# American Union.

DENTON, MARYLAND:

THURSDAY MORNING, February 11, 1869.



## PRINTERS, ATTENTION!

We offer for sale a second hand Ramage, or Franklin, Press in good condition. Size of bed, 22x28. This press can be bought for the low price of $30. Warranted sound in every particular. A first class job press for a country office. Only reason for selling—want of use. Address, UNION OFFICE, Denton, Md.


THE LAPSE of time has made some wonderful changes in the hearts of the Democrats. Even those of the Brick Pomeroy school have been considerably mollified, and we now hear them denominating that which, a few years ago, they regarded as a national calamity, a national blessing. Only a few days since we were surprised at a leader in a Democratic journal, arguing that the South was richer to-day than she was before the war, and that this change was brought about by the abolition of slavery. Surely the times change and the people are changed by them.

GENERAL GRANT has lately made many friends and admirers among the Democrats, construing his reticence into sympathy with them. His every act they extol to the skies, and they vie with each other in bestowing favors of respect and esteem upon him. His opinions and sentiments they also readily endorse of late. But he has recently given utterance to an opinion upon which they are as mum as death. We have eagerly scanned their organs with the hope of eliciting some information upon the subject, but it can no where be found. We allude to the Suffrage Amendment. He says he thinks it a measure of justice and the only thing calculated to restore harmony to the country. Can't our friends swallow this, too? It is a bitter pill, we know, yet we soon expect to see their columns teeming with arguments endeavoring to prove that the negro is a man, and has some rights which they are bound to respect.

SOME OF OUR contemporaries are clamorous in their demands for an extra session of the Legislature to provide some relief from the utter destruction of the oyster interests of some sections of our State. Better urge the convening of the Legislature for the purpose of turning out Isaac D. Jones, the Attorney-General of Maryland, and who is the chief cause for this spoliation of the oyster beds. His recent decision smacks strongly of insanity, or of a man in his dotage, and it is high time that such legal *abiltiy* was set aside. We have always been led to believe that judges and expounders of the law based their opinion as much upon the meaning of the law as upon its phraseology. But his Attorney-Generalship seems to have overreached this immemmorial custom, and has decided that the oyster laws do not apply to those waters forming the division line between two or more counties. The object of our legislators was to protect *all* oyster beds, and not a part, and to enforce this law an "oyster navy" has been manned and fitted out for service. Yet this "navy" may see dredgers at work in the Choptank, and other rivers, in direct violation of the laws of the State, and is powerless to hinder it, such being the opinion of Attorney-General Jones. If Governor Bowie accedes to the pressure, which we hope he will not, and convenes the Legislature in extra session, we hope the first work of that body will be the removal of the cause of our embarrrassment.

### *The Remains of Mrs. Srrratt.*

The remains of Mrs. Surratt, who, it will be remembered, was tried by a Military Commission, in 1865, for alleged complicity in the assassination of Abraham Lincoln, convicted and hung with Payne, Herold and Atzerodt, were disinterred on Monday last and surrendered to her family by order of the President. Upon unearthing and opening the box containing the remains, it was found that, although the body was somewhat decomposed, it was not offensive. The dress, gaiters and black silk bow at the neck were in a perfect state of preservation. The hair was also perfectly preserved, and did not seem to have been disarranged in the least. A steel arrow pin with which Annie Surratt fastened the bow about her mother's neck, just before she was led to execution, was also in place. A lock of the hair was clipped off for Annie Surratt at her own request.

The remains were immediately placed in another box and taken to Mount Olivet Catholic Cemetery, where the remains were placed in a vault. On Tuesday morning the remains were transferred to a new burial case. The transfer was made in the presence of Annie Surratt and her brother Isaac, and one or two intimate friends of the family.—The remains were interred in their final resting place at two o'clock. The ceremonies consisted only of reading the burial service of the Catholic Church. Rev. Father Walter officiated, and the ceremony was conducted in strict privacy.

THE WHIG did not say anything about the "*appointment* of Mr. Gibson as cashier of the Odessa Bank." It merely stated that Mr. Gibson *is* cashier of that institution. Read a little closer, next time, Mr. *Union*, when you want to be funny at our expense.—*Cecil Whig.*

—And yet the announcement was made under the head of *accidents*. The fact that the appointment was one of long standing is no excuse for such a blunder.

General Grant on Sunday attended church in New York. On Monday he received the Republican General Committee and took a drive in the Park.

IT is now deemed certain that the Forty-first Congress will assemble on the 4th of March.

### *A Few Reflections.*

With the natural facilities which Caroline county possesses, she should be much farther advanced in material prosperity than she is. But we are like the farmer in the fable, who depended upon his relatives, friends and neighbors to come and help cut his fast ripening grain. His hope was in their help, but at last he and his son had to lay off their coats and go to work. It is precisely so with us. We must cease this looking and longing for others to come and do this, that or the other, but go to work ourselves. Jupiter will then help us, but as long as we neglect to use the means which we possess, the help of others will not be extended.

Let us, then, begin, by making use of those lands which will make as fine meadows as there are in the States. Other productions may reign king, and be worshipped by the votaries of commerce, but grass is, after all, the mainstay of the nation, and the day is approaching when good grass land will be worth more money than a good sugar or cotton plantation. There are acres and acres of this kind of land in this county, almost asking us to use it, but instead of putting it to use, it is a harbor for snakes, toads and mosquitoes, the latter of which these lands grow an abundant crop. If these lands were cleared up and seeded down in good, sweet grasses, we could ship fat cattle from here, and this would be a source of profit in more ways than one. The farmer would learn to make his own manure, and thus put into his pocket the money which he pays for fertilizers, which give no permanence to the soil.

When we once learn to burn our own lime, and our farmers quit buying this miserable, half-exhausted stuff called lime—when we learn to stall our cattle and feed them properly, and cease to let them shift for themselves, we will have made one grand step forward on the road of progress.

When we quit whining about capital, and use that which we have, we will make another move towards prosperity. It is well enough for persons to talk about the capital of the North—about Yankee shrewdness and enterprise—but it was *grit* and *energy* which created that capital. Many in the North, who now own large establishments, commenced life with a few hundred dollars; another with but a single carding machine and the necessary fixtures; another with a few hundred dollar's worth of lumber, and another with an old, rickety copula, for which he run in debt to the amount of its worth, but by persevering industry, and the wise laws of the different States, fortunes were created and prosperity ensured.

It is the determination of States and communities to support themselves that gives life and energy to business. It is this spirit which invites mechanics and men of limited means to settle in a thinly inhabited country. It is these small means which causes it to grow rich, and if we wish to be so we must not throw away a single chance that will contribute to our success, or we will ever be the plodding people we are, always praying for some one to come and help us. In fine, if we want to keep up with the spirit of the age we must "push things."

### *The Assassination Conspirators.*

Advices from Washington indicate that the President will pardon Mudd and Spangler, now confined on the Dry Tortugas for complicity in the Assassination plot. This action has been repeatedly urged by the Governor, members of Congress, and other officials from this State, as well as by prominent Democrats in other States.

The whole course of Andrew Johnson, since his accession to the place of the martyred Lincoln, has been one of undisguised sympathy and preference for the enemies of his country, and this last act is in happy accord with his previous ones. Counterfeiters and Government swindlers he has rescued from the penalty of an outraged law, and at one fell swoop has he granted full pardon and amnesty to every red-handed traitor in the land. They all stand upon an equal footing with the man whose devotion to his country is manifested by an empty sleeve or pant's leg. They are as legally entitled to places of honor and profit as he, and under the present administration they have been chosen in preference to our maimed and wounded soldiers. Yet, ardent as were the predilections of this unworthy representative of a worthy people, we did not once imagine that he would dare interfere with those who were legally and properly banished their country on account of complicity in the assassination of a loved and respected Chief Magistrate.—But so it is. His course of action, it is said, is determined upon, and they will soon be set at liberty.

One consoling thought, however, is left unto us—in less than a month President Johnson will retire from the position he now disgraces, and one whom the *people* delight to honor will succeed him. Then we shall have no more sympathy with treason and traitors, and they will be made to feel the odium which attaches to a traitor's name.

BY comparative statement of the public debt of January 1, 1869, with that due on the 1st of February, it appears that there has been an increase of 14,700 in the debt bearing coin interest; increase in the debt bearing currency interest of $1,545,000; decrease in the matured debt not present for payment of $652,567; increase in the debt bearing no interest of $6,918,911.90; increase in Pacific Railroad bonds, $1,920,000, showing an increase of total debt since January 1st of of $9,846,044.90. The amount of coin in the Treasury decreased during the month $10,030,652.47; currency increased $4,378,240.55, showing an increase of public debt over last month less cash in the Treasury, of $15,498,456.83.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price.

### *Cranberries.*

Caroline county possesses as fine lands for the cultivation of this crop as any county in this or any other State. The river is literally lined with marshes and low, boggy shores which could be very easily set out in cranberries, and which would yield a handsome income. Besides these we have innumerable fertile meadows and rich savannas which are now idle and just suited to cranberry culture. The almost absolute certainty of a crop, together with their high market prices, should be sufficient encouragement for our land-holders to engage in their cultivation. A fair test will so convince our farmers of the profitableness of the cranberry that they will immediately clear up their low, swampy land and devote it to the cultivation of this crop. Who'll be the first to try the experiment?

### Communicated.

*Mr. Editor*:—The most prominent object that presents itself to view, and reflects the most credit upon the people of Denton, is the new M. E. Church. To all the approaches to Denton, the graceful spire attracts the attention and the admiration as it stands in bold relief and points towards the heaven above.

The building is commodious, of modern design, built of good material, and the work is done in workmanlike manner. It was built by the society of Methodists of Denton, without any restrictions as a place of worship of the Great God, and is used on Sabbath forenoons and evenings for preaching and prayer meetings.

Within the last two weeks a protracted meeting has been in progress, attended with several conversions, and such have been added to the Church. Soon the meeting will be over, and what then? Why the Church doors will be closed, only to be opened sabbath mornings and evenings.

The writer has nothing to say about the arrangements for the meeting places for the classes, but we do have something to say with regard to excluding the children from the Church on a Sabbath afternoon, in the capacity of a sabbath school, and then fail to provide a place for them.

The idea of expending money for the purpose of building a Church, then turning the children—the lambs of the flock—out of doors, making no arrangements for them whatever, by which we infer that the Church is too good for the children to meet in once a week, on the Sabbath day, and to be religiously taught!

Parents and children can go to Church on Sabbath morning and evening, have more comfortable seats, gaze on frescoed walls, everything in better style than in the old Church, and their ears saluted with the refining strains of vocal and instrumental music from the recently organized choir; thereby we conclude, in all we have mentioned, their surroundings are better than before. But whilst we have advanced in all these things, we retrograde because we have a place for the Sabbath School but will not let it be used, and fail to provide a place; and the question here arises, is not some one responsible for excluding the children and teachers of the Sabbath School from the Church, when they ought to have the school in operation the whole year round, as the Church stands inviting them to its portals? But some say, close the doors, at the same time leave the children without the advantage of religious teachings.

In the old Church school could be held only in the pleasant seasons on account of the Church being uncomfortable, and now we have a *fine*—yes, too fine—Church for the children.

Brother Todd, on last Sunday week, mentioned the fact that, during this meeting, not a child has sought religion. He also spoke of a field of labor where his lot was cast a few years ago, when quite a number of children were converted, joined the Church, and not one had fallen away up to the time he left, and I here suggest that they were attendants upon the Sabbath School previous to their conversion and strengthened to greater dilligence by their teachers.

Any Sabbath afternoon, for the last three months, youths of all ages have been seen on the outskirts of the town playing base-ball, marbles, &c., hardening their young hearts, paying no respect to the Lord's day—a state of things to be deplored. Provide a Sabbath School, call in all that will come, extend the opportunity, and some may be reclaimed.

I have no doubt the young converts will rejoice at the privilege of joining the Sabbath School and throw their influence for good to the children, as well as for their own benefit.

In conclusion, let us have a Sabbath School. Better let the seats of a Church be soiled by use than let their young hearts be soiled by sin on the Sabbath day. If your nice seats are soiled, they can be repainted, but if the hearts of the children are soiled by running at large on the Sabbath day it might cost you more dearly than repainting, for consider the responsibility. A religious influence is awakened in the breasts of some of the young people. Increase that influence by gathering them into the Sabbath School in some capacity, as it prepares novices in religion to become practical workers in the Church.

* * *

### Communicated.

PRESTON, Feb'y 5, 1869.

*Mr. Editor*:—Our criticism upon the conduct of some of the persons present at the late school exhibition from Federalsburg has called forth an ironical effusion, of a week's labor, from the Demosthenes of that town; who, in his article, has started out with a falsehood, and made it *ex mendaciis constatus* to the end. He has opened, and we are ready for him. We can exclaim, with a world-renowned author:

"Lay on Macduff,
And d—d be he who first cries hold, enough."

He has espoused falsehood for his side, and we truth for ours, and "though all the winds of doctrine," says Milton, "were let loose upon earth, so Truth be in the field, we injure her to misdoubt her strength. Let her and Falsehood grapple: who ever knew Truth put to the worse in a free and open encounter?" We mentioned the conduct of our *most worthy* visitors from Federalsburg as any faithful reporter would have done, inserting nothing but proven truth, and leaving out a great deal that would have reflected badly on that village. We didn't say anything about the teacher from there, who sat bolt upright in their midst, totally ignoring the presence of those behind him, pompous as a coxcomb, and where he could see all that was going on around, though we suppose, judging from a conversation in which he was concerned in this place a few days ago, he did use his eyes to advantage, as in all probability he saw but one person. When he was blowing around here similar to a puffed-up frog, some one asked him why *he* did not answer the article? He replied he did not aspire to the position of a newspaper correspondent. Ah, Johnnie, was the height of your ambition reached when you attained the pedagogual chair? If it was we are sorry for you; just to think your bright talent should forever remain buried in the schoolroom. You ought to "come out of that," Johnnie. You would make your mark in this world.

"Friend to the Ladies" starts out with the assertion that he is a *friend* to *all* ladies, and before he is through holds up to the eyes of public inspection the name of one of Preston's brightest ornaments; one whose behavior is so far superior to that of those whom he has set up as models of beauty and decorum, and one who so far overreaches him in every particular that he ought to be ashamed ever to show his face again in Preston, with that knowledge within him. Ladies friend! Go hide yourself in disgust, and never look respectable people in the face any more.

If he wished to know how our visitors deported themselves he should have been present. He is frank enough to admit that he knows nothing about the exhibition except from hearsay. We thought him sufficiently advanced in years to be aware of the fact that hearsay is a bad reporter, even if it *does* come from one's own children. He says the noise made by said visitors "consisted in manifestations of pleasure when some modern Demosthenes came near correctly emphasizing the production of a greater mind." Such "manifestations" may be common in the dance houses of the cities, and even in Federalsburg among the lower class, but they are certainly not in Preston. When open remarks of irrision are heard from visitors at a school exhibition, if is our opinion they should be censured, and not lightly. He informs us that when "Jimmie retired no such demonstrations greeted him." For once he is in the truth, and we are proud to own that no such unruly, ill-bred, despicable, contemptible, dance-house demonstrations did greet him. But if he presumes to say that *no applause* greeted Jimmie, then we say he stoops to utter that which is not true. As to the slip of paper with the word *severed* written upon it we know nothing. No such slip of paper was upon our person. We can prove all assertions to be true which we make, and we defy the "Friend to the Ladies" or any one else to prove to the contrary. We have a *mens conscia recti*. JIMMIE.

[We have received a second communication from Preston relative to this subject, but must decline its publication because of a lack of interest to the general reader of the subject itself. This must end the controversy, too. Both parties are very personal—more so than we generally allow—and it is impossible to say more without reflecting seriously upon each other's character. Hence it is better to cut the matter short. The first letter was only published at the urgent request of a warm personal friend at Federalsburg, and we felt in duty bound to afford friend Jimmie a reply. We hope the parties interested will appreciate our motives, and live in friendship with each other.—THE ED.]

### *Heavy Robbery—$15,000 Stolen.*

A heavy robbery was committed at the depot of the Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore Railroad Company, in this city, on Saturday night.

William Jamar, paymaster of the road, brought down here $15,000 to pay off the employees, which he deposited with some other money in the safe in the office of J. Mahoney, road-master.

Some one effected an entrance into the office and unlocked the safe with a skeleton key, taking over fifteen thousand dollars from it. The only clue to the thief yet found is the skeleton key, which was picked up on 4th street below Pine. This, however, affords no evidence of the identity of the criminal.

The robbery is quite a mysterious one, especially when we condsider the public place at which it was committed, and the fact that portions of the building are occupied day and night the year round.

The "job" must have been well planned and skillfully executed, as the office where it was committed is within a short distance of the railroad telegraph office, which is always occupied.—*Wilmn. Commercial.*

### Good Advice.

Let our possessions be what they may—marble palaces, broad lands, magnificent plate or caskets of "precious stones"—they all sink in the balance against Heaven's great boon, HEALTH, and they cannot be enjoyed without it. And yet how little is it valued, and how carelessly preserved. The laws of nature cannot be violated with impunity. Night revelry, luxurious living, irregularity of meals, and a disordered appetite, will gradually destroy the power and activity of the stomach. How many ladies and gentleman eat and drink disease at late suppers, and arise in the morning with headache, loss of appetite, feeling languid and unrefreshed. There can be no medical remedy that will turn lead into food, or poisoned drinks into nutriment, but medical science can *assist* nature, supply exhausted fluids, and to a great extent correct the effects of disease. In all cases such as the above, we recommend PLANTATION BITTERS. You will find them just the thing—at the same time a most delicious tonic and appetizer.

Aim at perfection in everything, though in most things it is unattained; however, they who aim at it, and persevere, will come much nearer to it than those whose laziness and despondency make them give it up as unattainable.

The above is particularly applicable to the subject of health—all should do everything in their power to attain perfection, as near as possible, in that. This can be secured by a regular and continued use of the Zingari Bitters.

### The Markets.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 8.—Wheat dull, at 185 to 195 cents for fair to common, and 205 to 215 cts. for prime. Corn firm, and one or two cents higher than on Saturday. White, 88@90 cents; yellow 86@88 cts. Rye steady at 153@155 cts. Oats active at 76@78 cts. for prime.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 8.—Wheat dull; red 160@175 cts.; amber 185@190 cts. Rye 155@169 cts. Corn firmer; sales new yellow at 88 cts. Oats firmer; Western 72@75 cts.


## New Advertisements.

### Horse Bils.



We are prepared to print, at the shortest notice and at the lowest price, HORSE BILLS of any size and in any quantity.—Our office is well supplied with type of the latest design, and we have a large stereotype cut especially for this class of work. Satisfaction guaranteed. Call at THE UNION OFFICE.

### Fence Notice.

SIX months after the date of this notice, the subscriber will break up and discontinue all Division Fences between his lands and the lands of Jas. P. J. Hubbard.

fe11-3w* MARCELLUS RICH.

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For the Laundry.

It is warranted not to streak, or in any manner injure the finest fabrics.

FOR FAMILY USE Sold in FIVE cts., TEN cents and TWENTY cents boxes.

Each TWENTY cents box, besides having FIVE TIMES as much blue as the FIVE cents box, contains a pocket pin cushion or emery bag.

For Hotel and large Laundry use, it is put up in $2 00 boxes.

See that each Box has proper Trade Mark.

For sale by W. M. McMAHAN,

fe11-6m Denton, Md.

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jan28-tf N. A. HUTSON.

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A large, live, 8-page monthly religious and family, paper, full of facts, providences, incidents, music poetry, *true* stories, pictures, reading for young, old, saints, sinners, one and all. No sectarianism, controversy, politics, puffs, pills or patent medicines. 60 cts. a year; 10 copies, 5.00. For Sunday Schools, 10 copies, 4.00. Send 10 cents for 3 specimens before you forget it. Vol. 4 begins January, 1869.—1000 pages new live **tracts** for $1. Address H. L. HASTINGS, Scriptural Tract Repository, 19 Lindall St., **Boston**, Mass. 4w

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*Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Billious Fever, Cholic, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption in its first stage, Flatulency, Nervous Debility, Female Complaints, Rheumatism, Dysentery, Acute and Chronic Diarrhœa, Cholera Morbus, Cholera, Typhoid and Typhus Fever, Scrofula, Diseases of the Kidneys, Habitual Costiveness, &c., &c.*

In the PREVENTION and CURE of the above diseases, it has never been known to fail, as thousands of our most prominent citizens throughout all parts of the country, will testify. Let the afflicted send for circular containing testimonials and certificates of those who have been cured after their cases have been pronounced hopeless by our best physicians.

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**and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or**

*IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.*

**Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil and Great Depression of Spirits.**

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**is entirely vegetable, and contains no liquor. It is a compound of Fluid Extracts. The Roots, Herbs, and Barks from which these extracts are made are gathered in Germany. All the medicinal virtues are extracted from them by a scientific chemist. These extracts are then forwarded to this country to be used expressly for the manufacture of these Bitters. There is no alcoholic substance of any kind used in compounding the Bitters, hence it is the only Bitters that can be used in cases where alcoholic stimulants are not advisable.**

### Hoofland's German Tonic

*is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with* PURE *Santa Cruz Rum, Orange, etc. It is used for the same diseases as the Bitters, in cases where some pure alcoholic stimulus is required. You will bear in mind that these remedies are entirely different from any others advertised for the cure of the diseases named, these being scientific preparations of medicinal extracts, while the others are mere decoctions of rum in some form. The* TONIC *is decidedly one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public. Its taste is exquisite. It is a pleasure to take it, while its life-giving, exhilarating, and medicinal qualities have caused it to be known as the greatest of all tonics.*

### DEBILITY.

*There is no medicine equal to Hoofland's German Bitters or Tonic in cases of Debility. They impart a tone and vigor to the whole system, strengthen the appetite, cause an enjoyment of the food, enable the stomach to digest it, purify the blood, give a good, sound, healthy complexion, eradicate the yellow tinge from the eye, impart a bloom to the cheeks, and change the patient from a short-breathed, emaciated, weak, and nervous invalid, to a full-faced, stout, and vigorous person.*

**Weak and Delicate Children are made strong by using the Bitters or Tonic. In fact, they are Family Medicines. They can be administered with perfect safety to a child three months old, the most delicate female, or a man of ninety.**

*These Remedies are the best*

**Blood Purifiers**

*ever known, and will cure all diseases resulting from bad blood. Keep your blood pure; keep your Liver in order; keep your digestive organs in a sound, healthy condition, by the use of these remedies, and no disease will ever assail you. The best men in the country recommend them. If years of honest reputation go for anything you must try these preparations.*

**FROM HON. GEO. W. WOODWARD,**

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, March 16, 1867.

*I find "Hoofland's German Bitters" is not an intoxicating beverage, but is a good tonic, useful in disorders of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility and want of nervous action, in the system.*

*Yours truly,*
*GEO. W. WOODWARD.*

**FROM HON. JAMES THOMPSON,**

Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, April 23, 1866.

**I consider "Hoofland's German Bitters" a valuable medicine in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it. Yours, with respect,**

**JAMES THOMPSON.**

**FROM REV. JOSEPH H. KENNARD, D. D.,**

Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

DR. JACKSON—DEAR SIR:—*I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances, and particularly in my own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that for general debility of the system and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation. In some cases it may fail; but usually, I could not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.*

*Yours, very respectfully,*
*J. H. KENNARD,*
*Eighth, below Coates street.*

**CAUTION.**

*Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeited. The genuine have the signature of C. M. Jackson on the front of the outside wrapper of each bottle, and the name of the article blown in each bottle. All others are counterfeit.*

**Price of the Bitters, $1 00 per bottle;**
**Or, a half dozen for $5 00.**
**Price of the Tonic, $1 50 per bottle;**
**Or, a half dozen for $7 50.**

**The tonic is put up in quart bottles.**

*Recollect that it is Dr. Hoofland's German Remedies that are so universally used and so highly recommended; and do not allow the Druggists to induce you to take anything else that he may say is just as good, because he makes a larger profit on it. These Remedies will be sent by express to any locality upon application to the*

**PRINCIPAL OFFICE,**

**AT THE GERMAN MEDICINE STORE,**

*No. 631 ARCH STREET, Philadelphia.*

**CHAS. M. EVANS,**

**Proprietor,**

**Formerly C. M. JACKSON & CO.**

**These Remedies are for sale by Druggists, Storekeepers, and Medicine Dealers everywhere.**

*Do not forget to examine well the article you buy, to order to get the genuine.*


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