Walter H. Thompson & Co., will Show at their Spring Opening such a Stock of Goods as they never kept Before.

American Union

E. W. EMERSON, Editor.

DENTON, MARYLAND.

THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 11, 1885

A LAW goes into effect in Ohio this month requiring all wages to be paid weekly in cash.

THE sweep in the postoffices of the fourth class is looked upon by the unterrified as first-class.

HOW bright the summer prospect would look now if seventeen-year locusts were only fond of mosquitos!

IT is right that Henry Ward Beecher should pronounce the administration a success. His son has just been appointed to office.

THE decision of the Court of Appeals in the Howard Cooper case will probably not be rendered until June 23, to which date the court has adjourned.

THE seventeen-year locusts make a great deal of noise, but that is about all that they can do. In that respect they closely resemble many campaign orators.

T. J. CLUVERIUS, who was convicted for the murder of Lillian Madison at Richmond, Va., last week has been refused a new trial, and has had an old-fashioned shake.

CONGRESS, if it were so disposed, might have an early session. The members continue to flock about the Capitol, and they cannot be beaten from the White House without a club.

EX-PRESIDENT ARTHUR'S affliction an attack of the old-fashioned dose of shake-every-other-day-and-a-double-shake-on-Sunday type of malaria. If he is an ex-President, there are thousands of citizens not too proud to shake with him.

AT a recent consultation the physicians expressed opinions as to the time that General Grant would live. Dr. Sands thinks it is a matter of three months, while Dr. Shrady thinks it is a matter of six months. The disease is progressing very slowly but surely.

ACCORDING to Mr. Elkins, the United States in a century will have 200,000,000 population. With the present basis of representation, it is appalling to contemplate what our halls of legislation will look like in moments of great agitation, such as prevailed during the discussion of the electoral commission bill.

COMPLETE returns from the city election held at Wilmington on Saturday show that it was a close contest, and that a heavy vote was cast. Rhoades (Dem.) is elected mayor by a small majority, and the Democrats elect six councilmen and the Republicans five. This will make the new City Council stand twelve Democrats to ten Republicans.

THE amount paid in salaries to the clerks of the State Department which have already been parceled out. Maryland comes third, with $23,000; New York being first, with $41,764; and Ohio second, with $33,000. Maryland, of course, always likes to be ahead, but it will not complain because of the place it occupies, provided the proportion is maintained throughout the whole administration.

ANYWHERE outside of New Jersey, lightning is supposed to kill a man as soon as it strikes him; and even within the State boundaries it is believed to be fatal at forty rods at most. Yet lightning struck a farmer who was driving near Paterson on Friday; but, beyond a burned hand and a shock, the man was not hurt. The effect of the electric fluid on his gold ring was most peculiar. It tore the ornament from his finger and straightened it out in the shape of a nail—all of which is vouched for by reputable persons.

IN some counties of this State both parties are preparing for the fall elections, and county conventions have been called for this month. We regard this as rather early. There is no need for such early nominations. It has been but about five months since a very warm and exciting contest was closed, and political excitement has been continued more or less through the winter and up to the present time. The people cannot take too much interest in politics, but there can be too much actual contest, which excites men and more or less interferes with business and enjoyments of life.

EVERY town, no matter how small, possesses the same legal power to enforce sanitary regulations and guard against disease as is given to any of the larger cities. The law passed in 1874, and still in force, reads: "The justice of the peace and selectmen in each town, and such reputable physicians resident in said town as shall be chosen for that purpose by said justices and selectmen, shall constitute a board of health, and have all the power necessary and proper for preserving the public health, and preventing the spread of malignant diseases." To carry out the provisions of the statute the same law provides that a health board so constituted shall have all the powers common to such a body, including the removal of nuisances of every description, and "all expenses for such removal shall be paid by the person who placed it there, if known, and if not known, by the town."

Girls Fight a Duel for a Lover.

A special from St. George, Tucker county, W. Va., says that last Saturday evening Cosby Payne and Mary Gregory, girls 18 or 20 years old, daughters of farmers living near that place, quarreled over the attentions that were being paid them by a young man named Brown and engaged in a fight which was witnessed by several men, who refused to interfere until Miss Gregory had been badly used up. They fought with their fists until Miss Payne picked up a stone, and holding it in her hand hit Miss Gregory several times in the face with it. While Miss Gregory was blinded with blood Miss Payne picked her up and threw her into a pile of hot embers left by burning brush, and Miss Gregory was badly burned about the hands and arms.

Children grow up fat when fed on ...d and biscuits made with Drew's ... Powder. may21-4w

Notes from Norwood.

At no time within the last thirty years has there been such a dearth of money among all classes and conditions of people in the rural districts, as at the present time. The weak and slipshod administration of national affairs by Franklin Pierce and his democratic cohorts, followed by that of James Buchanan, in which treason lurked in every department, and systematic rascality was the presiding genius over every bureau, was a burden too grievous to be borne, and the stress and distress of 1857-61 followed. There was not much actual suffering during this period in the country districts, and in villages and small towns; but in the cities and larger towns, where many mercantile firms and manufacturing corporations failed from a lack of available capital to tide over the crisis, the cry of "hard times" was on every lip, and there was doubtless much suffering among the laboring classes in localities where the scarcity of money from the failure of banks had stopped machinery. Again, after the Jay Cooke failure in 1873, there was a general stagnation of nearly every branch of business throughout the country. Over production was said to be the remote cause of the long continuance of the dull times, while a sudden distrust in the ability of a single banking firm to give efficient support to a great railroad enterprise, it was claimed, was the immediate cause of the crash. Whatever the cause or causes—it was not a lack of money—the result was none the less deplorable, and made tramps of and thereby wrecked the lives of thousands of honest men.

In neither of the above cited monetary crisis, was the stringency of money matters so keenly felt here on the peninsula as it has been in this first half of the year of grace, 1885. The people, however, are patient and hopeful, and very few of the creditor class, to their honor be it said, are disposed to add costs, where it is impossible, at the present time to pay the debt.

The present business depression and "hard times" are not the result of administration in the volume of currency, or the shipment of specie to other lands. In New York, Philadelphia and other financial centres, there has never, in the nation's history, been so much surplus capital lying idle and awaiting opportunities for investment, and at rates of interest so low and favorable to borrowers as at the present time. What then is the cause of this continued stagnation?

It may seem somewhat "fresh," and doubtless is impertinent (in the eyes of small politicians) for a reporter of a country newspaper to attempt a solution of this problem, especially when the solution will raise the question of fitness of certain cabinet officers for the positions they are attempting to fill. Your correspondent has opinions in regard to the cause or causes of the present monetary crisis, and if they are correct it will do no harm to make them public; if incorrect, let some one prove them so.

There is always more or less business depression during the progress of a presidential campaign, and from this depression, the country was promised a revival of business, upon the inauguration of a democratic president. Three months have elapsed since the 4th of March, and the depression is more wide-spread, and bears more heavily upon business interests than was felt at any time last year. Why should the crisis continue? It is not for a lack of money. It is not on account of high rates of interest. Money at 4 per cent is cheap enough. It is not over production; but simply and solely a lack of confidence in the administration. The distrust is not so much in regard to Mr. Cleveland as to his advisors. It is an open secret among intelligent democrats, and some that are otherwise, that Mr. Bayard, while he made a fair Senator for a small state, compared with his colleague, as a statesman, he is much too small to fill the hole that our constitution makers mortised for the head of the Department of State. As Secretary of State—the chief of the Cabinet—Mr. Bayard has panned out poorly.

When another Cabinet Minister echoes the sentiments of his chief, in regard to civil service, through the press, and the next week loads the mails with "Confidential Circulars," addressed to partisan heelers, giving points for charges that will justify him in *removing* fourth class postmasters, the public is not fascinated with that kind of statesmanship; and such schoolboy "make-believe" does not tend to make public confidence, in an honest administration of the government, very robust.

Another man, holding a Cabinet position, is not pushing forward the car of enterprise and progress to any very alarming extent, by the vastness of the confidence he inspires. He has done but little yet, except make appointments, and some of his appointees would be more likely to boom ballot-box stuffing and faro than any other branches of business. The legitimate branches of business will not be likely to revive, while the head of the Treasury Department puts in important positions such immaculate politicians as Gene Higgins. Can we expect a revival of business without confidence in the honesty, integrity and ability of our rulers? Does the members of Mr. Cleveland's Cabinet inspire the public with confidence?

After the Collision.

To describe the scene after the collision, with cars piled upon the engines, is impossible, yet it can be said that there has never been so complete a smash-up on the Delaware railroad. Driving arms on engine No. 93 were bent double and the steam chest on the right torn off and thrown back over the drivers. The only thing about 93 that escaped injury was the bell; it is still in position and unharmed. No. 61, north-bound, although entirely stripped of her gearing, never left the track and, when the debris was cleared away, she was removed to Ginn's crossing without much trouble. Had Rushton left his engine, as did Engineer Kirk of 61, he would probably have saved himself, but he told his fireman to jump and said "I am going to stick to her." He did and lost his life in his endeavor to save his employers' property. The dead man seemed to be a favorite with all the trainmen and they were greatly grieved when they viewed his dead body.

SEND $1.00 for the UNION.

A Disgusted President.

Mr. Cleveland complains that nearly every man who comes to see him spends his whole time about the offices. The only thing curious about this is that Mr. Cleveland should find it curious. If he does not know that his party closely resembles the "Indiana turkey" in appetite, and in omnivorousness of appetite, and in its indifference to higher considerations or aims, he has something yet to learn.

He seems to be learning. A man must be very dull indeed, if he cannot comprehend, after three months' perpetual boring and trickery, bullying and deception about the offices, that the active men of his party care for nothing else. One's sympathies are moved by the report of his indignant wrath because these men have outrageously abused his confidence, and have recommended loafers and drunkards and jail birds and persons of infamous character, and have systematically lied to him in order to get paid through him their personal debts to Democratic workers. But what did he expect? Did the innocent man really fancy that these politicians cared for the public good? Did he really believe that while they were ranting about Republican frauds, and the abuses of power by Republicans, they meant to be clean, decent and patriotic themselves? If so, the primary department of a public school is a good place for him. Or did he think that these politicians were going to care more for his re-election than for their own? If so, many people not color-blind would find it hard to distinguish his innocence from greenness.

There has been from the first, and is now, a hearty disposition to uphold Mr. Cleveland in all that he does that is for the public good. Great patience has been shown toward him, too, by the people in their judgments, for the people know, if he does not, that he is beset by the most greedy and conscienceless gang of place-hunters ever seen. He is not expected to nominate or keep in office Republicans, except so far as may be clearly required to maintain the efficiency of the service. If he does a little that is well, the people are eager to praise him. Unhappily, there have been done in his name a great many things that are not only disgraceful, but seem to be done so deliberately, and with such full knowledge, and for such obvious partisan or personal reasons—natural to a man who leans principally on a Manning—that the public is slow to credit him with honest intentions. He says that he has been befooled. The public hope that it is so. If so, he will begin by turning out the men who have befooled him. Perhaps he had better begin with Manning, and Bayard, Garland, Lamar and Vilas. Unhappy is the man, particularly unhappy is the President, whose worst foes are those of his own household.

Wanted a Home of Her Own.

AN ILLINOIS GIRL WHO WOULD NOT BE FOOLED—GRANTED A DIVORCE.

In April, 1883, Miss Mary Lilly, a respectable young lady, daughter of Peter Lilly, of Galena, Ill., was united in marriage to John McMahon, same city. They were engaged upwards of three years, the young lady refusing to marry her lover until he had provided for her a home. The latter having, it is alleged, assured Miss Lilly that he had complied with the conditions, and was ready to take his bride to a home of her own whenever the marriage ceremony was performed, the nuptial event took place with considerable pomp at the Lilly residence. Immediately the young lady informed the groom that she was ready to go to the home he had prepared for her, whereupon he coolly stated that he had resorted to a subterfuge to get her, and that he had secured no house of his own, and that they—himself and bride—must go to boarding. The newly made wife, incensed at the treatment she had received, refused absolutely to live with McMahon until he had provided a home for her, as promised, and the latter left him within an hour after his marriage, since which time the pair have not lived together. For the purpose of disolving the marriage tie, Mrs. McMahon brought suit in the Circuit Court of Daviess county, and has just been granted a divorce by Judge William Brown, the defendant failing to appear. His honor, in deciding the matter, said that the case was one of the most remarkable ever brought before him, and that the circumstances were such, as testified to by the plaintiff, combined with the fact that the husband had failed to appear, that he could not withhold a divorce from Mrs. McMahon, with the right to resume her maiden name.

Maryland's Wheat Crop.

The May report of the department of agriculture furnishes the following statement of the condition of the wheat crop in Maryland on the first of the month; Queen Anne's, generally looks badly, owing to drought last fall and winter-killing. St. Mary's, some fields entirely naked. April very dry, and what wheat withstood the winter made a poor growth. Prince George's—has improved last two weeks. Frederick; looking healthy and vigorous, but very small for this time. If weather is favorable may have a fair crop. Montgomery; only about one-half a crop will be raised. Caroline; looks well, but not as good a stand as last year; winter-killed. Talbot; improving rapidly, but dry. Calvert; in March wheat looking badly, much having been winter-killed, but the favorable April has caused what is standing to come out very well. Harford; very much improved since last report. Somerset; owing to the drought which prevailed here during the whole of our seeding time last fall, a very large proportion of the seed wheat never germinated at all, or perished after germinating. Very poor condition. Kent; very backward, and though somewhat improved is looking badly. Carroll; improved somewhat, but though late-sown will not raise half crop; winter-killed. Garrett; thin on ground and backward.

J. A. Hortzell, Esq., Hickory, N. C., says he used the fertilizer made of Powell's Prepared Chemicals for tobacco, 200 lbs. to the acre, side by side with a fertilizer costing $50 per ton, same quantity of each, and considers the Powell's Chemicals as good, if not better, than the other. The chemicals only cost $6 per bbl., a sufficient quantity to make one-half ton of complete fertilizer. Brown Chemical Co., manufacturers Baltimore, Maryland.

Reading's Mysterious Cave.

EXPLORATION OF AN EXTENSIVE CAVERN UNDER THE CITY OF READING.

The people of Reading, Pa., are much alarmed at the discovery of a cave under the built-up portion of the city. Some days since a portion of Spring and Church streets gave way and left an opening with apparantly no bottom to it. An attempt has been made to fill up the chasm with dirt, but each cart load dumped in made but little impression. During Thursday morning a venturesome man and a lantern entered upon a tour of exploration. The man says that he walked almost over to Sixth street, a square away, but coming across a dangerous looking hole he came back. This was in the first avenue that pitches obliquely towards the city and then runs straight onward. The second or north avenue has a downward pitch, and this the explorer found to widen out according to the trend of the limestone rock by which a guide was taken as he walked. A place was reached, as in the first avenue, that ran into an unknown depth, down which earth was dropped, but there came no returning sound. For forty yards inward no sound was heard, and the air kept pure, though everything was chill and damp. After that the sound of flowing water could be distinctly made out. The whole place is evidently the leader to some great cave or series of caves, and the Highway Committee of Councils decided at a meeting to have an examination made, in order to ascertain if there is any danger imminent to the city's streets in that section of the city. The theory that the cave-in is a part of a series of chasms running over to the East Penn roundhouses and beyond may then be confirmed.

Cluverius Found Guilty.

The verdict of the jury in the Cluverius case was reached speedily. After considering together for but forty minutes they found him guilty of murder in the first degree.

The crime for which Thomas Judson Cluverius has been convicted is the murder of his second cousin, Fannie Lillian Madison. The prosecution charged that he seduced her, and fearing that the knowledge of this intimacy would injure him with his aunt, Mrs. Tunstall, from whom he had expectations, and with the lady to whom he was engaged, he persuaded Miss Madison to go to Richmond on some pretext, and there murdered her. She left her home in Bath county and reached Richmond on Friday morning, March 13, where, according to the testimony, she met the prisoner. She was seen with him several times during the day and in the evening. On the next morning, March 14, her dead body was found in the reservoir. A post-mortem examination showed that she would have become a mother in a few weeks. In a few days her remains were identified, and, as the investigation continued, circumstantial evidence pointed to Cluverius as her murderer. He was arrested and indicted, and his trial began on Tuesday, May 5th. The evidence against the prisoner was wholly circumstantial, depending on its final links upon the owner of a watch-key found at the reservoir, but it was strengthened by the case presented by the defense, by the prisoner's failure to prove the alibi, which he had claimed he could establish, and by his assertions before the trial that he had not seen the murdered girl since last September.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Teachers Wanted.

A PRINCIPAL AND TWO ASSISTANTS for Preston Schools. Principal and first assistant—gentlemen. Salary $125 and $60 per term. Apply to

JOSEPH HARRISON,
J. B. FLETCHER,
H. F. WILLIS,
Trustees.

june11-3w.

DR. JOHN BULL'S
Smith's Tonic Syrup
FOR THE CURE OF
FEVER and ACUE
Or CHILLS and FEVER,
AND ALL MALARIAL DISEASES.

The proprietor of this celebrated medicine justly claims for it a superiority over all remedies ever offered to the public for the SAFE, CERTAIN, SPEEDY and PERMANENT cure of Ague and Fever, or Chills and Fever, whether of short or long standing. He refers to the entire Western and Southern country to bear him testimony to the truth of the assertion that in no case whatever will it fail to cure if the directions are strictly followed and carried out. In a great many cases a single dose has been sufficient for a cure, and whole families have been cured by a single bottle, with perfect restoration of the general health. It is, however, prudent, and in every case more certain to cure, if its use is continued in smaller doses for a week or two after the disease has been checked, more especially in difficult and long-standing cases. Usually this medicine will not require any aid to keep the bowels in good order. Should the patient, however, require a cathartic medicine, after having taken three or four doses of the Tonic, a single dose of BULL'S VEGETABLE FAMILY PILLS will be sufficient.

BULL'S SARSAPARILLA is the old and reliable remedy for impurities of the blood and Scrofulous affections.

DR. JOHN BULL'S
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Will practice in the Courts of Caroline, Talbot and Queen Anne counties. [apr9-tf.

HENRY IRWIN,
AUCTIONEER,
Denton, Md.
jan9-y.

FARM FOR RENT FOR 1885.

THE MERVINE FARM, near Hickmantown, in Caroline county, is without a tenant and is now for rent. Apply to
J. W. BRYANT, Att'y.
jan29-3w. Denton, Md.

FOR SALE.

A light-running, side bar carriage, nearly new; will be sold cheap and on reasonable terms, by applying to
JAMES N. TODD,
may14-tf. Denton, Md.

$2,500 to Loan.

On First Mortgage for Five Years, in one sum—interest semi-annually. Apply to
GEORGE M. RUSSUM,
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WARREN LELAND,

whom everybody knows as the successful manager of the

Largest Hotel Enterprises

of America, says that while a passenger from New York on board a ship going around Cape Horn, in the early days of emigration to California, he learned that one of the officers of the vessel had cured himself, during the voyage, of an obstinate disease by the use of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Since then Mr. LELAND has recommended AYER'S SARSAPARILLA in many similar cases, and he has never yet heard of its failure to effect a radical cure.

Some years ago one of Mr. LELAND'S farm laborers bruised his leg. Owing to the bad state of his blood, an ugly scrofulous swelling or lump appeared on the injured limb. Horrible itching of the skin, with burning and darting pains through the lump, made life almost intolerable. The leg became enormously enlarged, and running ulcers formed, discharging great quantities of extremely offensive matter. No treatment was of any avail until the man, by Mr. LELAND'S direction, was supplied with AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, which allayed the pain and irritation, healed the sores, removed the swelling, and completely restored the limb to use.

Mr. LELAND has personally used

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

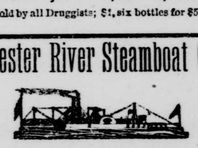
for Rheumatism, with entire success; and, after careful observation, declares that, in his belief, there is no medicine in the world equal to it for the cure of Liver Disorders, Gout, the effects of high living, Salt Rheum, Sores, Eruptions, and all the various forms of blood diseases.

We have Mr. LELAND'S permission to invite all who may desire further evidence in regard to the extraordinary curative powers of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA to see him personally either at his mammoth Ocean Hotel, Long Branch, or at the popular Leland Hotel, Broadway, 27th and 28th Streets, New York.

Mr. LELAND'S extensive knowledge of the good done by this unequalled eradicator of blood poisons enables him to give inquirers much valuable information.

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Chester River Steamboat Co.



SUMMER ARRANGEMENT, 1885.

On Wednesday, June 3d, 1885, and thereafter daily until further notice, the Steamer EMMA A. FORD will leave Chestertown at 6:30 A. M., stopping at Rolph's, Booker's Quaker Neck, Grey's Inn, Queenstown and Kent Island, arriving in Baltimore at 11:40 A. M. Returning, will leave Pier 7 Light Street Wharf at 2:30 P. M. for all the above landings. ☞Steamer will leave Queenstown for Baltimore at 9 A. M.

The Steamer CORSICA will leave Crumpton every Tuesday and Thursday at 3 P. M., and on Saturday at 12 M., for Baltimore, stopping at Spry's, Deep Landing, Round Top, Chestertown, Rolph's, Booker's, Quaker Neck and Centreville, (Larrimore's Wharf.) ☞Will leave Centreville wharf (Larrimore's) at 7 o'clock, A. M., on Tuesday and Thursday, and at 5 o'clock P. M. on Saturday. Returning will leave Baltimore at 11 P. M., on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, making the above landings.

GEORGE WARFIELD,
jun4-tf. President.

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OCHS, YONGE & CO.,
Chattanooga, Tenn.
Refer to Editor this paper.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on or after the 19th day of June next, the Register of Wills for Caroline county will proceed to audit the proceeds of sale of the real estate of

Richard Byas,

late of Caroline county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to file the same with the vouchers thereof properly proved, in the office of the Register of Wills for Caroline county, on or before the said 19th day of June next; or they may, by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

JAS. B. STEELE,
Register of Wills for Caroline Co.
may28-3w.

BLACKSMITHING.

LOOK HERE!

In view of the hard times prevailing at the present time, I have reduced my prices as follows:

STEEL-TOED SHOES, $1.00
PLAIN, " " 75

All other work at correspondingly low prices—must be cash.

JOSEPH F. ROOP,
may14-tf. Andersontown, Md.

C. C. SEYMOUR,
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(SECOND DOOR FROM THIRD STREET.)

SUITS FOR GENTLEMEN cut and made to order. Trimmings furnished when desired.

☞A large assortment of samples always on hand. [may14-y.

NEW BARBER!

THE undersigned having located in the room lately occupied by H. R. Lewis, in the town hall, is prepared at all times to do SHAVING,
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SHAMPOOING,
or anything in his line in the best manner and on the most reasonable terms.

☞All I ask is a fair trial.

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AUCTIONEER,
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IS PREPARED at all times to attend sales in Caroline, Dorchester, Queen Anne's and Talbot counties. I will also call sales anywhere in Delaware. Satisfaction guaranteed
nov20-y.

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LARGE OR SMALL SUMS on good farms in this county for 5 years or shorter periods.
INTEREST 6 PER CENT.
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Fayette and St. Paul Streets,
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Baltimore AMERICAN
ESTABLISHED 1773.

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One Year	6.00
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5 copies, one year, and extra copy of the Weekly one year or Daily 4½ months, free 5.00
10 copies, one year, with an extra copy of the Weekly one year and Daily 3 months, free 10.00
20 copies, one year, with an extra copy of the Weekly one year and Daily 9 months, free 20.00
30 copies, one year, with an extra copy of the Weekly and one copy of Daily one year, free 30.00

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Specimen copies sent to any address. It is not necessary for all the names in a club to come from one office, nor is it necessary to send all the names at one time.

Send on the names as fast as received. Remittances should be made by check, postal money order or registered letter, as it is unsafe to send money in ordinary letters, and the publisher cannot be responsible for losses occasioned thereby.

SPECIAL CLUB RATES.

The Weekly American, with any of the following named journals, will be sent one year, to separate addresses, if desired, at the prices given in the first column of figures:

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American Farmer	2.00	2.50
Century Magazine	4.50	5.00
Christian Union	3.50	4.00
Demorest's Monthly	2.50	3.00
F. Leslie's Ill'd. Newsp'r	4.25	5.00
" Chimney Corner	4.25	5.00
" Boys & Girls W'k'ly	3.00	3.50
" Popular Monthly	3.00	3.50
" Lady's Magazine	3.00	3.50
" Pleasant Hours	2.25	2.50
" Sunday Magazine	3.00	3.50
Godey's Lady's Book	2.50	3.00
Harper's Weekly	4.25	5.00
" Magazine	4.25	5.00
" Bazar	4.25	5.00
Illustrated Christian Weekly	3.00	3.50
Lippincott's Magazine	3.25	4.00
Maryland Farmer	1.75	2.00
Moore's Rural New Yorker	2.80	3.00
St. Nicholas	3.50	4.00
Scientific American	3.75	4.20
Turf, Field and Farm	4.75	6.00

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FELIX AGNUS - - Publisher.
AMERICAN OFFICE, Balto. Md.

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1885. SPRING SCHEDULE. 1885.



DAILY EVENING LINE BETWEEN
Baltimore, Easton, Oxford, Cambridge.

Commencing with Tuesday, April 21st, the splendid iron steamers
IDA and ENOCH PRATT
will leave Baltimore from Pier 4 Light street at 9 P. M., as follows: For Easton, Double Mills, Oxford, Clora's Point, Cambridge, Jamaica Point and Medford's, daily except Sunday. For Johnston's and Travers', every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. For Secretary every Monday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday. For Dover Bridge, Towers', Potter's and Denton, every Tuesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

Returning, for Baltimore, leaves daily (except Saturday), Medford's at 1 P. M., Jamaica Point, Cambridge (5 P. M.) Clora's Point, Oxford, Double Mills, and leaves Easton at 9 P. M. And leaves Denton every Sunday, Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 12 o'clock (noon), stopping at Potter's, Tower's, Dover Bridge and landings named. Leaves Secretary at 3 P. M., every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday. Stops at Travers' and Johnson's every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Arrive in Baltimore at 4 o'clock the following morning.

Freight taken at very low rates and carefully handled.

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AYER'S
Ague Cure

contains an antidote for all malarial disorders which, so far as known, is used in no other remedy. It contains no Quinine, nor any mineral nor deleterious substance whatever, and consequently produces no injurious effect upon the constitution, but leaves the system as healthy as it was before the attack.

WE WARRANT AYER'S AGUE CURE to cure every case of Fever and Ague, Intermittent or Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Bilious Fever, and Liver Complaint caused by malaria. In case of failure, after due trial, dealers are authorized, by our circular dated July 1st, 1882, to refund the money.

Dr. J.C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

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Main Entrance No. 17 N. Holliday St.

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American Plan, $1.25 to $1.50 per day.
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Persons visiting Baltimore will find this one of the most reasonable, as well as central and convenient locations to stop at, being near the City Hall and in easy access to all Theatres, Churches, Public Buildings, Street Car Lines, &c. ☞Open all night.

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Office 110 N. Eutaw St., Baltimore, Md.
oct16-tf.

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BRYANT & TOWNSEND,
Attorneys-at-Law,
DENTON, - - - MARYLAND.

☞Office opposite Court House.

DR. ENOCH GEORGE,
DENTON, MD.

Offers his professional services to the citizens of Denton and vicinity. Can be found at the Drug Store, two doors above the Brick Hotel, when not professionally engaged.

FOR CHEAP GOODS call at H. Blackiston & Son.

MABLEY & CAREW,

BALTIMORE AND LIGHT STREETS,

OFFER FOR THE SPRING SEASON OF 1885

AN IMMENSE STOCK OF

Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing
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GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

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MEN'S DEPARTMENT!

Men's Good Working Suits, as low as	$3.50	Men's Good Working Pants	$1.00
Men's Extra " "	5.00 & 6.00	Men's Nice Cassimere Pants	2.00
Men's Good Business Suits	7.00	Men's Assorted Diagonal Pants	3.00
Men's Extra Business Suits	8.00	Men's Fancy Worsted Pants	4.00
Men's Fine Business Suits, very stylish	10.00	Men's English Worsted Pants	5.00
Men's Fashionable Dress Suits	12.00	Men's Fine Dress Pants, Imp. Goods	6.00

Also, a complete Stock of

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Made of the Best cloth, and trimmed in the best manner by our own workmen, and guaranteed to be from $10 to $15 cheaper than merchant tailors will ask you for the same Goods. This Department is located on our second floor.

Splendid New Line of Suitings for Clergymen,
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Boys' Good School Suits	$3.00	Children's Kilt Suits	$1.50
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ODD PANTS, TO FIT ALL SIZES, FROM 50 CENTS UP.
BOYS' and CHILDREN'S SHIRT WAISTS, 35 CENTS.

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Send $1.00 and your name goes on the books, and your present will be forwarded. Write for Sample Copy with List of Presents. Everything goes
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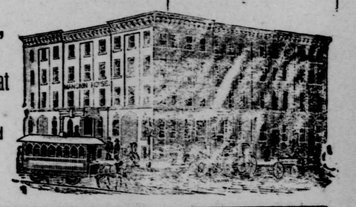
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Feb28-tf.

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