American Union

J. M. EMERSON Editor and Proprietor.

DENTON, MARYLAND:

Thursday Morning, July 27th, 1871.

Eighty Dollars Will Buy

One of the neatest printing Hand Presses in the State. Size of platen 22x32. Is in perfect working order and everything complete, except chase. This is the same press upon which THE UNION has been printed for the last four years, and is only offered for want of use, having been set aside for a larger press in order that the paper might be enlarged. Any one desiring a Hand Press for job work will find this press an excellent one for this purpose. Address all inquiries to THE UNION, Denton, Md.

THE DEMOCRATS of St. Mary's county, Md., have agreed to disagree, and have placed two tickets for county officers in nomination.

THE "NEW DEPARTURE" may briefly be defined as the Republicanization of the Democratic party. That is, the lifting up of the Democratic party upon the impartial-justice-to-all-men platform which Republicans have built and peristyled with the three Amendments to the Constitution. This is just what the "new departure" is, and strange as it may seem we are not without Democrats in our midst who propose to do this very thing.

CHICAGO has just completed another of the stupendous enterprises projected for the improvement of her natural situation. For five years the work of deepening the Illinois and Michigan Canal has been in progress, the object being to purify the slow moving and offensive river by turning the current backward through the Illinois to the Mississippi river. On Saturday week the work was finished, the dam at Bridgeport was cut away, and now the waters of Lake Michigan are moving through the fertile prairies of Illinois to mingle with the Father of Waters, and thence onward to the Gulf of Mexico. The expense of this enterprise to the city of Chicago has been something over three million dollars.

EASTERN SHORE DEMOCRATS were disappointed in the selection of a gubernatorial candidate from their own section for whom to vote at the next election. In view of this fact, and the increasing prospects of Mr. Tome, as the Republican candidate, we would suggest that they confer their suffrages upon him and thus fulfill their desire to vote for an Eastern Shoreman.—Many of them have already signified their feelings with reference to the "new departure," and as they are infatuated with Republican principles, it can certainly be no great stretch of conscience to vote for a candidate standing fairly and squarely upon those principles. By so doing they will fulfill their desires in two respects, while, if they bestow their suffrages upon Mr. Whyte, they not only stifle local pride but vote for a man who, in all probability, misrepresents their feelings and wishes touching the issues of the day.

THE LATE DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION, at which candidates for Governor, Comptroller and Attorney-General were put in nomination, has been very properly dubbed the "Padlock Convention," inasmuch as a seal was placed upon its mouth with reference to its position upon all State and National questions. It has been the custom with conventions of the Democratic party, especially of late years, to put forth a platform declaring its undying hostility to Radicals and Radical doctrines, but this last convention has ominously ignored all precedents, and refuses to let the people know where it stands upon matters which are now agitating the party. Democrats profess to be governed in all things by *principles*, but having neither defined nor laid down any by which to govern their course of action this fall, we suppose they have abandoned "principle," and will fight it out on a sort of guerrilla plan, acting as the emergency of the case may require in the different counties of the State. Those Democrats who love "principle" so well can hardly be satisfied with this action of the party.

MANY PERSONS think Denton lacks population. Our opinion is that it lacks public spirit. Population is the resulting consequent of public spirit; and those towns which display the most public spirit are generally the most thrifty and prosperous.

Denton already has a population sufficient to form the nucleus of a busy and thriving county-town. All that it needs is a well-directed effort on the part of its citizens to *make* it prosper. It wants energy—energy to beautify and improve the town by painting dwellings, planting out shade trees, repairing side-walks, grading streets and improving its public square; energy to build manufactories and thus give employment to a population, for it is a well-established principle of political economy that an idle population is of no benefit to a town; energy to build and sustain railroads and river steamers; in short, energy to lay hold on and advantageously employ the blessings with which nature and nature's God has liberally endowed it. If we will only exert ourselves as a community a little more, eschewing idleness, money-shaving and dram-drinking (we speak plainly, for we are in earnest) as not only great evils but antagonistic to local progress, we shall soon behold mechanics and laborers flocking in from all directions. Public spirit cannot be hid, but is mysteriously heralded wherever civilization reigns. It conveys "glad tidings of great joy" to the overburdened population of large cities, as well as to the speculator and the capitalist, and wooes them by the alluring enticements which it holds out.

When Denton has traveled in the path of public spirit awhile, its citizens may reasonably look for an increased population. Until it does, they need never expect to rise beyond their present attainments, but must content themselves to travel in the old and beaten tracks in which their fathers trod.

HON. A. K. SYESTER, the Democratic nominee, writes the Baltimore *American* a letter contradicting the statement made in that paper that he voted for the Constitution of 1864. It seems to us that Mr. Syester put himself to unnecessary trouble. His party is pledged to no principles, and it matters but little what his past record has been or what principles he has endorsed. He belongs to the *silent* party, and "mum" is the word.

THE NOMINEES of the Democratic State Convention, which met in Baltimore last week, are: Wm. Pinkney Whyte, for Governor; A. K. Sylvester, for Attorney-General; Levin Woolford, for Comptroller.—The convention which made these nominations dodged any expression of opinion upon questions of vital interest to the party, and adjourned without the declaration of any principles with which to govern themselves in the coming campaign. The Democratic press throughout the State seem well pleased with the nominations, and more so with the *silence* which pervaded the convention.

SENATOR MORTON thinks our National prospects were never brighter or more encouraging than they are to-day. In a recent speech on 'Change, in Cincinnati, he expressed the opinion that the late treaty with England was the greatest tribute paid to the character and power of our nation. This treaty gave us the assurance of peace to come, and it was guaranteed a new era among the nations in the settlement of the differences without war. It encouraged merchants by promising a bright business future and assuring them. He never in the course of his life saw more confidence than now exists.

THE DEMOCRATS of Baltimore city have nominated their candidates for the General Assembly as follows: Senate, John R. Blake and Isaac M. Denson; House, Messrs. Thomas McCosker, Thomas H. Hamilton, John H. Cooper, Charles R. Hamilton, Louis A. Jamart, J. Nelson Foster, James L. Clark, W. E. Stewart, George Colton, John Staylor, John M. Travers, George A. Kirk, E. J. Chaisty, James McColgan, B. L. Harig, W. T. Markland, George A. Feig and Elias Griswold.

The *American* says of them that, with a few exceptions, they are to the general public unknown. The most of them are young men, of whom the people at large know nothing, and who, it may be presumed, know nothing of the people. As individuals the *American* thinks they may be reputable, but they are not the men to whom a great commercial city should trust its interests in the General Assembly.

THEY HAVE A SUMMARY WAY of dealing with the monster intemperance in New England. Here is what they have done in Connecticut: The Connecticut Senate has passed a bill which renders null and void all business dealings for liquors—enables the purchaser even of a glass of whisky to recover back the ten cents he pays for it!—declares null and void all sales, transfers, contracts, quit claims, mortgages, attachments and liens, made in consideration (part or whole) of the sale of any spirituous liquor; makes null and void all leases of premises if liquor is sold on them; punishes by fine of $100 or a month in jail (or both) the sale of liquor to any minor under eighteen years of age; makes the person who sells responsible for all damages done by drunken men, and permits any taxpayer to sue such seller whenever the drinker abuses his family.

IT IS STATED that the nominees of the Democratic Convention will soon prepare an address to the voters of the State which will embody the "position" of the party upon matters which is now distracting it. In other words, the preparation of a platform of principles has been left to the nominees of the party, to be by them alone digested and put forth. This is certainly something novel in politics. Who ever before heard of a candidate preparing a platform for a party, *after his nomination?* or when before did a party dodge the expression of an opinion upon living issues in a State Convention? We all remember how public anxiety was on tip toe in regard to the nature of the platform which the National Democratic Convention would enunciate when Chief Justice Chase was talked of as the Presidential candidate of the party, and, also, at other times when a "departure" was threatened. Every one expected to see a platform such as Mr. Chase would *accept*, but no one looked for Mr. Chase to *lay down the platform* for the party after his nomination. We can recall no single instance in which the preparations of a set of principles was left to the candidate after his nomination, and such action by the Democrats of Maryland is a confessed weakness which they were fearful the expression of an opinion would develop into a fragmentary party.

The Press.

THE LITTLE CORPORAL FOR AUGUST has an enticing table of contents. Stories from Mrs. E. D. Kendall, Susan Coolidge, Lucia Chase Bell, and others. The second installment of "Summer Days at Kirkwood," by the editor, Mrs. Emily Huntington Miller. Art, Science, and Natural History, put into fascinating dress by the pens of Martha Powell Davis, David Rice, M. D., and Olive Thorne, and some very charming poems from George Cooper, Ellen Porter Champion, and Mrs. M. B. C. Slade. This number has several fine illustrations, which now form an attractive feature of this popular juvenile. Terms, $1.50 a year. John E. Miller, Publisher, Chicago.

THE LADY'S FRIEND FOR AUGUST.—A very attractive number—full of good, fresh stories that people like to have for summer reading, and bright with illustrations of all kinds. The steel plate, "The Carrier Dove," seems to represent a fair Parisian lady in the beseiged city, receiving a message. There is the usual Colored Fashion Plate, and numerous wood cuts of ladies' dress and fancy-work. The music is the Bridal Gallop. An illustrated story by Daisy Ventnor leads off the literary department, which is followed by other matter equally as choice. Price $2.50 a year (which also includes a large steel engraving). Four copies, $6. Published by Deacon & Peterson, Philadelphia.

County Temperance Convention.

A convention of the friends of temperance of this county was held at Denton on Friday last. R. C. Carter was called to the chair, when Wm. Loockerman, Chas. H. Todd and P. S. Reynolds were elected Vice-Presidents, and J. H. Emerson Secretary. The audience room of the Court House, in which the convention was held, was well filled, and everyone seemed to feel a deep interest in the subject under discussion. Eloquent and forcible speeches were delivered by Revs. George Barton, Howard Meeks and J. H. Lightbourn.

A committee to prepare resolutions retired, and after a brief absence reported the following, which were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The evil resulting from the sale of intoxicating liquors has become so extended and alarming as to demand the earnest and persistent efforts of all good citizens for its suppression, therefore the friends of the temperance cause in Caroline county, in convention assembled, do adopt the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors, as a beverage, ought to be prohibited by law.

Resolved, That, regarding the welfare of our fellow men as of paramount importance, we cordially invite all men, without respect to their political predilections, to unite with us for the suppression of this great evil.

Resolved, That this convention respectfully recommends to the friends of temperance throughout the State the holding of a State temperance convention at some early day, that there may be united action for the purpose of securing such legislation as will promote this object; and that the President of this convention appoint three delegates, who, in connection with delegates from the city and other counties of the State, upon consultation, shall determine the time and place for holding such convention.

Resolved, That, in the opinion of this convention, a majority of the people are opposed to the License system which prevails in this State, and in the event direct legislation cannot be secured, the question as to whether the sale of ardent spirits should be prohibited ought to be submitted to them at the ballot-box, and the decision of the people thus ascertained enforced.

The following resolution was also offered and adopted.:

Resolved, That it is the deliberate judgment of this convention that the people should memorialize the Legislature, asking of it the passage of a law requiring the Judges at each general election to inquire of each voter, on depositing his ballot, "For or against License," and if a majority of the legal voters shall not favor license there shall be no license issued for that district or city ward, and we recommend all temperance men throughout the State that they present memorials to the Legislature at its next session on this subject.

At a late hour in the afternoon the convention adjourned.

The convention re-assembled at the M. E. Church in the evening, where the Rev. Mr. Lightbourn made another speech to the people. His remarks were very appropriate and were well received.

COMMUNICATED.

Mr. Editor:—

Having learned within the past few days from several persons, some of them not members of my congregation, that there exists among this people a misapprehension of my relation to them, and of the object with which I have come among them, I ask your permission to make a brief explanation.

I have come here, then, as the rector (chosen to that office by the vestry) of the old parish of St. Mary's Whitechapel, embracing all that part of Caroline county east of the Choptank. This parish was originally organized in 1725, but has been for the past seventy-eight years without a rector, and for the greater part of that time, I believe, without a vestry. Its existence, however, as a corporation, has not thereby lapsed, as may be seen by Section 13 of the Act of Assembly, 1798, Chap. 24, and Sections 1 and 2 of the Supplement thereto, 1823, chap. 189, and by the Code, Article 26, Section 101.

I am here, not to obtrude my services where they are not wanted, but to *offer* them to *all*. Every person, rich or poor, white or black, living within the territorial limits of the parish, has a *claim* upon me for any and all of the Occasional Offices of the Church, Visiting of the Sick, Burial of the Dead, &c., (except the "Solemnization of Matrimony,"—and for that I make no charge, but I "expect every man to do his duty") according to the directions of the Prayer Book, *without money and without price*; and, as far as my health (at present very much impaired) will allow, I am ready to meet the claim. I am ready to visit the sick, and to use the Office for the Burial of the Dead over all Infants, and over all baptized Adults (by whomsoever baptized) not "dying excommunicate," nor having "laid violent hands upon themselves:" that Office would be as inappropriate for adults unbaptized or excommunicate (and suicides, except in cases of mental derangement, are considered as having *ipso facto* excommunicated themselves) as would be the burial service of the Odd Fellows over one not an Odd Fellow. And here let me say that, whenever I am called on to use the Burial Service of the Church, it must be with the distinct understanding that I never "*preach* a funeral," as the phrase is; for the simple reason that the Service (wisely, as I think) makes no provision for a sermon or an exhortation.

The hours of Public Worship on the Lord's Day are 10½ A. M. and, for the present, 4 P. M. The seats are free, and all are invited to occupy them; but, as "the Lord hath ordained that they which preach the gospel should live of the gospel," an opportunity is afforded to every one to present, *as a part of his worship*, an offering "as God hath prospered him."

During the month of August, I expect to be absent, but hope to be back by the end of it, invigorated and strengthened for the work before me; and shall then be glad to see any and all who may call upon me to inquire about the Church at whose altars I minister,—the old historic Church of their fathers, and their fathers' fathers, from the beginning. E. J. STEARNS.

AN important conference of Democratic politicians is to be held at Saratoga this week, to "take soundings," as the phrase is, with reference to the next Presidency, with particular reference to the Southern element. The presence of so many Southern politicians in New York at present, it seems, has been the means of eliciting an anxious inquiry as to the position of the party at large relative to the so-called "new departure," and it is to satisfy that inquiry that the New York leaders have agreed to meet them informally at the time and place referred to.

—A State convention to re-organize the Conservative party in Virginia is called for August 30th.

The Wharton Poisoning Case.

FURTHER DEVELOPMENTS—LETTER FROM MRS. EDWARD WHARTON—HER ACCOUNT OF THE DEATH OF HER HUSBAND AND CHILD—GRAVE ALLEGATIONS.

The Washington Star of last evening says that the following letter has been received by Mr. John Purdy, of Washington city, Mrs. Edward Wharton, sister-in-law of Mrs. Henry Warton, now in jail in Baltimore on a charge of poisoning. The letter, it will be seen, bears no date except "North Conway," in New Hampshire, and is evidently written under excitement. We give the document as it is found in the Star, as follows:

"*North Conway*"—Mr. Dear Mr. Purdy:—Having seen an extract from the Washing Star that you had spoken kindly of my husband and child, I thought I would write to you and let you know my opinion. When my dear husband and child died, I did not know what was the reason of their death, but after my child's funeral, only a week I believe, I was taken suddenly ill, and at one time was thought to be dying. I told the doctor I was poisoned the day I was taken sick, and then I suspected that she had poisoned my husband and child also, and told my brother and all of my husband's family also, when it occurred, nearly four years ago, but they thought my mind was affected, and told me not to say so, that she might prosecute me, and I could not prove it; but I have never spoken to her since I was brought from her house, and have never had but one opinion, that she poisoned them and killed them, and I barely escaped with my life. My daughter never had but one hemorrhage in her life, and that Dr. May can testify to, and did not die of consumption, but vomited her life away; and although I feared she might break a blood vessel in vomiting, she did not, but being weakened by distress she died, and I just escaped.

Please mention this to the editor of the Star, and have it published, for I am in great distress. I write this letter in my bed for I am too week, from being so distressed, to sit up. Mrs. H. Wharton owed my husband two thousand five hunered dollars, which we with difficulty got after his death. I am now at North Conway, at the Sunset Pavilion, New Hampshire. Please tell what I have told you; for I never had but one opinion, and that was that Mrs. Henry Wharton poisoned and killed my husband and daughter, and tried to kill me, and I said so at the time, nearly four years ago; and it was not the first time she tried to poison my daughter, either, as I saw mentioned this morning, in a Boston paper, about a vial of brandy that we sent to my brother to Philadelphia to have analyzed; only it was whiskey that we sent. It is all true, and occurred almost one year before they were killed by that woman. My kind regards to Mrs. Purdy. Believe me, truly.

J. G. WHARTON.

Crisfield.

THE TOWN IN TROUBLE.—A PROSPECTIVE CLAIMANT.

The *Democratic Messenger*, published at Snow Hill, in Worcester county, says:

Troubles are brewing at the town of Crisfield in consequence of the peculiar title under which the land or water owners there hold. Goodsale was here on Wednesday chasing up his lawyer, from which it is inferred there is an immediate danger to the camp.

The citizens of that enterprising town are driving piles out in 11 feet water, in the Cove some distance from the Railroad, and connected with the main, (if the railroad can be called the main) only by bridges. Some skeptical people doubt the right of any one to take up navigable water. The Cove is as much the high seas as is the Chesapeake Bay. At all events such is the reasoning of some persons, and they say that the Act of 1862 prohibits the State from granting a patent to cover navigable water, and that the Court of Appeals have said that this law means any land on navigable water, that is covered by the high tide.

In the history of San Francisco, the water lots formed a prominent feature. Persons took up lots in the Cove which formed the harbor of San Francisco. It was built over on piles, and boats went in under the city for half or three-quaters of a mile.

The Harbor was and is entirely destroyed, and the vessel interest dependant upon the owners of the long slips that run up into the city. Great contention took place subsequently between the City and the State on this subject. Some such process seems to be going on at the young city of Crisfield.

In the mean time, rumor says there is a claimant looming up, who says he has a patent that covers the whole town.

[From The Wilmington Commercial.]

Do Peaches Pay?

We have frequently heard it said that peach culture does not pay, in the long run; but we doubt if many farmers have got more per acre for any other crop than Mr. E. C. Fenimore has received from peaches during the past ten years. He has, it is true, been so fortunate as to have a crop when other people had none, but taking it all in all, his revenue has not been a bad one. A correspondent of a country paper recently visited him, and found that his orchard is on the decline, but Mr. Fenimore gave him the following report of its past products.

In 1859 Mr. F. planted 110 acres in peach trees, which yielded as follows:

In 1861	191 bas. bringing	$	206,24
In 1862	1,894 "	"	868,34
In 1863	18,423 "	"	15,051,81
In 1864	25,964 "	"	18,443,98
In 1865	22,124 "	"	23,070,25
In 1866	13,675 "	"	29,266,07
In 1867	27,00 "	"	18,551,40
In 1868	4,250 "	"	15,281,68
In 1869	34,000 "	"	14,464,27
In 1870	16,029 "	"	15,607,76
	164,050 bas.		$150,811,80

This year Mr. Fenimore will gather but 12,000 baskets from his ninety acres, still remaining in peaches, which at their probable price of fifty cents a basket, will yield him $6000. We take it that the prices given are the orchard prices, that is the grower's actual receipts, exclusive of transportation and commission charges.

The figures also show that under some circumstances, a small crop is as good as a large one, as for instance in 1868 where the crop generally failed, yet Mr. Fenimore received as much for his meager yield of 4,250 baskets, as he got subsequently for an immensely larger yield.—That year he received $3 60 per basket.

—The steady increase of beer drinking in the United States has been frequently referred to of late, but some figures of the Internal Revenue Department will give a better idea of the real growth in the consumption of that beverage than vague statements have done. During the fiscal year, which ended on June 30th, the Department issued 22,703,808 beer stamps, of the value of $7,845,462, being an increase over the previous fiscal year of 2,297,653 stamps and $729,562.

Scissorinktums.

—Peter Cartwright is about dying.

—Judge William Leigh, a venerable Virginia jurist, is dead.

—Trouble is again reported from the collieries in the Schuylkill region.

—There is a colored girl in the Baltimore City Jail under sentence of death for infanticide.

—The Ohio & Mississippi R. R. has changed its guage from six feet to four feet nine inches.

—Mace and Coburn have agreed to fight on the 30th of November within one hundred miles of New York for $2,500.

—Frostburg, in Western Maryland, now lays claim to the manufacture of the first narrow-guage engine in the United States.

—An epidemic is prevailing to an alarming extent among the horses in New York city. One car company has lost 58 out of 400 that sickened.

—According to statistics just published, there were in the United States on the 30th of June 1871 298,637 members of the Order of Odd Fellows.

—A Richmond girl has been crying ever since the 2d of May, yet her hard-hearted father says he won't give her three shillings to buy a pannier.

—The subscriptions to the new Government loan now amount to $67,000,000. This saves the Government Treasury in annual interest $670,000.

—An old lady read about the strike of the wire drawers in Worcester, Mass., and said of all the new-fangled things wire-drawers must be the queerest.

—The wife of Colonel Alexander Hamilton died at New Brunswick, New Jersey, on Friday. She was a niece of President Monroe; her husband is son of the great Hamilton.

—Savannah, Ga., has received one of Thompson's new English traction engines, or road steamers. It works to a charm, and now Savannah ponders—What shall she do with it?

—The surplus of wheat for export from California the current harvest year will be little over 100,000 tons, which may be increased by the Oregon surplus 125,000 tons—say 4,000,000 bushels.

—They have a patent bathing machine for children at Cape May. It is a huge house on wheels, and is backed by cables into the sea. Suddenly the floor falls, and all the juveniles are thoroughly ducked.

—Gen. McQuade, Gov. Hoffman's Chief of Staff, publishes a statement to show that the Governor did not know that Mayor Hall would forbid the Orange procession on July 12th until the appearance of the order in the newspapers.

—There was a tremendous explosion at the United States Arsenal at Washington, on Saturday morning last, followed by a fire. The most unfortunate result was the destruction of a museum in which was stored a valuable collection of the weapons of all nations and ages.

—Eighty convicts in the Maryland Penitentiary are now employed at shoe making. the State receiving fifty cents per day for each hand. It is expected that $20,000 per annum will be realized by the State from this source. Fifty setts of harness are made per week, which are sent South, and 480 flour barrels per day, which are used in Baltimore. The only other branch of industry practiced within the penitentiary walls is the cutting and polishing of marble slabs for the general trade.

Fashion Notes.

Since dresses have been lengthened, low buskins, cottage shoes and new put ties are more in vogue; but for street walking costume high boots are still worn.

Fashionable marriage vow—We promise to love each other, and live in the same brownstone front till we are tired of each other and see some one we like better.

Queen Mary shoes have a wide silver buck'e, high, flat heel, and wide black silk low at the instep. Those who wear them generally fall down stairs.

A wide brimmed straw hat, with equally wide black band, appears to be the correct and generally recognized head-gear for seashore Beau Brummels.

Wide hemstiched handkerchiefs are once more the fashion, and are ornamented in the centre with initials or monogram.

Light colored silks are much in favor for afternoon or evening dresses, especially blue and lilac.

Sailors' hats are voted absurd for maidens of forty.

White breakfast robes are profusely embroidered with black braid.

White leather harness has been introduced by a sporting man at Long Branch.

THE PLAGUE OF NEW YORK CITY.—There are 20,000 tenement houses in New York city, and in these, it is said, fully half a million of people are crowded. The greater portion of them are huge barracks, littered all over with dirt and festering humanity. There are 294,000 persons living in such as these in New York city, according to the report of the board of health. The death rate, taking the average of all these, is seven per cent. per annum, while the rate of social destruction—crime engendered by the pestilent associations among the mass—is beyond calculation. It is probable that seven-tenths of all the crime committed in New York city—the murders and burglaries and those other demoralizing crimes that are included in beggary and prostitution—spring from the training of tenement houses. One of these tenements, Gotham court, is being rooted out. Upwards of 84 families (384 persons) lived in the one building, all huddled together in a mass of amazing filth and wretchedness.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE, July 24.—Wheat dull; white 132a150c; red, 125a135c. Corn quiet at 78 to 79c for white, and 73a74c for yellow. Oats 55a62c.

PHILADELPHIA, July 24.—Wheat dull and drooping; new red 130a140c. Rye 88c. Corn steady; yellow, 69a70c, mixed Western 66a68 cts. Oats sell at 65a66c for white: 60a62c for new.

THE DROUGHT CONQUERED!

Grinding by Steam.

BRING ALONG YOUR GRIST.

THE ENTERPRISE MILLS, near Denton, is now in full operation and runs constantly, the motive power being furnished by a steam engine. Wheat and corn ground at short notice, no matter how dry the season; so bring along your grain.

I guarantee to give you as many pounds of flour to a bushel of wheat, and of as good quality, if not superior, as any mill in the county.

☞A trial is solicited.

J. H. EMERSON.

Denton, July 20th, 1871.

JOB PRINTING

NEATLY EXECUTED

AT THIS OFFICE.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

The unexampled satisfaction that NATTAN'S CRYSTAL DISCOVERY has given in this city, as evidenced by the repeated orders of some of the first Druggists, induce us to direct especial and particular attention to the great fact that by its use you gain all the advantages claimed for the many poisonous compounds in use, to wit: the restoration of the color and growth of the hair and the speedy removal of dandruff, without the least possible injury—as Crystal Discovery is positively warranted to contain no poisonous substance, neither Lead, Sulphur or Silver.

Its perfect cleanliness is a reason not lightly to be overlooked; it will neither stain the skin or clothes—in one sentence, it is exactly what has been wanted for a long while, a Restorer of the Hair that may be used without the fear that you are going to have Neuralgia, Paralysys, Lead Colic and various other complaints, the result of the use of lead preparations.

As simply a Dressing for the Hair, it has also been found to be unexcelled.

Letters in our possession might be published by the score, all recommending it in the highest terms, of which we promise to give you some in future.

By all means try it, as we are satisfied it will give you entire satifaction. Price $1 per bottle. For sale by druggists generally.

ARTHUR NATTANS,
Inventor and Proprietor,
Washington, D. C.

To whom address all orders.

☞For sale in Denton by Chas. Stevens.

je29-1y.

SOMETHING NEW.

Free of charge! Call at Hugh Duffey's Drug Store, Hillsborough, and at Harris & Field's, Denton, and get a sample bottle of Dr. A. Boschee's German Syrup *free of charge*. It has lately been introduced into this country from Germany, and for any person suffering with a severe cough, heavy cold settled on the breast, consumption, or any disease of the throat and lungs, it has no equal in the world. Our regular size bottles 75 cents. In all cases money will be promptly returned if perfect satisfaction is not given. Two doses will relieve any case. Try it.

Use Green's August Flower for dyspepsia, liver complaint, costiveness, sick headache, &c. Never fails. Sold everywhere.

May 25-3m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MONEY.

Pressing demands compel me to request all persons indebted to me whose note or account has been standing over six months, to call and settle without further delay, as I need money and must have it to conduct my business in a correct manner, unless you can inform me how to keep up a stock of goods without the money.

jly27-tf. H. BLACKISTON.

8 O'CLOCK.

$375 A MONTH—Expenses paid—Male or Female Agents—horse and outfit furnished. Address, SACO NOVELTY CO., Saco, Me. jel-4w

Rifles, Shot-Guns, Revolvers

Gun materials of every kind. Write for Price List to Great Western Gun Works, Pittsburg, Pa. Army guns and revolvers bought or traded for. Agents wanted. 4

WANTED AGENTS everywhere to canvass for our great DOLLAR Paper. A fine $2.00 Steel Engraving given to every subscriber.—Extraordinary inducements. Address, B. B. RUSSELL, Boston, Mass.

THIS IS NO HUMBUG! By sending 35 cents with age, height, color of eyes and hair, you will receive by return mail a correct picture of your future husband or wife, with name and date of marriage. Address W. FOX, P. O. Drawer No. 24 Fultonville, N. Y. 4w

A GREAT CHANCE FOR AGENTS. Do you want a situation as agent, *local or travelling*, with chance to make $5 to $20 per day selling our new 7-strand *White Wire Clothes Line?* They last forever; sample free, so there is no risk. Address at once the Hudson River Wire Works, cor. Water St. and Maiden Lane, N. Y., or 16 Dearborn St., Chicago.

It has the delicate and refreshing fragrance of genuine Farina Cologne Water, and is indispensable to the Toilet of every Lady or Gentleman. Sold by Druggists and Dealers in PERFUMERY.

COLGATE'S EAU-DE-COLOGNE TOILET SOAP.

THEA-NECTAR IS A PURE BLACK TEA with the *Green Tea Flavor*. Warranted to suit all tastes For sale everywhere, and for sale wholesale only by the Great Atlantic and Pacific Tea Co., 8 Church St., New York. P. O. Box 5506. Send for Thea-Nectar Circular

jly27-4w

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

The Public schools of Caroline county will be opened on Monday, the 4th of September. The terms as arranged for the year are as follows:

The Fall Term beginning the 4th of Sept., and ending the 17th of Nov.

The Winter Term beginning the 20th of Nov., and ending the 16th of Feb., with a vacation from the 15th of Dec. to 2nd of Jan.

The Spring Term beginning the 19th of Feb., and ending 26th of April.

The Summer Term beginning the 29th of April, and ending 5th of July.

The School District Commissioners will employ their teachers by the term, contracting with them in accordance with the terms as thus arranged, at the salary of $70 per term for those holding second grade certificates; $90 per term for those holding first grade certificates, and $130 per term for those employed in the graded schools.

By order of the Board,
GEO. F. BEAVEN,
jy12-3w. Sec'y.

Plants for Sale.

300,000 WILSON'S ALBANY Seedling STRAWBERRY.
50,000 MAMMOTH CLUSTER RASPBERRY.
50,000 DOOLITTLE BLACK CAP RASPBERRY.
100,000 DORCHESTER BLACKBERRY.

Having for years past made the cultivation of Small Fruit a specialty, and knowing the value of pure stock, I will warrant the plants I sell to be true to name. Address,

JOSIAH WHITE,
Denton, Caroline County, Md.
jy-13-3w.

Monumental Marble Works,

MILFORD, DEL.

MONUMENTS,
BOX TOMBS,
Head and Foot Stones,
EITHER OF
ITALIAN OR AMERICAN MARBLE,
EXECUTED AT THE
LOWEST PRICES.
LOPES & SIPPLE.
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NEW STYLE HATS at BLACKISTON & HORSEY'S.

PROPERTY SALES.

FOR SALE.

A good two-seat Family Carriage with shifting top. Will be sold a bargain if applied for soon. Apply to

jy13-tf. J. H. EMERSON.



FOR SALE.

A young mare, 5 years old—qualities good. Price, $125.—A good milch cow will be taken as part payment. Inquire of

ap20-tf J. H. EMERSON.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE OF A FARM near GREENSBORO'.

The undersigned, in pursuance of the power contained in a mortgage from Charles Cornish and Margaret Cornish, his wife, to Moses Coker, dated the 30th day of November, 1866, and recorded in Liber J. J., No. 32, Folios 79 and 80, one of the Land Record Books for Caroline county, will sell at public auction, in front of Willis' hotel, in the town of Greensborough, on

SATURDAY, 12th day of August, 1871,

between the hours of 1 and 4 o'clock, P. M., all the right, title and interest of the said Charles Cornish of, in and to that farm, tract or parcel of land, situate in the Second election district of Caroline county, on the East side of the county road leading from Greensborough to Chilton's Saw Mill, adjoining the lands of Edward Wilson, Wm. C. Satterfield, Samuel H. Horsey and others, containing the quantity of

100 Acres, More or Less

and is improved by a small TWO-STORY DWELLING, Stable and other out-buildings, all recently erected. There is also a

PEACH ORCHARD

in bearing and other Fruit Trees.

This farm is about 1½ miles from Greensborough, where there is a station on the Md. & Del. R. R. and wharves on the Choptank. Churches, schools and mills are very convenient. The soil is adapted to the growth of grain and grass, and peculiarly well suited to raising fruits. There is an abundance of wood and timber for the use of the farm.

Terms of Sale, - - Cash.

Upon the payment of the purchase money and the ratification of the sale by the Court, a deed will be executed to the purchaser, stamps and title papers at his expense.

ANDREW B. ROE,
Executor of Moses Coker, Mortgagee.
jly20-tds

PROFESSIONAL.

Medical Card.

DR. M. A. BOOTH has returned to Denton, and offers his professional services to the public. When not professionally engaged, he may be found at his drug store.

GEO. M. RUSSUM,

REGISTER IN BANKRUPTCY,

OFFICE FOR THE COUNTIES OF CAROLINE, TALBOT AND QUEEN ANNE'S,

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Continues to practice in the Courts of Caroline. [jan1-y

ROBT. J. JUMP. WM. S. RIDGELY.

JUMP & RIDGELY,

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DENTON, MD.,

Will practice in the Courts of Caroline and the adjoining counties. [ja16-y

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Will visit Greensborough every Saturday, and Federalsburg every Wednesday.

Teeth extracted without pain by Nitrous Oxide Gas. Particular attention given to regulating and preserving children's teeth.

Teeth filled, cleaned, and artificial teeth inserted to the satisfaction of the patron. Patronage solicited.

All work guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Office—Nearly opposite M. E. Church. [ap1

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Agent Cecil Fire Insurance Company,

DENTON, MD.

Address all letttrs as above. [je15-6m

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In GREENSBOROUGH

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AT A VERY LOW PRICE

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Egg carriers furnished to regular shippers on application. [fe16-3m*

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jy14-2y.

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E. P. JUMP & SON,

Commission Merchants

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FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE.

I take this method to inform the community that I represent, as agent, several first-class Insurance Companies. Those wanting insurance will please call on or address,

WM. CONNELLY, Jr.,
ap6-tf Hillsborough, Md.

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