American Union.

J. H. EMERSON, Editor.

DENTON, MARYLAND:

THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 27, 1880.

The "UNION" is the leading newspaper of the county. It is taken by all the leading Merchants, Professional and business men of the county. It circulates extensively among our farmers and it is the object of the publisher to make it an indispensable necessity in every household.

Will it be Grant and Tilden?

Whatever doubts may heretofore have obscured the political horizon as to the coming Presidential candidates, in the light of recent events, those doubts have been removed and the quiet voter may as well accept the inevitable results that are to follow upon the assembling of the National Conventions at Chicago and Cincinnati. Party conventions and party nominations are manipulated and controlled by the politicians of the land, and if the great mass of the people who are engaged in agricultural, mechanical and other pursuits, are not aware of this fact, they will awake some day to the solemn realization of the truth that they are mere "hewers of wood and drawers of water;" the slaves of a political power which overrides public sentiment, and defies the public will.

About all the State conventions of the Republican party for the election of delegates to the Chicago convention have been held, and there no longer remains any reasonable doubt of the nomination of Gen. Grant, for the third time, to the office of President. That he is not the choice of a large majority of his own party is well known to the whole country, and if nominated it will be the work of the politicians. They have accomplished the work by packing conventions and other questionable means. Every device has been practiced to carry their point, and they have striven with desperation to win success. Protest, entreaty and pacific measures have failed to deter them in their maddened zeal to accomplish their designs.

The country owes much to Gen. Grant for his valuable services rendered in the various responsible positions he has already filled.—The highest honors that can be bestowed have likewise fallen thick and fast upon him. He has been honored as no other American citizen has been honored in the past, and modesty, if nothing else, should have induced him to have stepped aside into retirement where he could have worn his laurels with dignity and grace. For the first time in the history of this country the people will be asked to set aside all former precedents and elect for the third time a candidate to control our national affairs. We think it an assumption of power on the part of the politicians not warranted by the condition of affairs, and looks to us like a factional fight to secure personal ends. But the die is cast and the struggle as to the nomination of any other candidate is virtually at an end.

But while the Republican politicians have been busy fixing up things for the nomination of Gen. Grant at Chicago, the Democratic schemers have not been idle in pulling the wires and getting their machine in motion to secure the nomination of Samuel J. Tilden as the standard bearer of their party. His chances for a nomination at Cincinnati are equally as good as Gen. Grant's at Chicago. The present outlook certainly indicates that the American people will have to choose between Grant and Tilden as their next choice for President. Their chances for election are as evenly ballanced as could possibly be that of any other two prominent men in the whole country.—It will be a "nip and tug race" between these candidates, and although no prophet, we predict the smallest kind of a majority to the winning man. The associations and surroundings of each are of a professional class of politicians, with their weather eye on the offices which forms a strong incentive for persistent attachment and advocacy of their men. The battle is likely to be bitter and fierce between the friends of each, as the prize in prospect is that of office.

Grant will have the advantage of his competitor in that he has the cleanest record, and has been the best friend to his country. He made some mistakes while in office, but where is the President that has preceded him that has not. If again elected he might avoid the mistakes of the past, and the people could trust him with more confidence than one whose political record is tinged with fraud and bribery. Some of Mr. Tilden's own friends regard him as a schemer and party trickster. His identity with cypher telegrams and that little matter of income tax, yet unsettled, will rise up before him like Banqu's ghost to confront him. Both conventions might do better than to nominate either Grant or Tilden.

Children hunger perpetually for new ideas. They will learn with pleasure from the lips of parents what they deem drudgery to study in books; and even if they have the misfortune to be deprived of many educational advantages, they will grow up intelligent people. We sometimes see parents who are the life of every company which they enter, dull, silent, and uninteresting at home among their children. If they have not mental stores sufficient for both, they use what they have for their own household. A silent home is a dull place for for young people—a place from which they will escape if they can. How much useful information, and what unconscious, but excellent, mental training, in lively, social argument! Cultivate to the utmost the art of conversation at home.

Hon. Alex. Stephens, of Georgia, Democratic member of Congress, visited Philadelphia last week on official business and was interviewed by a reporter of the Philadelphia *Press*, and expressed his opinions concerning the present Congress in terse language. He declared the present Congress the most indolent and listless in the country's history. He expressed the further opinion that Congress would not adjourn until some time in July, and said it would be a criminal neglect of duty if Congress did not pass some fair rule for counting the electoral vote.

While workmen were engaged near Waterville, Pa., recently in lowering a section of the Tidewater pipe line into the ditch prepared for it, the pipe pulled apart and a stream of oil two inches thick spurted out with great force. It struck A. D. Rodarmel about his middle, and he turned two somersaults, and landed him about two rods away, completely deluged with oil. One thousand barrels of oil were wasted, running into Pine Bottom Run, and killed or drove out all the trout.

Senator David Davis, of Illinois, has written a letter, which may be regarded as a bid for the Presidential nomination, to Hon. O. H. Browning, of the same State, in reply to a set of inquiries embodied in a letter from the latter upon pending public questions. The subjects treated include peace in the Union, centralization, the third term, great corporations, civil service, subsidies, public lands, tariff, public debt, economy and elections.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our own Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., May, 21, 1880.

Political interest here centres in the Illinois State Convention. The contest in this State between the Grant and anti-Grant elements has been the most bitter fight ever known in the Republican party. The Grant men control by a majority so small that the claim that Illinois is "solid" for Grant cannot be made.—The Republican leaders who desire party unity and success more than they do the success of any one man look upon the contest with anxiety. They fear the methods of Senator Logan in misrepresenting Districts which elected Blaine or Washburn delegates by appointing Grant men to represent them at Chicago, will result in serious defections from the nominee of the party Convention, and which will make defeat at the next election more probable than it should be. The Republican party is able to govern itself, and the mass of Republican voters will not brook 'bossing' in any form, shape or manner. Should General Grant receive the nomination of his party by a majority as large as to preclude charges of political trickery, he could certainly depend upon the support of all Republicans without regard to personal preferences. But if his nomination is to be secured by the methods that have prevailed in Illinois, New York, and Pennsylvania, such individual support could not be depended upon. In this campaign Republicans should make a nomination upon whom all can unite heartily and without reserve. The Democrats cannot be depended upon to nominate Tilden. They know their advantage in certain contingencies and will make a strong nomination.

A little sensation was created by the resignation of Senator Gordon of Georgia. It is probable that it was hastened by his quarrel with Ben Hill, which is a serious affair and is likely to split the Bourbon party in two there. The Bourbons are very much chagrined, however, the Governor of Georgia has appointed in Gordons place Ex Governor Joseph Brown, who has had a strong tendency towards the Republican party at times.

There is one thing that may prolong the session beyond the time fixed for adjournment by the House, May 31st, and that is the desire among Democratic Senators to pass some law regulating the count of electoral vote. In other words, they want to pass a law by which the result of the next election can be placed entirely within the control of the Democratic majority, to be tortured or manipulated as party needs may require. Republicans will fight all such attempts desperately, and should the Democrats succeed in passing such a law, it will only react to be benefit of Republicans by rolling up for them larger majorities next fall.

The House is rushing along, and shows a determination to act up to its adjournment resolutions. Let us hope the Senate will have sense enough to follow its example. Leo.

The Open Sky.

It is a strange thing how little, in general, people know about the sky. It is the part of creation in which nature has done more for the sake of pleasing man—more for the sole and evident purpose of talking to him, and teaching him, than in any other of her works; and it is just the part in which we least attend to her. There are not many of her other works in which some more material or essential purpose than the mere pleasure of men is not answered by every part of their organization; but every essential purpose of the sky might, so far as we know, be answered if, once in three days or thereabouts, a great ugly black rain cloud was brought up over the blue and everything well-watered, and so all left blue again till next time, with perhaps a film of morning and evening mist for dew. And instead of this, there is not a moment of any day of our lives when nature is not producing scene after scene, picture after picture, glory after glory, and working still upon such exquisite and constant principles of the most perfect beauty, that it is quite certain that it is all done for us, and intended for our perpetual pleasure. And every man, wherever placed, however far from other sources of interest or of beauty, has this doing for him constantly. The noblest scenes of the earth can be seen and known but by few; it is not intended that man should live always in the midst of them; he injures them by his presence, he ceases to feel them, if he be always with them; but the sky is for all; bright as it is, it is not "too bright nor good for human nature's daily food. Sometimes gentle, sometimes capricious, sometimes awful; never the same for two moments together; almost human in its passions—spiritual in its tenderness—almost divine in its infinity, its appeal to what is immortal in us as distinct as its ministry of chastisement or of blessing to what is mortal, is essential. And yet we never attend to it, we never make it a subject of thought, but as it has to do with our animal sensation; we look upon all by which it speaks to us more clearly than to brutes, upon all which bears witness to the intention of the Supreme, that we are to receive more from the covering vault than the light and the dew which we share with the weed and worm, only as a succession of meaningless and monotonous accidents, too common and too painful to be worthy of a moment of watchfulness, or a glance of admiration.—*Ruskin.*

Bishop Little John, in his opening sermon Tuesday before the Episcopal Diocesan Convention, in Brooklyn, New York, dwelt upon the earnestness with which Christian men should labor to sustain the Church especially in these days, when her faith and doctrine are assailed by skeptical forces in every variety of form. He thought the laity were not as earnest as they should be, and said while the beer shops and gin saloons take $6,000,000 over their counters every year, the churches receive not more than one-fifth of that amount.

William Brown and John Kennedy, firemen on the sloop-of-war Minesota, got into an altercation off New London, Conn. Kennedy stabbed Brown in the face, when Brown seized and dashed him upon the deck, breaking several of Kennedy's ribs and fracturing his right arm, collar bone and shoulder blade. Kennedy died in the Naval Hospital, at Brooklyn, on Sunday and Brown is a prisoner under treatment for disease. He will be tried by court-martial.

Hon. James A. Gary strikes the key-note when he says, with reference to the Frederick convention, "the counties were disgusted with the Custom House and defeated it. At every State convention these city faction fights come up, and the county people were determined to put them down." Here is the whole thing in a nut shell. Republicans outside of the city have long since become disgusted with Custom House domination, and this is the first opportunity they have had to put it down, and they did it effectually.

At Stockbridge, Ills., Thursday, Wm. Dedrich and Herman Moss, two warm friends, went target shooting with a revolver, and after using all their ammunition and discharging every chamber of the revolver, as they thought returned home. Before parting, Moss playfully leveled the pistol at Dedrich, pulled the trigger, and Dedrich fell dead, shot through the heart.

For the Union.

The Dollar.

How we love you; light of our eyes and lamp of our feet; meat for our body; idol of our soul and food for the senses; worshipped by Jew, Christian and Mahomodan. The calf by which men forfeit heaven and open wide the portals of hell. 'Tis the miser's beacon star; mankind's anchor and strong hope, for nothing else will men toil and wear out life's thread with the same assiduity as for thee, thou round glittering piece of metal. Thou wilt learn men to lie, steal, foreswear themselves, defy the law of God and man to gain the coveted bauble, knowing that the possession of thee will bring respectability, honor and fame as long as you are held with a firm grip. Hell can yawn at the feet but in pursuit of thee man will exercise all the powers of an ingenious mind to bridge the chasm. Though Satan in all his so-called hideous deformity were continually at one's side, if the gain of thee seemed sure, no fear of the evil one will hold one back, though the gates of heaven could be heard clanging as they shut us out from its sacred walls. The pursuit of thee, oh! potential dollar, would not be abandoned though the arch angel were to proclaim throughout the land that we should stop our wild idolatrous worship of thee, thou alluring fascinating demon. We would laugh at the admonition and plunge deeper into the mire of our idolatry. Well might the Grand Master call the greed of gold an accursed thing. Pargetter.

The New Bishops.—The four new Methodist Bishops all wear white neckties, high silk hats, and no moustaches. Bishop Warren is tall, slim, has brown hair and whiskers the same color, trimmed to a point under the chin. His eyes are brown with a bluish tendency, there is nothing remarkable in their expression and his nose is rather prominent. In walking, he buttons up his dress coat and takes long steps. Bishop Foss is tall, thin, dignified, and a rear view shows him to be really good-looking. His forehead is square and high, his eyes very dark, and his hair iron gray, as are his whiskers, which extend under his chin.—His nose is Roman. He has the air of an educator, the manners of a gentleman, and is endowed with considerable personal magnetism. Bishop Hurst has a strong face, large, lustrous eyes, a Grecian nose, overarching eyebrows, and a high, rounding forehead. His hair is rather thin, inclined to be sandy, and generally looks as if he had just run his hand through it. His only facial adornment is a small goatee.—He stoops a little in the shoulders and holds his head forward, giving the chin a slight upward inclination. He wears a Prince Albert coat closely buttoned, and looks like a man of distinction. Bishop Haven is not more than five feet five or six inches in height, and is so slim that it is doubtful if he weighs more than 130 pounds. He has a sharp, protruding nose, a small mouth and rather unmarked features generally. He is getting bald, and his beard is almost white, which, with his benevolent expression, makes him look venerable.

Lawlessness on the Potomac.—On Tuesday night, while George Hendricks, John Scroggins and other fishermen, living on the Maryland side of the Potomac, near Indian Head, were drifting their nets in the Potomac, opposite the seine haul of Knight & Gibson, on the Virginia side, they were suddenly attacked by a number of men in a boat from Knight's fishery, armed with guns, large stones, heavy cudgels and other dangerous weapons, and most brutally beaten. Hendricks and a colored man named Ferd. Savoy were dangerously wounded and taken prisoners, and all the fishermen except Scroggins were taken, together with their boats and nets, and forcibly carried to the shore. Scroggins, alarmed at the conduct of the assailants, took to his oars and made his escape, leaving his two nets and one of his boats in their hands. The others were taken ashore, and a portion of them carried, we understand, to Fairfax Court House, where they are imprisoned. Hendricks and Savoy, after lying in a prostrate and bleeding condition through the night, were surrendered to their friends in the morning, and brought to their homes on the Maryland side. The wounds received by both the men are said to be of a dangerous nature, their skulls being badly cut and possibly fractured by the heavy stones and other missiles hurled at them.—*Port Tobacco (Md.) Times.*

The Excavation of Troy. I have just returned from Asia Minor, where I have at last finished that digging out of Troy which I began in 1870. During ten years I have struggled with great difficulties, among which, perhaps the most troublesome has been the large amount of debris under which the ancient city was buried. It has been necessary to dig down the ground for more than sixteen yards below the surface. But I am fully recompensed for all my trouble. I found the remains of seven different ancient cities; the last of them was the Ilion of Homer. That city was built by the Æolians, banished from Greece by the Dorians in the eleventh century before our era.—In one of the buried cities I found many statues of Minerva with the owl's head, whence her name of Glaucopis. In another city were found many images of the divinities. But the most interesting and important of all discoveries is, of course, the city of King Priam.—Every article found in the ruins of that city bear unmistakable signs of having been destroyed by fire in a time of war. There were discovered many remains of human bodies in full armor.

The Kalloch Impeachment Case.—The impeachment case of Mayor Kalloch comes up in the Superior Court on Monday. The defendant has filed an affidavit demurring to the complaint, on the ground that the court has no jurisdiction; also that it does not state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action, and is ambiguous, unintelligible and uncertain. On another affidavit he asks that the case be heard in banc., as it involves public interests of great importance, and difficult questions of law and fact. In this affidavit he refers to the duty of appointing a board of delegates devolved upon him by the new McClure charter, and draws attention to the conflict between himself and the board of supervisors on this and other points as special reasons for asking a hearing in banc.

The failure of the Reading Railway and the Reading Coal and Iron Company continued to be an exciting topic in the money exchanges on Saturday. No statement has yet been furnished by President Gowen. There was a slight panic in American railway shares in London. There was also some excitement on the New York Exchange Reading stock has declined about 50 per cent. since the failure. It is stated that the prices of coal will be maintained. Well informed men think if trustees are appointed to take charge of affairs the company will be able to clear itself in a few years.

Heavy Cattle Shipments.—The shipments of cattle from New York to Europe Wednesday last were the largest on record from that port for any one day. The aggregate was 3,280 head. A large number of horses and sheep were also shipped, and there was an unusually heavy consignment of fresh beef, mutton and pork. It is expected that the shipments of the next five weeks will more than double those of any former similar period.

Make the Best of Things.—We excuse a man for occassional depression just as we endure a rainy day. But who could endure 365 days of cold drizzle? Yet there are men who are without cessation, sombre and charged with evil prognostication. We may be born with a melancholy temperament, but that is no reason why we should yield to it. There is a way of shuffling the burden. In the lottery of life there are more prizes drawn than blanks and to one misfortune there are fifty advantages. Despondency is the most unprofitable feeling a man can have. One good laugh is a bombshell exploding in the night place, while spleen and discontent is a gun that kicks over the man who shoots it off. Some must have to get into heaven backward. Let us stand off from despondencies. Listen for sweet notes rather than discords. In a world where God has put exquisite tinge upon the shell washed in the surf, and planted a paradise of bloom in a child't cheek, let us leave it to the owl to hoot and the toad to croak, and the fault-finder to complain. Take out-door exercise and avoid late suppers if you would have a cheerful disposition. The habit of complaint finally drops into peevishness, and people become waspish and unapproachable.

For the Union.

Politics.

Has the politics of the American people degenerated into a scramble for office, as a means of p'acing a set of ambitious men in power, and they the powers that be dictate to whom the offices shall be apportioned. The voter being merely called upon to ratify the choice of the magnates. How condescending of these puppets of the hour. What a gracious privilege! what an inestimable blessing they still accord to the sovereign people! Bah! Does not the idea of a sovereign people bring the blush of shame to the independent voter's cheek when he looks over the accounts of the wrong, the chicanery, the bold knavery of our boss wire-pullers of the political machine. The sovereign people are not made, they have become slaves to the machines of partisan demagogues. Pargetter.

—A Procession of Reapers.—Shanahan & Wrightson the enterprising and successful hardware and machinery dealers of Easton have sold this season *forty nine* Champion reapers. Tuesday was delivering day, and they improved it by organizing a procession of wagons loaded with reapers, preceded by the Easton band, and under charge of marshals. The procession formed on Market space at three o'clock in the afternoon, and went through the principal streets of Easton. The affair wound up with a grand dinner at the Brick Hotel, at which the purchasers of the machines and other invited guests were entertained by Messrs. Shanahan & Wrightson.—*St. Michaels Comet*

For All Female Complaints

nothing equals Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is a most powerful restorative tonic, also combining the most valuable nervine properties, especially adapting it to the wants of debilitated ladies suffering from weak back, inward fever, congestion, inflammation, or ulceration, or from nervousness, or neuralgic pains. Mr. G. W. Seymour, druggist, of Canton, N. Y., writes Dr. Pierce as follows: "The demand for your Favorite Prescription is wonderful, and one man stated to me that his wife had not done a day's work in five months, when she commenced taking your Favorite Prescription, took two bottles and is now on the third bottle, and is able to do her housework alone and milk fourteen cows twice a day." Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is sold by all dealers in medicines.

The Color Question in Delaware.—In the court at New Castle on Monday Chief Justice Comegys delivered his decision in the case of Wm. Neal, colored, indicted for a felonious assault on Mrs. Margaret E. Gossner, white. The defense claimed that the indictment should be quashed or the cause removed to the United States Court, on the ground that there are no colored men on the jury, and that the prisoner was thus denied the rights guaranteed him by the fourteenth amendment. The court refused the motion, holding that the prisoner was not denied any right to which he is entitled by any known law, Federal or State. Exception was taken to the ruling of the court.

Blast Furnaces in the United States.—A statement by the secretary of the American Iron and Steel Association shows that there are now in the United States six hundred and ninety-seven blast furnace, with an annual capacity of six million five hundred thousand tons of pig iron; three hundred and eighty-two rolling mills, with annual capacity of four million tons, the capacity of the rail mills being two million one hundred and fifty thousand; eleven Bessemer steel works, with annual capacity of one million seven hundred and fifty tons and also eleven thousand eight hundred and eighty miscellaneous steel works.

The Army Worm.—This insatiable pest has made its appearance in our county. On last Sunday the road from Wesley Chapel to the site of the old brick kiln was swarming with millions upon millions of them. They had gone through E. D. Reid's wheat on the Arcadia farm, stripping every blade from it, and were then crossing over to Mr. Poole's wheat on Col. H. Page's farm.—*Princess Ann Marylander.*

A Proposed New State.—New York city is again talking about seceding from New York State, and a political reform society has been organized to bring the matter before the people in a public address. The proposed new State would be composed of counties of New York, Westchester and Richmond, together with Long Island, which have more than half the population of the State.

Humbugged again.—I saw so much said about the merits of Hop Bitters, and my wife who was always doctoring, and never well, teased me so urgently to get her some, I concluded to be humbugged again; and I am glad I did, for in less than two months use of the Bitters my wife was cured and she has remained so for eighteen months since. I like such humbugging.—H. T., St. Paul.

BALTIMORE MARKETS

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

FLOUR—Per Barrel—	
City Mills	$6.00@6.25
Patapsco Family	7.10@0.00
Patapsco Extra	9.60@0.00
GRAIN—Per Bushel—	
Wheat—amber	$1.26@1.30
Wheat—red (new)	1.25@1.28
Wheat, Fultz,	1.25@1.28
Corn—white	54@56
Corn—yellow	54@55
Rye	94@95
Oats	42@43

The Pictorial Bible Commentator,

By Ingram Cobbin, V. D. M., with an introduction by Rev. Daniel March, D. D. Also, Hesba Stretton's "Wonderful Life" of Jesus Christ.—Over 450 Illustrations and Maps. Price, cloth binding, $3.75; morocco binding, $5.00.

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Andersontown, Md.
may20-1m. Agent for Caroline Co.

LARD OIL at H. BLACKISTON'S.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Lumber. Lumber.

YELLOW PINE BOARD 4-4,3-4;
PINE & POPLAR SIDING,
Gum Framing,
—AND—
WHITE OAK FOR WHEELWRIGHTS,
VERY LOW.
Terms - - Cash.
CHAS. F. WILLIS, Agent,
may27-tf. Denton Bridge.

FOUNTAIN & LONGLAND,
—WHOLESALE—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AND JOBBERS OF
Fruit & Produce,
GAME, POULTRY, EGGS, FRESH FISH, &c.
No. 330 N. DELAWARE AVE.,
PHILADELPHIA.

REFERENCES:
Reeves, Parvis & Co., Wholesale Grocers, Phila.
R. J. Allen, Son & Co., Oils and Alcohols, "
J. T. & D. H. Kenney, Wholesale Produce, "
G. W. Shallcross & Co., " " "
S. Williamson & Co., " " "
J. E. Tygert & Co., Manf'rs of Star Bone Phosphate, Philad'a. Pa., and Smyrna, Del.
Special attention given to sale of Berries, Peaches, Grapes and all kinds of fruit.
may27-y.

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STOMACH BITTERS
Fortify the System
And you are armed against disease. The finest tonic for this purpose is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which renders digestion easy and complete, counteracts biliousness, and keeps the bowels in order, and so genial and beneficent are its effects, that not only is the body invigorated and regulated by its use, but despondency banished from the mind.
For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally. [may6-4w.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

By virtue of the power contained in a Deed of Mortgage made by William W. Sanders to William S. Ridgely, and by Wm. S. Ridgely assigned to the undersigned, I will sell at public auction in front of the Court House door in Denton, on

Tuesday, 15th of June,

next, between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M., all that lot, tract, or part of a tract of land called

"SHERWOOD,"

situate in the Sixth Election District of Caroline county, and is the same lands conveyed and described in aforesaid mortgage, recorded in Liber J. W. T., No. 40, Folios 443, 444 and 445, one of the land record books for Caroline county, as by reference will appear. Said farm contains

88 Acres of Land, More or Less,

and is the same lands conveyed by deed from Wm. S. Ridgely and wife to Wm. W. Sanders, recorded in land record book aforesaid, and is the same premises now in the occupancy and possession of said Wm. W. Sanders.

This property is beautifully located, and adjoins the lands of Wm. S. Ridgely, Joseph L. Patterson, Joseph L. Patterson, Jr., and others.

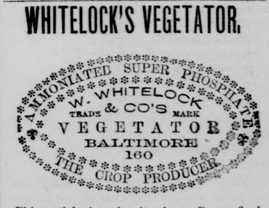
Good Dwelling
—AND—
Usual Outbuildings.

Terms of Sale.

The terms of sale as prescribed by the mortgage are: One-half of the purchase money in **Cash** on day of sale, balance in four months thereafter, credit payment to bear interest from day of sale, and to be secured by bond of purchaser with approved security.

J. W. Bryant, Attorney. JAS. H. HOLMES, Assignee of Mortgagee.
may20-tds.

WHITELOCK'S VEGETATOR.



This article has for its base, Bones finely ground and thoroughly dissolved, and is so rich IN FERTILIZING PROPERTIES as to carry the Wheat through the severest winter; while other manures may produce a good crop of straw there is

Nothing on the Market

that will uniformly bring the same quantity of Wheat per acre.

Apply three-fourths only as much as of other brands.

ALSO FOR SALE,

Peruvian Guano, High Grade Pure Dissolved Bones, Acid Phosphate, very rich.

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CARRIAGE BUILDER AND DEALER.



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SPRING DEARBORNS,
We would be happy to see any of our neighbors or others who contemplate buying or ordering We have on hand a stock of
Wilmington Carriages,
For sale low, or will **EXCHANGE** to suit buyers, if possible.
Give me a call. Can be found at Simpers' old Shop, near Satterfield's Mill.
mar25-y. J. HOPKINS.

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EASTON, Md.
We have now Opened our
SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK
Embracing a Larger Assortment
THAN USUAL OF
FINE SELECTED STYLES OF
CASSIMERES,
WORSTED and WOOL COATINGS, CHEVIOTS, &c.,
AND LADIES FRENCH COATINGS, ALL OF WHICH
WERE SECURED BEFORE THE
LARGE ADVANCE IN GOODS,
And to which we wish to call your attention. We have added largely to our Stock of
LADIES DRESS GOODS,
And are prepared to offer prices in Black Silks, Cashmeres Mohairs and Alapacas, most advantageous to purchasers.
A full and complete Stock of Domestic Dry Goods.
Call and Examine our Stock when in Easton.
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SHINGLES, LATHS, &C.,
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18 WEST FALLS AVENUE,
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LIQUID ENAMEL PAINT,
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NEW JERSEY ENAMEL PAINT COMPANY,
MIXED READY FOR USE. ANY ONE CAN APPLY IT.
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The New American Building.
The Hurst, Purnell & Co. Building.
The Armstrong, Cator & Co. Building
The Mansion House Hotel.
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