n Union

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

N, MARYLAND:

orning, March 30th, 1871.

or Sale Cheap.

We offer for sale *very low* the Press upon which THE UNION has been printed for the last three years. It is a Smith Hand Press, 22 by 32, in good order. The universally neat appearance of THE UNION will attest this fact.—Our only reason for selling is because we have no use for the Press, having been compelled to purchase a new one in order that we might enlarge our paper. Address all inquiries to THE UNION, Denton, Md.

BOTH HOUSES of the Delaware Legislature adjourn to-day.

THE SAN DOMINGO COMMISSION arrived at Washington on Monday evening, *via* Charleston, S. C. The Commission is unanimously in favor of annexation. The President will submit the result of the investigation to Congress in a few days, but, it is said, does not desire any action thereon until the next session of Congress.

AN ELECTION takes place in Connecticut on Monday, the third of April, for Governor and other State officers, Congressmen and members of the Legislature; and in Rhode Island on Wednesday, the 5th of April, for State officers and members of the Legislature. The Republicans are sure of carrying Rhode Island, and have good hopes of redeeming Connecticut from the small Democratic majority of last year.—A thousand colored men in Connecticut will vote this year for the first time.

THE ADMISSION of Mr. Edwards, of Arkansas, and the three new members from New Hampshire makes just one hundred Democrats in the House. A full House comprises 243 members, and the Republicans, although their two-thirds rule is broken, yet have a majority sufficient for working purposes. Connecticut, California and Texas are yet to hold elections. The delegations from these States in the last Congress were: Connecticut, 3 Republicans and 1 Democrat; California, 2 Democrats and 1 Republican; Texas 3 Republicans and 1 Democrat, making the delegations from the States in the XLth Congress stand, 7 Republicans and 4 Democrats.

Ku Klux Outrages.

The Ku Klux organization at the South is becoming truly formidable and positively alarming. In some sections the operations of the law are impeded, while in others it is virtually a dead letter; in all, society is in a very insecure condition, and a state of affairs little less than an insurrection exists. This is particularly so in North and South Carolina, Mississippi and some parts of Tennessee and Kentucky.

We are aware that an effort is made by Democrats to withdraw public attention from these outrages, and to underrate the formidableness of the organization perpetrating them. The whole thing, they say, is an exaggerated fabrication, gotten up for political effect and with a view to secure the election of a Republican successor to President Grant. While they do not attempt to deny that murder and rapine are of daily occurrence, they tell us that these occurrences, are but the acts of an insignificant mob which neither they nor their friends at the South countenance; but as soon as any steps are taken to suppress the outrages committed by these lawless ruffians, they straightway become clamorous in their denunciations of all measures which promise to restore peace and order to society in the South.

The special committee appointed by the Senate some time since disclosed in its report that a regular organization known as the Ku Klux existed in the South, with ramifications extending into every State.—Later developments reveal the fact that in Mississippi the Revenue laws cannot be enforced by reason of the acts of violence which this organization inflicts upon the officers sent there in the discharge of this duty. In South Carolina this organization has become so powerful, and its deeds so dark and of such frequent occurrence, that the Governor has felt constrained to invoke aid from the Government for the protection of the citizens of the State. In North Carolina and throughout the South the whipping and hanging of both private and public citizens has become so frequent as to be regarded as a matter of but little import. In Shelby county, Ky., the record of this organization is so black and damning that the Judge of the County Court specially charged the Grand Jury to investigate its doings and ferret out the offenders if "they had to summon every man, woman and child within the limits of the county." He says further.

"Leave no stone unturned to discover the fiendish perpetrators of this great crime. Under your solemn oaths you owe this not alone to yourselves, but to this community, to the State at large, and to humanity itself, crying throughout the land for protection from the midnight, yes, I am sorry to say, and daylight assassin and murderer. This same class of law-breakers and outlaws have been committing other infamous outrages throughout the country, which I am sorry the laws do not denounce as felonious. They amount only to the offence, known by our law as assault and battery. * * * * * This is the most cowardly, fiendish and unpardonable class of criminals with which the State is cursed, and they are generally called Ku Klux. They seem to have some kind of organization. How they originated, or of whom they are composed, I have never been able to learn; nor what their particular object is I am unable to divine, unless we infer it from their acts. * * * * * Their infamous acts seem to be leveled at both white and black citizens, though more frequently at the latter, because they are probably the more helpless."

Is any further proof needed to convince even the most skeptical of the existence of the Ku Klux organization? Will honest men longer question the propriety of interference on the part of the Government in the suppression of these outrages?

The President has proclamated to these ruffians in South Carolina, warning them to desist from further outrages; if they continue, the military force of the United States will be sent there to quell them, and all good citizens will applaud the President for so doing.

THE DELAWARE SENATE has annulled the charter of the Delaware State Normal University, of which John C. Harkness is President. A few weeks ago Prof. Harkness took occasion to criticise a speech made by Mr. Bayard in the Senate of the United States, and this, it is supposed, is the cause for anulling the charter of the institution. Next after Tammany, the Democracy of Delaware, for "ways that are dark and tricks that are vain," are not to be surpassed by political trimmers of any party in any country.

THE IMPEACHMENT OF GOV. HOLDEN, of North Carolina, is not at all surprising intelligence when it is known that the Senate was organized for conviction. That body has, however, committed a piece of unparalleled stupidity in the impeachment of Gov. Holden in that it has virtually acknowledged the propriety of his proclamation declaring Alamance and other counties in a state of insurrection, by acquitting him of charges of illegally and unnecessarily instituting martial law therein; while it condemns him for the employment of militia in suppressing the insurrection and restoring order. In other words, he was right in declaring the rebellion, but wrong in suppressing it. For this decision there could be no respect, even if the trial had been otherwise fairly and decently conducted. It is also stated that seven of the Legislators who voted for impeachment are incapacitated from holding office by virtue of late amendments to the Constitution, and that the case will probably go to the Supreme Court for revision.

Mr. Holden's successor is a staunch Republican, and the Ku Klux of the North State gain nothing by the change.

San Domingo.

SYNOPSIS OF THE REPORT OF THE COMMISSION.

A dispatch from Key West to the New York Herald, referring to the arrival of the Tennessee, with the San Domingo commissioners on board, says:

Commissioner Wade finished his report on Saturday last, and submitted it to his brother commissioners on the following morning. It begins by detailing the work of the commission, and goes on to describe the political condition of the country. Mr. Wade takes the ground that Baez is the *de facto* President of the republic, and that he is in full and peaceful possession of the government; that Cabral is a mere bandit, living in a mountain district, where he is sustained by Hayti. The people of St. Domingo, Mr. Wade says, are overwhelmingly in favor of annexation. They are described as a quiet, orderly, industrious race. The charges of corruption against United States officers in the negotiation of the treaty of 1869 are branded as villainous slanders, without a shadow of foundation. The report, which is favorable to annexation in every particular, closes with the remark that "to embrace this opportunity to plant our republican institutions and establish civil liberty and American civilization upon that beautiful and productive island, thus laying the ground-work of a great, free and prosperous State would add another to the achievements of our republic worthy to rank with the great events of our history and would be equally beneficial to the people of both countries.

Dr. Howe endorses Mr. Wade's report in every essential particular. At the various meetings which have been held during the last forty-eight hours the subject has been thoroughly discussed. Mr. White objects to the closing paragraph of the report; but Mr. Wade is firm in his determination that it shall not be stricken out, and Dr. Howe fully agrees with him and will sign it. Mr. White is writing some ideas of his own, principally historical, which he wishes to insert in the report, and which if inserted will not materially alter it. The probabilities are that White will finally agree to the latter clause, and that the report will be unanimous.

Income Tax Returns.

For the guidance of persons in making up their returns, the New York Post submits the following well-arranged exhibit of the law of 1870. The taxable income of each person is determined by adding together the following items: The gains or profits of businesss for the year; the wages or salary received for service, from any government, corporation, or other employer; the rents received from houses or lands; the interests on notes, bonds or mortgages, or on money lent on any or no security; the profits of speculation in stocks, bonds or gold, and those obtained upon the sale of any houses or lands during the year, which had been purchased within two years preceeding; and the dividends upon stocks or shares, except that the dividends of corporations which have themselves withheld the tax from stockholders and paid it to the United States, are not to be included, nor that part of the salary of officers of the United States from which the tax has been deducted at the time of payment, nor any pension paid to a soldier or a sailor.

From the aggregate income as thus determined, each taxpayer will deduct the national, State, county and municipal taxes paid by him during the year; all losses in business, not including any estimated depreciation of values, the amount of interest paid during the year, the rent of land for cultivation and of premises for business purposes, and the wages of labor paid out for business purposes; the reut of the house and rooms occupied as a residence, but not the rental value, if owned by the taxpayer himself, and the amount paid for ordinary repairs, but not for permanent improvements. The remainder of the gross income, after these deductions are made, constitutes the net income for the year; and two thousand dollars are further to be deducted from this amount. The remainder is the taxable income, on which a tax of two and a half per cent. is to be levied and paid. This tax is due and payable on or before the thirtieth day of April next, and a penalty of five per cent. upon the amount of the tax, and of interest at the rate of one per cent. per month, is to be levied for neglect to make payment at that time, or within ten days after the collector shall have demanded the tax.

ANOTHER firebrand has been thrown into the Democratic camp to disturb the discussion of the next Presidency. The Cincinnati *Enquirer* protests against the language of the Albany *Argus*, which intimated that the party was sacrificed to a few malcontents in the West, who quarrelled over the candidates and defeat the choice of the people. The *Enquirer* says that the influence exerted in New York by a few wealthy men, large bondholders, in the Democratic organization has been most disastrous in the Western States, and has cost the party hundreds of thousands of votes. And it insists that the party must have in 1872 a thorough Democratic platform, at least as strong and radical as that of 1868, and candidates who can be relied upon to carry it out if they are elected. With anything short of this, in either respect, it declares that the party is defeated in advance.

The Spring Fashions.

For the benefit of our lady readers we present herewith a sketch of the Spring fashions as they appeared in the city on "opening day." Our limited space forbids any extended notice:

COLORS.

The fashionable colors of spring silks are the cameo shades. These are delicate gradations of tanny brown, running up to a pale yellow, just toned down enough with the brown to avoid anything glaring. Some of these hues are very beautiful, the faint cream color and the darker shade of amber especially. These are intended to be used in combinations, two or more tones in one dress. For evening wear the newest colors are peach blossom; the favorite pink, a much lighter shade than has heretofore been used; winter sky, a dainty azure, and Nile green, a very blue green, which is exceedingly becoming to blondes. For intermediate use, pretty silks for afternoon wear are all in narrow stripes, black and white, blue and black, &c,—always some combination of black or white, white and colored.

For travelling dresses, shades of gray will be preferred, and the Japanese goods, combinations of silk and linen, are desirable and very pretty.

TRIMMINGS.

The prevalent style of trimming is a bias fold of the material, corded on each edge with black, white or a contrasting color. For colored fabrics this is almost universal, even on silks, and has superseded the rufflings and quiltings which have so long prevailed. For worsted stuffs a bias band of black cashmere is much used, and many dresses are trimmed with worsted fringe, which is quite a novelty.

WALKING DRESSES.

To begin with, these are all made *raisee en terre*, that is, off the ground. The skirts are not worn as short as some ten years ago, but are made to clear the ground about two inches behind, and three or four in front.

A very pretty suit of gray and black striped silk was made with the underskirt trimmed with a box-plated flounce set on so that the upper edge was raised twice on every breadth in a semi-circle, and the flounce caught up at the low points, so as to present somewhat the appearance of a curtain looped up at the sides; in each depression was a bow in the material. The upper skirt had a very narrow ruffle of the material headed with two bias bands.—The waist was joined with the skirt in front *en polonaise*, while at the back a small basque was set in over the fullness of the skirt. The sleeves were tight to the elbow, and fell below in a ruffle. Trimming on body heart shaped in front and pointed at the back.

Very pretty dresses are already in the market. These are in shades of gray and brown, which will be preferred to buff.—The most stylish are made with the underskirt trimmed with a wide side-plaited flounce, set on with bias band of linen, covered with black, white, or any color that is fancied. The upper skirt is full, trimmed with narrow *plissee* and two bias bands. The jacket is loose, open under the arms, and trimmed up the back to the neck; loose sleeves.

JACKETS.

Quite a variety of fancy sacques and jackets have made their appearance this season. It has been so long the fashion to wear suits of all sorts that *outre* garments had quite disappeared, but for the first time in several years a large variety of them is offered this spring. First, then, are the black cashmere sacques, trimmed with black passementerie and guipure lace. More fanciful ones are of black cashmere or *drap d'ete* embroidered with colors in Persian patterns. Some of these combinations of shades are very beautiful, and the execution o' the work most admirable.—These jackets are edged with very full narrow fringe, containing all the colors in the ornamentation. A very pretty new shape of cloak has appeared, quite deep, with sleeves and deep cape; it is made of black cashmere, embroidered with white and trimmed with black and white fringe.—Short jackets of gray cloth are very pretty for early spring wear: these are made with *mousquetaire* cuffs and large side pockets, or borded with bias silk of the same hue and edged with corded fringe.

BONNETS.

The new style in bonnets is decidedly the gipsy shape. This is larger than we have seen for some time, low crowned, and has something approaching to a cape. A beautiful bonnet was in pearl straw very white, with blue ribbon put on full around the crown, and a bunch of white sweet brier roses on the front. Another, suitable for an old lady, was of gray puffed silk, with a large bunch of ribbon of the same color on one side, and a pink rose in the centre. Another bonnet of black straw was trimmed with ribbon of cameo-yellow, with a large bunch of pansies on the side.

ROUND HATS.

The new shape has a moderately wide brim, with a medium crown not very high, and sloped back a good deal. Some of the new hats have the brim depressed in front, behind and on the two sides. A beautiful hat of snow white straw was bound with green velvet, had a broad band of green velvet edged with narrow black lace around the crown, and a bunch of berries and green leaves on one side. Another very costly hat was of Leghorn straw, trimmed with yellow ribbon and purple poppies.—Still another, very stylish, was black, with black and yellow ribbon and profuse bunches of wheat ears.

SHAWLS.

A very fine assortment of fancy shawls is in market this season. The Albanian is of silk and wool, white ground with silk stripes in amber and gold colors. The reversible Ottoman is precisely alike on both sides: white ground, with broad stripes in most gorgeous colors running across, and transverse narrow stripes of zizzag patterns in yellow and scarlet silk. Cheaper shawls have the broad stripe, without this narrow silk zigzag; and others have a ground of plaid in square blocks of black and white, with broad, bright-colored stripes crossing it.

GLOVES.

The *Marquise* is the latest style, having the wrist slashed with black or white kid and the back stitched in shade to match. Very elegant gloves have wide wrists embroidered in rich designs. In colors of gloves any shade matching the suit, or even the strings of the hat, are allowable; the brightest blues and greens that would once have been thought decidedly "vulgar" are now "good style."

BOOTS.

The fashion of rosettes and bows on boots has passed away; embroidery, which has come into such general use for trimming, is preferred. The handsomest boots are embroidered around the top as well as on the toe, and very elegant ones are made stitched with shades to match the dress.—For general use, however, white stitching is preferred. Bronze boots are no longer worn, but gray leather, worked with black or purple, are suitable for wear with light dresses.

—Three thousand persons are engaged in the manufacture of Bessemer steel rails in America.

—The Democratic majority of the Senate of North Carolina has removed Governor Holden.

—A Roman Catholic priest in Rutland, Me., celebrated St. Patrick's day by making over two hundred boys take the temperance pledge.

—Vincente Quadra was installed President of Costa Rica on the 12 inst., and an unsuccessful attempt has been made to overthrow his government.

—Accounts from Fayettville, Ark., say a man named Roland, living three miles from that place, killed his wife and infant child on the 16th inst., and then blew his own brains out.

Honduras has declared war against San Salvador, for invading her territory, and although it is said it is not likely the trouble will be amicably settled, there does not seem to be any prospect of a fight.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Grape Layers.

5,000 **GRAPE LAYERS**, of the Concord variety, first quality, for sale at 10 cts. each, delivered at any wharf on the Choptank river.

K. B. FLETCHER,
Cabin Creek, Md.

Refer to Rev. S. T. Gardner. [mr30-2m*

LUMBER YARD
—AT—
DENTON BRIDGE.

The subscriber has just received from the city a superior stock of lumber, which he offers

At City Prices

at his yard. Lumber of all kinds constantly on hand Also, sells FERTILIZER, PHOSPHATES, &c., and General Purchasing Agent for every article of farm or household use.

Public patronage respectfully solicited.

mr23-y T. WIRT FOUNTAIN.

Examiner's Notice.

We, the undersigned, having been appointed by the County Commissioners of Caroline county to examine, and, if found necessary, to locate a new County Road to begin at the new road at or near Samuel D. McGonigal's gate, and running through the lands of Samuel D. McGonigal, Wm. Brice, Richard Baggs and Samuel & Benjamin Sylvester, until it intersects the county road leading from Moore's Mill to Sandtown, give notice that we will meet at the proposed point of commencement of said road on MONDAY, 18th day of April, next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of executing said commission.

The County Surveyor is hereby notified to meet at the proposed point of commencement of said road on said day and at said hour.

JOHN F. DAWSON,
A. B. ROE,
SAML. J. JARMAN,
mar23-tme. Examiners.

PROFESSIONAL.

Medical Card.

DR. M. A. BOOTH has returned to Denton, and offers his professional services to the public. When not professionally engaged, he may be found at his drug store.

GEO. M. RUSSUM,
REGISTER IN BANKRUPTCY,
OFFICE FOR THE COUNTIES OF CAROLINE, TALBOT AND QUEEN ANNE'S,
DENTON, MD.

Continues to practice in the Courts of Caroline. [jan1-y

ROBT. J. JUMP. WM. S. RIDGELY.

JUMP & RIDGELY,
ATTORNIES AT LAW,
DENTON, MD.,

Will practice in the Courts of Caroline and the adjoining counties. [ja16-y

T. J. SMITHERS,
DENTIST,
Denton, Md.,

Will visit Greensborough every Saturday, and Federalsburg every Wednesday.

Teeth extracted without pain by Nitrous Oxide Gas. Particular attention given to regulating and preserving children's teeth.

Teeth filled, cleaned, and artificial teeth inserted to the satisfaction of the patron. Patronage solicited.

All work guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Office—Nearly opposite M. E. Church. [ap1

New Store! New Store!

GREAT BARGAINS!
GREAT BARGAINS!

WE OFFER

Large Inducements

to all those who wish to buy

CHEAP GOODS

for Cash or Trade at the cheap Cash Store of

RD. H. LOOCKERMAN.

WE have on hand a fine assortment of the latest styles of Imported and Domestic Cassimeres, Kerseys, fine and coarse, Jeans, Cottonades, Cassinetts, &c., which we sell cheap for cash or trade at R. H. L's.

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS cheap for cash at R. H. L's.

LADIES DRESS GOODS of the finest and best qualities and Latest Styles, cheap for cash or trade at R. H. L.'s.

CALL and look at our pretty Prints and Mourning Goods, cheap for cash or trade at R. H. L.'s.

A FINE STOCK of Bleached and Unbleached Muslins 3-4 wide at 6¼ cts. at the cheap cash store of R. H. L.

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS and CAPS. We challenge the market in quality or price at the cheap cash store of R. H. L.

A FINE assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, cheap for cash or trade, at R. H. L.'s.

A GOOD stock of GROCERIES cheap for cash or trade at R. H. L.'s.

A HEAVY stock of HARDWARE and QUEENSWARE kept constantly on hand at cheap cash store of R. H. L.

DON'T be afraid to bring any kind of TRADE, for we are anxious to buy and sell, for which we will pay the highest market prices, and assure you that we will give entire satisfaction for cash or trade at the cheap cash store of

ja19-y R. H. LOOCKERMAN.

L. SHANLEY DAVIS,
WHOLESALE
COMMISSION MERCHANT
STAND NO. 4,
Opposite 142 West St.,
Between Barclay and Vesey, **NEW YORK.**
Sales Reported Daily.
Returns Once Each Week.

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W. S. Goslin & Son, Baltimore, Md.
C. Davis, " "
A. P. Sorden, Denton, Md.
J. M. Emerson " "
Dr. D. Stewart, Port Penn, Del. [ag4-y

J. W. LOCKERMAN,
AUCTIONEER,
FEDERALSBURG, MD.

HAVING taken out license as auctioneer, is prepared to call sales at auction in Caroline, Talbot and Dorchester counties.—His long experience will enable him to render satisfaction in each instance. [je10-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

BEAUTY!
A HOME!!
AND FORTUNE!!!

PREMIUM SALE
OF THREE HANDSOME
NEW STEEL ENGRAVINGS!

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$1.00 TO $25,000
Given with Each Engraving!

We have obtained the entire control of the following engravings, which we offer at the low figures of

$2.00 EACH!

Although they are really worth $5.00 each.—They are 19x24 inches, and each is a gem of art.

LURLEY:

A legend of the Rhine. A female of rare beauty sits on the shore of the river, where the rocks are the most dangerous, and with her song and music charms the unwary sailors to near her, when they meet a watery grave.—The subject is full of life, full of emotion, and is altogether a success.

THE DISINHERITED!

A young man, through the wiley influence of some one of the household, is deprived of a share in his father's house. Having but sorrow as his lot, he departs, and from a neighboring hill he takes his last look and farewell to the scenes of his younger and better days. The heart fills with deep sorrow in examining this subject so well drawn.

THE CHILD CHRIST!

A child with human body and dress, angelic face and divine eyes, is represented so well that words cannot tell half its worth.—We do not think that any engraving has yet reached the excellence of this, in touching the heart and lifting it away to a higher world. The eye never tires to look. The more it is seen, the greater the desire to look again and again.

Also a correct lithograph likeness of

Gen. STONEWALL JACKSON,

The best, largest and handsomest ever published, 19x24 inches, worth $5.00, which we will sell on the same terms, for $2.00. It is truly a gem of art.

A FORTUNE FOR YOU!

With each engraving, till we have sold 50,000 copies, we will give FREE one share or ticket, entitling each shareholder to one of the following gifts. Read on and remember that every ticket holder will positively get one of the following, which will be distributed by a drawing

AT DENTON, Md.

The LaPierre Hotel,
DENTON, MARYLAND,

Containing twenty-six rooms, and furnished throughout, with all modern conveniences, plenty of outbuildings, stabling for thirty horses, including all outfit, stock, &c., worth cash $25,000.

The Picture Hill Farm,
CAROLINE COUNTY, MD.,

Of 103 acres, on the Choptank river, having a steamboat wharf on it, with a good scope of country to sustain it, with a lime kiln, good buildings, a large variety of fruit, convenient to churches and schools, only 6 miles from Easton, the largest business town on the Delaware peninsula. $10,000

The Cold Spring Farm,

Of 50 acres, one mile from Denton, one mile from steamboat landing, five miles from the Maryland and Delaware Railroad; one thousand peach trees, fifty apple trees, choice varieties of strawberries, cherries, plums, apricots, crab apples, dwarf pears, &c. Splendid new buildings. Worth $8,000

The Carter Farm,

With 80 acres; fine orchard; good buildings; choice wheat land. $5,000

A House in Denton,

With one and a-half acre orchard, with the finest varieties of fruits. $3,000

200 Standard Sewing Machines

Worth from $40 to $150

50 WALTHAM WATCHES,

Each worth from $40 to $100

4 Pianos.
10 Organs and Melodeons.

One Cash Sum,	$3,000
One Cash Sum,	1,000
One Cash Sum,	500
Three Cash Sums, each	100
Four Cash Sums, each	50

49,670 GIFTS, consisting of Washing Machines, Wringers, Standard Books and Works of Art. None of them can be purchased at retail for less than $1, while some of them are worth $15 and more.

TOTAL VALUE OF THE

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The drawing will take place as soon as engravings enough are sold to distribute the tickets, before as many ticket holders as chose to be present, and to be under their control.

We want active men and women everywhere to work for us, with whom we will make liberal arrangements, namely: after their ordering their sample engravings, we will give them one engraving and one ticket FREE for every four names they send us with $8.00.

To order an engraving, send us $2.00 in a registered letter, or by post office order, and we will send by return mail the engraving and the ticket FREE.

Send all your orders for engravings, money and drafts, and all correspondence to our general office, addressed thus:

CAROLINE CO. LAND ASSOCIATION,
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"THE CAROLINE PEARL"

Will be sent to all purchasers FREE for one quarter on application. It will give a detailed account of our proceedings from time to time. Newspapers wishing to advertise for us will please send us their lowest rates.

Denton, Md., Feb. 1, 1871.

25 TONS FISH GUANO

Just landed at Potters' Landing directly from the manufactories, and for sale at

Manufacturer's Prices!

A pure fertilizer, thoroughly dry and fine, and very rich in

NITROGEN and AMMONIA.

Farmers and Tobaccs Growers who have used this Guano for ten years past, prefer it to any other fertilizer.

Farmers of Caroline county, give it a trial.

For sale in lots to suit purchasers; in two bushel sacks containing 80 lbs. each of Guano.

JNO. H. DICKERMAN,
jan4-3m. Potters' Landing.

W. M. KENNARD. H. D. CRANOR.

Special Notice!

W. M. KENNARD & CO.

HAVE NOW IN STOCK A FULL LINE OF

CARPETS, MATTINGS, OIL CLOTHS,

MATS, etc..

WHICH THEY ARE OFFERING AT LESS THAN USUAL RATES TO

CASH BUYERS.

ALSO, THE LARGEST AND MOST EXTENSIVE STOCK OF

AMERICAN, FRENCH, ENGLISH AND GERMAN DRY GOODS

IN THE STATE,

All of which are offered at Lowest Cash Prices—One Price.

W. M. KENNARD & CO.,

306 Market Street,

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500,000 MEN WANTED

To purchase the fine and well assorted stock of goods which I have just received from the cities, and which I will sell

At Lower Prices than any Store in the County.

CALL FOR THE PROOF!

GOODS FOR LADIES!
GOODS FOR GENTLEMEN!
GOODS FOR CHILDREN!
GOODS FOR EVERYBODY!

Then let everybody call early, while a choice can be had, for my goods are daily vanishing. We will do all we can to please you, and if we fail will deem it no offense if you purchase elsewhere. Call and examine for yourselves.

Goods Sold only for Cash or Trade.

JAS. K. SAULSBURY.

RIDGELY, October 4th, 1870.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has any thing won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known, that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

☞ Sold by Chas. Stevens, Denton; Hugh Duffey, Hillsborough; J. E. Lobstein, Greensborough, and all druggists and dealers in medicine everywhere. [no3-1y

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A perfectly clear preparation, in one bottle; as easily applied as water, for restoring gray hair to its natural color and youthful appearance; to eradicate and prevent dandruff; to promote the growth of the hair and stop its falling off.

It is entirely harmless and perfectly free from any poisonous substance, and will, therefore, take the place of all the dirty and unpleasant preparations now in use. Numerous testimonials have been sent up from many of our most prominent citizens, some of which are subjoined; in everything in which the articles now in use are objectionable, "Crystal Discovery" is perfect; it is warranted to contain neither Sugar of Lead, Sulphur or Nitrate of Silver. Clear and clean as water, it does not soil the clothes or scalp; it is agreeably perfumed, and makes one of the best dressings for the hair in use; it restores the color of the hair more perfectly and uniformly than any other preparation, and always does so in from three to ten days. Virtually feeding the roots of the hair with all the nourishing qualities necessary to its growth and healthy condition, it restores the decay and induces a new growth of the hair more positively than anything else. The application of this wonderful discovery also produces a pleasant and cooling effect on the scalp, and gives the hair a pleasant and elegant appearance.

Washington, D. C., July 25, 1870.

Mr. Arthur Nattans: Dear Sir—It affords me pleasure to say that I have used your Crystal Discovery with perfect success. Having tried many others, I find yours superior to any I have heretofore used, and I cannot too highly recommend it as a rapid promoter of the growth of the hair, and by a few applications restoring it to its original color. It is perfectly clean and free from any objectionable matter.

Very respectfully yours, R. W. SILVEY,
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We call especial attention to the fact that a limited number of trial bottles will be given away gratuitously to those wishing to try.—You will notice that in pursuing this course, our aim will be to convince by the actual merits of the article.

ARTHUR NATTANS,
Inventor and Proprietor, Washington, D. C.
☞ For sale in Denton by Chas. Stevens.
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All orders must be accompanied with cash or delivery of grain to meet with prompt attention.

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