The American Union.

J. MARION EMERSON, EDITOR.

DENTON, MD.

THURSDAY MORNING.....March 21, 1867.

☞ MR. J. B. ROBINSON, 48 Barre street, Baltimore, is our authorized agent for this paper in that city.

☞ Postmasters are requested to inform us of any refusal to take our paper from their office.

For Sale or Exchange.

We have in this office a good Adams' Printing Press—bed 28x41—and Steam Engine, all complete and in good order, which we will either sell on good terms, or exchange for one of Hoe's or Taylor's No. 3. Washington Hand Presses. Address, "UNION" OFFICE, Denton, Md

The Orphans Court of Caroline county will sit on Tuesday, March 26th.

Reconstruction in the South.

From every quarter of the South comes up the gratifying intelligence that the people are preparing to reconstruct this mighty fabric, so rent and torn by the ruthless hand of civil war, upon the terms proposed by the XXXIXTH Congress, and there is now some prospect of a speedy termination to the animosities that have been engendered between brother and brother. We hail with joy the return to reason of our Southern brethren, and most ardently hope that the dawn of that day is not far distant when man will meet his fellow man, not with uplifted hands as though ready to wreak vengengence for his acts in the past, but in a spirit of kindness and forgiveness, socially interminglingwith each other, and congratulating themselves that He who holds the destinies of nations in the hollow of His hand has brought us safely through the struggle a once more united, happy and prosperous people.

But long ago could the problem of reconstruction been solved, and that, too, upon less rigorous measures. Immediately after the accession of Abrahsm Lincoln to the Presidential chair in 1861, a proclamation was issued to the Southern people that if they would lay down their arms they would again be restored to their former relations, and would be protected in all their rights, and especially in that for which they appealed to the arbitrement of arms as a redress of grievances. But it was defiantly rejected, and the war resumed with renewed efforts. Years passed, both sides fighting with the desperation that is characteristic of the American people, and we again find terms offered to unrepentant rebels, but this time they were to loose their slaves, which had been freed as a result of the war. These were also indignantly spurned, and the sharp and decisive battles of Grant followed which resulted in the total annihilation and overthrow of the armies of the Confederacy. Once more our national unity was sought to be restored by the patriotic men in Congress, but this time another demand was made upon the South. In addition to the loosing of her slaves, those of her citizens as were foremost in promoting treason must forfeit their claims to a voice in the future councils of the nation. This, too, was as indignantly rejected as were the former propositions, only to have more rigorous demands made upon them. Yet another proposition, embracing universal manhood suffrage, in conjunction with all former requirements, is now offered, and this may be set aside, and harsher ones still be prepared, if they continue to resist govermental authority.

And this latter proposition the Southern States are now acting upon, Virginia taking the lead, not because it is their desire, but because it is the mildest terms they will ever get. These rigorous measures have they brought upon themselves with the advice and direction of Northern sympathizers who were too cowardly to keep pace to martial music, save in some secluded spot far up among the hills of the North, away from the smoke and carnage of battle. And even now these self-same constitutional expounders of the Democratic party are urging the South to resist the proffered terms. And what will be the result? Only harsher measures will be demanded, and the South *forced* to submit. It is not to be expected but that those who have crushed the hydra-headed monster of treason will determine the only means upon which reconstruction is to be established, and he who clings to the the delusive hope that it will be otherwise will be sadly disappointed in the end.

If our Southern bretheren will but reject the advice of Northern Democrats, who are bent upon establishing an Oligarchy upon the ruins of this Republic, if possible, and comply with alacrity with the terms now proposed, ere harsher ones be demanded, they will act wisely. That they must evidently succumb to loyalty is evident. Then why delay? No easier terms will ever be extended, though Northern Democrats hold out the inducement that, with *their* assistance, they *shall be* restored upon their own terms. Where, we ask, was their promised assistance during the war? It was not rendered, and why? Simply because they were to cowardly; and no more assistance will be given in the future than has been rendered in the past.

Then let the good work, so auspicially begun, be steadily pushed forward. Let that counsel be taken for naught which tends to a widening of the breach now existing between the North and South.—Ye Democrats, whose unperformed promises and unwholesome advice has only been detrimental to the true interests of the South, cease your weak and unavailing whinings, and aid in binding up the bleeding wounds of our common country. Had it not been for you, the question would long ago been settled, and we would now be far advanced in that era of unexampled prosperity that awaits us when we shall again be united under the broad wings of the American eagle, and when the North and the South, the East and the West, shall once more strive to reach one common destiny.

HON. P. F. THOMAS, on Saturday, sent a letter to the Legislature accepting the position of United States Senator. On Monday his credentials were presented to the United States Senate by Mr. Johnson who moved that he be permitted to take the required oath. Quite a spirited debate then ensued, and, without coming to a vote, the subject was postponed until Tuesday. Mr. Nye said that Mr. Thomas had been chosen by a Legislature elected in violation of the laws of Maryland, and for this reason, together with his being opposed to the coercion of the South at the commencement of the war, he favored the credentials being submitted to the Judiciary Committee. In support of his assertion that Mr. Thomas was opposed to coercion, he read the following extract from his letter of resignation of the position which he held in Mr. Buchanan's cabinet: "It has not been in my power, as you are aware, to agree with you and a majority of your constitutional advisers in the measures which have been adopted in reference to the present condition of things in South Carolina; nor do I think at all probable that I shall be able to concur in the views which you entertain, so far as I understand them, touching the authority under existing laws to enforce the collections of the customs at the port of Charleston."

THE CIVIL RIGHTS LAW IN MARYLAND.—The Maryland Legislature has refused to allow negroes the privilege of testifying in the courts of justice in this State, and that refusal is in direct conflict with the laws of the United States, which declare that the negro *shall* testify. This is but another of their rash acts and which, if continued, will eventually lead to the territorializing of the State. Already has the House of Representatives given instructions to the Judiciary Committee to inquire whether the people of Maryland have a Republican form of Government, and such as Congress can, consistently with the Constitution, guarantee and recognize. If the State should be territorialized, no one will be more ready to denounce Congress for its acts than the members of that Legislature, and who, day by day, are only affording such means as will eventually lead to this result.—Would it not be advisable for them to consider well the steps they have taken, lest in the future they be found denouncing Congress for that which they are unmistakably bringing upon us? We think so.

COMPENSATION FOR SLAVES.—The bill providing for the taking and perpetuation of the evidence of the ownership of emancipated slaves, and which is the formal beginning of the attempt to make the State pay for them, was passed—yeas 14, nays 9. Mr. Kimmell, advocated the bill, and expressed the hope that Maryland might be able to "wipe on the stain that now tarnished her fair fame" by paying for the slaves. He also thought that the General Government or New England would finally make compensation!

JUDGE COURT OF APPEALS.—Governor Swann has appointed Hon. Peter W. Crain, at present Judge of the Judicial District composed of St. Mary's, Charles and Calvert counties, to the seat in the Court of Appeals made vacant by the death of Hon. S. Morris Cochran.

THE Legislature has appointed an adjournment *sine die* of that body to take place on Friday, though an effort is being made by some to protract the session.

A WORD IN SELF-DEFENSE.—Since we have been conducting this paper, we have frequently heard of certain persons in different parts of the county, endeavoring to delude our patrons by saying that the former editor is still a silent partner in the paper, and is the author of all the editorials, hoping thereby to persuade some to withdraw their patronage from us. Now, all we have to say is that it is a base fabrication of their own, gotten up for political effect. The former editor has *no connection whatever* with the paper. The editorials are our own, and he who seeks to convince others that the former editor is their author, tells a bare-faced falsehood, as can be proven by the manuscript copy now on hand in this office. It is not that we consider our productions anything extraordinary that has induced us to notice such base remarks, but to deny them *in toto*, and to brand the authors as a set of malignant and perverse (if we must use the assertion) *liars*. Happily, however, many are known, and they will receive from us that contempt which their mendacity so richly merits.

HORRIBLE MURDER.—On Friday night last, one of the most horrible murders that ever was committed in this county, was perpetrated upon the person of Mr. James A. Tarr, a highly respectable and inoffensive citizen of Hillsborough. Some one entered his bed room, which was in the back part of his tailor-shop, or was concealed beneath the bed when he retired, and first struck him over the head with a slung-shot or billy, and then cut his throat, thus causing his death. Money was the incentive to this crime, Mr. Tarr being known to have had between two and three hundred dollars in cash upon his person. Of this sum, they secured all but fifteen dollars. We have no doubt the perpetrator is one of that gang of outlaws that infest Queen Ann's county, and who are such a terror to the citizens in and around Church Hill. The murderer is still at large, but we hope that the fullest penalties of the law may soon overtake him for this heinous crime.

LATEST.—A man named Frank Boyer was arrested upon suspicion on Wednesday morning at 3 o'clock and lodged in the jail in this place.

SCHUYLKILL LIME.—The attention of our readers is especially directed to the lime advertisements, Mr. Edgar Plummer, agent, in this mornings issue. The improvement that is to take place in Caroline lands must be through the agency of this indispensable enricher, and the excellent qualities of the Schuylkill Lime are unsurpassable, as will be seen by the analysis contained in the advertisement, and, at once, commends it to our farmers. It will be furnished direct from the quarries at any point on the Maryland and Delaware Railroads, or at any of the landings on the Choptank River and Tuckahoe Creek. For building purposes, it is equally good.

POLICE COMMISSIONERS FOR BALTIMORE CITY.—Both Houses of the Legislature met in joint convention on Friday to elect Police Commissioners for Baltimore city. The Democratic caucus nominees, Messrs. Jarrett, Fuselbaugh and Carr, were of course elected. The Republicans cast their votes for Messrs. Hinds and Wood, the efficient Commissioners ejected by Mr. Swann, and for Robert M. Proud, Esq., Chairman of the Union State Central Committee. Messrs. Young and Valliant, Mr. Swann's appointees, received each one vote.

ATTEMPT AT BURGLARY.—On Wednesday night, of last week, an entrance was forced into the store of Mr. Benjamin E. Jester, at Greensborough, through the floor, from an old cellar, and nearly all the goods stolen therefrom. Fortunately, however, ere the burglar had succeeded in escaping with his plunder, he was detected in the act and put to flight. He was pursued so closely that he was compelled to swim the river, and thus made his escape. He is known to the pursuers, and measures have been taken for his arrest.

NUMEROUS complaints were made at this office last week, because of the non-arrival of our paper at several of the post offices in this county. We know not upon whom to charge the negligence, but one thing we do know, and that is that the papers were mailed at this office.—We hope our postmasters will be more careful in the future and not cause a recurrence of these complaints.

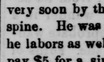
GIVE IN YOUR INCOMES.—We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of the Assistant Assessor. All incomes for 1866 must be rendered to him before the 1st day of April, or ten per cent. will be added to their amounts. But few days are intervening before that time, and we advise all to call immediately and save future trouble.

Baltimore Grain Markets.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY.]

WHEAT—White,	$3.40a3.45
" Red,	3.15a3.30
CORN—new White,	1,10a1.12
"new Yellow,	1.06a1.11
RYE,	1,35a1,40
OATS,	65a70

SPECIAL NOTICE COLUMN.



Dr. P. STICK,
DENTIST,
DENTON, MD.,
Will hereafter visit Greensborough the second and fourth Wednesday of each month. jly29y

A Canvass of the Union
proves that the most successful candidate for general favor ever placed before
THE PEOPLE,
is that pure and salubrious vegetable beautifier,
CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.
Far and wide, throughout the restored republic, in defiance of rivalry and competition, it appeals
TO THE POLLS!
of all who design to clothe the same with the magnificent black or brown hues which nature has denied, or age stolen away. Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Aster House, New York. Sold by Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers. [mr21-1m

CHILDREN'S LIVES SAVED FOR 50 CTS.
Thousands of children die annually of Croup Now, mothers, if you would spend 50 cents and always have a bottle of Dr. Tobias' Venetian Liniment in the house, you never need fear losing your little one when attacked with this complaint. It is now 19 years since I have put up my Liniment, and never heard of a child dying for Croup when my Liniment was used; but hundreds of cases of cures have been reported to me, and many state if it was $10 per bottle they would not be without it. Besides which it is a certain cure for Cuts, Burns, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throats, Swellings, Mumps, Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Spasms, Old Sores and pains in the back and chest. No one once tries it who is ever without it. It is warranted perfectly safe to take internally. Full Directions with every bottle. Sold by the Drugists. Depot, 56 Cortlandt Street, N. Y. [m-21-7w

ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS.
HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 11, 1864.
Messrs THOS. ALLCOCK & Co.—Please send, with dispatch, twelve dozen Allcock's Porous Plasters. Our daily experience confirms their very superior excellence. At this moment of writing a man applies for one, who, by entanglement in the shaft of machinery, had both his legs broken, spine severely injured, and was for nearly a year helpless. This man found relief very soon by the application of a plaster to his spine. He was soon enabled to work, and now he labors as well as ever. He would cheerfully pay $5 for a single Plaster if they could not be had at a lower rate. I am surprised that surgeons do not make use of these perforated plasters to the exclusion of all others, as their flexibility and adhesiveness are greatly in advance of all other plasters with which I am acquainted; while the performations peculiar to them rendered them greatly superior to all others for ordinary surgical uses. Knowing the plasters to be so useful, I have no scruples that my sentiments should be known.
J. W. JOHNSON, M. D.
Agency, Brandreth House, New York.
Sold by all Druggists in the United States and Canada. [mr21-1m

Free to Everybody.
A Large 6 pp. Circular, giving information of the greatest importance to the young of both sexes.
It teaches how the homely may become beautiful, the despised respected, and the forsaken loved.
No young lady or gentleman should fail to send their Address, and receive a copy postpaid, by return mail. Address
P. O. DRAWER, 21,
fe14-1y Troy, N. Y.

Wonderful but True.
MADAME REMINGTON, the world-renowned Astrologist and Somnambulistic Clairvoyant, while in a clairvoyant state, delineates the very person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a perfect and life-like picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, with date of marriage, occupation, leading traits of character, &c.—This is no imposition, as testimonials without number can assert. By stating place of birth, age, disposition, color of eyes and hair, and enclosing fifty cents, and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture by return mail, together with the desired information.
☞ Address in confidence, MADAME GERTRUDE REMINGTON, P. O. Box 297, West Troy New York. [fe14-1y

KNOW THY DESTINY!
MADAME E. F. THORNTON, the great English Astrologist, Clairvoyant and Psychometrician, who has astonished the scientific classes of the Old World, has now located herself at Hudson, N. Y. Madame Thornton possesses such wonderful powers of second sight, as to enable her to impart knowledge of the greatest importance to the single or married of either sex. While in a state of trance, she delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a life-like picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, together with date of marriage, position in life, leading traits of character, &c. This is no humbug, as thousands of testimonials can assert. She will send, when desired a certified certificate, or written guarantee, that the picture is what it purports to be. By enclosing a small lock of hair, and stating place of birth, age, disposition and complexion, and enclosing 50 cents and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture and desired information by return mail. All communications sacredly confidential. Address in confidence,
MADAME E. F. THORNTON,
P. O. Box 223, Hudson, N. Y.

GARDEN SEEDS, just received, and for sale by J. ALBURGER & SON.

SPECIAL NOTICE COLUMN.

DR. SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP.
This great medicine cured Dr. J. H. Schenck the proprietor, of Pulmonary Consumption, when it had assumed its most formidable aspect, and when speedy death appeared to be inevitable His physician pronounced his case incurable, when he commenced the use of this simple but powerful remedy. His health was restored in a very short time, and no return of the disease has been apprehended, for all the symptoms quickly disappeared, and his present weight is more than two hundred pounds.
Since his recovery, he has devoted his attention exclusively to the cure of Consumption, and the diseases which are usually complicated with it, and the cures effected by his medicines have been very numerous and truly wonderful. Dr. Schenck makes professional visits to several of the larger cities weekly, where he has a large concourse of patients, and it is truly astonishing to see poor consumptives that have to be lifted out of their carriages, and in a few month healthy, robust persons. Dr. SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC, and MANDRAKE PILLS are generally all required in curing Consumption. Full directions accompany each, so that any one can take them without seeing Dr. Schenck, but when it is convenient it is best to see him. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer his fee is three dollors.
Please observe, when purchasing, that the two likenesses of the Doctor—one when in the last stage of Consumption, and the other as he now is, in perfect health—are on the Government stamp.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Price $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 the half dozen. Letters for advice should always be directed to Dr. Schenck's Principal Office, No. 15 North 6th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
General Wholesale Agents: Demas Barnes & Co., N. Y.; S. S. Hance, Baltimore, Md.; John D. Park, Cincinnati, Ohio; Walker & Taylor, Chicago, Ill.; Collins Bros., St. Louis, Mo.
Nov15-3d w ea mo. 1 yr.

☞ A YOUNG LADY returning to her country home, after a sojourn of a few months in the City, was hardly recognized by her friends. In place of a coarse, rustic, flushed face, she had a soft ruby complexion of almost marble smoothness, and instead of twenty-three she really appeared but eighteen. Upon inquiry as to the cause of so great a change, she plainly told them that she used the CIRCASSIAN BALM, and considered it an invaluable acquisition to any Lady's toilet. By its use any Lady or gentleman can improve their personal appearance an hundred fold. It is simple in its combination, as Nature herself is simple, yet unsurpassed in its efficacy in drawing impurities from, also healing, cleansing and beautifying the skin and complexion. By its direct action on the cuticle it draws from it all impurities, kindly healing the same, and leaving the surface as nature intended it should be, clear, soft, smooth and beautiful. Price $1, sent by Mail or Expres, on receipt of an order by
W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists,
No. 3. W. Fayette St., Syracuse, N. Y.
The only American Agents for the sale of the same. [fe14-1y.

New Advertisements.

W. S. RIDGELY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
WILL PRACTICE IN THE COURTS OF THIS AND THE ADJACENT COUNTIES.
Office on his farm in the upper District. Will attend in Denton on Tuesdays, and Greensboro' on Saturdays, from 9 o'clock, A. M. [mr21

NEW BARBER SHOP.
THE subscriber, having opened a Barber Shop in Denton, in the room occupied by the former barber, hereby announces his readiness at all times for
SHAVING,
CUTTING HAIR,
SHAMPOOING,
HAIR DYEING, &c.
Ladies who desire their hair trimmed, and who do not wish to visit the shop, will be waited on at their homes, if in town.
mr21-1y WM. J. WILSON.

LIME!
LIME!
LIME?
The subscriber is prepared to furnish
SCHUYLKILL LIME
from the kilns of W. B. Rambo, of the very best quality, either Quick or Slaked, for
Agricultural or Building Purposes,
at all the Stations on the Md. & Del. Raidroad, and by water transportation to all the landings on the Choptank river and Tuckahoe creek, on as good terms as it can be purchased elsewhere. See the advertisement of W. B. Rambo.
Address,
EDGAR PLUMMER,
Greensborough, Caroline county,
mr21-3m* Maryland.

ROAD NOTICE.
WHEREAS, a certain commission has been issued by the County Commissioners for Caroline county, bearing date the 14th day of March, 1867, reciting that sundry citizens, residents of Caroline county, have petitioned the Commissioners for Caroline county asking the grant of a public road to begin at the county road now leading from Preston to Dover Bridge, near the lands of Mr Coates, from thence to run between the lands of Madison Williams and John Pool, then through the lands of Curtis A. Wright and the heirs of James Harris, thence to intersect the county road leading from Hog Creek to the new Church.
Now, notice is hereby given to all persons and parties concerned, and to the public, that the undersigned examiners will meet at the beginning of said road, on MONDAY, the 22nd day of April, next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and will proceed to examine and determine whether or not the public convenience require said road should be opened, and if upon examination we should be of opinion and so determine in our judgments that the public convenience requires said road should be opened, to locate and open the same agreeably to said commission and the Code of Public General Laws in such case made and provided, and we will continue in the execution of said commission from day to day, if necessary, until the same is completed.
WILLIS CORKRAN,
TWIFORD S. NOBLE,
RICH'D S. FRAMPTON,
mr21-tm Commissioners.

LIME! LIME!!
LIME!
BUILDING LIME,
SUITABLE FOR
BRICK WORK,
PLASTERING, &c.,
Sent to any point on the line of the Philadelphia, Wilmington, Baltimore, and Delaware Railroads, and Maryland & Delaware Railroad, from
RAMBO'S
CELEBRATED SCHUYLKILL
LIME QUARRIES!
The undersigned is now prepared to ship in quantities,
From 100 to 10,000 bus.,
OF EITHER FOR
BUILDING OR LAND, &c., &c.
☞ It will be sent by navigation to all points on the Delaware and Chesspeake Bays, and their tributaries, not reached by Railroad.

THIS LIME
IS CONSIDERED
BY COMPETENT JUDGES
—TO BE—
Beyond All Question
THE BEST NOW OFFERED
In this Market.

Analysis of the Schuylkill Lime.
ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE, ANNAPOLIS, January 11, 1860.
P. T. TYSON, *Maryland State Geologist:*
DEAR SIR:—During our interview at Annapolis some months since, you expressed the opinion that the analysis of lime for publication in your reports should be taken of samples *as the cargo is delivered on the farm.* You will remember that I told you that I had such a sample taken last April while on a visit to my farm.—I annex the analysis, and think that it represents one of the best varieties of the "Schuylkill Lime of Pennsylvania." The sample was taken before it was slaked, and represents a great many lumps from different parts of a cargo of 2,000 or 3,000 bushels. These were powdered and fairly sampled—the balance of the sample being preserved in glass in our cabinet.
I paid 12 1-2 cents per bushel unslaked, and have since obtained 1,000 bushels from the same source. The sample taken from the second load was taken beneath the surface of the heap, and from several parts of the heap after it had been slaked for several weeks on my farm.
I am thus particular in giving you the circumstances under which this sample was taken—as you told me that it was your intention to procure samples representing the lime that the manufacturer sells to the farmer, "and not such as is sent for analysis."
The cargo was "*accidentally*" pretented at landing during my visit to my farm, and the captain assured me that it was from the quarries of W. B. RAMBO, near Norristown, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania.

Moisture, &c., expelled by a full red heat continued for about 15 minutes,	05.64
Sand or Insoluble Matter,	00.85
Phosphoric Acid, Iron and Alumina,	03.65
Lime—Oxide of Calcium or Quick-lime,	56.24
Magnesia,	33.79
Soluble Silica,	00.83
	100.00

The slaked lime referred to above was soluble in *dilute* acetic acid, except about six per cent. (6.22) and yielded 107. of pure carbonate of lime obtained by precipitating the *acid* solution with oxalic acid, and then heating the oxalate by the usual process.
Yours, respectfully,
DAVID STEWART, M. D.

THE ABOVE LIME
CAN BE OBTAINED OF
EDGAR PLUMMER,
Goldsboro' Station, Md. & Del R. R.,
—OR—
WM. B. RAMBO, PROPRIETOR,
mar21-3m* Norristown, Pa.

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