Ladies, if you Want the Best HOOP-SKIRT and CORSET that is Made, Buy PETERS & WOOLLEY'S and Take no Other.

American Union.

DENTON, MARYLAND:

THURSDAY MORNING, September 9, 1869.

THE sudden and unexpected death of an only child while on a visit with its mother to their friends in New Jersey has called the editor thither; and this is his excuse for the lack of original matter in this issue.

PEACHES.—The peach season is about over in this county, though shipments in small quantities will continue to be made for a couple of weeks yet. The crop has been a large one, but the low prices have dissipated the hopes of our citizens, viz that the financial market would be relieved of its stringency by this crop.

F. E. MARINE.—The gentleman, whose name heads this article, is a yearly advertiser in this paper, and his name is not unfamiliar to our readers. He is a commission merchant, doing business at 53 W. Pratt st., and is an energetic, enterprising, business man. Combined with his undoubted honesty and unquestionable integrity is a ripe experience, gained through the patient toil of many years, and he is thoroughly conversant with every branch of his business. We take especial pleasure in recommending him to our citizens, knowing full well that fair dealing will characterize his transactions. At least give him a trial.

WE HAVE JUST ISSUED from this office, for Richard J. Potter, a thousand copies of the account of his kidnapping and escape when a boy. This little book is one of of great interest and we advise all who desire to learn anything concerning the method of kidnapping in days that are past and gone to secure a copy for themselves. The facts as stated *are true*, and can be vouched for by many of our citizens. It is sold at fifteen cts. per copy, contains thirty-nine pages, and legibly printed. Being the first book we ever printed in Caroline county, every citizen should procure a copy and file it away as a specimen of the "art preservation of arts" as prosecuted in this county at this time.

UNFOTUNATE.—Our neighbor Emerson, of the Denton *Union*, has broken his press so badly as to necessitate the purchase of a new one. We move that each editor in Maryland enclose to him the amount of one year's subscription as a contribution to assist him in his new purchase. Who will second the motion?—*Centreville Observer*.

—Whilst we appreciate very highly the motion of Neighbor Busteed, not doubting in the least the honorableness of his intentions, modesty and a due regard for the spirit of independence constrains us to decline the proffered assistance. Besides, we consider *The Observer* worth the exchange we make, and anything beyond that would seem to us like receiving without an equivalent. We feel under many obligations to friend Busteed but hope his motion will not find a second.

A Riot at Drummondtown.

ONE MAN KILLED AND SEVERAL WOUNDED—PART OF THE TOWN BURNED.

On Monday last, in Drummondtown, Va., a distressing riot occurred between the citizen whites and the negroes. The most direct and reliable statement of the circumstances received are as follows: It was Court week, an occasion which draws the people almost en masse to Drummondtown. During the afternoon two half grown boys got to wrestling. The white boy threw the colored boy—both felt fight—talked fight—and did fight, whereupon the mother of the colored boy drew a knife, and cutting at the white boy, stabbed him through the hand. At this juncture a colored man and a white man interfered in behalf of the white boy by rushing upon the woman, who then drew a pistol, when the negroes joined in the fray, resulting in a general and terrible row. One negro was shot and killed almost instantly, one fatally wounded and two seriously wounded. One white man was probably fatally wounded. He was a quiet and good citizen, and in no way concerned in the riot. He was stabbed while standing on his own door steps. Several negroes were wounded by blows also. The military sheriff while proceeding to the Court House with two prisoners in charge was tripped up and the prisoners escaped.

At night a fire broke out which resulted in the destruction of Pettitt's Hotel, a storehouse adjoining, and one or two shops. It is supposed that the negroes returned under the cover of darkness for the purpose of burning the town. The excitement still continues. We get these particulars from a reliable gentleman just from Virginia. It will be remembered that a similar riot occurred at the August Court last year.—*Newtown Record*.

United States Revenue Stamps and How to Use Them.

Though we have for some time been living under the rule of stamps, the question is one of every day asking: "How much of a stamp does this require?" The following embraces, it is said, the most general use of stamps as applied to manufacturers and particular classes of business that pay a special tax:

All notes and evidences of debt, five cents on each $100; if under $100, five cents; if over $100, five cents on each 100 or part thereof. All receipts for any amount, without limit, over $20, two cents; if under $20, nothing. Checks of any amount two cents. All deeds and deeds of trust fifty cents on each $600 in value of the property conveyed or the amount secured; when a deed of trust is fully stamped the note secured need not be; but they should be endorsed to show the reason why. Mortgage bonds need not be stamped if stamps are affixed to the mortgage. All appraisements, estates or estrays, five cents on each piece of paper. Affidavits of every description are exempt from stamp duty. Acknowledgements to deed, &c., are also exempt. Contracts and agreements, five cents for each sheet or piece of paper, except for rents or when for rent, 50 cents for each $300 of rent or lease; if over $300, fifty cents for each additional $200, or fractional part thereof in excess $300. Any person interested can affix or cancel stamps.

COMMUNICATED.

HARRINGTON, Del., Sept. 2, '69.

Editor of The American Union:

Sir:—In looking over your paper of the 26th of August, my attention was called to an article concerning the Q. & H. R. R. Difficulty, in which reference was made, among other matters, to myself, relative to the bills which I had against Mr. Hambly.

Now, Mr. Editor, all I have to say in reply is that, so far as the trouble between Mr. Hambly and the *contractors* is concerned, I have nothing to say, for I know nothing positive concerning the same, and as a peaceable citizen take no part nor share in it. But justice to myself demands that I should publicly contradict what has been publicly and *falsely* said of me through the column's of your paper. In the first place, it is stated that the President was in Philadelphia at the time the horses and wagon were seized. This is not true: he was in Greensborough at the time, as I can plainly prove if required.

Concerning the bills which Mr. Hambly was due me, he never proffered me any money, except the $50 referred to, which I received from him. He asked me to make out my bills for the balance due me, that of the engineers and his own separately, that he wanted to settle them, (and I wish it understood that he assumed the payment of the Engineers board, &c.)

I made out the bills as required and offered them to him for payment. He looked at them, shoved the Engineers bill back to me, took his own, put it in his pocket and walked off without tendering me a cent of money, with some remark which I do not now exactly remember, a strange way, indeed, of offering to "settle his bills!" Therefore, so far as the assertion that I would not tender my bilis is concerned, it is useless for me to say much about, because, I think any *sane* man would receive money when tendered to him, more especially, under those circumstances.

The money that was left with Mr. R. C. Carter, to pay me with, was not sufficient to pay my claim, with costs of attachment; therefore I would not receive it in full payment, had it been tendered me. Beside, this would not have released the property as the whole amount of claims is upward of $500. I will say in conclusion that I am not disposed to distress any person on account of money, but when I have good reason to believe that I am in danger of losing my bills I am entitled to the benefit of the law, and will avail myself of it whenever circmstances require it.

E. H. MACKLIN.

VIRGINIA—ATTORNEY GENERAL HOAR'S OPINION.—It is announced from Washington that Attorney General Hoar says that the recently elected Legislature of Virginia must submit the proposed new constitution of that State, and their action thereon, to Congress for approval. In this the test oath will not be required. If the Constitution and the action of the Legislature be approved, the Legislature becomes the Legislature of the state of Virginia, and the provisions of the Constitution fixing the qualifications of the members of the Legislature necessarily prevail, the requirements of the Reconstruction acts being superseded so far as Virginia is concerned. But before such approval by Congress, Virginia not being in all respects a State of the Union, the Legislature, as a provisional body, cannot pass laws without its members taking the test oath. The Reconstruction acts require the ratification of the Fifteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States before the State can be admitted to representation in Congress.

PENINSULAR JOTTINGS.

WORCESTER COUNTY.

—Mrs. Lemuel B. Purnell, wife of the proprietor of the Washington House, Snow Hill, died on Saturday week.

TALBOT COUNTY.

—No abatement of the drought in Talbot.

—The *Journal* and the *Star* continue their war upon each other with unabated malignity. We suppose they intend to keep it up until, like the fro4 and snake in the fable, they devour each other.

QUEEN ANNE'S COUNTY.

—Queen Anne's bore off the 1st and 2nd prices at the tornament which lately took place at St. Joseph's.

—A copious shower of rain has visited this county, much to the relief of all kinds of vegetation.

—A difficulty occurred at Church Hill, on Saturday week, between Saml. Brown and Colin F. Hollingsworth, in which the former was severely stabbed by the latter.

CECIL COUNTY.

—Phillip and Jno. W. Dougherty, father and son, were arrested last week and held to bail in the sum of $500 each, for taking a bell from the North East seminary and tearing up the plank walk belonging to the premises.

—Elizabeth Long cowhided Louisa Comegys in the public road recently.

—A mineral substance, resembling silver, was found in some petrified wood which was dug up whilst workmen were digging clay for the pottery at North East.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

—A disease similar to one which prevailed in Somerset last fall has made its appearance and is causing the death of some valuable horses.

—In Somerset the farmers are no better off than we of this county are: their corn is parched up, and their potatoes are rotting in the ground.

—Curtis & Lloyd, merchant tailors, Princess Anne, have dissolved partnership, and each continues to prosecute that business in that town.

KENT COUNTY, DEL.

—Mr. Howard's hedge, near Clayton, was burned a distance of a hundred yards one day last week, a spark having been deposited in it by a passing locomotive.

—The schools and academies of Dover have resumed their duties.

—Capt, J. J. Rickards' residence, adjoining Camden, was destroyed by fire recently. Loss $7,000; insured for $600.

—An extensive religious revival has been in progress in Harrington for several weeks past.

DORCHESTER COUNTY.

—The drought in this county has been abated by a tolerably fair fall of rain.

—The iron on the railroad is down to a point within less than four miles of Cambridge.

—The shipment per steamer of peaches has decreased fully two-thirds on account of the low prices.

—Among the scarce articles in Cambridge the *Democrat & Herald* enumerates butter, money and genuine friends, but says that dogs, money-lenders and crabs are plentiful. This being the case, the citizens of Cambridge have reason to be thankful.

SUSSEX COUNTY.

—Mrs. Maggie Grier, whilst on a visit to the Haven Woolen Mills, was taken up in the shaft of the first brake, whilst it was revolving at 102 revolutions per minute, and hurled several feet against the machinery of the second brake, her head striking against a solid bar iron, producing concussion of the brain besides lascerating and bruising other portions of the body. She is doing well.

—Wm. C. Welsh is making arrangments to build a large foundry and machine shop in Milford.

—John R. Leland, of Lincoln, was before U. S. Commissioner Harman last week for selling liquor without license.

—Gen. Torbert has returned from a business tour to Europe in relation to the Costa Rica railroad.

W. N. W. Dorsey grew eight baskets of very fine potatoes, of the Early Rose potatoes, from twenty potatoes which he planted in the spring.

—Sussex county boasts of raising a water melon which weighed 50 lbs.

—Gibson Jones and Elizabeth Scott were taken to Georgetown jail last week charged with attempting to murder a negro boy.

—The Hoffecker Bros., Smyrna, have received an order from Europe for some cans of fruit of their own putting up.

NEW CASTLE COUNTY.

—It is supposed that the railroad from Delaelty to Parkesburg will soon be built.

—Alfred Shelton, it is alleged, committed a rape upon a little girl, aged 16, at Blackbird, one day last week.

—A colored man, living in Wilmington, was arrested and sent to jail last week, charged with ravishing his daughter, a married woman.

—The next meeting of the Wilmington District Preachers' Association will be held at Newark on the 27th, 28th and 29th inst.

—A foot race between the morocco manufacturers employed by Pusey, Scott & Co., and those employed by Maltritz, Baird & Taylor, came off in Wilmington last week, and resulted in favor of the latter. A silver cup, a barrel of beer and some other articles were the prizes.

ITEMS OF NEWS.

—A dispatch from Portland, Maine, says that Senator Fessenden continues in about the same condition as on Sunday night.

—The Smithson tract of land, containing 440 acres, and situated in Fairfax county, Va., has been sold to Mr. A. B. Stowell, of Chester, Vermont, for $8,200.

—It is estimated that the cotton crop of Arkansas for 1869 will net 309,000 bales—worth $30,000,000. The corn crop, it is thought, will be the largest ever made in the State.

—Madge Robertson, a sister to the dramatist, was married a fortnight since, and celebrated her wedding night by playing in "As You Like It," with her husband.

—John Tyler, Jr. son of the former President whose habits recently have given much pain to his friends, was on Sunday admitted to Providence Hospital, Washington.

—A colored man named Tyal, who represented Macon county, Ga., for a while in the Georgia Legislature, and quite a noted character in that part of the State, was recently accidentally knocked from the top of a car and killed.

—Information from Paris conveys the news of the resignation of Hon. James W. Grimes, as United States Senator from Iowa, on account of ill-health and his desire to remain in Europe another year. His term expires March 4th, 1871.

—In the city of San Francisco the Independent or citizens ticket was successful over the regular Democratic ticket for the municipal officers. It was charged that the Democratic city administration was grossly corrupt, hence the formation of the new ticket and its triumph.

—Last week the largest span of any truss bridge in the United States was completed on the great bridge across the Ohio river, at Louisville, which is destined to connect the Kentucky and Indiana shores. This span covers three hundred and seventy feet, and is a marvel of engineering skill.

—Twenty car loads of butter recently went through Cheyenne for California, the contract for which was made over the Atlantic cable by a firm in Liverpool with a firm in Chicago, at twenty-seven cents per pound. The butter is consigned to English houses in Hong Kong, Pekin and Canton.

—The internal revenue receipts for the month of July, 1868, were $16,189,642.2; for August, same year, 13,900,385.78.—The receipts for the month of July, 1869, were $21,578,634.94, and for August $15,-015,396.81, a gain of 5,703,996.13. The receipts for the fiscal quarter ending September 30th, 1868, were 38,735,863.08, and it is estimated that for the corresponding quarter this year they will reach $48,000,000.

FIRE.—A fire broke out in the forest, in the northern part of this County, near the Delaware line, on last Monday, and in consequence of the dry weather, spread very rapidly, burning through the swamp and in its progress destroying several fields of corn. All efforts to stay its course were fruitless, and up to our last advises it was still burning, no prospects of its being extinguished unless this section is blessed with rain, which from present indications we have little ground to hope for.

Since the above was in type, we have received the following from Berlin. "The extensive tract of land, known as the "Burnt Swamp," a few miles north of here, has been on fire for two weeks. Everything that can burn, is being consumed, dense clouds of smoke are wafted into town, filling the dwellingsand making it very unpleasant, particularly at night. Col. Jocobs and others are heavy sufferers by the loss of cypress timber. Nothing short of a moderate flood, will be likely to arrest its progress."—*Snow Hill Mesenger*.

A singular method of making butter has lately come into quite extensive use in France, based upon the observed fact that cream is changed into butter by being simply buried in the earth. The theory of this result is not very intelligible, though the fact is stated to be beyond question; and in Normany and other parts of France butter is actually prepared on a large scale in this way. The process consists in placing the cream in a linen bag of moderate thickness, which is carefully closed, then burying the bag about a foot and a half deep in the earth and allowing it to remain from twenty-four to twenty-five hours. After the expiration of this period the cream is found to have become hard, and it is then broken up by means of a wooden beater into small pieces, and enough water poured upon it to wash out the butter-milk. To prevent any mixture of earth it is advisable to enclose the bag in a second one of larger size and coarser quality. This method of making butter saves a great deal of labor, and separates the butter more perfectly than the ordinary process; and we are assured that butter thus prepared is of most excellent quality.

STABBING AFFRAY AT CHURCH HILL.—An unfortunate altercation took place at Church Hill on Saturday last between Colin F. Hollingsworth and Sam'l Brown, which came near resulting in the death of the latter, he having received several severe knife thrusts in different parts of the body.—Brown still lies in a critical condition, but he is expected to recover.—*Kent News*.

THE UNITED STATES SENATE.—The terms of the following Senators expire in 1871, and according to law the vacancies will have to be supplied this year in States where only only biennial sessions of the Legislature are held; H. V. M. Miller, Georgia; Richard Yates, Illinois; James W. Grimes, Iowa; Edmund G. Ross, Kansas; Thomas C. McCreery, Kentucky; William Pitt Fessenden. Maine; Henry Wilson, Massachusetts; Jacob M. Howard, Michigan; Daniel S. Norton, Minnesota; John M. Thayer, Nebraska; Aaron H. Cragin, New Hampshire; Alexander G. Cattell, New Jersey; George H. Williams, Oregon; Henry B. Anthony, Rhode Island; Joseph S. Fowler, Tennessee; Waitman T. Willey, West Virginia—total, 15. It is probable most of the above will be re-elected.

The Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY

By F. E. MARINE, Commission Merchant,
No. 53 W. Pratt St., Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, September 7, 1869.

GRAIN—			
Wheat—white, choice	per bu.		160@170
prime	"	"	150@160
fair to good	"	"	130@140
red, choice new	"	"	150@160
prime	"	"	140@150
fair to good	"	"	130@140
Corn—white, good to prime	"	"	116@118
yellow " "	"	"	118@120
Rye—good to prime	"	"	118@120
Oats—common to prime	"	"	55@ 62
EGGS AND POULTRY—			
Eastern Eggs	per doz.		22@ 23
Chickens, old	"	"	450@500
" young	"	"	300@450
BEESWAX—			
prime	per lb.		38@ 40
FEATHERS—			
Eastern Geese	per lb.		70@ 80
HIDES AND SKINS—			
Country Dry	per lb.		16@ 18
" Green	"	"	8@ 9
Sheep Skins	price		50@100
Lamb "			25@ 50
POTATOES—			
All kinds	per Bbl.		100@150

PHILADELPHIA, August 30.—Wheat in better demand; red 144@150 cents, and white 160@170 cents. Rye 116 cents. Corn dull; yellow 116@117 cents. Oats quiet at 58@65 cents.

New Advertisements.

Correspondents Wanted.

TWO fun-loving young men wish to correspond with an unlimited number of young ladies. Object, fun and mutual improvement. Addres, LORENZA BLAINE or OSCAR LEONDAS, Denton P. O., Md. [se9-3w.

Notice.

ALL persons are hereby warned not to trust my wife, Mary Favinger, on my account as I will pay no debts of her contracting after this date, she having left my bed and board without just cause. DAVID FAVINGER,
se9-3w.

FOR SALE.

A NEW two-story frame dwelling situated on Market street in Denton, near the M. E. Church —Terms moderate.



JUMP & RIDGELY, Attys.
se9-tf.

10,000 READERS AND SPEAKERS wanted to buy the first edition of "100 CHOICE SELECTIONS No. 2," containing 100 of the latest good things for recitation, declamation, school reading, &c., in poetry and prose. Send 30 cents for a sample to P. GARRETT & CO., Philada., Pa. [CDse9-4w

NOTICE.

The undersigned, Trustees of the schools in Denton, will receive applications for teachers until the 10th of Sept. inst. The advanced department will pay a salary of $700 per year, and the primary school a salary of $320. All applications will be carefully considered and acted upon. JAMES MELVIN,
JNO. D. KEMP,
1t Trustee's of District No. 7.

WANTED—ALL OUT OF EMPLOYMENT to canvass for a new Religious Work, of rare merit, peculiarly adapted to the young, but equally entertaining and instructive to all, and invaluable to every Christian family: unequaled in elegance and cheapness, being *embellished with nearly 200 engravings*. Experienced Agents and others, wanting a work that will sell at sight, should secure choice of territory at once. For particulars, terms, &c., address P. GARRETT & CO., Philada., Pa. [CD-se9-4w

Registration Notice.

TO THE VOTERS OF THE FIRST ELECTION DISTTICT.

THE undersigned having been duly commissioned and qualified as Register for the 1st Election District of Caroline county, in compliance with the Act of 1868, chapter 297, which makes it the duty of officers of registration to sit at some place convenient to voters for three days, commencing on the third Monday in September, hereby gives notice that he will attend at Greensboroug, on Monday Tuesday and Wednesday, the 20th, 21st, and 22nd days of September, from 6 o'clock, A. M., to 6 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of discharging his duty as officer of Registration.

JAMES A. ROE,
Officer of Registration for 1st District.
se9-3w.

Registration Notice.

TO THE VOTERS OF THE SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT.

THE undersigned having been duly commissioned and qualified as Register for the 2nd Election District of Caroline county, in compliance with the Act of 1868, chapter 297, which makes it the duty of officers of Registration to sit at some place convenient to voters for three days, commencing on the third Monday in September, hereby gives notice that he will attend at Denton, on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 20th, 21st and 22nd days of September, from 9 o'clock, A. M., to 6 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of discharging his duty as officer of Registration.

JAMES B. STEELE,
Officer of Registration for 2nd District.
se9-3w.

Registration Notice.

TO THE VOTERS OF THE THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT.

THE undersigned having been duly commissioned and qualified as Register for the 3rd Election District of Caroline county, in compliance with the Act of 1868, chapter 297, which makes it the duty of the officers of registration to sit at some place convenient to voters for three days, commencing on the third Monday in September, hereby gives notice that he will attend at Harmony, Monday 20th, at Bethlehem, Tuesday, 21st, and at Preston, Wednesday, 22nd day of September, from 9 o'clock, A. M., to 6 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of discharging his duty as officer of Registration.

JAS. E. DOUGLASS,
Officer of Registration for 3rd District.
se9-4w.

LEGAL CAP PAPER and good FOOLSCAP at TODD'S.

Registration Notice.

TO THE VOTERS OF THE FOURTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

THE undersigned having been duly commissioned and qualified as Register for the 4th Election District of Caroline county, in compliance with the Act of 1868, chapter 297, which makes it the duty of officers of Registration to sit at some place convenient to voters for three days, commencing on the third Monday in September, hereby gives notice that he will attend at Federalsburg, on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 20th, 21st and 22nd day of September, from 9 o'clock, A. M., to 6 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of discharging his duty as officer of registration.

W. A. WILLIS,
Officer of Registration for 4th District,
se9-3w.

THROUGH LINE

BETWEEN

BALTIMORE, HILLSBORO' and DENTON,

VIA WYE LANDING.

ON and after Saturday, July 31st, 1869, a stage will leave Wye Landing, on the arrival of the steamer "Isaac P. Smith," for Hillsboro' and Denton—Saturdays and Wednesdays.

Returning—Will leave Denton on Mondays and Thursdays in season to connect with the same steamer, arriving in Baltimore at 3 P. M.

THROUGH TICKETS

may be procured on board, or of the Stage Driver. GEO R. CUSHING,
se9-tf Superintendent People's Line.

Notice to Creditors.

THIS is to give notice that the subscribers, of Caroline county, has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Caroline county, in Maryland, letters of administration, C. T. A. on the personal estate of

DAVID BLOCKSOM,

late of Caroline county, dec'd. All persons having claims against the deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof legally authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 1st day of September, 1870, they may otherwise by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under our hands this 7th day of September 1869.

MARY REBECCA BLOCKSOM, and
ROBT. J. JUMP, Admtrs, C. T. A.
se9-3w. of David Blocksom, dec'd.

Notice to Creditors.

THIS is to give notice that the subscriber, of Caroline county, has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Caroline county, in Maryland, letters of administration, C. T. A., on the personal estate of

SARAH FAVENGER,

late of Caroline county, dcceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 16th day of August, 1870, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 7th day of September 1869.

ISAAC LEHMAN, Admtr. C. T. A.
se9-3w of Sarah Favenger, dec'd.

DOVER

MALE AND FEMALE ACADEMY.

I. C. WEST, A. B., } *Principals.*
JOHN O. SLAY, }

MRS. MARY H. ROBERTS,
Teacher in Music, Drawing, &c.

MRS. CHARLOTTE ROBERTSON
In charge of Boarding Department.

This institution cannot be surpassed for beauty of location, comforts, conveniences and thoroughness.

All instruction rendered *Practical*.

Terms Reasonable.

Special attention given to the morals and health of the students.

☞Fall term commenced Sept. 1st: Winter term will commence Nov. 14.

No vacation till Christmas.

Students admitted at any time.

For particulars and catalogue, address
WEST & SLAY,
se9-3m Dover, Del.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, Robert B. Dunning has filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Caroline county a Mechanic's Lien against The Maryland and Baltimore City Land Association for the sum of $282.72, for work and labor done by him in the erection of a certain Hotel Building, in the town of Ridgely, and Caroline county, situated near the R. R. Depot, and on the West side of Central Avenue, now in the occupancy of J. F. Mancha—said lien being filed against said building and the lots of ground upon which the same is located—the owner and contractor being the said Maryland and Baltimore City Land Association. And the said Robert B. Dunning has caused to be issued and delivered into my hands the writ of the State of Maryland of *scire facias* on said lien claim.

Now, therefore, I hereby give notice to the said The Maryland and Baltimore City Land Association, and to all such persons as may hold or occupy the said buildings, and to all other claimants and persons interested, that they be and appear before the Circuit Court for Caroline county on the 4th day of October next, to show cause, if any they have, why the said sum of $282.72 should not be levied of the said building and lots of ground to the use of the said Robert B. Dunning.

ESMA LOWE,
se9-3w—(J) Sheriff for Caroline county.

Take Notice.

ALL persons indebted to William M. McMahan either on note or open account are hereby notified to make immediate settlement with J. W. Bryant, Esqr., as he has my books and notes in hand for collection.

W. M. McMAHAN.
New Hope, May 3d., 1869. [J.]

NOTICE.

Persons wishing to teach in the schools of Caroline county, and desiring information as to vacancies and salaries, can communicate with
SAML. J. JARMAN, Greensboro' P. O.,
DR. CHAS. E. TARR, Denton P. O.,
JAS. E. DOUGLASS, Preston P. O.,
WM. A. WILLIS, Federalsburg P. O.
By order of the Board,
GEO. F. BEAVEN,
ag26-4w Secretary.

Road Notice.

WE, the undersigned, hereby give notice that, thirty days after date, we intend petitioning the County Commissioners for Caroline county for a new county road, commencing near the dwelling of Richard Breeding and running on or near the division line between Wm. Fountain and Wm. Noble to the end of said Noble's line, thence in a suitable direction across said Fountain's land until it reaches the division line between said Fountain and Clement Noble, thence with said line until it reaches the end of the lane near Messick's gate, and thence in a suitable direction across said Fountain's land and the land of Trusten M. Wright until it intersects the county road leading from Andersontown to Smithville near Liden's school house. CLEMENT NOBLE,

YOU ALL

HAVE HEARD OF

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

AND

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

Prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, Philadelphia. Their introduction into this country from Germany occurred in

1825.

THEY CURED YOUR

FATHERS AND MOTHERS,

And will cure you and your children. They are entirely different from the many preparations now in the country called Bitters or Tonics. They are no tavern preparation, or anything like one; but good, honest, reliable medicines. They are

The greatest known remedies for

Liver Complaint,
DYSPEPSIA,
Nervous Debility,
JAUNDICE,
Diseases of the Kidneys,
ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN,
and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or
IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil and Great Depression of Spirits.

All these indicate disease of the Liver or Digestive Organs, combined with impure blood.

Hoofland's German Bitters

is entirely vegetable, and contains no liquor. It is a compound of Fluid Extracts. The Roots, Herbs, and Barks from which these extracts are made are gathered in Germany. All the medicinal virtues are extracted from them by a scientific chemist. These extracts are then forwarded to this country to be used expressly for the manufacture of these Bitters. There is no alcoholic substance of any kind used in compounding the Bitters, hence it is the only Bitters that can be used in cases where alcoholic stimulants are not advisable.

Hoofland's German Tonic

is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with PURE *Santa Cruz Rum, Orange, etc. It is used for the same diseases as the Bitters, in cases where some pure alcoholic stimulus is required. You will bear in mind that these remedies are entirely different from any others advertised for the cure of the diseases named, these being scientific preparations of medicinal extracts, while the others are mere decoctions of rum in some form. The TONIC is decidedly one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public. Its taste is exquisite. It is a pleasure to take it, while its life-giving exhilarating, and medicinal qualities have caused it to be known as the greatest of all tonics.*

DEBILITY.

There is no medicine equal to Hoofland's German Bitters or Tonic in cases of Debility. *They impart a tone and vigor to the whole system, strengthen the appetite, cause an enjoyment of food; enable the stomach to digest it, purify the blood, give a good, sound, healthy complexion, eradicate the yellow tinge from the eye, impart a bloom to the cheeks, and change the patient from a short-breathed, emaciated weak, and nervous invalid, to a full-faced, stout, and vigorous person.*

Weak and Delicate Children are made strong by using the Bitters or Tonic. In fact, they are Family Medicines. They can be administered with perfect safety to a child three months old, the most delicate female, or a man of ninety.

These Remedies are the best

Blood Purifiers

ever known, and will cure all diseases resulting from bad blood. Keep your blood pure; keep your Liver in order; keep your digestive organs in a sound, healthy condition, by the use of these remedies and no disease will ever assail you. The best men in the country recommend them. If years of honest reputation go for anything you must try these preparations.

FROM HON. GEO. W. WOODWARD,

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, March 16, 1867.

I find "Hoofland's German Bitters" is not an intoxicating beverage, but is a good tonic, useful in disorders of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility and want of nervous action, in the system.

Yours truly,
GEO. W. WOODWARD.

FROM HON. JAMES THOMPSON,

Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, April 28, 1868.

I consider "Hoofland's German Bitters" a valuable medicine in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it. Yours, with respect,
JAMES THOMPSON.

FROM REV. JOSEPH H. KENNARD, D. D.,

Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

DR. JACKSON—DEAR SIR:—*I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances, and particularly in my own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that for general debility of the system and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation. In some cases it may fail; but usually I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.*

Yours, very respectfully,
J. H. KENNARD,
Eighth, below Coates street.

CAUTION.

Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeited. The genuine have the signature of C. M. Jackson on the front of the outside wrapper of each bottle, and the name of the article blown in each bottle. All others are counterfeit.

Price of the Bitters, $1 00 per bottle; Or, a half dozen for $5 00.
Price of the Tonic, $1 50 per bottle; Or, a half dozen for $7 50.

The tonic is put up in quart bottles.

Recollect that it is Dr. Hoofland's German Remedies that are so universally used and so highly recommended; and do not allow the Druggists to induce you to take anything else that he may say is just as good, because he makes a larger profit on it. These Remedies will be sent by express to any locality upon application to the

PRINCIPAL OFFICE,

AT THE GERMAN MEDICINE STORE,

No. 631 ARCH STREET, Philadelphia.

CHAS. M. EVANS,
Proprietor,

Formerly C. M. JACKSON & CO.

These Remedies are for sale by Druggists, Storekeepers, and Medicine Dealers everywhere.

Do not forget to examine well the article you buy, in order to get the genuine.

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