American Union

J. H. EMERSON, EDITOR.

DENTON, MARYLAND:

Thursday Morning, Oct. 19th, 1871.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

Jacob Tome, of Cecil.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,

Alexander Randall,

OF ANNE ARUNDEL.

FOR CONTROLLER,

Lawrence J. Brengle,

OF FREDERICK.

County Ticket.

For State's Attorney,
GEORGE M. RUSSUM.

For Sheriff,
JONATHAN EVITTS.

House of Delegates,
JNO. H. WILLIAMS,
ALEX. RIDGAWAY.

Orphan's Court.
SAMUEL M. CARTER,
JOHN NICHOLS,
BENNETT TODD.

Levy Court,
ELIJAH TODD,
A. S. GREEN,
WM. HYNSON.

County Surveyor,
ELI W. GORDY.

Maryland Saving Democracy.

The Democracy of Maryland possess in an unlimited degree the inventive faculty. They have had supreme control of this State since 1867, and yet, notwithstanding, they have held since that time, every office from Governor down to constable, they have just made the important discovery that Maryland needs saving. Who put the State in jeapordy? Who blasted her credit and bankrupt her treasury?—Who stained her fair escutcheon and dragged her from her position of honor down to financial ruin and disgrace? We answer, the Democratic party. They have been false to the State—false to those who placed them in power—false to our public interests—false to the rights of the minority—false to each other, and the people demand a change of rulers.

But this debt making and debt creating party have shown no desire, nor have they put forth an effort, to lighten the burdens of the people or to relieve the tax-payers from the yoke of oppression they have placed upon their necks. The odious and iniquitous militia law—the equally bungling and unjust oyster license tax upon the honest laboring men of toil—and though neither last nor least, the great Democratic swindle of a costly and expensive Oyster Navy put afloat upon the Chesapeake and her tributaries, to run down and overhaul the little canoes and pungys, confiscate them and bring their owners before some second rate justice of the peace to impose fines and penalties upon simple oystermen, who are striving by honest toil to procure an honest living for themselves, their wives and their little ones—take from them their hard earned dollars and afterward incarcerate them in the walls of a filthy prison—yes, all this and more; this pure and unadultered Democracy has done in this enlightened age and in free Maryland. And all for what? Why to perpetuate in power a set of political leeches, and suckers, who to day are holding on to the public teat and shouting boisterously, "let us alone—Maryland must be saved." They have saved the State with a vengeance. The people are ground down with State taxes. The counties are largely in debt, many of them, and local taxation has been doubled in some and more than doubled in others.—While this party remains in power we see no remedy. The future looks gloomy.—The people see no light ahead—no hope of relief. But there is hope—there is a remedy. It is in the hands of the people.—They put this party in power and they have the right of choosing their rulers.—Politics has brought all these evils upon us. We are in a dilema and the question, vital and important to us all, is to find a remedy. Democracy has betrayed its trust—has failed in its mission. Change your rulers.

A Political Scarecrow.

What a great bug-a-boo the colored man must be to the democratic whippers in who crack the whip so sharply over the heads of the privates in their ranks. Are the honest poor laboring white men of Maryland the slaves to Democratic party leaders? It would seem so, judging from the manner in which that party are endeavoring to force them to stand up to their nominations. The party lash is applied unmercifully to all who dare to think and act for themselves and as this party in the days of slavery acquired the right to apply the lash to the back of the slave, and the term slave having become obsolete, they are dexteriously applying the lash to the backs of white men. They at first try to frighten the timid by the cry of "nigger,"—"nigger," "equality of the races," "negro jurors," &c. and if these do no not have the desired effect, them comes coarse invectives, bitter denunciations, and the party lash, as a last resort, applied vigorously, and if all these fail, then he is denounced as a scalawag—a renegade—a black Republican, and held in ineffable contempt by the faithful.

Keep it before the People,

That COL. HAMILTON, in his speech at Greensborough said that *"any one who supported the Republican Party ought to be deprived of his liberty, for life."* This is nice talk for the the leader of a party that claims to protect *"personal liberty."*

Down With the Rings.

When the Democratic party came into power in this State, composed as it was, of all the former political factions and office hunting elements which hung upon the skirts of party, it could not have been expected to have lived in harmony but for a short period. How it has clung together until the present is a mystery to the most sagacious and far seeing of their best men. To-day it is torn by factions all over the State, and it requires but the success of the Republican ticket this fall, and it will go up like a rocket, explode and be seen no more in this State for evil.

The cause of this irritation and strife in the Democratic household is, that in every county and almost in every neighborhood, rings and combinations have been formed, and a few designing and dangerous men have usurped the power and assumed to control the party nominations. They have in too many instances been entirely successful, and the result has been, unfit and incompetent men have been placed in nomination. Often these nominees when elected regard not the wishes of the people, and are governed by no one, save the few friends who have been successful in procuring their nomination. Bargain's have been entered into between rival candidates and their friends, plighted faith broken, and those who had been looked upon as political friends, deceived, cheated and swindled.—Lying deception and fraud has been practiced upon those who should have been political friends until confidence and respect which is due between honorable men has been forfeited and lost. The honest, sober minded men, governed by generous feelings of a nobler manhood, have become disgusted and heart sick of this low dirty scramble for office and are making preparations to depart. They are down on rings and combinations and are willing to unite with all good men to correct this increasing evil. We notice that in some section of the State, fusion tickets have been formed, composed of Democrats and Republicans in order to suppress this rising tide of political corruption. This feeling is increasing, widening and deepening year after year and the times are propitious for coming good.

A Democratic Meeting.

A Democratic meeting was held at Greensborough on Saturday last and was addressed by Thos. H. Kemp and Col. Sam'l. Hamilton, of Easton. We learn from those present, that the meeting was not large and lacked that vim and enthusiasm heretofore manifested. Mr. Hamilton, we are told, talked for an hour and a half upon the beauties of the Democratic situation—the status of the negro—Radical misrule—the South and various other topics, and highly complimented General Grant and his Cabinet by declaring them a "nest of fiends." This is chaste language for a high toned gentleman and a member of Congress. We have heard it whispered by certain gentlemen, that they had formed better impressions of Mr. Hamilton, but they thought he had sounded the *key* note in this campaign too high, and that in this instance it was to be attributed to repeated and heavy potations of real Democratic whis-*key*, of the fighting kind, to be found nowhere else but in Caroline. Mr. Kemp also addressed the meeting for a short time; mounted the Democratic steed, but did not get firmly seated in the saddle before he gave way for Mr. Hamilton, who was the big "Injin" for this occasion. The last seen of Mr. Kemp, at this meeting, he had started South with the Ku-Klux bill under his arm. Mr. John Embert, from "Sockum," who is always on hand on such occasions, was the next speaker. This seemed to be the speach of the evening and raised more enthusiasm than either of the learned politicians who are so deeply learned in political literature. Mr. Zenos Dawson, of Church Hill, promised Mr. Kemp to be present and address the meeting, but he "failed to come to time."

Delaware Earthquake.

Our little neighboring State is getting quite sensational of late. Last week, while the citizens of the lower portion of the Peninsula, were enjoying the *shakes* to perfection, Wilmington and its surroundings, as if intending to monopolize the business, was seized with violent convulsions and the whole country for miles around was shaken to its very centre.—The people were greatly agitated in mind and have not been able to decide certainly whether it was an earthquake, an explosion, or some unaccountable phenomenon occurring in the mid heavens. Wonder if it was'nt the tidal wave of Republican victory which swept across the continent from California to Maine, and in its rebound to Pennsylvania, reached the borders of Delaware? Look out Delaware Democrats for the New Departure.

Stick a Pin There.

At the recent election in Philadelphia, the question of License was submitted to a vote of the people in one of the districts of that city, and the people decided by a majority of thirteen hundred votes against liquor license. This is a cheering indication of progress in the right direction. We would that the people were as sensible everywhere else.

The Elections.

The elections held last week in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Iowa have resulted in the the success of the Republican party by increased majorities. The majority in Pennsylvania is about 15,000—in Ohio, about 25,000 and in Iowa about 40,000. These majorities certainly endorse President Grant, and his prospect for a second term grow brighter every day.

THE time for the trial of Mrs. Wharton was fixed by Judge Miller at Annapolis yesterday for the 4th of December.

MAJOR HODGE, the defaulting paymaster, has been removed from Fort McHenry to the Albany Penitentiary.

Destructive Fires in Michigan.

The latest accounts from northern Wisconsin confirm all previous reports and rumors. The loss of life in the neighborhood of Pishtego will reach over twelve hundred, and fifteen per cent. of the injured cannot recover. A member of the Relief Committee, sent from Milwaukee with supplies, says the only survivors were those who were fortunate enough to reach water many throwing themselves in the mill pond and clinging to floating logs. A number of these were drowned, being thrown from the logs by maddened horses and cattle that rushed into the water. The fire swept over a tract of country eight or ten miles wide. Every building, fence, and all the timber were destroyed. The population of Pishtego numbered 2,000 a third of whom perished.

Reports from the east shore of Green Bay place the loss of life full as high as at Pishtego. The same accounts state that the immediate wants of the people are supplied, but large amounts of provisions and clothing will be required for the coming winter.

The Mayor of Milwaukee has issued an appeal to the people for aid.

Chicago Looking Up.

The latest intelligence from Chicago is more encouraging. In the Southern division of the city more than one thousand laborers are employed in cleaning away the debris preparatory to the erection of new buildings. The banks are ready and able to meet all demands that may be made upon them, which has inspired the public with confidence, and in a very short time, this city will rise from its ashes adorned in all the beauty and splendor of modern architecture. From all parts of the country voluntary contributions are pouring in to supply the wants and relieve the distress of the sufferers, and it is said that substantial aid to the amount of some five or six millions have already been subscribed.

A Daniel Come to Judgment.

Brigham Young has been arraigned on an indictment charging him with lascivious cohabitation, and when the usual question was propounded, "guilty or not guilty"—he replied "not guilty." He is represented to have appeared calm and not to have been disturbed in mind in his peculiar position. We hope the court before which he is tried, will give him that justice he so richly merits, and put an end forever to this wholesale system of polygamy which has prevailed to such an alarming extent in Utah among the Mormon population.

The Election Result.

The Chicago calamity absorbed public attention last week to such an extent that the returns from the important State elections held during the week almost passed without notice. Returns are not yet complete, but those already received show republican majorities of 40,000 in Iowa, 16,000 in Pennsylvania, and 22,000 in Ohio. In the latter State the Senate is reported to be a tie, while in the house the republicans have 13 majority. In California full returns give Booth (rep.) 5,068 majority for Governor.

Democratic Murders.

At the recent election in Philadelphia, last week, Democratic roughs in the 5th Ward, raised a riot and murdered three colored men without provocation. Here, three colored men, in full view of the Hall of Independence, from which eminated our Declaration of Independence, fell martyrs to the cause of Republican liberty, because they dared to do, what every freeman has a right to do, exercise the elective franchise.

Declines.

Wm. P. Preston, the nominee of the People's Convention of Baltimore county for State Senator, declines to serve. Mr. John R. Buchanan, of Baltimore county, announces himself as an independent candidate for State Senator, and although a democrat, declares his right to protest against the nominations made by bad men and forced upon the people against their wishes.

Discouraged but not Dismayed.

Twenty couples in Chicago have taken out marriage license since the late fire in that city. This speaks well for the enterprising people of Chicago. In the face of all obstacles such courage and pluck is bound to win.

Texas Correspondence of the Union.

Texas as a Stock Country.

Texas by itself has 3,800,000 cattle, divided into 950,000 beeves, 950,000 cows, and 1,900,000 young cattle—ranging from calves to 3 year olds. The plains on which these cattle roam contains about 160,000 acres of ground.

This number, as it will be seen, constitutes over one third more than the States of New York, Pennsylvania, and Ohio, three of the foremost states" in the Union.

The vast contract herein stated, will go to illustrate the inexhaustible wealth of Texas—as a cattle growing state. New York, with a population of four million, has but 748,000 cattle, of all description; Pennsylvania, with a population of three million; has only 720,000 cattle, and Ohio, with the same population of Pennsylvania, has the amount of 75,000 cattle—while Texas with 800,000 population, has 3,800,000 cattle.

The immense size of Texas, and its natural creation, I care not how great the advancement on the extreme frontier becomes, will maintain her continual improvement in the stock business.

The farmer may push onward to the frontier, can settle with all their might, along the principal rivers, but North and South of these beautiful streams, are thousands of acres of land, (prairie) that can never become accessible to any mode of cultivation; but the streams taking their rise westward, with vallies as rich and durable as in any country, well timbered, with the finest hay ranges in the world; will in my opinion, h[illegible] many a year before the farmer's ind[illegible]ry can ever reap any advantage from t[illegible]a, and I must say this improvement will be entirely owing to the General Government. Her delinquncy in giving protection to a people, who are to her, under the same obligation, as are those who enjoy the blessing of good Government, and the maintenance of moral and social intercourse, I must say, we enjoy neither.

Some say, a few more years like the past; a few deductions of a million acres of pasture lands in a single season, and Texas will be no more a grazing state than New York, Pennsylvania, or Ohio. Such is not the case, as any one with practical knowledge of the country will admit. For where the vallies is on one side, heavy bottom timber is usually found upon the other, and further back, as far as the eye can reach, stretch out those rugged uplands, upon which are feeding the cattle and the Buffalo.

The uplands are sometimes traveled for days, even then, the anxious traveler fails to see any human habitation, that he may find rest. Such is a great portion of our frontier country and without some extraordinary change in nature, the above described lands of Texas can never become adapted to farming.

It is true, if ever we receive protection from the Government again, and old settlers from the interior of the state begin to come to the frontier, and put in farms and made settlements in and about all the best parts applicable to farming industry, will be the cause of the cow men concentrating, which will be to their advantage, as well as being no disadvantage to the cattle. For half of 150,000 acres of land would maintain twice the amount of cattle if necessary.

It may appear to some that I am not doing justice to my own state, in not trying to recommend every acre, as subject to farming. I cannot do it, for if I did, I would be stating to the public that which is false, and impossible. I think we should be satisfied as the size of our state will give us more tillageable land then any other state with the addition of our wealth in cattle.

I make these remarks in consequence, of other remarks that have been made, in regard to Texas being a universal farming Country, and I don't consider I am doing my state an injustice for I would willingly give her every credit due, but I cannot see the idea of depriving her of the stock advantage to replace farming that cannot pay any better.

COMMUNICATION.

Mr. Editor,

The Editor of the *Journal* certainly must have been under the influence of his political tergiversations when he wrote the first and second articles in the last issue of his paper. He says "Keep it before the People.

That Radical success at the coming election means that negro children shall sit beside white children in our public schools. That white men shall throw dirt on our public roads and Negroes to drive them.

That negro Jurors shall be summoned and set in judgement upon the acts of white men."

If sir, the negro children shall sit beside our white children, the responsibility must rest with the Democratic party. Some may ask why upon them? A few words will explain it. Under a late law the county School Commissioners, (who have control of the school) are to be appointed by the Judges of our Circuit Courts, and not to be elected by the people, as of yore. Then if negro children attend our schools it must be by and with the consent of our Democratic School Commissioners, who are the only ones that can exercise that function. Then if the Republican party should succeed wherein can the Republicans admit the negro children in our public schools? I suppose the idea of "white men throwing dirt with negroes to drive them is an original idea with the *Journal*, or one of his candidates, who wishes to counteract the influence against him on account of the two days law. Such talk is all bosh.

Now as to the negro jurors. I must give the *Journal* man the credit to say, that he did not believe such doctrine at the time he wrote it. He is certainly aware that the jurors are selected by the Judges of our courts from a list of taxpayers furnished by the Clerk to the County Commissioners, the Judges select 150 good men and place them in a box—48 of which are drawn by a deputy, Clerk, the first 23 are to be the grand jury and the remainder the petit jurors. The sheriff then summons the ones drawn as selected by the Judges, (who are all Democrats throughout the State,) cannot by law or otherwise summon any others.

If we are to have any negro jurors to sit in judgement against the white men, it must be done by the Democratic Judges and not by the success of the Republican party. Such electioneering schemes show not only the desperation to which our opponents are driven, but the utter regardlessness of truth. The second article shows so plainly that it is a disposition on the part of the Democratic party to try to divide the colored vote that it is useless to say any thing about it. We will defer saying more in regard to it for the present, but will continue to note their actions around the corners, after night.—I observed some of the Democratic candidates button-holing some of their colored friends and namesakes.

Republicans watch the movements of Tweed, Sweeney, Oakey Hall, Connolly, & Co., and not allow any more Tammany frauds.

Yours,
REPUBLICAN.

FOR THE UNION.

Andersontown Caroline County Md., Oct. 12th. 1871.

HON. N. C. ELY,
Pres't. N. Y. Farmer's Club.

SIR.—As I have been a constant reader for many years of your valuable club reports, I was very much surprised at the answers given to Mary Allis, Corning, in the report of your meeting of Sep. 26th, in regard to Caroline Co., Md., why so many people went west, when land was advertised so much cheaper and nearer market in Caroline Co. Md. As they seem so unjust, I thought they should be noticed. I am a Northern man and came to Maryland five years ago, and bought a farm in Caroline Co., and have lived on it ever since. I can truly say, I never lived in a place where the people were more kind and friendly than they are here. They will lend you anything they have, even to their best room and bed, will take you in until you get settled, without money and without price.—I will admit that some of the land is poor, but it is easy tilled and easily improved.—We do not expect to compete with the west in raising corn and wheat, but we can compete with your boasted Jersey in raising peaches and small fruits. Some of the best peaches you have had in New York market the past fall came from Caroline Co. Md. I know a man who came here from Jersey three years ago, and bought what I call a poor farm, from which he has sold the past season $2000, worth.—He is cultivating small fruit, and but just begun. There are many more men from the North who have bought farms in this county. Also, men formerly from the North, who have lived in the west, have come back here and bought farms, and are doing well. There is room for thrice as many more. All will be welcome, and they can all do well who would do well anywhere farming. I know a patch of strawberries of 1¾ acres, from which has been picked and shipped to New York, this year, over 5000 quarts, the most of the patch the third year in bearing. I never heard the people here call me or any other Northern man, "Yank," and as for John Brown, I have not heard his name mentioned since I have been here. You can go from New York, to any part of Caroline County, Md., for $10 or less.

Respectfully Yours,
M. T. TOWNES.

The Sort of Fellows They Are.

Judge Barnard in the course of his charge to the grand jury of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, in New York, on Monday, referred to the official corruption in that city in the following emphatic language:

"Men are holding office in the city of New York not appointed by any particular men now in office, who have been there for years and years, appointed by Republicans when in power, or Democrats when in power, who *never pretend to come near the City Hall except to get their pay on the first day of the month, and some of them don't live in the city. It is safe to say*, and my observation justifies me in saying that nearly all the *fast horses and fast women in the city of New York are supported out of the City Treasury*, and for the purpose of stopping that I simply call your attention to it, so that some of these men holding sinecure offices may go to work and get an honest living if they can, or else take to the highway, so that at least we can send them to the State Prison or to the gallows."

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 26th, 1871.

FLOUR—	
City Mills,	$8.00
Patapsco Family,	10.75
Chesapeake Extra,	9.75
GRAIN—	
Wheat—white,	$150@180
" red,	165@180
Corn—white,	72@87
" yellow,	77@78
Rye,	95@100
Oats,	50@51

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ATTENTION! 6 1-4 Cents Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, about October 9th, 1871, a negro boy named Isaac Henry Butler, an indentured apprentice to me. Said boy is about sixteen years old, and of dark color. I hereby forwarn all persons from employing or harboring him. The above reward will be paid to any person or persons returning him to me.

ALFRED DAVIS,
oct19-3w. Near Federalsburg, Md.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

THE Board of County School Commissioners will meet TUESDAY, October 31st, when they require to appear before them for examination those teachers who may be engaged in any of the Public Schools without the certificate required by law. A disregard of this notice by those who may be thus employed will forfeit their official recognition by the Board. On this day, also, any desiring to teach can present themselves for examination. By order of the Board,

oct19-3w. GEO. F. BEAVEN, Sec'y.

NEW FALL

AND

WINTER MILLINERY.

MRS. A. P. HUTSON,

HAS just returned from the city with a full assortment of

Fall & Winter Millinery,

embracing all styles of Ladies HATS, BONNETS, FLOWERS, &c., all of which will be sold on the most favorable terms. Call and examine before purchasing. A. P. H.

oct19-tf.

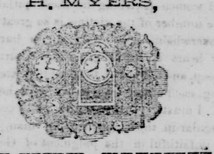
Notice to Trespassers.

WE, the undersigned, forwarn all persons nonresident of the 4th election district, from trespassing upon our lands and enclosures with either dog or gun as the law will be strictly enforced against such offenders.

W. B. Waddell,	Wm. K. Miley,
J. W. Dean,	L. K. Collison,
Wm. Sisk,	L. W. Robinson,
J. H. Holmes,	J. R. Knowles,
S. T. Turner,	J. A. Dillen,
Aaron Towers,	A. J. Willis,
Collison Waddell,	J. H. Turner,
R. M. Messick,	Elias Hubbard.
Jeremiah Nichols,	

oct19-3t.

H. MYERS,



SILVER SMITH,

DENTON, MARYLAND.

THROUGH this medium, acquaints the public of Greensborough and neighborhood, that he has made arrangements with Messrs. Turpin and Jarman, Hardware merchants at Greensborough, to receive and forward work to be repaired, which when done will be returned to Messrs. Turpin and Jarman for delivery, who will receive payment for the same. H. M.

oct19-1m.

VALUABLE

TOWN PROPERTY

AT

TRUSTEES' SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Caroline county, the undersigned, as Trustees, will expose at public auction, in front of Willis' hotel, in Greensborough, on

SATURDAY, 4th day of Nov. next,

between the hours of 1 and 4 o'clock, P. M., of that day, the following property, to wit:



All the right title and interest of the parties to the suit in and to that valuable Hotel property and store house, situated at the corner of Main and Railroad streets, in the town of Greensborough, now in the occupancy of Thomas Bell and Andrew S. Green.—This property is eligibly located, in fair repair, and well constructed for the purposes of a hotel, having four large rooms on the first floor and seven on the second, and is further improved by stables, carriage-houses and other out-buildings.

ALSO,

A lot adjoining the above, containing one-half of an acre, more or less, improved by a new one and a-half story frame dwelling with shed kitchen attached and some out-buildings.

Terms of Sale.

The Terms of sale are: One third cash, balance in equal payments of six and twelve months. The deferred payments to bear interest from day of sale and to be secured by the bonds or notes of the purchaser, with sureties to be approved by the Trustees.

Title papers and stamps at expense of purchaser. Sale Peremptory.

ROBT. J. JUMP,
WM. S. RIDGELY,
oct12-ts Trustees.

FISH—Mackerel, Shad and Herrings—at LOOCKERMANS'.

Registration Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will attend at his office, in Henderson, between the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M., and 6 o'clock, P. M., on Monday the 23d, and Tuesday the 24th days of October, 1871, being the 4th Monday and Tuesday in said month, for the purpose of correcting the book of Registration and published list of voters of the 1st district in pursuance of the Act of the General Assembly.

JAS. N. SMITN,
Officer of Registration fer 1st E. D.

Registration Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will attend at his office, in Greensborough, between the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M., and 6 o'clock, P. M., on Monday 23d and Tuesday, 24th days of October, 1871, being the 4th Monday and Tuesday in said month, for the purpose of correcting the book of registration and published list of voters of the 2nd district in pursuance of the Act of the General Assembly. JAS. A. ROE,
Officer Registration for 2nd E. D.

Registration Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will attend at his office, in Denton, between the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M., and 6 o'clock, P. M., on Monday 23d and Tuesday 24th days of October 1871, being the 4th Monday and Tuesday in said month, for the purpose of correcting the book of registration and published list of votes of the 3rd district in pursuance of the Act of the General Assembly. JAS. B. STEELE,
Officer Registration for 3rd E. D.

Registration Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will attend at his office in Harmony, between the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M., and 6 o'clock, P. M.. on Monday the 23rd; Preston, Tuesday the 24th day of October, 1871, being the 4th Monday and Tuesday in said month, for the purpose of correcting the book of registration and published list of voters of the 4th district in pursuance of the Act of the General Assembly.

JAS. E. DOUGLASS,
Officer Registration for 4th E. D.

Registration Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned will attend at his office in Federalsburg, between the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M., and 6 o'clock, P. M., on Monday the 23d and Tuesday the 24th days of October, 1871, being the 4th Monday and Tuesday in said month, for the purpose of correcting the book of registration and published list of voters of the 5th district in pursuance of the Act of the General Assembly.

ELI. C. GULLETT,
Officer Registration for 5th E. D.

VALUABLE

TOWN PROPERTY

AT

TRUSTEES' SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Caroline county, the undersigned, as Trustees, will expose at public auction, in front of Willis' hotel, in Greensborough, on

SATURDAY, 4th day of Nov. next,

between the hours of 1 and 4 o'clock; P. M., of that day, the following property, to wit:



All the right, title and interest of the parties to the suit, in and to all that lot, situated in the town of Greensborough, on the East side of main street, containing one-half acre of land more or less, known as the "Bakery." The improvements consist of a small frame dwelling house, brick Bakery and other out-buildings.

Terms of Sale.

The Terms of sale are: One-third cash, balance in equal payments of six and twelve months. The deferred payments to bear interest from day of sale and to be secured by the bonds or notes of the purchaser, with sureties to be approved by the Trustees.

Title papers and stamps at expense of purchaser. Sale peremptory.

ROBT. J. JUMP,
WM. S. RIDGELY,
oct12-ts Trustees.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

624 1-2 ACRES FINE FARMING LAND NEAR GOLDSBOROUGH STATION CAROLINE COUNTY MD.

BY virtue of a deed of trust from Robert Hardcastle, deceased, late of Caroline Co. and State of Maryland, and Annie, his wife, I will sell at public sale, at the hotel in Greensborough, in the county and State aforesaid,

SATURDAY, 28th day of October, 1871.

At 2 o'clock, P. M.,

A large tract of valuable farming and timber land situated within two miles of Goldsboro' Station, on the Maryland and Delaware Railroad, on the road leading from Goldsborough to Beaver Dam, also on a road leading from Henderson Station, on said railroad containing in the aggregate

624 1-2 ACRES.

Which will be sold in separate parcels, as hereafter described, or as a whole, as may prove most advantageous to the estate.

The property was recently surveyed and divided into five parcels, as follows:

No. 1—Containing 109 acres of land, 146 of which are cleared and under good cultivation, the balance in wood and timber of good quality. This tract has erected thereon a large two-story brick mansion, large frame barn, carriage-house, dairy-house and various other necessary and convenient buildings, all in fair repair. There is also a peach orchard of about 200 trees on the place. Land of good quality, and adapted to the growth of corn, wheat, rye, grass and fruits of all kinds.

No. 2—Containing 212½ acres of land, 86 of which are cleared and under cultivation and 120 well set in oak and other heavy timber. The improvements are a two-story frame dwelling, with one-story building attached, all in good repair; also stables, carriage-house, granary, corn-cribs, &c.

No. 3—Containing 111 acres of land, 30 of which is woodland, the balance high land of excellent quality, splendid for peach trees or any kind of crop.

No. 4—Containing 82 acres, 57 cleared, 25 woodland, well set in heavy white oak.—There is a peach orchard of about 500 trees on this place. No buildings. Land of fair quality.

No. 5—Containing 29½ acres of woodland of heavy growth. Adjoins No. 2. No improvements.

Persons wishing to purchase farming land are invited to examine this property before the day of sale, it being all advantageously located and the land of fine quality. The place will be shown by the tenant on the farm Henry Saulsbury, or by Dr. Hardcastle, on the adjoining property.

☞ Possession will be given on the 1st day of March, 1872.

Terms of Sale.

Ten per cent. of the purchase money will be required on the day of sale, to be forfeited if the other terms are not complied with, otherwise to form part of the first payment; six thousand dollars on the confirmation of the sale at the next April term of the Circuit Court in and for Caroline county. Three thousand dollars with interest on the whole sum unpaid in six months thereafter, and the residue in three equal annual payments, interest payable annually, all to be secured by bond and mortgage. Title papers and stamps to be at expense of purchaser. Should the land be sold in parcels, as above described, the purchasers will be subject to the above terms in proportion to the amount of their purchases.

JOHN W. CULLEN,
oct 12 tds Trustee.

FALL ARRANGEMEN

Chester River Steamboat Co.



On and after Monday, October 2d

THE STEAMER

GEORGE LAW

Will Leave Crumpton every Monday, W[illegible] day and Friday, at 6.45 o'clock, A. M. [illegible]ping at Chestertown, Rolph's, Booker[illegible]ker Neck, Gray's Inn, leave Queenstown A. M. and Kent Island 10½ A. M., arri[illegible] Baltimore at 1 P. M. Returning, leave [illegible]more, every Tuesday, Thursday and [illegible]day, at 10½ o'clock, A. M., making the [illegible]stops. Arriving at Queenstown at 1 P

Freights received on Mondays, Wedn[illegible] and Fridays, and in all cases must be paid. Passengers will have no trou[illegible] Queenstown as the Boats always com[illegible] the wharf—the creek having been dee[illegible]

A. T. JOYNE[illegible]
Agent Chester River Steamboat
Oct12-tf.

A VALUABLE

AND

IMPROVED FAR[illegible]

And Personal Property at

TRUSTEE'S SAL[illegible]

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust from Simeon West, Senior, the undersigned, as Trustee, will expose at public auction, at the residence of the said Simeon West, on

Wednesday 8th *day of November next,*

between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M. of that day, the following real estate, to wit: All the right, title and interest of the said Simeon West, in and to the FARM whereon he now resides, situate on the county road about one mile from Marydel, a town on the Maryland and Del., Railroad. The farm contains

140 Acres, More or Less

and is improved by a new

TWO STORY DWELLING,

40 by 20 feet, seven rooms; new BARN, 32 by 20 feet; CARRIAGE HOUSE, STABLES, DAIRY and other outbuildings. There is a young

Peach Orchard of 500 Trees.

well selected and in fine condition. Also, an

APPLE ORCHARD

AND DWARF AND STANDARD Pear Trees. About 25 Acres of this land is in wood and timber; the balance arable. The soil is well suited to the growth of grass, grain and fruits of all kinds, and easily improved. The neighborhood is pleasant and the country around rapidly improving. Railroad Station, Churches, Schools and Mills very convenient. Also,

32 ACRES OF WOODLAND

situated about 250 yards from Marydel, adjoining the land of Jas. Bedwell and others. Also.

7 Acres of Wood Land,

adjoining the lands of Rev. C. S. Riday and others. Also, the following

Personal Property;

to wit:—One Black Mare; one York Carriage; two Milch Cows; one Wheat Fan; one Cart and Farm Wagon; two Plows and two Harrows.

TERMS OF SALE.

One third cash, balance in equal instalments of six and twelve months, or cash at the option of the purchaser. The deferred payments to bear interest from day of sale and to be secured by the bonds or notes of the purchaser, with security approved by the Trustees. Title papers and stamps at the expense of the purchaser. ROBT. J. JUMP,
WM. S. RIDGELEY,
Trustees.

Election Notice.

To the Judges of Election & Voters of Caroline County.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Judges of Election and the Registered Voters of Caroline county, that an election will be held *Tuesday 7th day of November next,* (1871,) at the usual places of voting in the several Election Districts of said county, that is—

For District No. 1, at Henderson.
" " " 2, at Greensborough.
" " " 3, at Denton.
" " " 4, at Harmony.
" " " 5, at Federalsburg.

And the election so to be held is for the purpose of electing gentlemen to fill the following offices, viz:

One person to be Governor of the State of Maryland;

One person to be Attorney General of the State of Maryland;

One person to be Comptroller of the Treasury of the State of Maryland;

Two persons to represent Caroline county in the House of Delegates of Maryland;

Three persons to be Judges of the Orphan's Court for Caroline county;

Three persons to be County Commissioners for Caroline county.

One person to be State's Attorney for Caroline county;

One person to be Sheriff for Caroline county;

One person to be County Surveyor for Caroline county.

The polls to open at 9 o'clock, A. M. and close at 6 o'clock, P. M.

R. K. RICHARDSON,
Sheriff of Caroline county.

NOTICE

To Hotel Keepers and all others who deal in LIQUORS.

For the information of all persons concerned the following Act of the Legislature, passed March 24th, 1865, is published:

CHAPTER 191.

AN ACT prohibiting the sale [illegible] or fermented liquors in the several counties of the State on the day of Election.

SECTION 1.—*Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland* That it shall not be lawful for the keeper of any hotel, tavern, store, drinking establishment or other place where liquors are sold, or for any person or persons directly or indirectly, to sell, barter, give or dispose of any spirituous or fermented liquors, ale or beer, or intoxicating drinks of any kind on the day of election hereafter to be held in the several counties of this State.

SEC 2. *And be it enacted,* that any person violating the provisions of this act shall be liable to indictment by the Grand Jury of the county where the offence is committed, and shall upon conviction before any Judge of any of the Circuit Courts of this State, be fined a sum not less than fifty dollars, nor more than one hundred dollars for each and every offence, one half of the fine to be paid to the informer, and the other half to the County Commissioners for the use of the public roads. R. K. RICHARDSON,
oct12-te Sheriff.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

NOTICE to the creditors of Ennalls Dickinson, col., is hereby given to file the claims with the proper vouchers with the Register of Wills for said county an or before the 26th day of October, 1871, to take their dividend in the personal estate of said deceased's estate.

CHAS. W. JEFFERSON,
oct5-3w. Exec'r of E. Dickinson, dec'd.

JOB PRINTING

NEATLY EXECUTED

AT THIS OFFICE.

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