Ladies, if you Want the Best HOOP-SKIRT and CORSET that is Made, Buy PETERS & WOOLLEY'S and Take no Other.

American Union.

DENTON, MARYLAND:

THURSDAY MORNING:.....April 29, 1869.

Is There Need of a Moral Reform?

Men of our day are apt to sneer at the idea of a general reformation of any kind; but as in the days of Martin Luther so are there even now many and grevious errors which need reforming, and it needs but the mind and energy of one like him to set the ball in motion. It is true the work will be more difficult than it was in his day, for the evils are more deep rooted and have become, as it were, a part and parcel of the world's creed, engrafted upon the mind by the teachings of centuries, and to bring about a grand moral revolution it must come unattended with the pomp, glory and circumstances of war. It must be a refomation of the mind. Mankind must get rid of some of the false ideas which have been inocculated in his social system by the concessions of the early reformers. We must cling closer to the great sheet-anchor of laws laid down by Him who shed tears of blood in the garden of Gethsemane, if we wish to advance as fast as the spirit of the age dictates. We must go back to the flame-enshrouded mount where God dictated laws for the government of His chosen people. We must sink our selfishness and our egotism in a sea of oblivion, and rise superior to those petty passions which have fastened themselves upon us, and if indulged in too long will lead us into greater excesses and will hasten our ruin.

The spirit of charity grows cold under our present teachings; that which should be accorded freely to the worthy poor is now given for fear greater demands will be made by the State to support our almshouses; and merit no longer stands for itself but is rewarded by the weight of the money bag or by the possession of broad acres. But if equity balanced the scales these would be dealt out in a spirit of liberality tempered by the influence of mercy.

But how can a true spirit of benevolence be cultivated when our own selfish selves stand in the way, and the idea has possession of us that all we have, and all we own, and all we are is our own and that we are accountable to no one for what we do or how we gain our worldly wealth, but are satisfied if men applaud our ingenuity and our craft in heaping up that which will one day be a heap of ashes, valueless to regenerated spirits and a mockery to the tormented feelings of those who shall live throughout the endless ages of eternity amongst the damned? Unfeeling murder no longer excites our horror, but men coolly ask if the miscreant has plenty of money; and if he has there are many chances that he will never be convicted of the crime, and even if convicted every means that ingenious counsel can devise are resorted to to get the felon free. Blundering jurymen swear to statements which puts intelligence to the blush. The convict prays and lies in the same breath to save his neck from the halter. Society wonders at the depravity of man for a few brief hours and then goes about what it calls its own business.

The most outrageous assults are committed in the broad light of day, and the frightened, dishonored victim of brutal lust is looked upon with contemptuous pity, whilst men, eager to hear the disgusting tale, rush in crowds to the court-room to hear the story of wrong, but never seek, by word or deed, the prevention of the crime. Stock-gamblers pursue their nefarious calling without check or restraint, defying courts and laws, and in some instances the courts of jurisdiction even connive at and assist them in their hateful calling. They even form companies for the purpose of swindling the unwary, robbing labor of its hard-earned wages and the widow of her mite, and then laugh in their sleeves as they view their increased possessions. But stock brokers are not the only ones that pursue a legalized, detestable calling. Those who take excessive usury are as abominable as any. They delight in clogging the wheels of industry, take advantage of the necessities of business men and rejoice in panics; and are gleeful when the money-market tightens, and hail with delight the news that banks refuse to discount. They know that when one or all of these things come they will reap a plentiful harvest.

Disguise the evils of the world as you will, put whatever construction you please upon our short-comings, but if we look at the picture as it is, the antediluvians could not have been much more wicked than we of this day and generation. Candor has been merged into guile, impartiality has become indifferent to all wants but self, sincerity is compelled to wear the disguise of hypocricy and false pretence. Charity has been stripped of the garb of righteousness, and the love of God been turned into the worship of mammon.

THE KIMBERLEY-BUTLER SUIT.—Chief Justice Chase decided on Wednesday, in the case of Kimberly against Butler, that the word "arrested," as used in the Constitution, means an arrest or detention by force, with a view to imprisonment, and does not extend to process of summons in civil court upon a member of Congress. In regard to the alleged appropriation of plaintiff's money by defendant, it did not appear from the proceedings that defendant had received the money, but leave was granted plaintiff's counsel to amend the bill of particulars so as to allege that the money illegally had and received from the plaintiff by the Provost Marshall, &c., was had and received as agent of the defendant, General Butler, and not as Provost Marshal, &c. The Court continued the case to the next term of the Circuit Court, the plaintiff to pay the costs of the suit for the present.

The Spanish Cortes has adopted the universal suffrage clause of the Constitution.

Does Advertising Pay?

Most persons are apt to say not, before they have given the subject any thought.—We, however, incline to a different opinion, and to corroberate our view will relate a circumstance which has come under our observation.

A gentleman called at our office a few weeks since and invested three dollars in bills. They were gotten up in our usually neat and attractive style, and thoroughly distributed around the county. Soon orders began to come in for the article he had to sell, and in one week the advertiser had taken in *fifty dollars* which he attributed directly to these bills. We do not mean to say that this is all the money he took in, but this amount of custom he knows the bills brought him. In addition to this, the bills were well distributed abroad, but with what success we are unable to state, though the presumption is that the effect was good. We know this to be a fact, for the gentlemen's veracity is unquestionable, and his name will be furnished to as many as desire it.

Just think of it. *Fifty dollars for three!* Who would not be willing to make such an investment? And yet how many men are there in this county—business men—men who are dependent upon the public for support—who refuse to acquaint that public with the fact that they are in business, or that they have anything to sell. They prefer to keep their light under a bushel, to placing it in a candlestick where all may see it. Then there others in business, also dependent upon this same public, who allow their prejudices to interfere with their business relations. All men must know that the public is composed of two great and controlling elements, and in order to secure the patronage of these elements it is necessary to compromise both. How is this to be done? you will say. We reply, advertise in the organs of the elements that compose the public mass. If you advertise in but one, you are likely to secure the patronage of but one, but if you advertise in both then the chances are favorable that you will receive the support of the entire public, because you you reach all. If you enlighten only one side, by advertising in one paper, how do you expect the other side to become acquainted with the fact that you have increased your stock. So far as this county is concerned, we know that the papers reach an entirely different class of people.

We honestly believe that there never was a cent yet *judiciously* expended in advertising that did not pay four-fold. Many content themselves with simply sticking a few lines in an obscure corner of the paper where it is seldom seen and less frequently read. An advertisement to be read must not be too long, but must be attractive. It must be of such a character as to arrest the attention of the public. And in this lies the secret of advertising.

ITEMS OF NEWS.

Winter wheat in most parts of Wisconsin never looked better.

The crop of oranges in Louisiana promises to be large this year.

A New York paper announces a general decline of the prices of meats in the markets of that city.

Iowa claims that it raises more and better spring wheat to the acre than any other State in the West.

The planters of Louisiana expect to make as much again rice in 1869 as they made last year. The crop last year was 321,911, 344 sacks.

Thirty-four persons in the Insane Asylum at Indianapolis became insane from the excessive use of tobacco.

A deputation of Virginians, headed by General Robert E. Lee, is in Baltimore, to urge the co-operation of that city in extending the Virginia Valley Railroad.

The new Minister to Austria, John Jay, has received his instructions from the State Department, and will shortly leave for Europe.

Wm. B. Waugh, of Maryland, has been appointed Chief Clerk of the Indian Bureau to succeed Maj. Charles E. Mix, who retires on May 1st.

At Chambersburg, Pa., on Thursday, Cain Morris, a young negro, convicted of atrociously assaulting three young ladies of the vicinity, was sentenced to 35 years' imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary.

Governor Bowie has signed the death warrant for the execution of George Truman, colored, convicted of murder in the first degree at the late term of the Circuit Court for Frederick County. May 28th has been designated as the day of execution.

A meeting of Cubans and their sympathizers was held in New Orleans on Friday night, which was followed by a torchlight parade. A number of colored men participated. Dumas, the new Consul General to Liberia, was one of the signers of the call for the meeting.

Attorney General Hoar has given an opinion agreeing with that of Mr. Evarts, to the effect that the eight-hour law does not compel the payment of ten hours' wages for eight hours' work, and the Secretary of the Navy has instructed the commandants of the navy yards in accordance therewith.

In Frederick and St. Mary's counties, Md., the prospects of a large yield of fruit are very good. In St. Mary's the wheat prospect is more promising than at the same period of the season for many years.

The Tenth Provincial Council of Baltimore of the Roman Catholic Church assembled at the Cathredral on Sunday, and will remain in session during the week. The Council is composed of the fourteen Bishops from Pennsylvania, Delaware, and the seaboard Southern States, with the Most Rev. Archbishop Spalding presiding.

The Internal Revenue Bureau has determined that hereafter no cases shall be settled, dismised or compromised, except by the decision of the Solicitor, and no Assesor, Collector or District Attorney will be permitted to negotiate on the subject. Compromises will be made only where the evidence shows an absence of intent to defraud, and in all other cases the law will be rigorously enforced. No subordinate of the Bureau will be allowed to confer with the claimants concerning their cases.

PENINSULAR JOTTINGS.

SUSSEX COUNTY.

—The Grand Jury returned 67 true bills out of 104 which was given them for consideration.

—A boy name Donoway was recently so badly shot in the head that a part of his brains exuded, but notwithstanding this fact and also that the bullet has never been extracted, he has recovered.

KENT COUNTY, MD.

—Court was in session last week.

—Mrs. Jas. M. Page, near Edesville, has a goose in her yard which is known to be 75 yeas old.

—A rock fish, measuring 3 ft. 9 in. in length, and weighing 50 lbs. was caught in Chester river opposite Chestertown last week.

NEW CASTLE COUNTY.

—The City Council of Wilmington has granted the Workingmen's Institute the privilege of fitting up the city Hall as a free reading room.

—Two negro men attempted to abduct and outrage a white girl on Sunday night about a mile from Wilmington, near Rising Sun.—They had her tied, hand and foot, and were taking her to a wagon when a white man came upon them and they fled.

CECIL COUNTY.

—Hy. R. Torbert has been appointed Assistant Surveyor of the port of Baltimore at $2,500 salary.

—Cecil county can produce a man—an aged one, at that—who never saw a locomotive until last Monday week.

—Engineers were last week locating a new Railroad to connect the Columbia & Port Deposit Railroad with Delaware City. The route surveyed passes a little to the north of Elkton.

—The barn and other out-buildings of Mr. L. T. Roberts, Bohemia Mills, were demolished by a gale of wind on Tuesday week. All his stock was buried beneath the ruins, but, strange to say, none were injured.

KENT COUNTY, DEL.

—The peach prospect is encouraging.

—B. F. Blackiston, near Blackiston's church, is said to have the finest field of wheat in this county.

—The first quarterly meeting of Felton Circuit will be held in Manship Church, on Sunday, the 2d of May.

—As the "dummy" was proceeding into Smyrna one day last week, with a freight car ahead of it, and just as it was turning the curve, the freight car was thrown from the track by a stone which some thoughtless boy had placed on it and ran into the yard of Geo. H. Raymond, breaking down an iron fence and a shade tree, and demolishing the frame work of the car.

TALBOT COUNTY.

—St Michaels has been unusually unhealthy for the past two weeks.

—Bishop Lay has arrived in Easton and is the guest of Geo. R. Goldsborough.

—The velocipede fever has reached Easton, and daily exhibitions are witnessed on the streets.

—Solomon Plummer, Thos. Bruff, Robert Lambdin, Jas. S. LeCompte and Jno. Cole constitute the Board of commissioners for St. Michaels.

—Capt. R. G. Kinnamon's store, on Tilghman's Island, was burglariously entered on Friday night week and a portion of its contents abstracted.

QUEEN ANNE'S COUNTY.

—Court commences next Monday.

—The Court House green is being cleaned up.

—Steps have been taken to organize a Building Association in Crumpton.

—The Sinickson—Pancoast affair still continues to occupy the attention of the legal authorities.

—Jno. L. Palmer has been appointed clerk and Jos. V. Coursey bailiff to the Town Commissioners of Centreville.

—While some workmen were burning brush on Capt. B. S. Ford's farm, near Crumpton, the fire extended to some cordwood, and was not extinguished until about 100 cords of wood were consumed.

WORCESTER COUNTY.

—A new M. E. Church is to be erected at Sandy Hill.

—Shad have become quite plentiful in Snow Hill but sell readily at from 40 to 50 cts.

—The body of James Houston, who was drowned last fall whilst intoxicated, was found in the Pocomoke near Snow Hill on Friday.

—Mr. Jno. W. Gladden, with his horse and carriage, was precipitated from a defective bridge, between his home and Newtown, into the water one night last week. His carriage was smashed, his horse drowned, and he narrowly escaped with his life.

—The whole of Mr. Stephen Mills' family, with the exception of a colored female cook, became sick on last Friday, at different periods of the day, with every indication of having been poisoned. Suspicion fell upon the cook, as she was the only one not affected. They have all recovered.

By a late report it appears that three hundred and sixteen thousand two hundred and thirty-three Union soldiers, nearly a third of a million, lie buried in the seventy-two national cemeteries under the charge of the government. This is, let it not be forgotten, but a portion of our great sacrifice. Thousands of bodies were never recovered, and every village in the North guards one or more, frequently its scores, in its country grave-yard. Of more than one-half of these three hundred thousand we have names, but fully one hundred and forty thousand rest under mounds legended with that simple word of saddest force, "unknown." Of the whole number, less than one-fiftieth now sleep in their original beds. Two hundred and fifty-seven thousand have been removed from the rude trenches of the battle-field, their shallow graves by the road side, the bare unsightly fields of the hospitals, to orderly enclosures and respectful graves, over whose still and solemn rows the national flag floats night and day.

THE DELAWARE PEACH CROP.—From the best information that can be obtained, we learn that there will be about one-fourth of a crop of peaches in and about Seaford, Laurel, and below those points along the line of the railroad. In the vicinity of Dover, from present indications a full crop is expected, and for Kent county three-fourths of a full crop. About Smyrna, Townsend and Middletown, the crop promises to be abundant. All calculations in regard to this crop, however, are based upon the presumption of favorable weather. The crop is not free from danger yet, and may be entirely killed by frosts in May, as has been the case heretofore.—*Delawarean.*

A WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENT shows in a strong light the dependent, unmanly, situation into which many of the government employees relapse, after long periods of service. He says:

"Among the removed persons are some who are in great distress. The scenes witnessed every day in the departments are extremely painful. One clerk fainted at his desk upon receiving the fatal 'yellow envelope.' Female clerks who are dismissed weep as if their hearts were broken; and yet the struggle for these uncertain places is terrible."

The Connecticut river is beginning to subside after the recent inundation. Hartford and the other towns and cities on its banks are emerging from the water, and trains are running upon the railroads. The destruction to property has been immense, and will require much time and money to repair. At Windsor Locks the canal supplying the manufactories gave way, and they will be forced to suspend operations for a month, throwing three hundred operatives out of employment. Along the St. Lawrence river towns have almost been washed away, and six persons have been drowned in addition to those previously reported. The embankment of the Grand Trunk Railway has been washed away. The ice has begun to move out of the St. Lawrence, and the river is subsiding.

CALISAYA BARK.—It is said that Messrs. Drake & Co., (proprietors of the PLANTATION BITTERS) are the largest importers of Calisaya Bark in this country, and that, with the exception of an occasional sale, all they import is used in the compounding of their celebrated PLANTATION BITTERS,—to which they undoubtedly are indebted for their wonderful health-restoring properties. As a Tonic and Appetizer they are not surpassed, and we cheerfully recommend them. All first-class Druggists keep them for sale.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE April 29.—Wheat inactive at 160@200 cts. for white and 190@205 cts. for red. Corn steady. White held at 80 cts., and yellow at 84@85 cts. Rye 145 to 155 cts. Oats 63@68 cts.

PHILADELHIA, April 26.—Wheat very quiet; red 170@175 cents; amber 180@185 cents. Rye steady; 145 cents. Corn less active; yellow 88 cents; mixed Western 83@86 cents. Oats steady; 74@75 cents.

New Advertisements.

MEAL AND FLOUR.

FOR SALE for the cash, at the new Enterprise Mill, near Denton. Positively no credit at this mill.

apr29-tf. EMERSON & ROSHY.

NOTICE.

The colored people of Potter's Landing and vicinity will hold a festival, at their new school house, on Saturday, the 15th of May, next, commencing at ten o'clock and holding during the day and evening, to which all are invited. [ap29-3w.*

Evening Entertainment.

Crystal Fount Lodge, No. 8, I. O. of G. T., will hold an evening entertainment, consist of tableaux, dramas and music, on Wednesday the 12th of May next.

Tickets 25 cts.; children under 12 years 15 cts. Doors open at 7 o'clock.

By order,
Committee of Arrangements.

ap29-3w

CLOTHING
AND
Gents' Furnishing Store,
IN DENTON.

THE undersigned, having leased the store-room of Capt. Alex. Stewart, has opened a first-class assortment of Ready-Made Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods, suitable for Spring and Summer wear, which he will sell at reasonable prices. He respectfully invites all in want of clothing to call and examine his stock. All styles, varieties and prices.

ap29-3w WM. L. TAYLOR.

EXAMINER'S NOTICE.

THE undersigned, having been appointed by the County Commissioners of Caroline county to examine, and, if found necessary, to locate a new county road to begin at a point near Wingate Neal's, on the road leading from Potter's Landing to Andersontown, thence across the lands of T. M. Raymond, John Wright, and Revel Horsey's heirs, to the line between Jas. W. Saulsbury and Thos. N. Todd, thence with said line, and thence across the county road leading from Andersontown to Concord Church, give notice that they will meet at the point of beginning of the said proposed road on SATURDAY, May 29th, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of executing their commission.

WILLIS CORKRAN,
GOOTEE STEVENS,
SAULSBURY HOBBS,
ap29-4w Commissioners.

Examiner's Notice.

THE undersigned, being appointed by the County Commissioners of Caroline county to examine, and if found necessary, to lay off a new road to begin at or near the Delaware line, on the land of Thos. O. Culbreth, to run through the lands of Henry C. Culbreth, David V. Murphy, Sam'l D. McGonigal and G. W. Goldsborough, until it intersects the County Road at Goldsborough station give notice that they will meet at the point of commencement of said proposed road, on MONDAY, 24th day of May, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of executing their commission,

EDGAR PLUMMER,
SAMUEL JARMAN,
THOMAS JONES, Sr
apr29-3w. Examiners.

Hutson's Bakery
AND
CONFECTIONARY STORE,
DENTON, MD.

I WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of the town of Denton and of Caroline and the adjoining counties that I am now prepared to furnish

FRESH BREAD,
Cakes, Pies, and
CUSTARDS,

of all kinds, either at wholesale or retail, every day (except Sundays) at the lowest city prices. Having an

Experienced Baker,

from Philadelphia, I can furnish Picnics, Private and Wedding Parties, Excursions, &c., with Fine Cakes, Confectionaries, Fruits and Nuts of all kinds,

AT SHORT NOTICE AND LOW PRICES.

My stock of Confectionaries will always be fresh, as I buy but small quantities at a time and buy often. I will have a wagon running through the county once a week after the first of May.

All orders filled and shipped to any point desired. All kinds of saleable trade taken in exchange, and a fair cash price paid for butter, lard and eggs. N. A. HUTSON.

ap29—odja14-y

New Advertisements.

PUBLIC SALE
—OF—
Valuable REAL ESTATE.

UNDER and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Caroline county, sitting in equity, passed in a cause where Pollard S. Collins and others are complainants, and Bushrod W. Collins and others are defendants, the undersigned Trustees will offer at public sale in front of Goslin, Brother & Son's store, in the town of Federalsburg, on

SATURDAY, 22d Day of May, 1869,

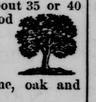
between the hours of 12 o'clock, M., and 4 o'clock, P. M., all that tract or parcel of land lying and being situate in the Fourth election district of Caroline county, adjoining the lands of Charles Wright, Wm. H. Watkins, Daniel Noble and others, called and known by the name of

"NOBLE'S CLEAROUT,"

and more fully described in a deed from John S. Young to Tilghman Hubbard, recorded among the Land Record books for Caroline county, containing

290 Acres, More or Less.

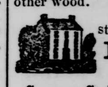
The soil is naturally good and susceptible of a high state of improvement. About 35 or 40 acres is well and thickly set in good



White Oak Timber,

and about 40 acres well set in pine, oak and other wood.

The improvements are a single-story



Frame Dwelling,

In Tolerable Repair;

Granary, Stables, and other Out-Buildings,

in ordinary condition.

The said tract is convenient to churches, schools and mills, and about 1½ miles from the Dorchester & Delaware railroad, 8 miles from Bridgeville Station, and not quite two miles from the town of Federalsburg.

This can be made nice property, and any one desiring to purchase will do well to examine it before the day of sale. It fronts on the main county road.

TERMS OF SALE.

One-third cash on day of sale, the balance in equal instalments of one and two years—the deferred payments bearing interest from day of sale, and to be secured by the bonds or notes of the purchaser, with security to be approved by the trustees. The deed and stamps at the expense of the purchaser.

JNO. D. KEMP,
TILGHMAN HUBBARD,
Trustees.

JNO. W. LOCKERMAN, Auctioneer. [ap29-ts

A QUEEN ANNE'S COUNTY
FARM
AT PUBLIC SALE.

AS Attorney for the owners, I shall offer for sale on

TUESDAY, the 4th day of May, 1869,

at Centreville, Queen Anne's County, Md., the Farm on Wye River, in said county, known as "NOTLEY'S," containing

286 Acres

of first quality land; 200 acres are well enclosed and in cultivation, producing fine crops of the usual cereals—the remainder is well wooded with Pine, Oak and Chestnut, the whole being a compact farm. The cultivated land is divided into 3 fields, well watered by branches of Wye River. There is on it a good



DWELLING,

of 4 rooms, with a kitchen in good order—Barn and Stable. Its proximity to Baltimore, with which it is in daily communication by steamers in four hours time; its fertility of the soil and its advantages of luxuries of the water, render this place in all respects a desirable investment for present profit or future increase in value.—It adjoins the estates of Dr. W. H. DeCourcy, Mr. W. Tilghment and others, in an excellent neighborhood of refined society, and could not be better located with reference to a market for its products.

TERMS OF SALE:

One-fourth cash, one-half 1st of March 1870, and one-fourth on 1st of March, 1871. Bonds with satisfactory security on the deferred payments carrying interest, and a Deed of Trust on the land to ensure their payment.

H. T. GARNETT,
Attorney for the Owners.

For desired information address 79 South Street, Baltimore.

SURVEYING.

AMONG all the important subjects of a temporal character, there is not one that should claim our attention to a greater extent than the subject of surveying. It is a lamentable fact that every tract of land that has been laid out and divided, that I have been called upon to investigate, is far from being correct, and consequently some of the parties concerned are seriously injured by such erroneous divisions. I admit that I am what some of my uncharitable friends say that I am—a poor surveyor—but I will say to all such talkers:—"If you have a tract of land to lay out and divide, if I do not lay it out and divide it as correctly as poor erring finite can, (Mr. J. W. Thompson, of Queen Anne's county, being the judge), then I will not only charge you nothing for such division but will pay you for your trouble.—For laying out and dividing land, $5 per day; laying out land, $3 per day. In conclusion I will say to those idle gossipers, before you talk much upon the subject of surveying, make yourselves familliar with the subject.

apr29-1t. M. J. CLARK, C. C. Sr.



PUMP MAKING
AND
REPAIRING.

The undersigned hereby announces his readiness to make or repair pumps at exceedingly low figures. He has had considerable experience in the business, and feels himself able to give satisfaction in every instance.

He will Furnish the Celebrated Cucumber Pump at about half the Cost of the Old Fashioned Pump.

Many of his pumps are scattered over the county, and he invites all persons to give them an examination.

SAMUEL E. MILLER,
ap22-tf Denton, Md.

NOTICE.

ALL persons in anywise indebted to me are hereby notified to come forward and settle their accounts on or before the 1st of May, or I shall proceed to collect the same by law.

ap15-3w* H. B. SIMPERS.

YOUNG LADIES BEWARE!

OF THE INJURIOUS EFFECTS of Face Powders and Washes. All such remedies close up the pores of the skin, and in a short time destroy the complexion. If you would have a fresh, healthy and youthful appearance, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

YOU ALL
HAVE HEARD OF
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,
AND
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

Prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, Philadelphia. Their introduction into this country from Germany occurred in

1825.

THEY CURED YOUR
FATHERS AND MOTHERS,

And will cure you and your children. They are entirely different from the many preparations now in the country called Bitters or Tonics. They are no tavern preparation, or anything like one; but good, honest, reliable medicines. They are

The greatest known remedies for
Liver Complaint,
DYSPEPSIA,
Nervous Debility,
JAUNDICE,
Diseases of the Kidneys,
ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN,
and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or
IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil and Great Depression of Spirits.

All these indicate disease of the Liver or Digestive Organs, combined with impure blood.

Hoofland's German Bitters

is entirely vegetable, and contains no liquor. It is a compound of Fluid Extracts. The Roots, Herbs, and Barks from which these extracts are made are gathered in Germany. All the medicinal virtues are extracted from them by a scientific chemist. These extracts are then forwarded to this country to be used expressly for the manufacture of these Bitters. There is no alcoholic substance of any kind used in compounding the Bitters, hence it is the only Bitters that can be used in cases where alcoholic stimulants are not advisable.

Hoofland's German Tonic

is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with PURE Santa Cruz Rum, Orange, etc. It is used for the same diseases as the Bitters, in cases where some pure alcoholic stimulus is required. You will bear in mind that these remedies are entirely different from any others advertised for the cure of the diseases named, these being scientific preparations of medicinal extracts, while the others are mere decoctions of rum in some form. The TONIC is decidedly one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public. Its taste is exquisite. It is a pleasure to take it, while its life-giving, exhilarating, and medicinal qualities have caused it to be known as the greatest of all tonics.

DEBILITY.

There is no medicine equal to Hoofland's German Bitters or Tonic in cases of Debility. They impart a tone and vigor to the whole system, strengthen the appetite, cause an enjoyment of the food, enable the stomach to digest it, purify the blood, give a good, sound, healthy complexion, eradicate the yellow tinge from the eye, impart a bloom to the cheeks, and change the patient from a short-breathed, emaciated, weak, and nervous invalid, to a full-faced, stout, and vigorous person.

Weak and Delicate Children are made strong by using the Bitters or Tonic. In fact, they are Family Medicines. They can be administered with perfect safety to a child three months old, the most delicate female, or a man of ninety.

These Remedies are the best

Blood Purifiers

ever known, and will cure all diseases resulting from bad blood. Keep your blood pure; keep your Liver in order; keep your digestive organs in a sound, healthy condition, by the use of these remedies, and no disease will ever assail you. The best men in the country recommend them. If years of honest reputation go for anything you must try these preparations.

FROM HON. GEO. W. WOODWARD,

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.
PHILADELPHIA, March 16, 1867.

I find "Hoofland's German Bitters" is not an intoxicating beverage, but is a good tonic, useful in disorders of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility and want of nervous action, in the system.

Yours truly,
GEO. W. WOODWARD.

FROM HON. JAMES THOMPSON,

Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.
PHILADELPHIA, April 28, 1868.

I consider "Hoofland's German Bitters" a valuable medicine in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it. Yours, with respect,
JAMES THOMPSON.

FROM REV. JOSEPH H. KENNARD, D. D.,

Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

DR. JACKSON—DEAR SIR:—*I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances, and particularly in my own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that for general debility of the system and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation. In some cases it may fail; but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.*

Yours, very respectfully,
J. H. KENNARD,
Eighth, below Coates street.

CAUTION.

Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeited. The genuine have the signature of C. M. Jackson on the front of the outside wrapper of each bottle, and the name of the article blown in each bottle. All others are counterfeit.

Price of the Bitters, $1 00 per bottle;
Or, a half dozen for $5 00.
Price of the Tonic, $1 50 per bottle;
Or, a half dozen for $7 50.

The tonic is put up in quart bottles.

Recollect that it is Dr. Hoofland's German Remedies that are so universally used and so highly recommended; and do not allow the Druggists to induce you to take anything else that he may say is just as good, because he makes a larger profit on it. These Remedies will be sent by express to any locality upon application to the

PRINCIPAL OFFICE,
AT THE GERMAN MEDICINE STORE,
No. 631 ARCH STREET, Philadelphia.

CHAS. M. EVANS,
Proprietor,
Formerly C. M. JACKSON & CO.

These Remedies are for sale by Druggists, Storekeepers, and Medicine Dealers everywhere.

Do not forget to examine well the article you buy, in order to get the genuine.

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