Walter H. Thompson & Co., will Show at their Spring Opening such a Stock of Goods as they never kept Before.

American Union

E. W. EMERSON, Editor.

DENTON, MARYLAND:

THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 26 1885

HOWEVER the Delaware peach crop may turn out, it was evident that the Sauls-berry crop was short at Dover last week.

THE New York Post-office is the rock that is to split the Bourbons and Mugwumps. It is a toss up which will win. Both will go in a short time.

A BROOKLYN clergyman says that liquors may soon be sold in skating rinks and then "the result will be disastrous." We should say so. It is hard enouh for a sober man to stand up.

FIFTY thousand postmasters and 2,500 presidential offices not touched by the civil service law is the patronage in the hands of the First Postmaster-General. It is no wonder that Maryland Democrats weep over the possible defeat of Talbott.

SECRETARY MANNING has already discharged thirty eight superfluous Treasury employes. It is stated at the Department that the changes are made solely in the interest of economy, and that no new appointments will be made to fill the vacancies created.

THE Baltimore *Morning Herald* has leased for a term of years the handsome and commodious iron building on the southeast corner of Baltimore and Charles streets. It will be fitted up with all the improvements necessary to the thorough equipment of a progressive newspaper.

ABOUT 999 Democrats in the city of Wilmington, who were circulating and getting petitions signed recommending them for a federal office have stopped in their mad rush for office and now spend their time in "cusses" instead of praise for Cleveland, and they forcibly ask what a Democratic President is for if not to give offices to Democrats.

DEMOCATS who are continually calling upon the Democratic administration to "turn the Republican rascals out," will please take notice that Secretary Lamar and Attorney-General Garland have united in a request to Joseph K. McCammon, the Republican Assistant Attorney-General to remain in that position. This is another wet blanket for Democratic office expectants.

WEDNESDAY, 18th inst., was the 48th anniversary of the birth of the President, and most of his callers took occasion to congratulate him and wish "many happy returns of the day." A little child, to whom the President had been particularly kind a few days before, sent the President a handsome bouquet of violets with her card, wishing him the compliments of the season.

THE estate left by John W. Garrett, the railroad king, is now estimated at $35,000,000, the largest ever accumulated in this State. One son, Henry, he leaves at the head of his banking business, with $10,000,000; the other, Robert, is worth $12,000,000, and his daughter, Mary, is the richest single woman in America, worth twelve millions. She is 26 or 28 years old and rumor says she's going to marry a physician in Baltimore.

The Whiskey Ring Halted.

President Cleveland furnished the people of the United States with another significant assurance on Monday, says the Philadelphia *Times*, that he intends to discriminate in favor of the right kind of men in the selection of officials. The appointment of Joseph S. Miller, of West Virginia, as commissioner of Internal Revenue, may be accepted as an earnest pledge to the public that the taxes will be collected when due and that no favoritism will be shown to any industrial, commercial or political interest in the execution of the law. The pressure brought to bear upon the President to secure the appointment of Ex-Congressman Thompson, of Kentucky, to this important position was without parallel. It almost passes belief that so large a number of the prominent members of the predominant party in both houses of Congress should have been willing to indorse a candidate who besides wanting any special fitness for the position was the acknowledged agent and representative of the great distilling interests. The man who had secured a seven months' suspension of the tax on whiskey was the last man who should have been thought of for the position of chief collector of those taxes. President Cleveland has halted the whiskey ring at the right time and in the right way.

Office-Seekers Swarming.

Not only do place seekers swarm about the various departments in Washington like flies about a molasses hogshead and display the same business-like earnestness, but the mails are loaded down with letters from applicants. Within a week nearly 2,500 applications from persons who want post office appointments have been received, and the postmaster general's lot is not a happy one. Some of these are from men who want to be retained in offices they already hold, but the great majority come from persons who wish to have others ousted that they may be put in. It is expected at the department that letters of this kind will continue to pour in during the rest of this month. All the congressmen in Washington receive piles of similar letters every day. Some of the epistles are amusing. "I am postmaster at this place," wrote one anxious man to a Democratic representative; "did not vote for Blaine nor Cleveland, but I did vote for prohibition. If my voting against the devil and whisky is not a sufficient cause in your judgment for my removal I ask you to use your influence against any change being made of postmaster in this ce except for cause."

Denationalized Americans.

There is nothing more contemptible upon the face of this round footstool than a denationalized American—a creature born here and by some caprice thrown upon the indulgence of European society. As a rule he is a conceited upstart, wears tight-legged trowsers, sports an eyeglass and talks with a most approved English club accent. He apes the manners of the aristocrat whose society he affects, cringes to him, brags of his friendship. In short, he is a snob of the most extravagant pattern.

It is this class that fill Secretary Bayard's pigeon-holes with applications for foreign appointments, and hang about the doors of the department expecting replies. In some way or other they have become imbued with the conviction that in offering to serve the country they are conferring favors. They hold that as they can speak the languages, know the people and are familiar with the politics of Europe, they are much more capable of serving the country than the socially unsanctified aspirants from the backwoods. Besides, they'd be ornaments, whereas the other fellows would be simply the butt of ridicule. However, there is this in their favor: they do not seem to comprehend that while all this finish is desirable in a foreign representative, the country itself wants brains. Our foreign offices must be conducted by men who are sure that this country is a republic and not an empire, who are morally positive that George Washington was the first President and not the ruler of Brazil, and that the Federal armies were not defeated by the Southern States.

If these addle-pated youths want to serve the country they must first become nationalized. They are not natives; they are absolutely without a country, and the idea of conferring honor upon such is so ridiculous that it is surprising that the absurdity of their proposition does not penetrate their own skulls.

He Wants to Go Home.

Mr. Hendricks is changed. From a gay, frolicsome, giddy thing, he has within the last two weeks become as demure as a country deacon. Shortly after the election, when upon the grand tour, the people were led to believe that he was to turn the crank, and that the machinery of the government was to be run according to his say, or not run at all. Since the inauguration the government has been running and quite satisfactorily, but his hand is not upon the crank.

If it were not for the hunted, penitential look upon Mr. Hendricks's face one would be prone to accuse him of negligence, but his abject demeanor strangles criticism, and the impulse is to pity, not to chide. Probably never in the history of politics has there been a man so severely sat upon. When he opened his mouth to sing of a country redeemed, Mr. Cleveland treated him as a garrulous old man and discourteously ordered him to be silent. He met with no better success when he approached the executive councils with the opinion that civil service, like physic, should be thrown to the dogs. In fact, whenever his jaws relaxed he received a rebuff, and from the first his presence as a factor in the administration has been systematically ignored.

How Indiana proposes to treat this sort of thing is not known. She elected the ticket, and, with New York, should share the emoluments, as well as the honor; and yet she gets nothing. It may be that Mr. Cleveland is resorting to this means of manifesting his displeasure toward the state in turning Mr. Hendricks loose last November. That was a serious offense, it is true, but, as the bars were down and the boys were in the woods jollifying, nothing was more natural for Thomas than to take advantage of his freedom. As serious as the offense and as deserving as it is of rebuke, it, however, hardly merits a punishment so severe. It is to be hoped, in the interest of the hungry Indiana patriots, that the President will be lenient and restore Mr. Hendricks again to his favor. —*Balto. Herald.*

Reduction of Force.

It is reported that Secretary Manning has determined to discharge thirty of the employees in the treasury department, thus affecting a saving of $40,000 annually. If this discharge is made in good faith and from patriotic motives, it is highly commendable. The Democrats, however, have been celebrated in the past for the curtailment of the number of office holders. Indeed they have always evinced a disposition to create good positions for their friends and party adherents who had not the nerve to rely on their own efforts for a livelihood. This action of Mr. Manning, therefore, inaugurates a new era in the tactics of the Democratic managers. Whether it is based on proper grounds or not will be ascertained in the future. Should Mr. Manning, however, discover that greater force is needed in his department and he shall augment the number of employees, his sincerity may well be questioned, and his character for fair dealing be properly criticised.

Poor Taste.

The press does not show good taste nor justice when, in noticing defalcations and other crimes, in which the actors are church members, it flaunts the fact before the world with evident relish and sometimes humorously without pausing to think that a very small proportion of criminals are church members, and not one of them a christian. This slur upon the church is becoming in the light does for society as a safeguard against criminality. Now and then will be found black sheep in the flock, but this is no reproach to the christian religion which never yet caused a man to do evil. That the christian character should be counterfeited by designing men in evidence of its greatness and preciousness. Men do not counterfeit that which has no value.

Flaming Figures.

Below we give some solid facts in the way of figures that have been gleaned from Maj. George A. Hilton's speech in this city. We wish we could write them in words of fire on every corner of the streets and along the roadside:

The cost of the liquor consumed in the United States during the fiscal year ending June 1, 1884, as it reaches the consumer, in drinks is, in distilled liquor $519,226,000; in fermented liquor $474,965,000; imported $58,329,000 or a total of about one billion and fifty million dollars. This traffic engages 133,000 licensed saloons, which, giving a frontage of thirty feet, would reach from Richmond, Va. to Montreal, Canada, a distance of 754 miles. It employs 270,000 producers and 300,000 sellers of liquor. The latter are non producers whose wages, at $2 per day, for 300 days will amount to $180,000,000. The traffic consumes $20 for every man, woman and child in the United states, $80 for every man over twenty-one years of age per annum. In the past ten years the increase of consumption in spiritous liquors was 48 per cent, of malt liquors 100 per cent. In the same ten years our criminals increased 80 per cent., insane 135 cent. and idiotic 213.05. not less than ¼ of whom are the results of the liquor traffic, and this, while our population has increased in the same ten years only 30.08. 13 04 per cent. of the entire population of the United States cannot read and 17 per cent. cannot write.

The part rum-soaked Delaware has in this is about as follows: While the population of the United States has increased 30.08 per cent.. the population of Delaware in the same ten years has increased only 17.27 per cent.; but her prisoners have increased in the same period 24 per cent., her insane 204 per cent. and her idiotic 289 per cent. About ¼ of all this has been the outgrowth of rum. 15.03 per cent. of the population of Delaware cannot read and 17.05 per cent. cannot write. The school population out of schools in Delaware is 37,285, the average daily attendance is 17,439, leaving more than one-half of the school population out of school. The state expenditures for public education is about $222,000, or $1.40 per head for education, while Wilmington city alone spends over $20 per head for rum. During the fiscal year ending June 1, 1884, Delaware produced 18,500 barrels of beer. This represents in drinks $462,500, or $3.15 per head for beer and $1.40 per head for education, or nearly two and one-half times as much per head for beer as for education.

In view of these astounding facts, would it not be wise thing of our governor to recommend a "wise" and "judicious" educational law instead of a license law? —*Delaware Prohibitionist.*

The Office Seekers.

The swarm of office hunters who have squatted around the White House and the different departments of the Government for the past week are beginning to understand that they will save much time and a great deal of money by going to their homes and patiently waiting for their claims for preferment to be decided by the Administration at its leisure. When the advance army retires, the places that are to be filled will be carefully gone over and the best men among those who have not rushed with spears at rest upon the President will be selected, not because they want the office, but because of their qualifications.

The office hunting brigade are beginning to understand that the President will respect the Tenure of Office act as well as the Civil Service law, and while changes will be made from time to time in the most important offices whose incumbents have taken an important part in politics or whose commissions will soon expire, no attempt to create vacancies without cause will be made. The report that the President had prepared his views upon the subject of filling the offices and would issue them to the public in a few days as a proclamation, is false. The President will act where action is necessary, and not talk.

The resignations of all foreign ministers of the first class were received before the inauguration of President Cleveland, although no public announcement of that fact was made, and many incumbents of second-class missions have also tendered their resignations. No selection of successors to these gentlemen has yet been made. Secretary Bayard has been so busy in attending to the routine duties of his department and receiving callers that he has not yet decided what appointments to recommend.

A Big Apple Tree.

The largest apple tree supposed to be standing in the United States may be seen in the door-yard of Delos Hotchkiss, Cheshire, Conn. Its shape is symmetrical, the trunk being round and without a scar or blemish upon it. There are eight large branches, five of which bear one year and three the next year. Mr. Hotchkiss has gathered in one year from the five branches 85 bushels of fruit, but his predecessor harvested a crop of 110 bushels from the same five branches. The circumference one foot from the ground and above all enlargement of the roots is 13 feet and 8 inches. The girth of the largest single limb is 6 feet 8 inches. The top limbs reach a height of 60 feet, and the spread of the limbs is 100 feet. The age of the tree can be traced by family tradition to 140 years at least.

A Gypsy superstiton.

Gypsies are particularly superstitious regarding portraits, and it is a rarity to find the photograph of a true Bohemian decorating an art gallery or store window. They consider it most unlucky to be photographed, and will only submit to have their profiles taken in consideration of receiving, without asking for it, an old shoestring with which they can bind the spirit of ill-luck certain to pursue the person whose likeness is reproduced.

Conference Appointments.

The Wilmington Conference M. E. Church closed its session at Snow Hill, Md., Thursday evening last. The following were the appointments:

DOVER DISTRICT—A. W. Milby, P. E.—Cambridge, J. E. Bryan; Dover, T. E. Martindale; Federalsburg, J. Worthman; Georgetown, W. J. Dilhadaway; Hurlock's, G. F. Hopkins; Leipsic, J. Carwell; Lincoln, J. M. Collins; Milford, W. S. Robinson; Milton, W. Underwood; Seaford, W. E. England; Woodlandtown, W. N. Redman; Bridgewell, Ed. Davis; Camden, E. H. Hynson; Denton, T. O. Ayers; East New Market, P. H. Rawlings; Farmington, J. W. Poole; Felton, I. Jewell; Galestown, Wm. Green; Harrington, G. W. Burke; Houston, W. F. Dawson; Suve's, J. A. Brindle; Magnolia, G. S. Hardesty; Willsboro', R. Roe; Nassau, J. N. Foreman; Vienna, V. S. Collins; Wyoming, W. M. Warner.

SALISBURY DISTRICT—J. A. B. Wilson, P. E.—Annamessex, B. C. Warren; Barren Creek, to be supplied; Crisfield, W. W. Wilson; Delmar, A. Chandler; Frankfort, A. D. Davis; Gumboro', W. F. Corkran; Laurel, F. C. McSorely; Onancock, C. A. Grice; Pocomoke City, I. G. Fasnacht; Powellsville, N. M. Johnson; Princess Ann, R. S. Wutt; Somerset, L. J. Muchmore; Roxanna, W. R. McFarland; Sharptown, E. H. Millens; Smith's Island, John Tyler; Asbury, W. E. Avery; Berlin, D. F. Waddell; Chincoteague, J. D. Reese; Deal's Island, J. D. C. Hanna; Fairmount, W. H. Hutchin; Fruitland, D. F. McFall; Holland's Island, to be supplied; Newark, W. T. Valliant, Parrousburg, W. S. P. Bowen; Pocomoke Circuit, E. Derrickson; Mount Vernon, T. H. Harding; St. Peter, A. Muchmore; Quantico, E. J. Mace; Salisbury, W. B. Walton; Shortley, J. W. Gray; Snow Hill, R. W. Todd.

WILMINGTON DISTRICT—Chas. Hill, P. E.—Bethel and Glascow, E. C. Atkins; Charlestown, E. E. White; Cherry Hill, C. A. Hill; Chesapeake City, T. A. H. O'Brien; Massey's, J. R. Morris; Chester, T. B. Hunter; Christiana, Jos. Dare; Claymont, J. B. Rawlins; Delaware City and Port Penn, J. H. Willey; Elk Neck, L. C. Andrews; Elkton, J. P. Ottis; Hockessen, Julius Dodd; Mt. Lebanon, to be supplied; Mt. Pleasant, J. W. Hammersly; Newark, T. H. Haynes; New Castle, T. E. Perry; Newport, E. H. Nelson; North East, T. S. Williams; Port Deposit, L. E. Barrett; Red Lion, W. R. Sears; Rising Sun, Joseph Robins; St. George's, L. W. Layfield. Wilmington—Asbury Church, W. L. S. Murray; Brandywine, E. L. Hubbard; Epworth, W. B. Gregg; Grace, J. R. Boyle; Muchley, B. F. Price; Mount Salem, R. C. Jones; St. Paul's, R. H. Adams; Kingswood, W. A. Wise; Scott, N. M. Brown; Swedish Mission, A. Frixell; Union, C. W. Prettyman; Zion Circuit, C. F. Sheppard.

EASTON DISTRICT.—J. H. Caldwell, Presiding Elder—Appoquinimink, J. T. Johnson; Cecilton, James T. Vanburkalow; Centreville, J. A. Asters; Chestertown, J. D. Kemp; Galena; G. W. Townsend; Hillsboro', J. E. Kidney; Kent Island, Newton McQuay; Marydel, A. S. Mowbray; Millington, T. L. Tompkinson; Wye, M. D. Golly; Church Hill, W. J. O'Neil; Easton, H. S. Thompkinson; Compton, J. W. Pool; Greensboro', Alfred Smith; Ingleside, W. W. Chairs; Kings Creek, W. E. Thompkinson; Middletown, Adam Stengle; Odessa, T. R. Creamer; Oxford, C. P. Cochran; Queenstown, G. R. Smith; Royal Oak, Isaac L. Wood; Sassafras, Md., A. J. Walton. Smyrna circuit, J. France, Sudlersville, J. D. Rigg; Townsend, J. H. Cochran; Pomona, J. M. Lindel; Rock Hall, G. P. Conway; St. Michaels, J. O. Sypherd; Smyrna, J. B. Quigg; Still Pond, E. C. McNichol; Talbot, A. P. Prettyman; Trappe, Md., R. K. Stevenson.

High-Toned Colored People.

It is said that there is an "upper-ten" circle among the negroes of South Carolina, consisting principally of gingerbread colored people, with a small sprinkling of pure ebony. At a recent party given by one of the favored class Chinese lantern illuminated the grounds, the house was one blaze of gaslight from cellar to attic. The company was not large and did not assemble until nearly 11 o'clock. All came in carriages with the exception of two young men, who wore their hair beautifully banged and carried crushed hats. To attempt to describe the toilets of the ladies were to try to gild gold or to paint the lilies. Some wore white mull, some satin, some silk; but one woman, black as the ace of spades, wore black velvet, black gloves and diamond bracelets, earringo, tiara and necklace. The effect was startling. The men all wore full evening dress and there were but two who failed to put on diamond shirt-studs and high collars. The orchestra was composed of white men. "The german" was the feature of the evening.

Ill Temper.

There is no greater danger and there is no greater evil in home-life than the all-too-general habit of giving way to passing moods of ill-temper. Families feel they are too closely united to part for small differences, hence they allow small discords to grow into large ones. This is a sad mistake; the need of home-courtesy, home-politeness, home-restraint, is one which presses everywhere alike.

Baltimore Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

FLOUR.—	
High Grade Family,	$5.50
Second, (extra)	5.00
GRAIN—Per Bushel—	
Wheat—Fultz,	90@90
Corn—white	53@00
" " yellow	51@00
Rye	73@74
Oats	35@38

FARM FOR RENT FOR 1885.

THE MERVINE FARM, near Hickmantown, in Caroline county, is without a tenant and is now for rent. Apply to

J. W. BRYANT, Att'y.

jan29-3w. Denton, Md.

A MARVELOUS STORY

TOLD IN TWO LETTERS.

FROM THE SON: "28 Cedar St., New York, Oct. 28, 1882.

"*Gentlemen:* My father resides at Glover, Vt. He has been a great sufferer from Scrofula, and the inclosed letter will tell you what a marvelous effect

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

has had in his case. I think his blood must have contained the humor for at least ten years; but it did not show, except in the form of a scrofulous sore on the wrist, until about five years ago. From a few spots which appeared at that time, it gradually spread so as to cover his entire body. I assure you he was terribly afflicted, and an object of pity, when he began using your medicine. Now, there are few men of his age who enjoy as good health as he has. I could easily name fifty persons who would testify to the facts in his case.

Yours truly, W. M. PHILLIPS."

FROM THE FATHER: "It is both a pleasure and a duty for me to state to you the benefit I have derived from the use of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Six months ago I was completely covered with a terrible humor and scrofulous sores. The humor caused an incessant and intolerable itching, and the skin cracked so as to cause the blood to flow in many places whenever I moved. My sufferings were great, and my life a burden. I commenced the use of the SARSAPARILLA in April last, and have used it regularly since that time. My condition began to improve at once. The sores have all healed, and I feel perfectly well in every respect—being now able to do a good day's work, although 73 years of age. Many inquire what has wrought such a cure in my case, and I tell them, as I have here tried to tell you, AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. Glover, Vt., Oct. 21, 1882. Yours gratefully, HIRAM PHILLIPS."

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA cures Scrofula and all Scrofulous Complaints, Erysipelas, Eczema, Ringworm, Blotches, Sores, Boils, Tumors, and Eruptions of the Skin. It clears the blood of all impurities, aids digestion, stimulates the action of the bowels, and thus restores vitality and strengthens the whole system.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

25¢ A BOTTLE

SALVATION OIL KILLS PAIN

"The Greatest Cure on Earth for Pain." Will relieve more quickly than any other known remedy. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Stiff Neck, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Lumbago, Pleurisy, Sores, Frost-bites, Backache, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Sciatica, Wounds, Headache, Toothache, Sprains, etc. Price 25 cts. a bottle. Sold by all druggists. Caution.—The genuine *Salvation Oil* bears our registered Trade-Mark, and our facsimile signature. A. C. Meyer & Co., Sole Proprietors, Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will cure your Cough at once. Price only 25 Cts. a bottle.

DR. JOHN BULL'S Smith's Tonic Syrup

FOR THE CURE OF

FEVER and ACUE

Or CHILLS and FEVER,

AND ALL MALARIAL DISEASES.

The proprietor of this celebrated medicine justly claims for it a superiority over all remedies ever offered to the public for the SAFE, CERTAIN, SPEEDY and PERMANENT cure of Ague and Fever, or Chills and Fever, whether of short or long standing. He refers to the entire Western and Southern country to bear him testimony to the truth of the assertion that in no case whatever will it fail to cure if the directions are strictly followed and carried out. In a great many cases a single dose has been sufficient for a cure, and whole families have been cured by a single bottle, with a perfect restoration of the general health. It is, however, prudent, and in every case more certain to cure, if its use is continued in smaller doses for a week or two after the disease has been checked, more especially in difficult and long-standing cases. Usually this medicine will not require any aid to keep the bowels in good order. Should the patient, however, require a cathartic medicine, after having taken three or four doses of the Tonic, a single dose of BULL'S VEGETABLE FAMILY PILLS will be sufficient.

BULL'S SARSAPARILLA is the old and reliable remedy for impurities of the blood and Scrofulous affections.

DR. JOHN BULL'S SMITH'S TONIC SYRUP, BULL'S SARSAPARILLA, BULL'S WORM DESTROYER, The Popular Remedies of the Day.

Principal Office, 831 Main St., LOUISVILLE, KY.

Maryland Steamboat Comp'y.

1885. WINTER SCHEDULE. 1885.



Choptank River Route.

Commencing with Thursday, December 25th, 1884, (weather permitting) the

STEAMER IDA

will leave Baltimore from Pier 4, Light St., at 9 P. M., every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, for Easton, Double Mills, Oxford, Clora's Point, Travers' Cambridge, Secretary Creek, Jamaica Point, Medford's, Dover Bridge, Towers', Potter's and Denton.

Returning, will leave Denton every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 12 (noon,) Cambridge, 5 P. M., Easton, 9 P. M., and Oxford 10 P. M., arriving in Baltimore early the following mornings.

☞ Freight taken at very low rates.

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HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS

The undersigned having formed a co-partnership in the painting business are prepared at all times to do all kinds of

PAINTING AND PAPER HANGING,

in the best manner and at the most reasonable prices. Also,

GRAINING AND GLAZING.

All orders by mail promptly attended to

☞ Satisfaction guaranteed.

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CHAFFINCH & CONEY'S COLUMN.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 1st, 1885.

THOUSANDS of DOLLARS to be DISTRIBUTED.

Are You Anxious to Derive any Benefit from the Distribution?

No Nabob furnishes the funds—yet the advantages is in Solid Cash. The money is saved, and being saved, is Doubly Made.

CHAFFINCH & CONEY ARE THE DONORS.

Low Prices, The Medium. The People, The Beneficiaries.

A good many people buy carpets at this season. To such we say that we will sell you Carpets of all qualities at 20 per cent. less than you can buy them in

EASTON OR IN BALTIMORE.

It will greatly pay you to drive to Easton to buy your Carpets of them, as they have the best styles and lowest prices.

WINDOW CURTAINS &C.,

are away down to bottom prices, to correspond with the prices of the Wheat and Corn demand. A lot of

READY-MADE CLOTHING AT COST!

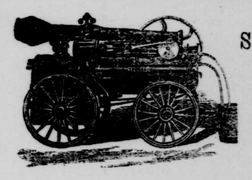
COME AND SEE.

CHAFFINCH & CONEY, - - - - EASTON, MD.

DENTON HARDWARE & MACHINERY

STILL AT THE FRONT!

CONSISTING of a LARGE and WELL



SELECTED STOCK OF GENERAL

Hardware and Machinery,

Which are being offered at extraordinary bargains. Everything in the Hardware line most complete.

BUILDING HARDWARE

a Speciality; consisting of Locks, Hinges, Screws, Bolts, Window Pulleys, Finishing Nails, Door Stops, and in fact everything needed in the building line.

A general line of Stoves, Ranges and fixtures, Stove Pipes, Stove Mats and a general assortment of Tinware, also, Wheelwrights Material, Horse Shoes, Horse Shoe Nails, cut Nails, &c.

Iron—a general assortment, Iron Axles, Thimble Skeins, Edge Tools, Cutlery, &c. Paint, Whitewash and Horse Brushes, Curry Combs,

HORSE BLANKETS and ROBES,

with a large and well selected stock of Harness. We are also agents for Wadsworth Martinez & Longman's Pure Paint, White Lead, Putty, Glass, Oils, Sash, Blinds, Doors, Cucumber Pumps, &c.

Our Agricultural department consists in everything needed on the farm, such as Plows, Harrows, Reapers, Mowers, Self Binders, Steam Engines, Threshers,

GRAIN and FERTILIZER DRILLS,

Corn Planters, Corn Shellers, Fodder Cutters, Farm Wagons, &c. Also, a large and well selected stock of Furniture and the best brands of Phosphates in themarket; all the above at prices that defy competition. We are also agents for the celebrated Webster Wagon, together with a fine line of Carriages, &c., &c.

Quick sales and small profits being our motto. We are also General Agents for

STEAM AGRICULTURAL AND MILL MACHINERY,



of every description. Largest dealers on the peninsula.

☞ Agents wanted where we have none.

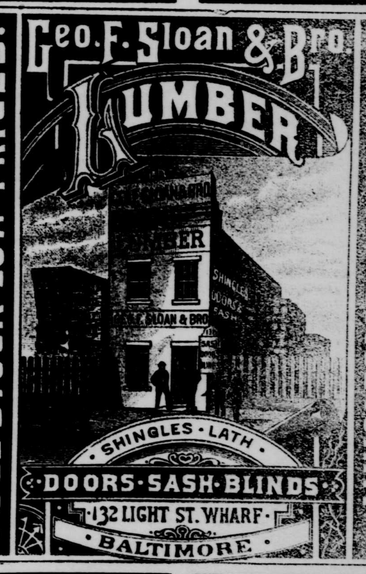
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