THE AMERICAN UNION.

DENTON, MD.

THURSDAY MORNING::::::::::Nov. 14, 1867.

For President in 1868:
GENERAL ULYSSES S. GRANT.

For Vice-President,
HON. JNO. A. J. CRESWELL.
Subject to the Decision of the Republican National Convention.

REPUDIATION.

Were we to approach any Democrat in this county and charge him with being favorable to the mischievous and ruinous policy of repudiation now being agitated by the leaders of that party, we doubt not but that we should be dismissed with the most bitter curses and the vilest epithets that are known to the human vocabulary. Yet such doctrines as these are now seriously agitating the public mind. Pendleton and Vallandigham, of Ohio, Sharswood, of Pennsylvania, and the Woodses of New York, the acknowledged champions and leaders of Northern Democracy, together with many of their lesser luminaries farther North and West, announce themselves as fairly and unequivocally favorable to this same thing. They demand that the Rebel debt be assumed, or the National debt repudiated, though, if we are to judge from their speeches, the latter finds more favor with them.

Citizens of Caroline, have you calmly considered the effects these measures will entail upon the country? We are already groaning beneath the burthen of taxation, and the assumption of the Rebel debt would be to hamper trade, stagnate business, and paralyze every branch of human industry. A collapse of the Government would most assuredly follow. On the other hand, if repudiation is forced upon the country, our situation will be equally, if not more, dangerous. It will forever ruin or national reputation, now a pride and honor among the civilized nations of the world, and render bankrupt and penniless thousands who have invested their all in government securities. Our debt is enormous, yet every dollar of it can be honorably paid. At the present time we are at peace and upon amicable relations with the entire world. Our flag majestically floats over every sea, the indisputable refuge for the oppressed of every clime. Suppose we refuse to pay foreign demands made upon us, what will be the result? Our fate will be similar to that of Mexico. Our history will be one continuous repetition of usurpations and abductions. The standard of foreign foes will be planted upon our shores, and war will follow war in quick and rapid succession. Lawless bands will everywhere infest the country, and we will lay down at night not knowing whether we shall ever see the dawning of the morrow's sun.—These are no idle fancies. They are stubborn facts, the concomittants of repudiation, and such as should compel every reflecting mind to consider well to what political party he unites himself. 'Tis useless to deny that it is a principle, and likely to become a *cardinal* principle at that.—The Vallandighams, Pendletons, and Woodses, are but the greater lights, unto whom sycophantically bow the Bowies, Joneses, and all the hosts that move and have an existence in our own commonwealth. The Democratic principles are the same all over the country, and what is enunciated in Ohio and New York is equally applicable to Maryland. No man can discard one political tenet of a party and still claim membership with it. He must stick to the whole. He cannot dodge the question by being a Conservative, for they have united with the Democrats, and are now one and the same. It is either repudiation or anti-repudiation—Democratic or Republican. These are the questions between which you are to decide.

Reorganization.

We see by some of our exchanges that the subject of the reorganization of the old Democratic party is now being agitated in Eastern Maryland, and the "Conservative" editors, seeing they are about to be "left out in the cold," are attempting to frown down the effort as uncalled-for, unwise and injudicious. At last, these pliant tools of the Democrats are about to realize their true condition. For the last two years they have been admonished of the low cunning of those whom they had taken to their bosoms, and how they would be discarded as soon as the serpent was warmed to life. Now they are beginning to see it for themselves. And are they not served perfectly right? They have so tortured all law as to render it inoperative, and have readmitted guilty Rebels to all the rights and immunities which they forfeited by their own acts, and which they should never have been permitted to enjoy until they had fully expiated their crimes. This visitation is just, and we are heartily glad to see it. They will now have ample time to reflect upon their past folly, and we hope that their experiences may be so bitter as to serve for a potential warning to future generations to beware lest they too should attempt to resuscitate a party killed outright by its own reckless course.

The Dutch Have Taken Holland.

This may appear at first glance to be a rather singular heading for a newspaper article, yet when taken in the sense we use it, it is most appropriate. The idea we wish to convey is this, that the Democrats have taken Maryland—an event no more to be celebrated or regarded as a brilliant achievement than that of the Dutch taking Holland. It is only a natural consequence of which the treacheries and illegalities which have been practiced upon a trusting and loyal people are the forerunners. One cannot but be amused at the vain and idle gloatings of the Democrats in Maryland over their bloodless victory (bloodless, we believe, except at the polls of one of the wards in Hagerstown where a non-resident Rebel soldier attempted to vote and got his head cut.) The Democratic press all over the State have gone into ecstacies over it as though it was some unexpected event. They proclaim that "tyranny" has been broken at last, which, being interpreted, means that the Democrats have got all the offices, and they "rejoice and are exceeding glad." Henceforth, for a few years at least, they will live off the "fat of the land," and we expect soon to see their lank, grim visages glow and glisten in the sun as they assume that fullness and pleasing aspect that used to settle upon them before they committed crimes that should bring the blush to their cheeks at the mere mention of them.

But we are digressing. Their victory is just this. In the most of the counties in the State they had no opposition, and of course could not but be successful. Is there anything remarkable about this? The Republicans, deceived by that man who occupies the gubernatorial chair, not even respected by those for whom he has totally disregarded all law and violated every pledge and principle of honor, have been overpowered in former contests, and reduced to a gallant Spartan band, fighting on undismayed although defeated. With faith in their everlasting principles they propose to maintain an undivided front, trusting their eventual triumph to the interposition of Him who controls and directs the movements of all things. They are fully assured of the justness of those principles, and the cause of humanity can never be overlooked. It may be dimmed for a season, but yet it will revive and shine all the brighter as time rolls on its rapid car. Who, looking back upon the fluctuations in public sentiment for the past few years, will promulgate the doctrine that the minds of men are henceforth and forever to remain steadfast to the opinions they now entertain? He who would do so could not but be regarded as one who was totally ignorant of the teachings of the past. Democracy once before ruled this State nearly to its ruin, and we have every reason to believe that *the people* will, ere long, again be surfeited with its doctrines and reckless expenditures. If, at one session of a Democratic Legislature, they expended four millions of the people's money, what may we not expect from a continuous series of their legislation? Every dollar expended only increases taxation, and it will not require a decade of years to ascertain whether their taxes are not continually increasing.

We have abundant faith in the future We believe that success will yet attend our cause. Let Democracy, and its parasitical adherents, howl. Let them rejoice over their victories gained without opposition. Let their exultant shouts arise and be spent on the desert air. The tide will soon turn—it never runs one way all the time. All that is necessary for the Republican party to do is to remain steadfast, immovable, and the crown of victory will yet rest upon the brows of its champions. We have several political Bull Runs yet to fight and loose, but all will be right in the end.

Patriotic, Very!

A despatch to the New York *Tribune* states that the Confederate flag was flung to the breeze in Frederick county when the result of the elections reached there. We are not surprised at this; it is all very natural. Men do not so easily abandon the ideas they entertain. They have received much comfort from the elections, and, like a man who imbibes too much whiskey, they will soon disclose their real intentions.

Gov. GEARY said in a speech at Philadelphia, Friday night.

"I hear from good authority that Andrew Johnson will prevent Congress from assembling, and call his Maryland troops to his aid. If he does that, I will call the sons of Pennsylvania to my aid, and *I know* that three hundred thousand will come and give secession such a blow as will make disunionists stagger."

The Next Legislature.

For the first time in the history of our State, at least since the division of parties, our State General Assembly, will be composed exclusively of the adherents of one party. The next Legislature, Senate and House, will be composed exclusively of Democrats, and to that party will belong all the good that may result from the next session of that body, and to it will attach all the blame for whatever disastrous results may be brought upon our State. Below, as a matter of future reference, we give the names of the members of the two houses. The list is complete, except as to St. Mary's and Prince George's, where no regular nominations were made, and a large number of gentlemen were voted for as independent candidates:

THE SENATE.

Allegany—Alfred Spates.
Anne Arundel—Dr. Eli J. Henkle.
Baltimore City—Wm. Kimmel, Henry Snyder and Isaac M. Denson.
Baltimore County—Jas. C. Clarke.
Calvert—Dr John C Parker.
Caroline—Daniel Fields.
Carroll—Nathan Brown.
Cecil—Jown M Miller.
Charles—Barnes Compton.
Dorchester—Dr. W. A. Smith.
Frederick—Joshua Biggs.
Harford—Col. John C. Walsh.
Howard—John Lee Carroll.
Kent—Wm. Welch.
Montgomery—Dr. Nicholas Brewer.
Prince George's—No nomination.
Queen Anne's—Jas. T. Earle.
Somerset—Dr. C H. Hyland.
St Mary's—No nomination.
Talbot—Ormand Hammond.
Washington—James H. Grove.
Worcester—Col. Thos P. Parker.
Wicomico—Lemuel Malone.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Allegany County—Geo W. McCulloh, Anthony Kean, Wm Devecmon, Noah Trimble and E. G. Hall.
Anne Arundel—Dr Thos. W. Hammond, Wm. T. Iglehart and Jas. Deal, of James.
Baltimore City—James B Sanner, John B Wentz, Jr., John A Robb, Thos. W. Morse, J R. Blake, Wm. A. Stewart, F. C. Latrobe, Jas. Pentland, H. T Smith, G. M Bond, George Colton, Michael A. Mullin, Dr. E J. Chaisty, James W. McElroy, Bernard L. Harig, Wm. T. Markland, John H. Marshall and John N. Conway.
Baltimore County—Chas H. Nicolai, C. Bohn Slingluff, Chas. P Montague, Zephaniah Potcet, Victor Holmes and John S. Biddison.
Calvert—James A. Bond and Henry Owings, of S.
Caroline—D. S. Moore and T. H. Hubbard.
Carroll—Henry S. Davis, John H. Jordan, Benj. Worthington and Jno W. Harden.
Cecil—John W. Davis, Jas. Touchstone, Wm. Richards and Levi R. Mearns.
Charles—John W. Mitchell and Andrew G. Chapman.
Dorchester—Algernon S. Percy, Wm. E. Stewart and Alward Johnson.
Frederick—Ephraim Albaugh, Richard P. T. Dufrow, Chas. Wender, Noah Bowins, Thos. G Maynard and Joseph Byers.
Harford—Benj Silver of B., Nicholas H. Nelson, Robert R. Vandiver and John S Brown.
Howard—John R. Clark and I. Thos. Jones.
Kent—Horatio Beck and Stephen Boyer.
Montgomery—Samuel Riggs of R., Nicholas D. Offutt and Thomas Y. Conley.
Prince George's—No regular nominations.
Queen Anne's—John W. E. Sudler and Wm. Henry Legg.
Somerset—Cober H. Corbin and John C. Horsey.
St. Mary's—No regular nominations
Talbot—Dr. C. H. Rose and Joseph B. Lowe
Washington—Andrew K. Syester, Jas. Coudy, F. Dorsey Herbert, Elias E. Bohrer and David Seibert.
Worcester—B. Everett Smith and T. A. J. Holloway.
Wicomico—Ritchie Fooks and George A J. Hopkins.

Vote of the State.

The returns for Governor from the entire State are as follows. Most of them are official:

COUNTIES.	BOWIE.	BOND.
Allegany	2,884	2,175
Anne Arundel	1,695	150
Baltimore city	19,912	4,846
Baltimore county	4,131	1,324
Calvert	881	9
Carroll	2,815	2,291
Cecil	2,513	1,583
Charles	1,296	7
Caroline	1,004	231
Dorchester	1,572	341
Frederick	4,185	3,705
Harford	2,297	806
Howard	1,210	335
Kent	1,420	136
Montgomery	1,674	310
Prince George's	2,055	78
Queen Anne's	1,757	95
Somerset	1,315	137
St. Mary's	1,516	30
Talbot	1,273	138
Washington	3,226	2,760
Worcester	1,401	135
Wicomico	1,570	263
Total	63,602	21,890
	21,890	
Bowie's maj.	41,712	

Col. James W. Belger, dismissed from the position of Quartermaster in the regular army in 1865 by order of Secretary Stanton, has been reinstated to his position by order of President Johnson.

Negro Suffrage in the United States.

Although the fact may not be generally known, it is none the less true, that the negro votes in Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Wisconsin, Tennessee, and henceforth he will vote in Minesota, as the suffrage question was carried by a vote of the people in the late election in that State. The negro is also a voter in all the ten States now being reconstructed under the acts of Congress, making in all *seventeen* out of the *thirty-seven* States of the Union where the negro exercises the right of the ballot. Only a few years since he voted under a property qualification in Ohio and New York. The Democratic party gave him the right of the ballot in New York, Ohio and New Hampshire, and they should not go back on their record.

Mutilated Bank Notes.

A dispatch from Washington says that all mutilated National Bank notes sent to the office of the Comptroller of the Currency for destruction and exchange for new ones, should be in packages of $500, and should in all cases be cancelled before sending, by cutting out the signatures of the officers, otherwise the notes will be returned, at the expense of the bank, for cancellation

PENINSLUAR NEWS.

The November term of the Circuit Court for Talbot county will commence on Monday next, the 18th instant.

Hereafter the steamer Champion, Capt. Jno. R. Griffith, will leave Baltimore for Easton, Oxford, Cambridge, Medford's and intermediate landings, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 11 P M., arriving at Easton about 5 A. M., and Cambridge about 7-30, A. M., next day. Returning Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights. Good sleeping accommodations and meals on board.

A most shocking and brutal infliction of punishment for crime was executed at Georgetown, Del., last week, upon the body of a negro man, under sentence of the court. He was brought out in the morning and received one-half the number of lashes (thirty), and remanded to jail till the afternoon, when the remainder were given him. The blood run in streams for every blow of the raw hide. After this excruciating torture his back was drenched in brine

The meetings of the preachers of the M E. Church of the Easton District, recently held at Smyrna, were largely attended by the people of the town. The subjects of Lay Delegation, and the "Difference between Regeneration and Sanctification," were elaborately discussed and considerable attention was devoted to considering the best line of division for the Philadelphia Conference. Several gentlemen strongly urged the forming of a Peninsula Conference to include Delaware and the Eastern Shore.

Some one, actuated by an unenviable spirit, placed a paper box in our post office during the past week, closely sealed, and addressed to Miss Mary Vance, of this place. Mrs. Vance, her mother, called at the office for mail matter, when this neat package was delivered, and upon being opened, was found to contain a snake about 1 1-2 feet in length. Mrs. Vance became frightened at the sight, and her nerves were so worked upon as to make it necessary to summon the aid of a physician.—SALISBURY NEW ERA.

The *Sussex Argus* states that a wager was made, on Monday of last week, between W A. Lister and J. C. Wilson, on one side, and Joseph C. Gorby and Justus Lowery, on the other, as to which party could kill the most rabbits. The conditions were that one party should take one side of a certain branch, and the other party the other side, and that the side killing the most should have all. The result was that the latter side won the rabbits, they killing 23 while the others only got 17.

A correspondent at Centreville writes us that, late on Saturday night, a party of colored men demanded admittance into the public house of Caleb Walker, near Centreville. Upon being refused they commenced an attack on the house with stones and other missiles, injuring the doors and windows, when Mr. Walker fired into them with a shot gun, wounding one of the party, named Frank Rudolph. Constable Dougerty arrested several of the rioters and conveyed them to the jail at New Castle.—*Wilm. Del. Com.*

A young man, or lad, giving his name as Goodenough, has been victimizing the people around Smyrna. He represented himself as an agent for a book "Four years in the Old World," and said he was studying for the ministry and took this means of earning money to prosecute his studies. He was introduced to the Methodist congregation and all possible encouragement given him. He canvassed the town and the section around it, and where he obtained money in advance he failed to deliver the work. Being detected, he was caught by some of his victims and severely flogged, after which he came over into New Castle county.

UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM MARYLAND.—Hon. William T. Hamilton, of Washington county, is announced as a competitor with Gov. Swann for Hon. Reverdy Johnson's seat in the United States Senate. Mr. Hamilton is an able lawyer and keen politician. He represented his District in Congress for two terms, and came within one vote of being the Democratic nominee for Governor at the late election. In all things he is Gov. Swann's superior, and can be trusted with power without fear of desertion of principles for personal aggrandizement.—AMERICAN.

CURRENT ITEMS OF NEWS.

CONGRESS assembles on Thursday next, the 21st inst.

President Johnson has pardoned Seddon, the ex-Rebel Secretary of War.

Governor Swann has in the past few days pardoned several convicts from the Penitentiary.

The Alabama Reconstruction Convention propose to have a new State Government by the first of January.

Mrs. Elsie B. Nye, consort of Hon. Jas W. Nye, Senator from Nevada, died at Oswego, N. Y., on Saturday.

General George B. McClellan took passage for the United States in the Scotia, which left Liverpool on the 2d inst.

Efforts are being made to have Dr. Mudd, one of the Lincoln assassins, pardoned on account of the attending yellow fever patients at Dry Tortugus.

The Supreme Court of the United States, on Saturday sustained the order of Judge Fisher heretofore made suspending Mr. Bradly from practicing at the bar of the Criminal Court of the United States.

General Pope visited the Alabama Reconstruction Convention on Thursday. He congratulated the delegates on their success in the late campaign, and said that while he disclaimed any purpose of dictating what they should do, he thought he might advise them to observe moderation in counsel and temperance in action.

The report of Gen. Grant in answer to the inquiry of the President as to what number of troops are stationed within the department of Washington, shows that the whole force amounts to but little over 1,900 men, all told, in the States of Maryland and Delaware, the District of Columbia, and two counties in Virginia

A few complete returns at hand from interior counties in New York, says the *Tribune*, show no actual gains in the number of Democratic votes, but a heavy staying-at-home on the part of the Republicans. Probably the aggregate vote will be a hundred thousand less than for Governor last year. The Democratic majority is about forty-nine thousand.

Snow fell quite plentifully in Northern Vermont on Tuesday last. At Roxbury, on the Vermont Central railroad, it was three inches deep on Wednesday morning, and at Rouse's Point, N. Y, twelve inches. On the mountains in Western Maryland snow also fell last week to the depth of three or four inches.

Encouraged by the very flattering vote upon female suffrage, in Kansas, the Female Suffrage Committee have projected a campaign for the Northern and Eastern States. Susan B. Anthony, Lucy Stone, Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Geo. Francis Train and others will canvas Massachusetts, New York, Connecticut and Philadelphia in favor of the measure.

Jeff. Davis' trial, which was to commence on the 25th instant, is to be again postponed, a despatch received from Washington on Monday stating that "it seems to be the desire of gentlemen on both sides of the case, for a purely legal reason, that Chief Justice Chase shall sit with Judge Underwood on the trial. In view of this fact it is possible that the time of trial may be postponed, in order that arrangments may be made to secure a joint accommodation."

THE ELECTIONS.

NEW YORK.

The election in this State passed off quietly, and resulted in a triumph for the Democracy. The majority in New York city is larger than any ever recorded before—61,500.

NEW JERSEY.

There have been large Democratic gains, and the State has gone against the Republicans by at least 4000 majority. The Senate will remain Republican, but the Assembly will be largely Democratic.

MASSACHUSETTS.

This State has given a Republican majority of about 25,000. There have been considerable Democratic gains all over the State. The legislature is largely Republican, but the members chosen are generally opposed to prohibition.

WISCONSIN.

Although there have been considerable Democratic gains in this State, there is no doubt that the Republican State ticket is elected by at least 5000 majority.

The Legislature is largely Republican, as usual, which secures the election of a Republican U. S Senator in place of J. R. Doolittle, Conservative.

MINNESOTA.

This State has also given a reduced Republican majority, probably not over 3000, electing the radical State ticket.

In the Legislature there will be a decided Republican majority, which renders certain the election of a staunch Republican in the place of United States Senator Alexander Ramsey, who is of conservative turn of mind.

ILLINOIS.

The elections in this State for county officers have resulted in the choice of Republicans, generally, with small Democratic gains, in most places over the previous vote.

KANSAS.

In this State the Repulicans have elected a majority of the Legislature, but the Constitutional amendments striking the words "white" and "male" out have been defeated—the latter ignominiously. The Republican majority in the State will be about 7000.

MICHIGAN.

The new Constitution, which secures impartial suffrage, is undoubtedly ratified by a small majority.

GUNS and Gunning Apparatus at FISHER & WILSON'S

The Markets.

From the Balto. American of Tuesday.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

There was some demand for strictly prime wheats for shipment Eastward today, but millers bought very sparingly. We note sales of white at 235 to 245 cts. and red at 240 to 245 cents. The corn market was active. Old white brought 130 cents; new do. ranged from 85 to 112 cents. Old Yellow brought 132 cents, and new Western mixed 110 to 120 cts. Oats dull, at 68 to 72 cents. Rye 110 to 140 cents.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

Cloverseed $7 50 to $8. Flaxse $2.50 Flour dull, weak and unchang business small. Wheat dull; red $2. to $2.35; no white in market. vanced to $1 60. Corn qui $1 38; mixed Western $1.31. to 75 cents.

New Advertise

Look, Young M

A young lady of talent and refir es to correspond with a number o tlemen. Object mental improvem haps matrimony. Address, S. editor of "Union," Denton, Md.

ESTRAY.

CAME to the subscribers, on or abou 1st of October, TWO YEARLINGS, ted red and white. The owner is hereby fied to come forward, prove property, pa ges and take them away no14-3t CHAS. A. DUNN

Farm to Rent.

THE subscriber will rent his farm, sit on the main road to Denton, 2 1-2 of Concord Church, and 3 miles north o ralsburg. It contains about 120 acres ble land, of which 40 can be put in w Buildings large, and all nearly good, stout horses for the use of th store, mill and school within a mil sion given January 1st. For fur tion apply on the premises. no14-3t W

Notice to Credit

This is to give notice that the su obtained from the Orphans' Court county, Maryland, letters testamen real estate of

WM. H. GOOTEE,

late of said county deceased. Al ing claims against the said deceas warned to exhibit the same, wit thereof, to the subscriber on or be day of May, 1868, or they may o law, be excluded from all benefit of All persons indebted to the estate are to make immediate payme Given under my hand this 1867. J. B. FLET no14-3t.

Notice to Credit

This is to give notice that the subscribers obtained from the Orphans' Court of Can county, Maryland, letters of administration the personal estate of

JACOB CHARLES,

late of said county deceased. All persons ing claims against the said deceased are warned to exhibit the same, with the vou thereof, to the subscriber on or before the day of May, 1868, or they may otherwis law, be excluded from all benefit of said All persons indebted to the estate are req to make immediate payment.

Given under our hand this 12th day of 1867. EZEKIEL WILLIAMS WM. H. CHARLES, no14-3t. Administrat

NEW GOODS.

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDW QUEENSWARE, BOOTS and SH HATS & CAPS, NOTIONS, &C., just arr RIDGELY & MACLARY, Ridgely

DE LAINES and DRESS GOODS just ceived at RIDGELY & MACLARY, Ridgel

PRINTS, varied assortment just received RIDGELY & MACLARY, Ridgely.

BALMORAL SKIRTS, latest styles just re ceived by RIDGELY & MACLARY, Ridgely.

MUSLINS—bleached and brown—every grade— RIDGELY & MACLARY, Ridgely.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, KERSEYS and JEANS, full line, just received at RIDGELY & MACLARY'S, Ridge

CLOTHING, new stock, just received RIDGELY & MACLA

NOTIONS, everything in this line RIDGELY & MACLA

TOBACCOS—navy, natural, cavend smoking—in quantities to suit, at RIDGELY & MACLARY'S, Ridgely.

FLOUR, choice XXX family manufactured expressly for our trade, at RIDGELY & MACLARY'S, Ridgely.

RIDGELY & MACLARY have effected arrangements with the Md. & Del. Railroad Company for shipping grain and other produce direct to Philadelphia, or other markets and are now prepared to receive and forward any amount at any time. Cars loaded as rapidly as the produce is sent to our ware-house o in our granary as preferred. RIDGELY & MACLA no14-y Ri

For Rent for 1868.



THE DWELLING HOU GARDEN, situate in the Denton, at present in pancy of Mr Vosmus. For further particulars inquire of oc17-tf J. H EMERSON.

$25 REWARD.

STOLEN from the stable of the subscriber on the night of the 7th inst., near Denton, a DARK BAY HORSE, medium size, lively gait, and about nine years old. The above reward will be paid for the delivery of said horse to me. LLOYD HAINES, oc24-tf near Den

STRAY CALF.

Came to the residence of the su about the 15th of August last, six or eight months old, an owner is requested to property, pay charges, no7-3w

Owners S LE

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