American Union.

J. H. EMERSON, EDITOR.

DENTON, MARYLAND:

THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 15, 1880.

The "UNION" is the leading newspaper of the county. It is taken by all the leading Merchants, Professional and business men of the county. It circulates extensively among our farmers and it is the object of the publisher to make it an indispensable necessity in every household.

Political Notice.

The Republicans of Caroline county are requested to meet at the voting places of their respective districts on

SATURDAY, APRIL 24th, 1880,

at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of selecting five delegates to the Republican County Convention to be held at Denton on

TUESDAY, 27th day of APRIL NEXT,

The County Convention will appoint three delegates to the Republican State Convention to be held in Frederick, and attend to other business.

RON'T. J. JUMP,
C. H. TODD,
JAS. MASSEY,
State Central Com. for Caroline Co.

Who will be the Candidate?

It still remains in quite painful uncertainty as to who will be the Republican candidate for President. There is a decided lull in the Grant boom, and only Senator Cameron and a few of his other most devoted followers seem imbued with the idea that Grant will be the man. The movement for Grant was started so soon that it ran the risk of losing its strength before the assembling of the convention, and it looks as though this would be the case. There was a time when the tendencies were unquestionably Grant-ward, but the more the matter is discussed the more evident it becomes that Grant is not the man upon whom there would be that united and enthusiastic rally that is so desirable at this time. Grant has gotten, however, a goodly number of pledged delegates, and will necessarily go into the convention with a strength that is not to be underestimated.

Mr. Blaine is very evidently gaining ground. Much of the enthusiasm which was so striking in the following he received in 1876 is returning again, and it looks more likely every day that he will be the nominee. His career in the House and Senate has given him an opportunity for winning the applause and favor of the people, and we doubt whether any one could be nominated whose name would arouse more enthusiasm, or result in a more wide-awake campaign. Many who fought Blaine's nomination four years ago are now doing all in their power for him, and there are no murmuring of bolting with him as the standard-bearer.—It would seem therefore that the probabilities are largely in favor of either Grant or Blaine, these two being, by all odds, the leading candidate. But there are other lesser lights, whose nomination would be acceptable, and who would receive the support of the party.—There is James A. Garfield, of Ohio. The main objection to him is the fact that he comes from Ohio, the home of the present incumbent of the Presidential chair. He is comparatively young, vigorous, a man having breadth of learning, and a Republican through and through Neither is he an obscure man. His record in the House is that of a leader in the party for years, and he is just now on the eve of taking the seat in the Senate so long filled by Mr. Thurman. The party might go a good deal further and fare a good deal worse than by taking Mr. Garfield.

There does not seem to be any real reason why the West should monopolize the Presidential candidates, and so we are pleased to see the name suggested of Senator George F. Edmunds, of Vermont. His long, able, and useful Senatorial career has made his name familar to all who are conversant with Congressional proceedings, and he is everywhere recognized as one of the leading statesmen of the present day. With a cool head and clear judgment, eminent ability and unquestioned integrity, he presents the qualities most desirable in an executive officer, and no one doubts would make an able President, whose administration would be marked by broadest statesman—ship and the wisest policies. His candidacy would ensure unison and harmony, and his election would tend to strengthen the Republican party.

We have much faith in the intelligence and common sense of the members of the party, and feel sure that with so much good material from which to select, that a candidate will be chosen whose "name will be a platform," and who will be triumphantly elected, whether he happens to be one of the few that we have mentioned above or some one not now so prominently mentioned.

Two cases of arrest on the charge of passing counterfeit money, which occurred in New York recently, illustrate the importance on the part of shopkeepers of exercising a wise discretion in such matters. In one of the cases in question, a man was arrested at the instance of a cigar seller for passing a bad silver quarter. At the station-house a policemen pretended to recognize in the prisoner an old offender. Nevertheless, an investigation showed that the man was an industrious mechanic, of irreproachable character, and, moreover, that the money was perfectly good. The other case was that of a well-known citizen, who was locked up on the charge of offering a spurious five-dollar gold piece in payment for some trifling purchases. The prosecution was so confident that he was right that he refused to listen to the prisoner's offer to produce satisfactory witnesses as to his character; but in the end, after a number of experts had been examined, was compelled to admit that the coin was genuine. But for the fact that the money in both cases was found to be good, it might have gone hard with the prisoners; yet they might very well have passed counterfeit money without any dishonest intent. In the days of the old wild-cat issues of state banks, everybody was his own counterfeit detector; but few persons nowadays are either able to recognize a counterfeit when they see it—unless it is a very bad one—or take the trouble to scrutinize their money very closely.

CRITICISING the way in which Southern newspapers have assailed the recent decisions the United States Supreme Court in the civil rights and election cases, the Vicksburg (Miss.) *Herald*, a Democratic paper, tells its readers plainly that the time has come for the South to cease championing the state-rights doctrine; and that "if it be as vital a doctrine as it is contended it is, the South may safely wait until self interest shall prompt its assertion and support by some other section of the country."

A PEACEMAKER among the Democrats is badly wanted. As an experiment, he might commence with the business of reconciling Manning, Donnelly and Springer, and then pass on to sparks and Clymer; after which he could tackle the fearful problem of Tilden versus Kelly. The hour is here, but the man is wanting.

Mr. Tilden's Irresponsibility.

Mr. Tilden has been interrogated as to whether Mr. Finley had any right to represent him in the recent case of Donnelly's election. As might have been expected, Mr. Tilden denies that any one had any authority to act for him in this matter. Of course no one will doubt Mr. Tilden's word. But when the reflected citizen begins to think over the matter, he will naturally want to know the nature of this man Tilden, whom so many men claim to represent, and who so steadfastly denies ever having had any agents whatever. They will, impertinently, perhaps, desire to be informed whether this man, who has been lauded as the learned barrister and the shrewd politician, is such a gullible old gentleman as to allow any one caught in a disreputable transaction to make of him a scape-goat.

There will be many who will wonder why this man has been selected to bear the opprobrium of the cipher conspiracy unless there was some faint shadow of suspicion against him; but there will be more who will ask, with perfectly proper surprise, why this modern sphinx confines his defence in the matter to simply saying "I did not do it." Great lawyers generally prefer to support their allegations with proof, but Mr. Tilden acts otherwise. If these things continue to go on, the public will demand an investigation. They will want to know why and wherefore the harmless, ingenious old sage of Gramercy Park is placed entirely at the ercy of such a band of unprincipled wretches as those who enjoy his confidence seem to be; and unless an emphatic answer is shortly given, they will begin to believe that his ubiquitous personage is not of the earth, earthy, but is as mythical and mythical and mysterious as the famous "old man of the sea."

THAT must indeed have been a sad and touching sight when, the other day, the reform candidate of the Democracy in 1876 submitted himself to the tender mercies of five physicians for examination. We have heard of men stripping for a fight, but never before has history recorded an instance of a man laying himself bare to have "five physicians" pronounce his fitness, or unfitness, to run for a public office. It may be that it was at "the urgent solicitation of many friends," who desired to know whether or not Mr. Tilden was the "strong man" that some of the news-papers are so anxious to see at the head of the government; or it might have been suggested by some of those who claim that Mr. Tilden was elected in 1876, but was too timid or *too weak* to take his seat; but it seems more probable that it was really another instance of a man "stripping for a fight," and that Uncle Sammy was the man who intends to do the fighting—for while many may say harsh things and ridicule him as a "dried up old man," the day is coming when he will come forth with the brightness and strength of boyhood, and that day will be about the time of the reassembling of the Democratic National Convention at Cincinnati.

A VERY marked difference of opinion was developed in the Democratic senatorial caucus on Monday as to the disposition that ought to be made of Kellogg's case, and the matter threatens to expand into a bitter party quarrel. The majority, including such men as Bayard and Thurman, are evidently inclined to give important public business preference over partisan discussions; but such hot-heads as Senators Hill and Jones insist upon a vote on the case, and declare they will have revenge unless their wishes are respected. The latter gentleman made the singular statement that he would not answer for Louisiana remaining a Democratic state in case the Senate refused to unseat Kellogg. Precisely why Louisiana should turn Republican on this account we do not understand, since that would only be cutting off the nose to spite the face; but perhaps Senator Jones only meant to intimate what has been suspected for a long time—that Louisiana Democrats care a great deal more for power than principle, and are always ready to sacrifice the party for the sake of getting a share of official patronage. The Senator's logic is hardly likely to improve the chances of Kellogg's Democratic contestant.

SOME men must always be kicking up a fight, or else they are not happy. Possibly Congressmen would not be happy if the monotony of the business was not occasionally broken up by an exciting debate or tussle. The latest tussle was between Mr. Sparks, of Illinois, and Mr. Clymer, of Pennsylvania, Mr. Sparks called Mr. Clymer a liar, and it looked a good deal like a fight for a while, but the troubled breast were calmed, and all is peaceful again. Only a day or so before, Mr. Springer took the floor to explain how an effort had been made to bribe him, and but a few weeks before that Mr. Kelley felt called upon to announce that Nat. McKay had approached him with an "offer of money." Explanations and personal encounters evidently use up much of the valuable time of the House of Representatives

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HON. WM. H. HOWARD, Governor of Dekota Territory, died at the National Hotel, in Washington city, Saturday. Funeral services were held at the hotel in the evening, and the body was sent to Detroit, Mich., on the 7.30 P. M. train. He was in poor health for some time. He had been a leading republican politician, and served three terms in Congress; was at the head of the Michigan delegation to Cincinnati, and it was his influence more than any other that turned the scale in favor of Hayes. He was at one time minister to China, and was a native of Vermont. He leaves a wife, two sons and two married daughters.

The Boston *Journal* has the following important information: "A prominent Marylander says that Senator-elect Gorman, of Maryland, after having promised to support Senator Bayard, is now at work to secure a Tilden delegation from that state. He says that ex-Senator Barnum, of Connecticut, who is Mr. Tilden's manager, recently held a consultation with Gorman, and turned over to him a sum of money to be used in promoting Tilden's interests."

AS HART accomplished 565 miles in six days, less one hour and a half, it is quite within the bounds of possibility that in some future contest say with either Brown or Rowell, or both—the record will be increased to 600 miles in six days. But who will be the gainer thereby? Possibly the proprietors of the show; certainly not the cause of athletics in general.

BOGUS CERTIFICATES.—It is no vile drugged stuff, pretending to be made of wonderful foreign roots, barks, &c., and puffed up by long bogus certificates of pretended miraculous cures, but a simple, pure, effective medicine, made of well known valuable remedies, that furnishes its own certificates by its cures. We refer to Hop Bitters, the purest and best of medicines.—*Exchange*. See another column.

THE walking match in New York shows not only "negro equality," but "negro superiority." This may be a cause of dismay and consternation to our Democratic friends, but they need not be alarmed—the country is safe.

—The bill transferring the Dorchester portion of Federalsburg to Caroline county was passed in both houses, and is now a law.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER

From our own Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April, 9, 1880.

General Grant's friends are much disappointed that Connecticut did not give him any delegates, and they acknowledge with reluctance that Senator Blaine triumphed there.—However, they take comfort from the fact that Missouri and Kentucky will give him a boom. Senator Blaine's friends point with pride to the fact that the Republican State of Iowa will commence for Blaine.

The Democratic Senators yesterday caucused on the troublesome question whether they should unseat Kellogg of Louisiana at once, or wait till next winter, when no political campaign will be near at hand to vex them. Many Democratic Senators have weakened on this point. Not that they mean to behave better, but that they are afraid of their own schemes, and well they may be.

Illinois Democrats are enjoying an unenviable prominence this session. Townshend of Illinois made himself famous before his party, by his deceit in endeavoring to have a revenue bill referred to the wrong Committee. Next Springer acted up to his convictions of justice, and refused to vote to seat Donnelly, on consequence of which he was charged with being corruptly influenced, by manning Mississippi. This of course required long explanations on both sides. And now Sparks who aspires to be a leader in the House, and to control its action, calls Clymer, the polished Pennsylvania Bourbon, a liar. Sparks was compelled to apologize, and a reconciliation was affected. These disturbances have occurred only among Democrats, Republicans being amused lookers on. It is a fact that since the Democrats assumed control in the House, that more personal insults have been given, and more abuse heaped up, than in all the years of Republican reign. Let the people look at the Democratic record, not only in this, but in matters of more vital importance, before they endorse them at the polls next fall. From the present outlook I feel confident in saying, that the Republican victory of 1880 will never be forgotten in our history.

The House Committee on Commerce has completed the annual plunder bill, namely the River and Harbor bill. The passage of this enormity, an annual disgrace to our otherwise incomparable system of legislation.

The House Committee on the Judiciary will exonerate Acklen from the serious charges lately brought against him. Well, we knew their public sentiment would not allow his immediate exoneration, but it will be safe now to do this heavy job of whitewashing.

The House has 2000 private pension bills on its salands, thus far 20 have only been passed. The evening sessions will soon commence however, work will then be commenced on them in earnest. LEO.

For the Union.

Doing and Undoing.

Since his creation, man has been doing and undoing his work. When Cain struck down his brother he no doubt would gladly have undone the blow that laid his brother lifeless upon the unstained earth; yet this first murder has been followed by thousands, legal and illegal. The world's history teems with the doing and undoing, and our much boasted of civilization is just as black with wrongs done and doing as were the darker ages of the world's history. In that age there might be an excuse for the double dealing practiced by man, but now there is none save our unbounded selfishness. The doings of the Popes of Rome when their so called spiritual power was at its zenith, was an actual, moral, political necessity; had there not been that power to stay the rapacity and cruelty of the so-called nobility, the world's history would have been written more deeply in blood than it is. Then this very spiritual power became so oppressive that the undoing of it lit the flames of war in Europe that lasted thirty years. Then kings and princes tried their hands at the wheel of oppression, till forbearance ceased to be a virtue and men like Hampden, Pymn and Cromwell, rose to assert the rights of man. Again the earth drank the blood of man on many a well-faught field, nor did the round heads of Cromwell establish the right of self-government and free thought. The thirteen colonies of our own country must go through the fiery ordeal of battle, with untold of suffering, but come forth from the struggle with but crude ideas of what life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness really meant. Nor is it only in the great affairs of national life that we are doing and undoing; these battles have been in a manner ceased; the conflicts that now loom up against the horizon are those which pertain to our social life; moral in their character, and well will it be for us as a nation if it does not assume a political complexion. It need not, if we in our doing have firmness enough to strike off the shackels of tradition and come out into the broad daylight of intelligence. But to get into this light we must be governed by the principles of that Higher Law which is immutable. Man may weave his sophistries and sneer at the influence which the higher law exerts on the affairs of men; but let the philosophic mind review the history of the world; look well to the doing and undoing of both peoples and nations, you will find the principles of this Higher Law stamped upon every page. It is this so-called invisible power that checks the hand when the car is driven too far, and he who rejects the higher law is more than half Infidel, and needs but another turn to make him an avowed Atheist, for Atheism it is to deny that there is the power that shapes the fate of nations and people.

PARGETTER.

Poverty and Distress

That poverty which produces the greatest distress is not of the purse but of the blood. Deprived of its richness, it becomes scant and watery, a condition termed *anemia* in the medical writings. Given this condition, and scrofulous swellings and sores, general and nervous debility, loss of flesh and appetite, weak lungs, throat diseases and consumption, are among the common results. Therefore, if you are a sufferer from thin, poor blood, do not hesitate, but employ Golden Medical Discovery which enriches the blood and radically cures these affections by striking at the root of the evil and removing the cause.

For all bronchial, throat and lung affections, severe lingering coughs, weak lungs, consumption in its early stages, asthma and kindred affections, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is the sovereign remedy, and has outrivaled all its competitors. It is harmless in any condition of the system, yet powerful to cure. Druggists sell it.

BALTIMORE MARKETS

CORRECTED WEEKLY

FLOUR—Per Barrel—	
City Mills	$7.00@7.00
Patapsco Family	7.50@0.00
Patapsco Extra	7.30@0.00
GRAIN—Per Bushel—	
Wheat—amber	$1.37@1.40
Wheat—red (new)	1.35@1.36
Wheat, Fultz,	1.30@1.35
Corn—white	56@56
Corn—yellow	56@56
Rye	90@91
Oats	43@45

Godey's Lady's Book for May.

Opens with several pages of Christian Reid's best novel, "Roslyn's Fortune," which is anxiously expected by all subscribers, and well repays the interest it excites. There are also various sketches in prose and poetry, a feast of literary treasures, and the new serial, "Glenarchan," is continued. This serial, we are informed, is by Mrs. E. B. Benjamin, the gifted author of "Hilda and I," a novel now exciting much attention in the literary world. "Glenarchan" is one of her best efforts. The steel plate is one of Darley's masterpieces, and there is page after page of attractive fashion matter following the mammoth colored plate. A design for a tidy in Java canvas is given on the "Novelty" page, and the diagram pattern is for a lady's bodice, that can be worn also as a street jacket. Every department is filled with attractive matter, and ladies will pronounce the "May Godey" one of the pleasant surprises of the pleasant month.

[COMMUNICATED]

Mr. Editor:—Seeing in your last issue a communication by "X," written upon the public schools of Caroline county, I feel it my duty as one of the teachers, to make a reply. It seems that *some* one is in fault, but who it is, is not known, judging however, from the statement given, one would naturally suppose that the *teachers* bear most of the blame. As far as the other teachers are concerned, I can say nothing; but for myself, I can truthfully certify as to the correctness of all duties in regard to the public money. The amount received for books during the year 1879, commencing Oct. 6th, 1878, was $4.90, for free pupils, 25 cents; $8.00, and other incidentals $1.40, making in all the sum of $14.55. Hoping that all the teachers of the 4th and 5th districts will give to the public a statement of their schools, and by so doing *show where* the errors lies, I will briefly close. TEACHER.

School No. 3, District No. 5.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

B. Y. G. I. D.

WE wish to call the attention of our friends and the public generally to our large Stock of

NEW GOODS,

all of which have been selected with care, and with special regard to the wants of our trade.—As to price and quality we think it unnecessary to

Blow! Blow!

about our goods. We simply desire you to examine and judge them for yourselves in these particulars. As the result of a

LONG EXPERIENCE

in the mercantile business we think that we can buy and

SELL AS CHEAP

as any other house on the Shore. Please call and examine our new stock and give us a trial. We are thankful for past favors.

H. BLACKISTON & SON,
apr15-tf. Denton, Md.

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED



STOMACH
BITTERS

Fever and Ague.

The true antidote to the effects of miasma is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This medicine is one of the most popular remedies of an age of successful proprietary specifics, and is in immense demand wherever on this Continent fever and ague exists. A wineglassful three times a day is the best possible preparative for encountering a malarious atmosphere, regulating the liver, and invigorating the stomach.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

MARYLAND STEAMBOAT COMPANY.



BALTIMORE and CHOPTANK ROUTE!

COMMENCING with Tuesday, March 30th, 1880, the Steamer

Enoch Pratt

Will leave Baltimore from Pier 3, Light Street, foot of Camden, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 9 P. M., for Easton, Johnston's, Double Mills, Oxford, Clora's Point, Cambridge, Chancellor's Point, Jamaica Point, Secretary Creek, Clark's and Medford's

Steamer Highland Light

Will leave same pier, at same hour, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, for all the above landings; extending her trip to Dover Bridge, Tower's, Potter's and Denton. Both Steamers make connection with the Delaware and Chesapeake and Dorchester and Delaware Railroads.

Returning, the Steamer Highland Light will leave Denton every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday, at 12 noon, and with the Steamer Enoch Pratt on every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, will make a daily boat, except Saturday, from Medford's at 1 P. M., Secretary at 2, Cambridge at 5, Oxford at 6, and Easton at 9 P. M., each boat stopping at the intermediate landings, arriving in Baltimore at 4 P. M.

☞ Passengers and Freight taken at low rates.

HOWARD B. ENSIGN, PASS'T.
apr1-tf. Office 98 Light St., Balto.

COLLECTOR'S SALE.

BY virtue of authority in me vested, by the act of Assembly in such case made and provided, I have seized and taken in execution, all the right, title, claim, interest and estate, at law and in equity of Mary Davidson in and to

30 Acres of land,

situated in Tuckahoe Neck, adjoining the lands of Edward Saulsbury, Frank Ayres and B. F. Townsend, in the Third Election District of Caroline county, and I hereby give notice, that on

TUESDAY, 20th day of April, 1880,

between the hours of 1 and 4 o'clock of that day at the Court House door in Denton, I will offer for sale the property so seized and taken in execution, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay and satisfy the sum of $7.94—State and County taxes for the year 1876—$6.39 thereof being for county tax, and $1 55 thereof for State tax, being now due and in arrears, with the interest thereon, together with all the costs incurred in making the sale.

R. J. W. GAREY,
Collector of State and County taxes the 3rd election district of Caroline county for the years 1876 and 1877.
J. W. LOOCKERMAN, Att'y. [mar25-tds.

For Sale.

FROM 300,000 to 500,000 PURE WILSON STRAWBERRY PLANTS, in good order, for sale by

JOHN R. GRIFFIN,
nov27-5mos. Tuckahoe Neck.

THE FENCE QUESTION
SOLVED AT LAST!

THE undersigned beg leave to inform land owners and the public generally that they have bought the right to manufacture and sell the

"EMPIRE BARB WIRE FENCE,"

on this Peninsula, and they are now prepared to take orders for and put up the same in any part of the Peninsula. This fence is very extensively used in the West and Southwest by railroads, farmers and stock-growers, and always gives universal satisfaction, because it is the

Cheapest Fence

that can be made—the first cost being no more than white pine board, and it is good for 60 or 75 years. It is in no danger from fire—being composed entirely of

Iron and Steel.

Storms nor floods cannot affect it, as it presents so little surface to their force. It affords no shelter for noxious weeds and briars, and will save its cost in

TEN YEARS

in the extra amount of produce grown on the ground that would be taken up by a worm fence or osage hedge. It is a safe fence, there being no danger of

STOCK BEING IMPALED,

as they frequently are by sharp-ended rails, broken boards, leaning stakes, &c., and the barbs being so short that should they come in contact with our wire it will prick the skin and turn them back without injury. It is reliable, breachy ing stock turned in a field enclosed with it will always be found there.

This fence is made of

Wrought Iron Posts,

with a spiral screw, (coated with a preparation to prevent rust,) by which they are screwed in the ground where they are anchored by 20 inch anchors; to the posts we attach steel barb wire, making an indestructible fence.

☞ Orders for fence for fields, yards, gardens, cemeteries, private grave yards, or for other purposes, promptly attended to. We are prepared to put up or sell any wire barbed or plain fence in the market.

CHAS. A. DUNNING & Co.,
mar18-y. Denton, Md

Sales Reported Daily—Returns once a week.

J. T. & E. J. KENNEY,

322 N. Delaware Ave., Phila.,

—AND—

D. H. Kenney & Co.,

103 Park Place, New York,

WHOLESALE

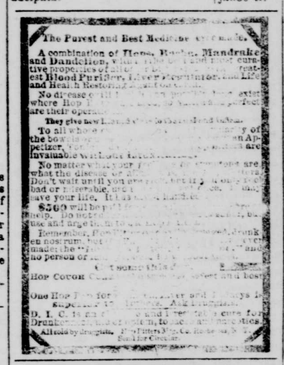
Commission Merchants,

For the Sale of
EGGS, GRAIN,
POULTRY, LUMBER,
BUTTER, BARK,
DRY FRUIT, WOOL,
STOCK, OYSTERS,
GAME, HIDES,
FRUITS, &c FUR, &c

Advances Made on Consignments.

REFERENCES:

Adam H. Wartham & Co., Curers of Hams, Poplar St. Wharf, Philadelphia.
Reeves, Parvin & Co., Wholesale Grocers, 45 North Water St., Phila.
Alcorn & Baker, Flour and Grain, 21st and Market.
T. B. Beck & Son, Feed and Grain, Front St., above Vine.
Kilmer & Moody, Canton, Pa.
Satterfield & Moore, Greensboro, Md.
M. W. Bliss, Columbus, Ohio.
Wm. Corkran, Baltimore, Md.
Or any reputable Commission House in Philadelphia. [jan30-tf.



TO THE PUBLIC.

CAPTAIN T. D. CASE having sold to Messrs. James H. Cook & Son, Grocers, Ship Chandlers and Commission Merchants, No. 118 Light Street Wharf, Baltimore, Md., one half interest in the Schooner

"JOHN D. FARQUHARSON,"

they will, in connection with the

Schr. J. J. Bidding,

continue the Freighting Business from various points on the Coptank River

To Baltimore.

and return. All orders will be promptly and carefully attended to by applying to James H. Cook & Son, Baltimore, or Capt. T. D. Case, Greensborough, Md.

With many thanks for past favors, we solicit your further patronage.

Respectfully,
apr8-tf. CASE & COOK.

FASHIONABLE

DRESS-MAKING.

HAVING located in Caroline after six year's experience on first class work in the

City of Wilmington,

I beg leave to insorm the Ladies of Caroline and adjoining counties, that I have opened business with

ALL THE LATEST

STYLES AND FASHIONS.

I guarantee

☞ A PERFECT FIT OR NO CHARGE ☜

at lowest cash prices. Ladies will find it to their advantage to give me a call.

MRS. J. B. STEVENS,
Residence on Rail Road Ave., below Depot.
mar25-y. Ridgely, Md.

Chester River Steamboat Company.



Fall Arrangement.

ON AND AFTER THE 17th INST.

The Steamer B. S. Ford

will leave Chestertown for Baltimore every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 o'clock, A. M., stopping at Rolph's, Booker's, Quaker Neck, Geo's Inn, Queenstown and Kent Island.

RETURNING will leave Baltimore every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 10 o'clock, A. M. making all the above stops.

GEO. WARFIELD,
Sept. 15th, 1879. President.



J. HOPKINS,

CARRIAGE BUILDER AND DEALER.



GREENSBOROUGH, CAROLINE Co. Maryland.

HAVING BEGUN THE MANUFACTURE OF CARRIAGES AND LIGHT TWO AND THREE

SPRING DEARBORNS,

We would be happy to see any of our neighbors or others who contemplate buying or ordering. We have on hand a stock of

Wilmington Carriages,

For sale low, or will **EXCHANGE** to suit buyers, if possible.

☞ Give me a call. Can be found at Simpers' old Shop, near Satterfield's Mill.

mar25-y. J. HOPKINS.

J. W. CHEEZUM & CO.

EASTON, Md.

We have now Opened our

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

Embracing a Larger Assortment

THAN USUAL OF

FINE SELECTED STYLES OF

CASSIMERES,

WORSTED and WOOL COATINGS, CHEVIOTS, &c., AND LADIES FRENCH COATINGS, ALL OF WHICH WERE SECURED BEFORE THE

LARGE ADVANCE IN GOODS,

And to which we wish to call your attention. We have added largely to our Stock of

LADIES DRESS GOODS.

And are prepared to offer prices in BLACK SILKS, CASHMERES, MOHAIRS and ALAPACAS, most advantageous to purchasers.

A full and complete Stock of Domestic Dry Goods.

Call and Examine our Stock when in Easton.

J. W. CHEEZUM & Co.,
mar11-y. EASTON, MARYLAND.

FOR ALL KINDS OF

LUMBER

SHINGLES, LATHS, &C.,

GO TO

E. E. JACKSON & Co.,

18 WEST FALLS AVENUE,

Near Pratt Street Bridge,

BALTIMORE, Md.

LOOK!

YOU PEOPLE OF CAROLINE COUNTY

TO YOUR INTERESTS AND BUY THE GENUINE

LIQUID ENAMEL PAINT,

MANUFACTURED BY

NEW JERSEY ENAMEL PAINT COMPANY,

☞ MIXED READY FOR USE. ☜ ANY ONE CAN APPLY IT.

The following are some of the prominent and elegant buildings in Baltimore which are painted with it:

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