American Union

J. M. EMERSON Editor and Proprietor.

DENTON, MARYLAND:

Thursday Morning, Aug 1st 10th, 1871.

Eighty Dollars Will Buy

One of the neatest printing Hand Presses in the State. Size of platen 22x32. Is in perfect working order and everything complete, except chase. This is the same press upon which The Union has been printed for the last four years, and is only offered for want of use, having been set aside for a larger press in order that the paper might be enlarged. Any one desiring a Hand Press for job work will find this press an excellent one for this purpose. Address all inquiries to The Union, Denton, Md.

Valedictory.

With the present issue we sever our connection with this paper. Although we part from our patrons and friends with many regrets of sadness and sorrow, yet we are induced to this course from the fact that we aspire to a broader and more useful field of labor, where enterprise and energy will impart to us new life and bring out and develop all the faculties of our manhood. Our aspirations are upward and onward. Hence we leave our present field for one of more active labor and effort.

To those of our patrons and friends who have stood by us for more than four years past, amid gloom and sunshine, we tender our thanks and assure them that a remembrance of their many kind acts will ever be a source of consolation to our heart, and will cheer us in hours of gloom and despondency and nerve us to do battle for the right in whatever calling or position we may be called to fill in life.

Having been called suddenly away from our position we have but little to say concerning our separation. Indeed, we desire to say but little. It is the mute silence of the heart that feels in its inmost throbbings the grief that tongue nor pen can express. We have only to add farewell.

J. M. Emerson.

A bombshell has been thrown into the camp of the Ohio Democracy by Colonel Connell, one of the ablest writers and most popular speakers within the organization. It is in the form of a letter to Hon. A. G. Thurman, Chairman of the Democratic State Executive Committee, in response to an invitation from that body to take the stump in favor of the Democratic ticket lately nominated by the State Convention. This Colonel Connell very plainly and squarely refuses to do, on the ground, first, that Colonel McCook, the nominee for Governor, was not really nominated, and second, that the party is entering upon the canvass with a false platform, to which he and other true Democrats cannot subscribe.

A nice little sum.—The Secretary of the Treasury furnishes a statement showing the balances due from collectors of Internal Revenue, who are out of office, amounting in the aggregate to the nice little sum of $20,700,982.33. The sum of $87,616.29 is set down against C. H. B. Day, late collector for Delaware. The Government authorities should proceed to collect these claims in the shortest possible manner.

Where did the Dover *Delawarean* get its information relative to the "tent drawers at the Concord Camp?" There is not one word of truth in the whole statement.—There was no such thing as drawing for front row tents and no such custom has ever prevailed there. The *Delawarean* has been imposed upon by some one.

Wedding in High Life.—A wedding in high life was consumated on Thursday morning 3rd inst., at the Episcopal Church, Milford, Del. The happy couple were Hon. Thos. Biddel, U. S. Minister to San Salvador, (recently consul to Havana,) and Miss Laura, daughter of Mr. Samuel Sharp, of that town. The bride is youthful, possesses many accomplishments and is quite handsome.

Amongst the list of steamboat and railroad disasters which have been chronicled of late, we now have to add that of a train on the Delaware Rail Road in Christiana Creek, near Delaware Junction. The Wilmington *Commercial* closes its account of the accident by saying, "fortunately no one was injured." It would have perhaps been more appropriate to have said, fortunately this was a freight train and no one being on the train at the time, except the engineer and fireman, they escaped by jumping from the cars. The only thing that prevented a real railroad disaster was the want of living humanity to make up a scene of slaughter and death.

Our northern exchanges bring us rather an amusing account of Ben. Butler overboard in the Merrimac river. Butler in company with Col. French was on a yacht and in their, efforts to get into a yawl alongside they both got overboard. It is said that Butler took on board more water than is required for an average Congressman for a whole session.

Kentucky Election.

An election was held in Kentucky on Monday for State officers, members of the Legislature, &c. The Democrats have undoubtedly carried the State, electing the Governor and other State officers, but by greatly reduced majorities. The Republicans have made heavy gains throughout the State though not sufficient to overcome the heavy Democratic majority of last year.

Maryland Editorial Excursion.—The Association of Maryland Editors, at the invitation of the Baltimore and Ohio R. R. Company are on an excursion to Lake Erie. About fifty members of the Association accompanied by a few invited guests, left Camden Station on Monday morning in a special car provided for the occasion, with the necessary creature comforts to regale the inner man. Mr. R. J. Jump of this place, accompanies the excursionists as the representive of this paper.

New York Thieves---The Peach Swindlers.

Our peach growers are complaining of the low price of fruit. The cause they cannot exactly tell why. After reading the following expose from the New York *Times*, they will receive some light upon this subject.

There is, perhaps, no class of men more imposed upon than the farmer, and those who earn an honest livelihood by the "sweat of the brow." These "middle men," spoken of by the *Times*, stand between the producer and the consumer in almost every article of food and raiment. "They toil not, neither do they spin," they produce nothing, but by a system of speculation on the industry and honest toil of others, make a livelihood and often enrich themselves at the expense of the toiling masses. But we need not be surprised, or our sense of right shocked by a set of speculating thieves in New York city, when the millionaire and other high in official position, steal by the million—live in stately palaces and are regarded as the elite of society—their influence courted and the populace of this vast and mighty metropolis ready to do them reverance and cry out, "behold the gods!" Such is the influence of wealth, no matter by what means it may be acquired.

We scarcely know what measure ought to be adopted to remedy this state of things. The most feasible plan that suggests itself at present, is a wholesale system of canning our fruits at home. By adopting this method, we would give employment to thousands of laborers in our own midst, receive remunerating prices for our fruit, build up our own section in all that pertains to our material interests; extend our own communities by peopling our already too sparsely settled districts.—Have our peach growers ever given this subject a moments reflection? Have they ever reasoned among themselves concerning their own interests? Look at it. If you can buy trees—employ labor to cultivate them—pick them—pay freight and commission and then be swindled out of at least one-half of all that your fruit sells for, and then make money, and if after all this they pass into the hands of the city canner, and he too makes money, how much would be the profits of the peach grower, if he would can his own fruit and receive the profits which goes into the hands of these "middle men," located in the cities? But, you ask, when canned what are we to do with them? You have the whole world for a market. Your fruit is not likely to perish. Now, when sent to market it must be got rid of speedily, or it is a total loss. If properly canned it will keep a whole year, and you can ship it north, south, east and west; to Europe or around the world.

This Peninsula is the peach growing region of our vast country. No where else, perhaps, in the United States do they flourish so luxuriantly or produce such an abundant crop. You have the soil and the climate specially adapted to their culture. You can produce the finest specimen of the peach here to be found in all our country or perhaps in the world. Your experience and knowledge in their cultivation and growth is superior to that possessed by peach growers in other sections. Then why not combine this knowledge with the practical idea of how to make the most money out of them. Certainly if the city canner can buy your fruit at high prices, and make large profits, you ought to can them at less expense than they do and realize a fortune in a few years. By doing this you are encouraging honest industry at home and discountenancing and discouraging a system of petty swindling in large cities. The peach growers of this Peninsula are largely indebted to the *Times* for its expose of this villainous system of peach swindling.

We copy the following extracts from an exhaustive article in the *N. Y. Times*:

"The entire system of handling peaches in the New York markets, is arranged so admirably to favor the pecuniary interests of 'middleman,' who sell the fruit, that in some instances the consignees take the fruit, sell it, pocket most of the money, return the producer his baskets and crates, and a bill for freight and commission over and above the aggregate sum declared to have been received for the entire cargo. Such an occurrance is by no means uncommon, as midlemen have everything their own way. They all operate as a unit to get the fruit at the lowest possible figure, and to make as much profit on the repeated sales of the fruit as possible, before the supplies are purchased by consumers. Hence the money made in the peach traffic is snapped up by a few operators, who usually appropriate only a few hours per day at their livelihood, realizing during the brief space of time, enormous profits.

OPERATIONS OF WHOLESALE DEALERS.

Wholesale and retail dealers in peaches understand that as a rule the cargoes arrive at 2 or 3 o'clock in the morning, in Jersey City, when the exciting operation of disposing of the contents of a car commences. The consignor opens the car, and is followed by a squad of purchasers eager to strike a fine lot of fruit at a low price. The fruit is received in baskets holding about half a bushel—some more and others less—or in crates having openings sufficiently large between the slats to enable one to see and judge, in a measure, as to the quality and condition. An hundred baskets or crates, more or less, as the case may be, are offered for sale. After a thorough examination, one man will venture to make a bid for twenty-five, with the privilege of taking the entire lot at his option, as soon as he can remove the crates he may purchase. The purchaser is certain to have a large truck wagon at hand, so that fifty crates can be transferred from the cars in two minutes. The purchaser is careful also, to bid so low that if all the fruit should not prove to be sound, he will not be obliged to sustain a heavy loss.

NO STRIFE BETWEEN BIDDERS.

"There is seldom any strife between buyers and bidders. If any one attempts to purchase a line of baskets, all by-standers look on in silence until he retreats or closes his bargain. A fine lot of fruit purchased at a low figure by A, will aid B and C materially to procure such supplies as they may need at a still lower figure. A consignee seldom dwells long in effecting sales. Parleying and bantering between sellers and purchasers are of rare occurrence. In some instances, several licensed venders who have money only sufficient to purchase a few crates each, will agree to take ten crates apiece, after which they will deputize the shrewdest purchaser among them to bid off one hundred crates at the very lowest figure. Each one will then transfer his portion to the wagon, and hurry away to New York city or Brooklyn, and sell his fruit at an advance of two, three or four hundred per cent.

TRICKS OF LARGE DEALERS.

"In many instances John Smith, Jay Jones and Peter Funk enter into copartnership to buy and sell fruit, under the name of 'Smith, Jones & Co.,' Peter Funk being the Co. No one, save these three, knows that Funk has any interest in the business of the firm. Peter Funk has a fruit-stand, supposed to be his own, on another street from the stand of the firm. All consignments of fruit are made to 'Smith, Jones & Co.' When a cargo has arrived, Smith or Jones, or both, hurry away to the cars at the appointed hour of sale, and Peter Funk is always on hand. Well, he always pays whatever he bids, which is the only important requisite in the estimation of the consignees. Smith or Jones unlocks the car containing their consignment of peaches and offer fifty crates for sale. Purchasers are few. Peter Funk knows by the movements that the entire operation is under his control. 'Who wants that line of baskets,' says Smith, 'for $1 each?' No one bids.—'Come, Peter, buy that line,' says Smith. 'I want a hundred baskets of peaches, but I can't pay that price," replies Peter.—"Will you give ninety cents?' 'No.'—'Give me eighty?' 'No.' 'Well, take 'em at seventy.' 'No, I don't want 'em at that figure.' 'Well, tell what you will pay.' 'I'll take all your consignment at forty cents a basket.' 'Give me fifty and they are yours.' 'No, I'll not pay one cent over forty.' 'Take 'em,' says Smith.

"TRANSFERRING THE SUPPLIES.

"The fruit is then transferred to trucks, transported to New York, delivered at the store or stand of 'Smith, Jones & Co.,' and a portion at the shanty-stand of Peter Funk; then the bill of sale is rendered to the consigner, with a check for the amount, less the freight and commission, before one single *bona fide* sale has been made. There may be 2,000 or more baskets, a large proportion of which will be ready for sale in New York early in the morning. Then peaches will be quoted as dull at forty cents per basket, or eighty cents per crate. The farce sale is now over, and business commences.

"GENUINE TRAFFIC IN PEACHES.

"The peaches have arrived in excellent condition. Hence, the price is put up firm at $1 50 per basket. Selected baskets are held at $2 each. One jobber will purchase fifty baskets, another forty, another twenty. If 'Smith, Jones & Co.' hold their fruit at $1 50 ber basket, and a cash customer will not pay over $1 25 each, Smith, Jones & Co. will realize seventy-five cents on each basket, besides the regular commission on the farce sale. Hence they accept the $1 25: and the buyer sells them at his stand for $2 per basket, or double that amount for crates. In many instances a part of a cargo of peaches will change hands four or five times before consumers get the fruit; and every seller pockets a generous commission. In consequence of such underhanded and tricky operations, producers realize exceedingly low prices for their products, while consumers are required to purchase at such extortionate rates that they can scarcely afford to pay the prices demanded."

The New Departure.

The following plain and sensible article, under the above caption, is from a New Orleans correspondent of the Chestertown *Transcript*, and appeared in the last issue of that paper. The writer although a Democrat, puts the question in a true light and adds plain practical common sense with sound argument. We invite every candid mind, to a careful consideration of this subject:—

Enough has been written pro and con on this subject to interest the whole country, and particularly the national Democratic party, in having a direct understanding of what is proposed by its advocates and opponents.

A few plain questions and answers may throw some practical light on the subject. What is an amendment to the Constitution? Is it any less a part of the Constitution itself than any one of the original articles?

Both of these questions will be promptly answered by every man at all conversant with our constitutional history. An amendment, after adoption, is as much a part of the Constitution as any of the original articles.

The very corner-stone of State rights is found in the Tenth Amendment, which reads—

"The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively or to the people."

The supposed violation of the Amendment led to the late war, commencing with what was called peaceable secession, and ending in war and a bloody revolution, and no man, North or South, intimated that the obligation to regard this Amendment was less sacred than that to obey any original article.

It may then be safely asserted that all the Amendments make to-day a part of the Constitution itself.

The question then arises, how are you to get rid of a part of the Constitution when once adopted?

The answer is inevitable—either by the adoption of a new amendment which shall change and modify the old in the manner prescribed in the body of the Constitution itself, article fifth, or by a revolution, which means nothing more nor less than war.

The hopes of a peaceful revolution to modify the Constitution without following the forms prescribed are vain and delusive. No sane man entertains them.

But, say the opponents of the new amendments, they were adopted by fraud and are not legal parts of the Constitution. Grant it! The question still recurs how are you to remove them? Who is to pass finally upon the question of fraud? Is it a question within the competency of the Supreme Court? Is it not a *political question*, and has not the Supreme Court over and over again decided that it cannot pass upon such questions, but must confine itself to *cases* in which plaintiff and defendant appear clothed with the conditions that cause jurisdiction to attach in the United States courts? Are not the judges of the Supreme Court, under the Constitution and the creatures of it?

When and where have they ever undertaken to say that any part of the Constitution was without binding effect.

Is not their jurisdiction strictly limited by the Constitution itself, and the laws made by Congress in pursuance thereof?—How then can we extricate ourselves, if it be desirable, from the meshes of the new amendments?

I repeat, it can only be done by a new amendment, the right to which no party will dispute or by *revolution*. Is there a man of sound thinking in the country, and especially in the South, ready for this? I rather opine not.

Then why waste time in an idle grumble about the temporary inevitable?

The sting of the amendments, if any there be, can readily be extracted by repealing all the obnoxious laws in existence intended to enforce them.

A new administration, intent upon observing the spirit of the whole Constitution would soon sink into oblivion all that is now considered by many good patriotic men so dangerous in the new amendments.

So far as the South is concerned, the matter of suffrage is so essentially settled by existing State constitutions, that to them no enlargement can be made that will practically affect their interests, and the matter is really *res judicata* by their own acts.

Secession being dead and buried, the forms of law must be followed until a crisis demanding revolution, which means war—a crisis that no man of any party now considers near at hand.

No party dare deny either the right to amend the Constitution according to the prescribed forms, or the right of revolution inherent in all governments. We of course then accept the amendments just as we do the rest of the instrument, and they wait no more upon our acceptance than do the old articles.

We must and will obey the whole in good faith, so long, as they are in the bond.

In so doing we only act the part of good citizens; in refusing so to do, we impotent-defy a power that controls us.

The Export of Grain.—The activity in the exportation of grain is a striking feature in the produce market. Every day the outward flow of cereals acquires more importance. The reported engagement of grain on berth and charter, for prompt delivery, amount to about 427,000 bushels. For Liverpool by sail, deliveries extending to Saturday week, the engagements are at 8¾d.a9d. for corn, and 9¼d.a 9½d. for wheat; 115,000 bushels grain by steam, with in part similar privileges as to delivery to vessel at 9¼d.a9¾d. for corn and 10¼d.a10¾d. for wheat, closing with shipments at the highest figures in each instance. Other engagements are for ports in the United Kingdom, including Bristol, Cork and Glasgow, also for Antwerp and Bremen.

Respecting the increased arrivals of grain at lake ports, and the augmenting business of the canal, the Buffalo *Commercial Advertiser* has several interesting statements. The receipts at that port, estimating flour as wheat, during the month of July, were nearly three million bushels more than the receipts for the same month last year; and the receipts from the opening of navigation up to and including July 31, were 10,156,389 bushels in the excess of the receipts for the period in 1870. The shipments by canal show a corresponding increase. The exports of grain this season were 17,029,445 bushels, against 11,605,917 bushels in 1869. The low tolls policy has had a fair trial now for nearly half a season, and the result is an increase of shipments of more than 5,000,000 bushels of grain, and a large increase in the amount of tolls collected.—*Ballo. American.*

—Nearly every day some new development is made in the case of Mrs. Wharton. It is now alleged that Mrs. Alcock, and old and intimate friend, now in Europe, was poisoned before leaving Baltimore.

Up to Monday night there had been ninety-five deaths from the Westfield ferry boat disaster.

The Markets.

Baltimore, Aug. 9th.—Receipts of wheat heavy and market strong; red, 110a145c; white, 135a155c. Corn weak; white, 69a75c yellow, 68c. Rye steady at 65a72c. Oats dull at 44a48c.

Philadelphia, July 31.—Wheat quiet; new red Western 131a133c; old do., 146c; amber 140c. Rye steady; 68c. Corn quiet; yellow 68a70c; mixed Western 65¼66c. Oats quiet; at 45a47c.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT.

For rent for the remainder of the present year, the dwelling house, lately occupied by J. M. Emerson. Rent moderate.—Also, at private sale a lot of Carpets, Chamber setts, and other household articles. Apply to ag10-tf. J. H. EMERSON.

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Look to your interest. Send name and address to W. FLINT & CO., Phila., Pa.

CRUMBS of COMFORT!

Patented November 1, 1870.
SAMPLES FREE at all GROCERY STORES.
H. A. BARTLETT & CO., Phila.

RUPTURE. FEMALE WEEKNESS *Relief and Cure.*
SEELEY'S HARD RUBBER TRUSS & SUPPORTER. Cool, comfortable, light, cleanly and durable. Never rust, break nor soil (steel springs coated). Used in bathing.—Shaped to form. Best known. Send stamp for pamphlet, to J. B. SEELEY'S TRUSS & BANDAGE ESTABLSHMENTS, 1347 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa., and No. 3 Ann St., New York. [ag10-4w.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE
LIFE IN UTAH
BEING an EXPOSE of the SECRET RITES and MYSTERIES of MORMONISM.
With a full and authentic history of **Polygamy**, by J. H. BEADLE, Editor of the Salt Lake Reporter.
Agents are meeting with unprecedented success, one reports 186 subscribers in four days, another 71 in two days. Send for circulars and see what the press says of the work. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa. [aug10-4w.

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THE FOE OF THE CHURCH AND REPUBLIC.
What it has done. What it is doing and what it means to do. Its power. Its despotism. Its infallibility. Its frauds. Its relicts. Its miracles. Its Idolatry. Its persecutions. Its hatred of our public schools and of civil and religious liberty. Its startling crimes. Its horrid wickedness, and ITS NEW YORK RIOTS.
A book that is wanted everywhere. We want agents to introduce it in every county at once, and will pay them liberally. Send for circular. Address ZEIGLER & McCURDY 15 S. Sixth St., Philadelphia, Pa. [10-4.

L. P. BROCKETT'S popular history of the
BLOODY FRANCO-GERMAN WAR,
Now containing a full account of the
Fearful Reign of Terror in Paris,
Is selling beyond all precedent.
It is by far the most reliable and only complete and impartial history of that mighty struggle and its momentous results. 642 pages, nearly 150 spirited illustrations, price, only $2.40. 40,000 copies already sold. It is issued in both English and German, and is beyond question the fastest selling book extant. Wide awake energetic agents wanted. Terms extra. Now is the time to coin money.
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In Chemical and Medical Science



Dr. E. F. GARVIN'S
SOLUTION & COMPOUND ELIXIR
OF
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FIRST AND ONLY SOLUTION ever made in one mixture of **ALL THE TWELVE** valuable active principals of the well known curative agent,
PINE TREE TAR,
UNEQUALED in Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, and consumption.
CURES WITHOUT FAIL
A recent cold in three to six hours; and also, by its VITALISING, PURIFYING and STIMULATING effects upon the general system, is remarkably efficacious in all
DISEASES OF THE BLOOD,
including Scrotula and Eruptions of the skin, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, Heart Disease, and General Debility.
ONE TRIAL CONVINCES!
ALSO, A
Volatile Solution of Tar
For INHALATION, without application of HEAT. A remarkably VALUABLE discovery, as the whole apparatus can be carried in the vest pocket, ready at any time for the most effectual and positively curative use in
All Diseases of the NOSE, THROAT and LUNGS.
THE COMPOUND
Tar and Mandrake Pill.
for use in connection with the ELIXIR TAR, is a combination of the TWO most valuable ALTERATIVE Medicines known in the Profession, and renders this Pill without exception the very best ever offered.
The SOLUTION and COMPOUND ELIXIR of
TAR
is without doubt the Best remedy known in cases of
CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER.
It is a Specific for such diseases, and should be kept in the household of every family, especially during those months in which
CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER
are liable to prevail. A small quantity taken daily will prevent contracting these terrible diseases.
Solution and Compound Elixir, $1.00 per Bottle
Volatile Solution for Inhalation, $3.00 per Box
Tar and Mandrake Pills, 50cts per box.
Send for Circular of **POSITIVE CURES** to your Druggist, or to
L. F. HYDE & CO.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
110 E. 22d St., New York.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Teachers, whose certificates have expired in the lapse of three years from the date of their issue, are notified to make application before the Board on Tuesday, the 8th of August, for the renewal of said certificates. Also, persons wishing to appear before the Board for examination to secure certificates to teach in this county can avail themselves of this opportunity. By order of the Board,
It GEO. F. BEAVEN, Sec'y.

FOUND AT LAST!
A Fruit Jar to Meet the Wants of the People!
Mason's Patent Porcelain Fruit Jar
WILL NOT CORRODE THE FRUIT.
Also,
"THE PROTECTOR,"
For sale cheap at
au3-tf BLACKISTON & HORSEYS.

TRUSTEE'S SALE
OF A
VALUABLE FARM
NEAR DENTON.
By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Caroline county, in equity, the undersigned will expose at public sale, in front of the Court House door, in Denton, on
TUESDAY, 22nd of August inst.,
between the hours of 12 o'clock, M., and 5 o'clock, P. M., all that valuable farm now in the occupancy of Thomas Melvin, of which James H. Fountain died seized.
This real estate consists of a farm of
245 Acres Land, More or Less,
lying in Caroline county, about a-half mile of Denton, the county-town, and the same distance from the Choptank river. About Seventy Acres are in Woodland, and the remainder is arable land, and divided into five fields, three of them watered by a running stream of never failing water. The soil is of good natural quality, and has been considerably improved by lime and other fertilizers. There is on the farm an orchard of 400
PEACH TREES,
of excellent variety, and in a flourishing condition. Also, a thriving APPLE ORCHARD. There is also a variety of Cherries and other fruits.
The improvements consist of a comfortable two-story
Dwelling House,
with Attic, besides a Breakfast Room and Back Kitchen attached, and Cellar underneath the dwelling house. There is also on the farm a LARGE BARN, with Stables and Smoke-house, &c., and a small tenant house on the East side of the farm.
This farm, from its eligible location, lying on the North side of the county road from Denton to Hillsborough, and from its many conveniences, together with its improvements and productive soil, renders it a valuable property.
TERMS OF SALE.
The terms of sale, as prescribed by the Court, are: One-fourth the purchase money in cash immediately upon the property being struck off; balance in one and two years from day of sale, purchaser giving note with approved security, bearing interest from day of sale.
This property will be sold at the risk of Thomas Melvin, the purchaser at former sale, and the decree of April 3rd 1871 directs that, if the highest bidder shall fail then and there immediately to pay the purchase money, the Trustee may reject such bid and accept the next highest bid.
There will be exhibited at sale a plat of said land now on file among the papers in the case.
J. W. BRYANT, Trustee.
ag3-ts.

MONEY.
Pressing demands compel me to request all persons indebted to me whose note or account has been standing over six months, to call and settle without further delay, as I need money and must have it to conduct my business in a correct manner, unless you can inform me how to keep up a stock of goods without the money.
jly27-tf. H. BLACKISTON.

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NEATLY EXECUTED
AT THIS OFFICE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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For Asthma, Rose Cold, Hay Fever, etc.
"Nothing so successful."—T. Metcalf, *Druggist, Boston.* Recommended by Dr. O. W. Holmes. *It always relieves.* JOS. BURNETT & CO., Boston, Mass. Sold by all druggists.

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A good school for young men and boys.—Rooms for a few students in the family of the Principal. Send for a circular. Address A. S. VAUGHAN, Elkton, Md.

MAPLEWOOD INSTITUTE for Young Ladies, Pittsfield, Mass., long and widely known for great beauty of location and superiority of instruction.
jy6-4w. Rev. C. V. SPEAR, Principal.

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FAMILY LIQUOR CASES,
Each Case containing one bottle of
OLD PALE BRANDY. | HOLLAND GIN.
OLD RYE WHISKEY. | OLD PALE SHERRY.
FINE OLD PORT. | OLD BOURBON.
Guaranteed Pure and of the very best quality.
PRICE SEVEN DOLLARS.
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A good two-seat Family Carriage with shifting top. Will be sold a bargain if applied for soon. App'y to
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FOR SALE.
A young mare, 5 years old—qualities good. Price, $125.—A good milch cow will be taken as part payment. Inquire of
ap20-tf J. H. EMERSON.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE
OF A
FARM near GREENSBORO'.
The undersigned, in pursuance of the power contained in a mortgage from Charles Cornish and Margaret Cornish, his wife, to Moses Coker, dated the 30th day of November, 1866, and recorded in Liber J. J., No. 32, Folios 79 and 80, one of the Land Record Books for Caroline county, will sell at public auction, in front of Willis' hotel, in the town of Greensborough, on
SATURDAY, 12th day of August, 1871,
between the hours of 1 and 4 o'clock, P. M., all the right, title and interest of the said Charles Cornish of, in and to that farm, tract or parcel of land, situate in the Second election district of Caroline county, on the East side of the county road leading from Greensborough to Chilton's Saw Mill, adjoining the lands of Edward Wilson, Wm. C. Satterfield, Samuel H. Horsey and others, containing the quantity of
100 Acres, More or Less
and is improved by a small TWO-STORY DWELLING, Stable and other out-buildings, all recently erected. There is also a
PEACH ORCHARD
in bearing and other Fruit Trees.
This farm is about 1½ miles from Greensborough, where there is a station on the Md. & Del. R. R. and wharves on the Choptank. Churches, schools and mills are very convenient. The soil is adapted to the growth of grass and grass, and peculiarly well suited to raising fruits. There is an abundance of wood and timber for the use of the farm.
Terms of Sale, - - Cash.
Upon the payment of the purchase money and the ratification of the sale by the Court, a deed will be executed to the purchaser, stamps and title papers at his expense.
ANDREW B ROE,
Executor of Moses Coker, Mortgagee.
jly20-tds

PROFESSIONAL.

Medical Card.
DR. M. A. BOOTH has returned to Denton, and offers his professional services to the public. When not professionally engaged, he may be found at his drug store.

GEO. M. RUSSUM,
REGISTER IN BANKRUPTCY,
OFFICE FOR THE COUNTIES OF CAROLINE, TALBOT AND QUEEN ANNE'S,
DENTON, MD.
Continues to practice in the Courts of Caroline. [jan1-y

ROBT. J. JUMP. WM. S. RIDGELY.
JUMP & RIDGELY,
ATTORNIES AT LAW,
DENTON, MD.,
Will practice in the Courts of Caroline and the adjoining counties. [ja16-y

T. J. SMITHERS,
DENTIST,
Denton, Md.,
Will visit Greensborough every Saturday, and Federalsburg every Wednesday.
Teeth extracted without pain by Nitrous Oxide Gas. Particular attention given to regulating and preserving children's teeth.
Teeth filled, cleaned, and artificial teeth inserted to the satisfaction of the patronage solicited.
All work guaranteed to g
Office—Nearly opposite M.

WM. W. LOWE,
Agent Cecil Fire Insurance
DENTON, MD.
Address all letttrs as above.

MANTUAMAKI
We have just received from Mdme rest and others the latest styles and for ladies' dresses, &c., and are pre suit the tastes of the most fastidious.
Summer Clothing, Shirts
for gentlemen made in good style and a sonable prices.
Patterns for Sale.
Thankful for past favors we solicit a co tinuance of the same.
JULIA PARK,
ap6-tf ADDIE M. TODD.

MISCELLANEOUS.

R. R. R.
Radway's Ready Relief
CURES THE WORST PAINS
In from One to Twenty Minutes.
NOT ONE HOUR
after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.
It was the first and is
The Only Pain Remedy
that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application
IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES,
no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer,
Radway's Ready Relief
WILL AFFORD INSTANT EASE.
INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS.
INFLAMMATION OF THE BLADDER.
INFLAMMATION OF THE BOWELS.
CONGESTION OF THE LUNGS.
SORE THROAT, DIFFICULT BREATHING.
PALPITATION OF THE HEART.
HYSTERICS, CROUP, DIPHTHERIA.
CATARRH, INFLUENZA.
HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE.
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM.
COLD CHILLS, AGUE CHILLS.
The application of the **Ready Relief** to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.
Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.
Travelers should always carry a bottle of Radway's Ready Relief with them A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.
FEVER AND AGUE.
FEVER AND AGUE cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.

HEALTH! BEAUTY!!
Strong and Pure Rich Blood—Increase of Flesh and Weight—Clear Skin and Beautiful Complexion Secured to All.
DR. RADWAY'S
SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT
Has Made the Most Astonishing Cures; so Quick, so Rapid are the Changes the Body Undergoes Under the Influence of this truly Wonderful Medicines that
Every Day an Increase in Flesh and Weight is Seen and Felt.
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.
Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and juices of the system the vigor of life, for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, Glandular disease, Ulcers in the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumerous discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Eruptions, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worms, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb, and all weakening and painful discharges, Night sweats, Loss of Sperm and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.
If the patient, daily becoming reduced by the wastes and decomposition that is continually progressing, succeeds in arresting these wastes, and repairs the same with new material made from healthy blood—and this the SARSAPARILLIAN will and does secure—cure is certain; for when once this reme commences its work of purification, and s ceeds in diminishing the loss of wastes, its pairs will be rapid, and every day the patie will feel himself growing better and stronger, the food digesting better, appetite improving and flesh and weight increasing.
Not only does the Sarsaparillian Resolvent excel all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional, and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for Kidney and Bladder Complaints, Urinary and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, &c. [je22-1y.

THE DROUGHT CONQUERED!
Grinding by Steam.
BRING ALONG YOUR GRIST.
THE ENTERPRISE MILLS, near Denton, is now in full operation and runs constantly, the motive power being furnished by a steam engine. Wheat and corn ground at short notice, no matter how dry the season; so bring along your grain.
I guarantee to give you as many pounds of flour to a bushel of wheat, and of as good quality, if not superior, as any mill in the county.
☞ A trial is solicited.
J. H. EMERSON.
Denton, July 20th, 1871.

Monumental Marble Works,
MILFORD, DEL.
MONUMENTS,
BOX TOMBS,
Head and Foot Stones,
EITHER OF
ITALIAN OR AMERICAN MARBLE,
EXECUTED AT THE
LOWEST PRICES.
LOPES, ASHBY
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MILL

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