# American Union.

DENTON, MARYLAND:

THURSDAY MORNING:.....April 28, 1870.


JNO. H. THOMPSON, of Centreville, and former Deputy U. S. Int. Rev. Collector, has been appointed store-keeper in the Baltimore Custom House.

CAPTAIN HUNTER DAVIDSON has been re-elected Commodore of the Oyster Navy of Maryland. Charges of dishonesty and neglect of duty were preferred against the Commodore at the election, but these charges were not sustained. And now, "for a life on the ocean wave."

AN AMNESTY BILL will be introduced in the Senate in a few days. Only three classes are excluded from its benefits—those who withdrew from Congress at the commencement of the rebellion to engage in the movement; those who withdrew from the army or navy for the same purpose; and those who signed the ordinances of secession in the various States.

AN ELECTION was held in Baltimore on Thursday last to ratify the ordinances to issue bonds of the city to the amount of $1,000,000 for the erection of the new City Hall, to authorize the funding of the floating debt of the city to the extent of $800,000, and to issue $370,000 of certificates of indebtedness, to be called water stock, and to be used in completing Druid lake and for other improvements. All these measures were adopted.

WHAT A QUEER SORT OF DUCKS these Democrats are, and to what lengths they will go for political capital! Only a few days ago the journals of that party were kept busy promulgating the falsehood that the legal tender case would be re-opened for another hearing, owing tothe fact as they alleged that the two new Judges were convinced of its constitutionality and would decide accordingly. It turns out that the court has decided not to rehear the case. And so the Supreme Court doesn't yet seem to be prostituted to party.

FROM THE DEBATE already had in Congress on the subject of the income tax, it is generally conceded that the tax will not be abolished. Those in favor of its complete abolition now admit this, and the only effort now making by this class is to reduce the rate as much as possible. General Schenck has turned the tide in favor of the tax, so far as the House is concerned, and Secretary Boutwell and Commissioner Delano have also made every effort to prevent its abolition. The indications now are that the ratio will be reduced to three per cent., and the exemption filled at $2,000.

EVANGELICAL ALLIANCE.—An association bearing the above name, and having for its object the promotion of evangelical union, with a view to greater success in Christian activity; to maintain and exhibit the essential unity of the Church of Christ; to counteract the influence of infidelity and superstition, especially in their organized forms; to assist the cause of religious freedom everywhere; to hold up the supreme authority of the Word of God; to urge the observance of the Lord's Day, and to correct the immoral habits of society, exists in this State, and a meeting of the Association was held in Baltimore on Monday evening, at which the names of the officers and representatives to the Conference of the Alliance in New York were read. Richard C. Carter is named as one of the counsellors.

THE ANNAPOLIS REPUBLICAN has obtained from the Comptroller's office a statement that the State Tax for 1870 and 1871, will be 19½ cents on each $100 of assessable property, divided as follows: Bounty or Defence Loan Tax, 5½ cents; Direct Tax, 3 cents; School Tax, 10 cents; Southern Relief Tax, ½ cent; Tax for Deaf and Dumb Asylum Bonds, ½ cent; total 19½ cents. This is an increase of State Tax on 1868 and 1869, 9½ per cent. Tax-payers, how do you relish this increase in your State taxes? First, these hypocritical economists who are now running the government machine of Maryland increased the rate of taxation in the counties by their reckless extravagance, and now comes an increase in the State rate of 9½ per cent., which, added to the already onerous county rate, will aggregate a sum sufficient to appall the heart of even the most zealous apostle of the Democratic faith. We tell you, tax-payers, there is no economy in the Democratic party. For three years it has professedly been endeavoring to reduce the rate of taxation in this State, but each year it has been constantly increasing, and if it continues will ultimately involve the State in financial ruin. The Republican is the only economical party in this country. Whether we view it in a national or State sense it is all the same. A Republican administration at Washington, in a few short months, accomplished what was an impossibility with its predecessor—a reduction of the public debt. And it is thus with the States. Wherever the Republicans party is in power, there we will find the beauties of economy fully set forth; and where the Democratic, only extravagance and oppressive taxation. It is a singular fact that the only State in the United States free from debt is governed by the Republican exclusively. And if the people of Maryland desire a reduction in their State debt and rate of taxation they must seek it with the help of that party.

BOYS.—Some good mothers still have their boys clothing made at home. They do not know how much cheaper and better they could clothe their sons at Oak Hall.

[COMMUNICATED.]

## Radical.

*Mr. Editor:*—

If words are terms by which we make ourselves understood, then the word which heads this article is misapplied in the sense used, unless it has been and is at the root of all reforms. The word is in the mouth of many, who use it with a peculiar emphasis to express their disapprobation of the acts and doings of certain men.

Politically, there have been many Radicals. Nature never makes a mistake when guided by reason or directed by the hand of Omnipotence, and those who are now denominated Radicals can, with a reasonable hope and just pride, expect to be immortalized for the rapid strides they have made in the cause of Justice, Equity and Humanity.

Socrates was, no doubt, considered a Radical by the polite and learned Athenians, yet no sane mind, at this day, doubts the existence of the Deity. He was compelled to drink the poisonous draught for asserting the probability of a great, first cause.

Constantine the Great was a Radical of the deepest dye, according to the modern application of the term, for he swept away all the established usages which ages had cherished and time had hallowed.

Luther, when he nailed his thesises to the door of the cathedral, opened wide the door of innovation, and Gustavus Adolphus sealed the right for so doing with his cannon and his blood.

Hampden and Cromwell were bold innovators. They startled the crowned heads of Europe from their slumber of security, and taught the world that even kings could be held accountable for their misdeeds. Their power is still felt in England, and no parliament has dared to disturb the act which made all men equal before the law.

Wesley and Wickliffe are too conspicuous to be overlooked. The former, we may say, struck the first effectual blow at the slave traffic. He was, also, a determined opponent of all that savored of wrong. Wickliffe, with his fervid eloquence, stirred up the mind to do and dare in the cause of humanity.

Neither is the early history of our country found wanting in men who dared the stigma of being called by names which the more conservative portion of mankind dreaded to bear.

The men who made a huge tea-pot out of Boston harbor were men of the radical stamp, and those who manned the guns in old Fort Moultrie and drove the British fleet from their anchor-ground assisted to disseminate the doctrine.

Patrick Henry, when the cry of treason rang through the Virginia House of Burgess, was enlisted in the great cause of human progress.

Jefferson, when he penned the immortal words that "all men are created free and equal" lifted the veil which for centuries had hid the cause of progression; and John Adams, when he uttered the memorable words, "sink or swim, live or die, survive or perish, I give my hand and my heart to this vote," placed the cap-stone upon the structure.

RADICAL.

## PENINSULAR JOTTINGS.

TALBOT COUNTY.

—Jas. H. Grace, a prominent merchant of Easton, is dead.

—A son of Jno. H. Thompson was run over by a carriage wheel on Thursday and had one of his legs broken.

—Rev. Mr. Tyler has been appointed colleague to Rev. Mr. Shiply for Talbot circuit of the M. E. Church South.

KENT COUNTY, MD.

—A tribe of the I. O. of R. M. has been established at Chestertown.

—Court was in session at Chestertown last week.

CECIL COUNTY.

—A man named Norris over-exerted himself in assisting to put out the fire in the woods last week and died the next day.

—The damage by the late fire in the woods is estimated at from $2,000 to $4,000.

—J. J. Buckly, a physician of North East, died suddenly on the 16th.

—The schools have closed until September.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

—The *True Marylander* says a large portion of the peach buds in that county are dead.

—Levin L. Waters lost a fine cow last week, it is thought from eating raw irish potatoes.

KENT COUNTY, DEL.

—An effort is being made in Dover to raise a fund to build a town hall.

—Casperson's mills, on the railroad, 3 miles above Clayton, were burned on Thursday week. The fire was communicated by some burning brush.

—The jail is full from the basement to the roof.

—Dover has 13 practicing lawyers, 9 physicians and 2 dentists.

NEW CASTLE COUNTY.

—The blacksmith and wheelwright shops of Mr. Hill, at Newark, were destroyed by fire on Tuesday week.

—The manufacture of spikes has been begun in Wilmington.

—The body of a new born male infant was taken from the Brandywine on Thursday.

—Middletown has no church bell.

## The Press.

THE LITTLE CORPORAL for May is at hand looking as well as ever, and is replete with information for the children. It is one of the few publications for childen in this country which maintains its reputation. Every child should have it. Only $1 a year. Address Sewall & Miller, Chicago, Ill.

THE EDUCATIONAL GAZETTE for April comes to our table laden with an unusually rich store of good things for young and old. The articles are sensible, high-toned, full of life and zest, and teach noble lessons, such as persons of all classes will be likely to learn, remember and profit by. We cannot too highly commend this publication to our readers. It is truly a *good* paper, cheap, valuable and instructive—a fitting companion for every teacher, parent and child. Published by C. H. Turner & Co., 607 Chestnut St. Phila., at $1 a year.

—It is reported at Washington that seven more Senators have give in their adhesion to the San Domingo treaty, enough to secure the requisite two-thirds vote to adopt it.

—The popular branch of the Massachusetts Legislature has rejected a proposition to allow women to vote and hold office

## *Letter from Seaford, Del.*

LOCATION—COUNTY AROUND—NUMBER OF INHABITANTS—RAIL ROADS—TELEGRAPH—SHIPPING—SCHOOLS—IMPROVEMENTS—CHURCHES—PARSONAGE—CIRCUS—ODD FELLOWS' LIST ANNIVERSARY—NOVEL WEDDING, &c., &c.—

*Mr. Editor:*—

Perhaps a few lines from this locality would not be uninteresting to your readers. Variety, they say, is the spice of life.

Seaford, Del., is situated on the Nanticoke river, near the head of navigation, and about sixty miles from its mouth. The county around the town is generally level, and land in a pretty good state of cultivation. There are about fifteen or twenty hundred inhabitants here, and the town is increasing rapidly by emigration. The Delaware and Dorchester & Delaware Railroads contre here, giving the citizens great advantages in travel, both North and South. The telegraph advantages gives us communication with all parts of the world.

The river affords ample depth of water for heavy draft vessels, and there are about eight vessels which run regularly between this place, Baltimore and other ports. This, in addition to Railroads, is of great advantage to any town.

The citizens were fearful of the colored children going to school with the whites, and, therefore, voted no funds to carry on the public schools; so we are minus the free schools this year, and those who are not able to send their children to subscription schools must remain at home. This is a very bad policy. The citizens ought to know that the colored people prefer being by themselves, in the churches and schools, and if they provide school houses where they can be educated separately their wants will be agreeably met. We have quite a number of respectable select schools to meet the wants of those who are able to send their children, and although the tuition per quarter is not very high, yet, where a family has many children to send, it amounts to a considerable sum.

There are quite a number of dwelling houses to be built this summer, and some are at work already. The town is provided with Episcopal, Methodist Protestant and Methodist Episcopal churches. The last named, however, is the only one that has a stationed minister, and preaching every Sabbath morning and evening. Rev. W. B. Gregg, the pastor, and family met with a cordial reception by the members and friends of the church. Steps have been taken for the building of a Parsonage, to be finished in time for occupation before the winter sets in. This will be a very great advantage to the station, to have a permanent place for their pastor and family to live.

The circus attracted a pretty large crowd of persons to town on Thursday. No doubt many went to see the "elephant," but rumor has it, that it did not give satisfaction.

We are expecting a lively time here on next Tuesday. Arrangements are being made to celebrate the fifty-first anniversary of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Several lodges are invited and expected to be present. Two addresses will be delivered on the occasion in the Methodist Episcopal Church.

We had quite a novel wedding in the Episcopal Church on last Sunday. The groom was intoxicated, and amused the audience very much. After the minister, Mr. Tenant, had performed the ceremony, he kissed the bride, which caused quite a laugh and then the new intoxicated husband, said to his wife, "kiss me my dear," which threw the company into fits of laughter. It is the opinion of many here, that the whole affair was a desecration of the church; and that no minister has a right to trifle with the sanctity of marriage, by performing the solemn service to man that cannot comprehend what he is doing.

We have had very wet weather thus far, and the farmers are behind with their spring work. The wheat looks well, and there is a fine prospect for a large crop of peaches. Men have feared and trembled, but no doubt all necessary wants will be supplied and every thing shall work together for our good.

ALPHA.

SEAFORD, April 23rd, 1870.

AN EX-REBEL ON THE FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT.—In the course of a letter to a committee of the freedmen's celebration at Richmond Mr. Robert W. Hughes says:

The colored race has already been accorded, in the Southern States, by the acts of Reconstruction, that equality with the white race, in all things before the law, which the Fifteenth Amendment guarantees; and this particular measure extends the same rights to them in all parts of the Union which has been secured in the South. Thus it is a measure no less of justice to the South than of justice to the colored man of the North.—And yet, strangely enough, the opponents of the Republican party, South and North, opposed this measure. Every Democratic Northern State and every Democratic Southern State, except those which acted under compulsion, refused to ratify the Amendment. It is, therefore, exclusively and peculiarly a Republican measure, designed by the Republican party for the benefit of the North, and constituting a branch of its benignant *policy of peace* between the sections and the races.

Having been myself a Rebel until the close of the war, it was natural that I should have arrived at the conclusion slowly and reluctantly (but I entertain it profoundly) that the policy of the Republican party is the only policy that can settle the controversies of the late war, and restore a final and substantial peace between the sections and races. In this policy of peace, Virginia, more than any other State, is interested; and therefore, in the interest of my native State, and in the face of sectional clamor and revilement, I fight as a soldier in the Republican cause.

On Monday morning the schooners Foaming Wave and Remedy collided in the Patapsco near Maltby's wharf, when one of the crew of the former vessel named O'Donnel, jumped upon the deck of the Remedy, and attacked Captain Layfield with a handspike The two men clinched, and in the tussel that ensued O'Donnel was thrown or fell overboard and drowned. The body of the unfortunate man was recovered in the afternoon. Coroner Carr investigated the case, and the jury rendered a verdict of justifiable homicide.

—Owing to the dismissal of the appeals by the Supreme Court in the legal tender cases, there is no case before the Court involving the constitutionality of the Legal Tender law, and it will take more than a year to bring up a new test case.

—At the instance of General Butler, the Reconstruction Committee have promised not to act on the Georgia bill until his return from Massachusetts, which will be on the 5th of May, so that further action is delayed for ten days.

## *Horrible Murder.*

AN INSANE MOTHER CUTS THE THROATS OF HER FOUR CHILDREN AND ATTEMPTS THE LIFE OF HER OWN MOTHER.

One of the most horrible murders ever committed in Baltimore was perpetrated in that city on Thursday afternoon last by an insane mother upon her four children. The name of the murderess is Catharine Marsh, residing at 99 Canal street, and her four children—James, aged eight years; Willie, between six and seven; Mary Jane, between four and five, and George, a little over two years.

Having previously borrowed a butcher knife from a provision dealer, Mrs. Marsh proceeded to Male Primary School No. 13, on Jefferson street, between Caroline and Spring streets, where her eldest son, James, was a pupil. She spoke to the Principal, Miss Alice Day, and asked that her son might be permitted to leave the school with her, as she wanted him to go with her and carry some groceries or other articles. She had once before taken her son away before the regular time of dismissal of the school, and on Thursday Miss Day made an objection, but she remarked that it would be the last time that she would make the request.

Immediately on descending with her son to the yard she took him to a shed or outhouse in it, and, before he had any intimation of her purpose, drew out the knife, and with it cut his throat from ear to ear, severing completely the carotid artery and causing apparently instant death. When found he was lying with a pool of blood, that had issued from the ghastly wound, aside his body, his hand grasping two school books.

Another lad who was in the yard at the time was attacked by her. He was struck on the face with the handle of the knife, but succeeded in making his escape over the fence. The murdered boy evidently struggled hard for his life, as the torn and disordered condition of his clothing showed—but in vain.

After accomplishing this murder, she returned to her residence, and, entering the basement, cut the throats of the three other children in the same manner as she did the eldest.

She then attacked her mother, Mrs. Dwyer, cutting her on both hands, as she sought to defend herself, and on Mrs. Dwyer dropping her arms, she cut the aged lady's throat, the smaller arteries being gashed, but fortunately the carotid artery was not. The gash caused by the knife extended nearly from one ear to the other, the interior part of the throat being exposed.

Mrs. Marsh deeming her work completed, passed out to the yard, and thence to the rear alley, where soon after she was arrested by Sergeant Heard, of the Eastern District, who succeeded in wresting from her the bloody knife. He conducted her to the Eastern Police Station.

The insane mother is seemingly unconscious of the dreadful crime she has committed, though at times she is quite calm and gives lucid answers to questions propounded. She says she is 27 years old; was born in county Kerry, Ireland, and came to this country very young. She was married about nine or ten years ago, to her husband. William Marsh, a barber, who had previously been in the employ of Cornelius Green. Her husband twelve or eighteen months ago left her and went to Chicago.

The dethronement of Mrs. Marsh's reason is attributed to a gloomy and despondent state of mind relative to the future fate of her children—a fear lest they should share the fate of the thousands of fatherless children who are kicked and cuffed about the world, and lest degradation and shame should overtake them.

## *Clippings.*

—The nomination of Judge George P. Fisher to be United States District Attorney for the District of Columbia has been confirmed by the Senate.

—Official returns of the recent election in Connecticut show that both the Republican and Democratic parties fell off about 10,000 votes in the State.

—Captain James R. Wheeler, an officer of the Kearsage when she sunk the Alabama, and recently United States Consul at Kingston, Jamaica, died on the 8th inst.

—Commissioner Delano says that the cancellation of revenue stamps by writing the name and date with a pen is sufficient—and the use of machinery is not obligatory.

—The United States Supreme Court will adjourn for the present term on the 30th instant. Chief Justice Chase will preside in the United States Circuit Court at Richmond on the first of May.

—Judge Humphreys, of Alabama, has been appointed by the President Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, in the place of Judge Fisher, recently appointed District Attorney.

—The Mississippi Legislature is endeavoring to procure the impeachment of Judge Shackleford who released Yerger, the murderer, and volunteered the opinion that his crime was not sufficient to merit the punishment of death.

The radical temperance men of Maine, in view of the ill success of their independent party movement last year, have decided to support the Republican candidate for Governor this year if he shall be an earnest temperance man.

—Mrs. McFarland-Richardson has offered for sale the estate of the late Albert D. Richardson, at Woodside, New Jersey. In her advertisement she styles herself "Abby S. Richardson," and special guardian for Richardson's minor children.


FOR SALE.
A bay Mare, well broke to harness. Suitable for a road or work horse. Apply to WM. S. RIDGELY, Denton, or to JOHN F. DAWSON, Greensborough. [ap28-tf

Republican Mass Meeting.

The Republicans of the Eastern Shore of Maryland, without regard to color, will hold a grand mass meeting at Boonville, Caroline Co., on Saturday, the 30th of April inst.

The meeting will be addressed by distinguished friends of the cause from all parts of the State.

A large attendance is earnestly desired, as business of importance will be presented for the consideration of the meeting, among which will be the formation of a Central Committee for the 1st Congressional district.

SEWING, SCOURING, &c.

MRS. SALLIE SIMPSON, hereby announces her readiness to do sewing of all kinds, at reasonable charges. She has had considerable experience in the preparation of men's garments.

Grease spots and dirt removed from clothes, and garments scoured at moderate prices.

Jan 27-tf.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY

By F. E. MARINE, Commission Merchant,
*No. 53 W. Pratt St., Baltimore.*

BALTIMORE, April 26, 1870.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| GRAIN— | | | |
| Wheat—white, choice | per bu. | | 170@175 |
| prime | " | " | 145@160 |
| red, choice new | " | " | @155 |
| prime | " | " | 145@150 |
| fair to good | " | " | 130@140 |
| Corn—white, good to prime | " | " | 110@112 |
| yellow | " | " | @110 |
| Rye—good to prime | " | " | 95@100 |
| Oats—common to prime | " | " | 60@ 65 |
| EGGS AND POULTRY— | | | |
| Eastern Eggs | per doz. | | 19@ 20 |
| Chickens, old | " | " | 650@750 |
| Geese | per piece | | 100@125 |
| Turkeys | " | | 150@200 |
| DRIED FRUIT— | | | |
| Peaches, peeled, bright | per lb | | 10@15 |
| " unpeeled, ½s | " | | 7@7½ |
| " " ¼s | " | | 8@10 |
| Apples, bright, sliced | " | | 7@ 8 |
| BEESWAX— | | | |
| prime | per lb. | | 34@ 36 |
| FEATHERS— | | | |
| Eastern Geese | per lb. | | 70@ 80 |
| HIDES AND SKINS— | | | |
| Country Dry | per lb. | | 16@ 18 |
| " Green | " | " | 7@ 8 |
| Sheep Skins | price | | 50@ 75 |
| Lamb " | | | 25@ 50 |
| POTATOES— | | | |
| Carters, | per bus. | | 40@ 50 |
| Peach Blows | " | | 40@ 50 |

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THREE THOUSAND YARDS OF CALICO from 6¼ to 12½ cents per yard at BLACKISTON'S.

MILLINERY.

Mrs. R. A. SISK

Opened on Saturday, April 23rd,

A FULL STOCK OF

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,

Of the very Latest Fashions,

COME AND SEE. [ap28-y

CASIMERES 25 per cent cheaper at BLACKISTON'S.

Notice to Creditors.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Caroline county, letters of administration on the personal estate of

*ENOCH ROSS,*

deceased, late of said county. All persons having claims against the said estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 28th day of October, 1870, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 26th day of April, 1870. ROBT. W. TODD, Administrator.
ap28-3w

A Full line of notions at BLACKISTON'S.

J. T. KENNEY. DR. W. D. NOBLE.

1870.

JUST RECEIVED,

*A carefully selected assortment*

OF

DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

Notions, Fancy Articles,

AND

CONFECTIONARY,

CONSITING OF

Combs, Brushes, Toilet and Common Soaps, Pencils, Perfumery, Pen Knives, Port Folios, Pens,

STATIONERY,

such as Fools-cap, Commercial Note, Letter and Initial Paper;

ENVELOPES OF ALL STYLES;

FLAVORING EXTRACTS,

PAPER CUFFS AND COLLARS,

NICE CIGARS,

CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO;

Best article of

Linseed, Lard, Neats Foot, Machine and Coal Oil;

SPIRITS TURPENTINE, VARNISHES,

LEWIS' PURE WHITE LEAD

and other brands Paints of all colors;

Patent Medicines of all kinds, &c.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

TERMS LOW FOR CASH.

J. T. KENNEY & CO.

FEDERALSBURG, April 22, 1870.—tf

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT.

NEW GOODS!

FINE GOODS!

CHEAP GOODS!

H. BLACKISTON

*Has just received large additions*

TO HIS

STOCK,

And is now better than ever prepared to please the public.

CALL AND EXAMINE!

April 28, 1870.

MUSLINS have declined at BLACKISTON'S.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

April, 1870.

OPENING

OF THE

SPRING TRADE

IN

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

WANAMAKER & BROWN

THIS MONTH

Open to the People the

Grandest Stock

OF

Fine Clothing for Men and Boys,

THAT

OAK HALL HAS EVER CONTAINED.

Since last Fall we have secured the two large lots adjoining us, and have erected upon them an iron-front building, equal in size to our former Building, making

OAK HALL TWICE as LARGE as BEFORE,

in order to accommodate the

Great Mass of People

who have become our Customers.

☞ We invite all our customers, with their neighbors and friends, to pay us an early visit, to examine our

MAMMOTH BUILDINGS

and to inspect our

Mammoth Stock,

Wanamaker & Brown,

OAK HALL

CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT.

Nos. 530, 532, 534, 536 Market Street, and Nos. 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, & 13 South 6th st.,

Philadelphia.

☞ Send your orders if you can't come.
ap7-1m-y

FERTILIZERS.

MORO PHILLIPS'

GENUINE IMPROVED

Super Phosphate

OF

LIME.

STANDARD GUARANTEED

REDUCED IN PRICE,

And Improved in Quality by the addition of Potash.

This article is already too well known, to require any comments upon its Agricultural value. Ten years experience has fully demonstrated to the Agricultural community, its lasting qualities on all Crops, and the introduction of Potash gives it additional value.

Price 52.00 per Ton, 2000 pounds.

DISCOUNT TO DEALERS.

PURE

PHUINE,

Superior to Peruvian Guano.

*PATENTED APRIL 29, 1860.*

MANUFACTURED BY

MORO PHILLIPS

Price, 52.00 per Ton, 2000 pounds.

DISCOUNT TO DEALERS.

For Sale at Manufacturers Depots:

110 S. DELAWARE AVE.

*5 Doors below Chestnut,*

PHILADELPHIA, PENN.

AND

95 SOUTH STREET,

BALTIMORE, MD.

And by Dealers in General Throughout the Country

MORO PHILLIPS,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.
m31-7m.

HIGGINS, REYBOLD & CO.,

Manufacturers of Fertilizers,

DELAWARE CITY, DEL.,

For Corn, Potatoes, Clover, Timothy, Fruit Trees, especially the Peach:

PERSICATOR,

A reliable Potash Manure, after the analogy of Wood Ashes. Made under the personal supervision of the patentee, Dr. David Stewart.

$40 per 200 lbs. in bbls.

FOR WHEAT,

A Super-Phosphate of Lime with Potash and Ammonia.

Warranted to Drill Well.

*$52 per 200 lbs. in Bags.*

A. J. GADD, AGENT,
Hillsborough, Md.

☞ Send for a circular. [ap21-3m]

A. J. GADD,

HILLSBOROUGH, MD.,

AGENT FOR

Rambo's Schuylkill Lime,

the best made, furnished by Railroad or water. All orders addressed to me at Hillsborough, Md., will meet with prompt attention.

WHITE PINE LUMBER at city prices freight added. [apr21-3m.

The Magic Comb will change any colored hair or beard to a permanent black or brown. It contains *no poison*. Any one can use it. One sent by mail for $1. Address MAGIC COMB CO., Springfield, Mass.
mr24-3m,

A FULL STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES cheaper than ever at BLACKISTON'S.

READY MADE CLOTHING at BLACKISTON'S.


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