Both Houses had adjourneil till Monday, September 17th.

As the stage passed through Cornwalls, on the 10th, the sergeant-at-arms of the Senate was there with a posse of citizens, searching for the absconding Senators. The latter, on the arrival of the officers, had taken to the brush, and scattered in various directions to avoid arrest. They had been stopping at Cornwallis ever since leaving the Senate. One was arrested by a deputy, but subsequently escaped.

SEARCH AFTER A LOST INVENTION. A most interesting search, says the London Court Journal, is about to take place, that will draw all lovers of invention to the tomb of the Beaufort family. It seems that the first Earl of Worcester, of the day of Henry VII., invented an engine the original model of which has never, up to the present moment, been discovered. Through the deepest researches Mr. Woodcroft obtained undeniable proof that the Earl of Worcester desired in his will that this model should be interred with him, and actually in his coffin. Therefore, Mr. Woodcroft's next step was to obtain permission to have the coffin opened; but before that could be done, the whereabouts had to be discovered, and no one knew anything about it.

It was not till the other day that, coming across an old manuscript, he found an allusion made to the coffin of Charles Somerset, first Earl of Worcester, and that it was buried in a vault which had fallen in, and, as the writer observed, was never likely to be beheld by mortal eye again. The manuscript is upwards of one hundred and fifty years old; it therefore, may be imagined that to find the spot where the Earl is buried was difficult enough; that, however, has been accomplished, and Mr. Woodcroft, having obtained the Duke of Beaufort's permission to open the coffin, is only waiting the necessary permission of the bishop to do so. The Duchess has signified her desire to be present.

SPEECH OF HON. JOHN MINOR BOTTS. Hon. John Minor Botts addressed an immense audience in Richmond Monday evening, at the Bell and Everett Head-quarters. Over 4,000 persons, of both sexes, were present. The stage was beautifully decorated with wreaths of flowers twined around the portraits of Washington, Clay, Pleasants and others.

Mr. Botts was greeted with tremendous applause. Referring to the fact that Mr. Yancey was speaking on the same evening, he said he regretted that there should be two performances going on at once. Yet, as the one party was dissolving the Union, it would be well enough to have the other to tinker it up. He said he was tired of politics and disgusted with politicians; but, when he saw treason and disunion stalking abroad, he felt compelled to enter the arena, and raise his voice in defence of his country.

ANOTHER TRAGEDY IN NNW YORK.—A painful tragedy occurred at the residence of Mr. Enoch Griffiths, in New York, on Sunday. The principal in the affair, a young woman named Josephine Clifton Lyon, aged 17, and of more than ordinary beauty, was, she alleges, obliged to leave her father's roof in consequence of the efforts of the latter to make her lead a life of shame. Seized with the idea that her father would discover her whereabouts and take her home, she determined to commit suicide rather than submit to such treatment. Accordingly, on Sunday evening she procured a revolver and shot herself through the chest, inflicting a terrible wound, at the residence of Mr. Griffiths, where she had hired herself as a domestic. Her physicians have no hope of her surviving.

Death from the Bite of a Spider.—A little son of Charles Goit, of East Lanesborough, Mass., aged five years, died a few days ago from the bite of a spider. The little fellow awoke in the night, crying, and on his parents' seeking for the cause of his grief, they found a small black spider biting the calf of his leg, and appeared to be sinking itself into the flesh, where it hung very tenaciously till removed. The leg swelled to a very large size, and his sufferings increased till they terminated in death, about forty-eight hours after he was bitten.

The Union for the sake of the Union.—The Union Electoral ticket may be considered an accomplished fact. The opponents of sectionalism are electrified with the result, and the way the Abolitionists whine and wail is evidence that they consider the State of New York lost to Lincoln. The solid men of the city of New York, who have heretofore stood aloof, are now at work for it; the friends of the National Administration sustain it, and so do all the Democratic press of the city, including the *Journal of Commerce*, which originally supported the Breckinridge ticket.—*Albany Times*, (Dem.)

The Deepest Artisian Well.—The artisian well is one of the greatest curiosities of Louisville, Ky. This is the deepest well that has ever been successfully bored. It was commenced in 1857 by the Messrs. Du Pont; is 2,086 feet in depth; discharges 330,000 gallons every 24 hours; and carries its flow to the height of 170 feet above the surface.

A Legislator in the Penitentiary.—The "honorable" Thomas J. Monday, an ex-member of the New York Legislature, was sentenced on Thursday by Recorder Barnard, of the Court of General Sessions, of New York city, to four months' imprisonment in the penitentiary at Blackwells' island, for an attempted outrage upon a little girl.

News Items.

A gigantic horse-stealing association, comprising over two hundred members, has recenly been discovered in Denver city, K. T.

On the 27th ult., the first of this season's new crop of sugar and molasses was received at New Orleans.

The agricultural fair at Frederick, Md., commences on the 16th inst., and promises to be quite a large one.

The Count of Aquela, uncle of the ex-King of Naples, has purchased a mansion in Paris for three thousand dollars.

Mr. Holt, of Liverpool, has obtained the contract for establishing steam communication between New York and Kingston Ja.

Elder Kimball, one of the leading Mormon saints, it is said had recently born to him, in one night no less than fourteen children.

Since the first of January last there have been 2,702 cases of yellow fever in Havana, only 364 of which proved fatal.

Hon. Francis Osborne Watts, member of the Boston bar, died on the 28th ult.

The Western Academy of Art opened its first exhibition in St. Louis on the 25th ult.

Concordia, La., has a populating of 1,280 whites and 12,800 blacks.

The slave bark Kibby, condemned at New York, has been sold for $4,400.

John Warren, convicted of murder at Reading, Pa., has been sentenced to be hung.

Mr. Glossbrenner has assumed the duties of private secretary to the President.

Richard H. Danna, Jr., has airrved at Boston after a tour around the world, having visited some of the most remarkable countries on the earth.

The Syrian fund in New York at present amounts to $16,141, including $20 received from "D." of Baltimore, and $20 from Alexandria, Va.

The steamer Tennesseee is to be placed on the mail line between New Orleans and Vera Cruz on the 15th inst.

The Jamaica papers are discussing the policy of annexing that colony to the United States.

Otto Rercutlow, bearer of dispatches from the New York Garibaldi fund to Gen. Garibaldi, sailed for Europe on Monday.

Pine-Apples are now successfully raised in Florida, proving hardier and more profitable than the banana.

John B. Gough lectured to a crowded audience in New York on Monday night.

R. Winchell, of Ulster county, N. Y., undertook, a few days ago, to perform the Blondin feats, but fell and was killed.

A Hartford paper says 6,200 pounds of tobacco were recently shipped from that city to Baltimore.

The drought is unsettling Kansas, which was settled with much difficulty. Blood fertilized that Territory, and want of water is ruining it.

Forty thousand head of cattle, worth $1,600.000, have been sent east from Iowa in the past year.

The sale of photographs of Garibaldi has been prohibited in Vienna.

There are 460 slaves less in the District of Columbia, than in 1850.

Garibaldi had but *eight men* killed in the conquest of the Kingdom of Naples.

The great fair recently held in St. Louis yielded to the association a profit of $17,000. Above $32,000 were expended in premiums.

The steamahip Glasgow, from Liverpool on the 19th ult., and Queenestown on the 20th, arrived at New York on Thursday.

Judge Pierrepont, of the Superior Court in New York city, has resigned on the plea of ill health and wretched court accommodations.

The London papers announce the death of Mr. Joseph Lock, M. P. for Honiton and president of the Institution of Civil Engineers.

The cholera is said to be making numerous victims in Spain. It is at present in Toledo.

Gen. Joseph Lane is to be in Marietta, Ga., to day.

The councils of Nashville, Tenn., have prohibited the ringing of bells in the streets.

The quantity of flour inspected in Norfolk during the last quarter was 4,016 bbls.

The Dutchess of Alba, sister to the Empress Eugene, died in Paris, 17th ult. She was thirty-three years of age.

Intelligence has been received at the navy department of the arrival of the U. S. steam sloop of war Pawnee at Pensacola.

On Sunday last the corner stone of a German Catholic Church was laid at Columbia Pa., by Bishop Wood.

The frost has injured grapes all over New England. Apples were also damaged in many places.

Judge Silas Parsons, of Texas, formerly of the Supreme Court bench of Alabama, died an the 16th ult.

Samuel Clark, of Michigan, has been appointed Consul at Aspinwal, vice Fox, removed.

The Belvidere Hotel, a place of popular resort, near Pittsburg, Pa., was destroyed by fire last week.

It is our decided opinion that any man who would pronounce John Bell unworthy of Southern confidence, would with a fair chance and a small temptation steal a nigger.—*Prentice.*

The Mass Meeting at Easton.—The State Mass Meeting of the friends of Bell and Everett, at Easton, Md., appointed for the thirteenth of October, has been changed to Thursday, October 25th. This change has been made to suit the convenience of our friends on the Eastern Shore, who desire to attend both the mass meeting and the State Agricultural Exhibition which commences on the 30th inst.

APT ILLUSTRATION.—"The Dimmykrat party ought to have the American Aigle off its banners this election," said an honest Patlander the other day.

"Why?" asksd a bystander.

"Bekase ye see the Aigle isn't a double headed burd, and the party is," was the reply.

"What would you put in its place, Pat?"

"Two Kilkenny cats bedad."

New Jersey Politics

The Breckenridge men of the fifth district of New Jersey have nominated N Perry for congress. Mr. Perry is also the candidate of the Bell and Everett party.

"NORTH CAROLINA AND MISSISSIPPI CERTAIN FOR BELL AND EVERETT.—The Washington correspondent of the New York *Times*, in his last letter to that paper says:

Bets are now being offered here on Pennsylvania against Lincoln. Reliable letters from North Carolina and Mississippi report those States certain for Bell. Hon Joshua Hill, who is now here, says the same of Georgia. Hon A. J. Hamilton writes that the vote of Texas will be against Breckenridge."

Political.

The Kentucky State central executive committee of the Union party have published an address recommending the Bell and Everett men of Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania to disregard their preferences gubernatorial candidates in their respective States, and throw their votes in such a manner as best calculated to prevent he success of Mr. Lincoln.

Letter from Hon. Mr. Crittenden.

The Louisville Bulletin publishes a letter from Mr. Crittenden addressed to his friends at New Albany, Indiana, in reply as a request for a speech defining their duty as Indianians in the present crisis, Mr. Crittenden declines speaking, but writes as follows: "If I were a voter in the State of Indiana and believed that there was no probability that Mr. Bell could carry the State by the popular vote, then I would unhesitatingly give my vote to Mr. Douglas, and I should do this thinking that thereby I performed my duty as a true Union man and rendered both to my country, and to Messrs. Bell and Everett, the candidates of my choice, the best service that circumstances permitted me."

Mammoth Furniture Establishment.

☞We would advise our readers who may be attracted to the city by Cattle show, Institute, exhibition, or business, not to neglect paying a visit to the extensive furniture establishment of A. Mathiot & Son. They will find in their Fall stock, the grandest assortment of household furniture ever manufactured by any establishment in the country, consisting of the most elaborately gotton up Rose wood Mahogany, and Walnut, Parlor and Chamber Furniture, together with a splendid assortment of plain well made articles, suiting the most extravagant and economical tastes. As the Mr Mathiots are always pleased to exhibit their stock, and invitation to call, (if merely for the gratification of curiosity,) is extended to all strangers. oct. 2-4w.

Married.

On Monday the 13th instant, at the Methodist Episcopal Church in Centreville, by Rev. Jas. E. Bryan, Capt. HENRY J. STRANDBERG, of Easton and MRS. CAROLINE A. SEEGAR of the former place.

Died.

At his residence in this co., on the 2d inst., Mr. Edward Carmean.

In Centreville on Tuesday morning, Mrs. Ann Hopper, widow of the late Judge P. B. Hopper, in the — year of her age, leaving a large circle of relatives and friends to mourn their irreparable loss.

On Tuesday evening at the residence of her father, near Ruthsburg; Mahala youngest daughter of Mr. Isaac Mason, in the fifteenth year of her age.

DEDICATION.

BY Divine permission, the new M. E. Church at Hall's X Roads, on Hillsborough circuit, will be dedicated to the worship of Almighty God on SUNDAY, 14th of October. Rev. Henry Hurn and Rev. Andrew Manship will officiate on the occasion.

Service to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M. Ministers and members of adjoining charges, and the public generally, are cordially invited to be present. WM. M. WARNER.
oct. 11-1t. J. E. ELLIOTT.
Pastors.

MARYLAND.

Caroline County Orphans' Court.

25th Sept. 1860.

ON application of James W. Willson, Administrator of Aaron Willson, late of Caroline co. dec'd.

It is ordered that he give the notice required by law for the creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate and that he cause the same to be published once in each of three successive weeks; in some newspaper published in Caroline co.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes and proceedings of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid, I have hereunto set my hand, and the seal of my office affixed this 25th of Sept., A. D. 1860. (SEAL)

Test: GEO. H. MOORE,
Reg. of Wills for Caroline co.

In Compliance with the above Order,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Caroline county obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Aaron Willson, late of Caroline county, decd.

All persons having claime against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with proper vouches thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 1st day of July 1861, or they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 25th day of July 1860. JAS. W. WILLSON, ad'mr., of Aaron Willson, dec'd.

Oct. 9, 1860-3t.

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